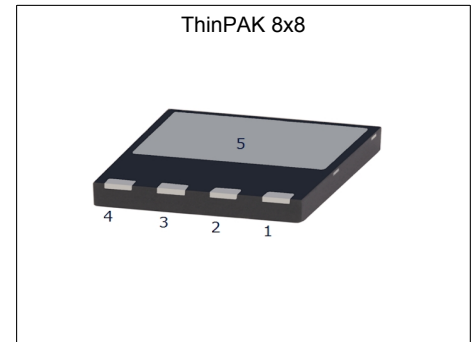


MOSFET

650V CoolMOS™ CFD7 SJ Power Device

The latest 650 V CoolMOS™ CFD7 extends the voltage class offering of the CFD7 family and is a successor to the 650 V CoolMOS™ CFD2. Resulting from improved switching performance and excellent thermal behavior, 650 V CoolMOS™ CFD7 offers highest efficiency in resonant switching topologies, such as LLC and phase-shift-full-bridge (ZVS). As part of Infineon's fast body diode portfolio, this new product series blends all advantages of a fast switching technology together with superior hard commutation robustness. The CoolMOS™ CFD7 technology meets highest efficiency and reliability standards and furthermore supports high power density solutions.



Features

- Ultra-fast body diode
- 650V break down voltage
- Best-in-class $R_{DS(on)}$
- Reduced switching losses
- Low $R_{DS(on)}$ dependency over temperature

Benefits

- Excellent hard commutation ruggedness
- Extra safety margin for designs with increased bus voltage
- Enabling increased power density solutions
- Outstanding light load efficiency in industrial SMPS applications
- Improved full load efficiency in industrial SMPS applications
- Price competitiveness over previous CoolMOS™ families

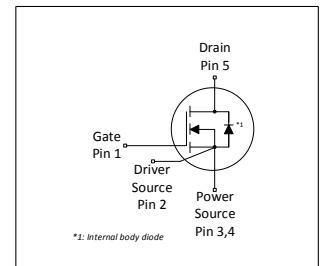
Potential applications

Suitable for Soft Switching topologies
Optimized for phase-shift full-bridge (ZVS), LLC Applications – Server, Telecom, EV Charging, Solar

Product validation

Fully qualified according to JEDEC for Industrial Applications

Please note: The source and sense source pins are not exchangeable. Their exchange might lead to malfunction. For paralleling 4pin MOSFET devices the placement of the gate resistor is generally recommended to be on the Driver Source instead of the Gate.



RoHS

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	700	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	95	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	53	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	107	A
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	7.4	μJ
Body diode di_F/dt	1300	A/μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPL65R095CFD7	PG-VSON-4	65R095F7	see Appendix A

Table of Contents

Description 1

Maximum ratings 3

Thermal characteristics 4

Electrical characteristics 5

Electrical characteristics diagrams 7

Test Circuits 11

Package Outlines 12

Appendix A 13

Revision History 14

Trademarks 14

Disclaimer 14

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	29 18	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	107	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	125	mJ	$I_D=5.0\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.63	mJ	$I_D=5.0\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	-	-	5.0	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	120	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	171	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	-	Ncm	-
Continuous diode forward current ¹⁾	I_S	-	-	29	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	107	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	70	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 12.5\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	1300	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq 12.5\text{A}$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage	V_{ISO}	-	-	n.a.	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$.

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$.

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_θ .

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.73	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	35	45	°C/W	Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm ² (one layer, 70µm thickness) copper area for drain connection and cooling. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.
Soldering temperature, wave- & reflow soldering allowed	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL2A

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	650	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3.5	4	4.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.63mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current ¹⁾	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=650V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=650V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=125^\circ C$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.068 0.151	0.095 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	5.9	-	Ω	$f=1MHz$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	2513	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	40	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=400V$, $f=250kHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ²⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	92	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ³⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	955	-	pF	$I_D=constant$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	19	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	7	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	79	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	3	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	14	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	17	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	53	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.7	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=12.5A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to $10V$

¹⁾ Maximum specification is defined by