Airflow Sensors

AWM90000 Series microbridge mass airflow sensors are available in two versions, mass flow and differential pressure. The AWM92100V has a flow range of ±200 SCCM with a pressure drop of only 0.49 mbar | 49 Pa | 0.007 psi, typically. The AWM92200V is a differential pressure version that has a range of ±2 inH₂O.

The AWM90000 Series sensors have a 1 ms response time, operate with a supply voltage from 8.0 Vdc to 15.0 Vdc, while consuming only 50 mW of power. The compact plastic package will withstand a maximum overpressure of 1720 mbar | 72 kPa | 25 psi without compromising performance. The sensor is well suited for use in portable devices and battery-powered applications.

The AWM90000 Series provides customers with a combination of time-proven reliability, repeatable flow sensing, and the ability to customize the sensor functions to meet their specific application needs.

Key Features and Benefits

- **Bi-directional sensing capability**: Allows use in applications where bidirectional flow is present
- **Highly stable null and full-scale**: Does not require recalibration in most applications
- **Low pressure drop**: Provides improved system performance
- **Compact package design**: Occupies less space in the customer’s enclosure, potentially reducing production costs; enclosure size may also be reduced for easier fit into space-constrained applications
- **Low hysteresis and repeatability errors (less than 0.35% of reading)**: Provides improved overall system accuracy
- **Fast response time (1 ms typical)**: Captures full flow event
- **Low power consumption (50 mW max.)**: Allows for use in portable devices and battery-powered applications

Potential Applications

**MEDICAL**
- Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) equipment
- Sleep apnea monitors
- Oxygen conservers
- Oxygen concentrators
- Nebulizers
- Spirometers

**INDUSTRIAL**
- Variable Air Volume (VAV) damper control
- Clogged filter detection
- Fuel to air ratio sensing
- Leak detection equipment
# Airflow Sensors, AWM90000 Series

## Table 1. Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>AWM92100V</th>
<th>AWM92200V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>mass flow</td>
<td>differential</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flow range</strong></td>
<td>±200 SCCM</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pressure range</strong></td>
<td>—</td>
<td>±5 mbar</td>
<td>± 500 Pa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Excitation voltage</strong></td>
<td>8.0 Vdc min./10 Vdc ±0.01 Vdc typ./15 Vdc max.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power consumption</strong></td>
<td>50 mW max.</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Calibration gas</strong></td>
<td>air</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Null voltage shift:
- **Null voltage (25 °C [77 °F])**
  - AWM92100V: 0 mV ±15 mV
  - AWM92200V: 0 mV ±15 mV
- **Null output shift:**
  - -25 °C to 85 °C [-13 °F to 185 °F]: ±2 mV typ.
  - -20 °C to 80 °C [-4 °F to 176 °F]: —

### Full scale output shift:
- **-25 °C to -25 °C [-13 °F to 77 °F]**
  - AWM92100V: -3.0 %FSS typ.
  - AWM92200V: 25 %reading max.
- **25 °C to 85 °C [77 °F to 185 °F]**
  - AWM92100V: ±1.0 %FSS typ.
  - AWM92200V: 30 %reading max.

### Full scale output:
- AWM92100V: 77 mV ±32 mV
- AWM92200V: 45 mV ±25 mV

### Ratiometricity error:
- ±0.30 % reading typ.

### Repeatability and hysteresis:
- ±0.35 %FSS typ.
- ±0.1 % reading typ.

### Response time:
- 1 ms typ.
- 3 ms typ.

### Pressure drop at full scale:
- 0.49 mbar | 49 Pa | 0.007 psi, typ.

### Overpressure:
- 1720 mbar | 172 kPa | 25 psi max.

### Temperature range:
- **operating**
  - -25 °C to 85 °C [-13 °F to 185 °F]
  - -40 °C to 90 °C [-40 °F to 194 °F]
- **storage**
  - -25 °C to 80 °C [-13 °F to 176 °F]
  - -40 °C to 90 °C [-40 °F to 194 °F]

### Vibration:
- 20 g, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz

### Shock:
- 100 g, 6 ms

### Weight:
- 5.6 g [0.20 oz]

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1 Assumes low TCR bridge resistance used (pins 2 and 8).
2 Requires recommended RC value of 1 kOhm to be used (pins 3 through 7) and typical heater control circuit. Maximum current RH.
3 Output voltage is ratiometric to supply voltage.
4 Repeatability and hysteresis tolerances reflect inherent inaccuracies of the measurement equipment.
## Table 2. AWM92100V Flow Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow (SCCM)</th>
<th>Tolerance, min. (mV)</th>
<th>Nominal, typ. (Vdc)</th>
<th>Tolerance, typ. (mV)</th>
<th>Pressure Drop</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mbar (Pa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.103</td>
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<td>100</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>109</td>
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<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.028</td>
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<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>0.000</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>-69</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>109</td>
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<td>0.0000</td>
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<td>-69</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>-0.0412</td>
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<td>109</td>
<td>-0.0596</td>
</tr>
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</table>

## Table 3. AWM92200V Differential Pressure Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow (inH₂O)</th>
<th>Tolerance, min. (mV)</th>
<th>Nominal, typ. (mV)</th>
<th>Tolerance, max. (mV)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>77</td>
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<td>1.5</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>32</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>20</td>
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<tr>
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<td>-7</td>
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<tr>
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<td>-12</td>
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<td>-51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>-18</td>
<td>-32</td>
<td>-68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2.0</td>
<td>-22</td>
<td>-39</td>
<td>-79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Laminar Flow

Due to the fast response time of the sensor, the specifications in this datasheet were generated using laminar flow. Airflow instability or “turbulence” present in the airstream will result in an increase in measurement uncertainty. Turbulent flow may be corrected by either of the following two methods:

- Straightening the airflow by using flow laminarizing.
- Slowing the response of the sensor by using a simple RC time constant on the output of the sensor. (This will slow down the sensor response time.

The values needed depend on the amount of turbulence present in the application. A technique for laminarizing the flow includes adding the following laminar flow elements to the flow stream:

- Hex-shaped honeycombs
- Foam
- Screen materials
- Constrictors (frits)

Unfortunately, the greater the efficiency of the laminarizer, the greater the increase in pressure drop in order to establish a given flow rate. Plastic honeycomb material probably gives the most improvement for the least pressure drop.

Ensure sharp radii are avoided in any test fixture.
Airflow Sensors, AWM90000 Series

Figure 1. Performance Characteristics (at 10.0 ±0.01 Vdc at 25 °C [77 °F])

AWM92100V Typical Output Voltage vs Flow

![Graph showing typical output voltage vs flow for AWM92100V.](image)

AWM92200V Typical Output Voltage vs Pressure

![Graph showing typical output voltage vs pressure for AWM92200V.](image)

Figure 2. Wiring Diagrams

**Sensor bridge circuit**
The customer-supplied resistors affect null output voltage; output is measured differentially from Pin 8 to Pin 2.

**Used with heater control circuit**
The customer-supplied resistor affects temperature compensation and span voltage.

**Suggested heater control circuitry**

![Wiring diagram for sensor bridge.](image)

![Wiring diagram for heater control circuitry.](image)
Airflow Sensors, AWM90000 Series

Figure 3. Mounting Dimensions (For reference only: mm/[in.])

AWM92100V, AWM92200V

Table 4. Order Guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catalog Listing</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AWM92100V</td>
<td>AWM90000 series amplified airflow sensor, ±200 SCCM flow range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AWM92200V</td>
<td>AWM90000 series amplified airflow sensor, ±2.0 inH₂O pressure range</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following associated literature is available at sensing.honeywell.com:

- Airflow Products Line Guide
- Airflow, Force and Pressure Sensors Range Guide
- Product Installation Instructions

Sales and Service
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+1-305-883-8257 Fax
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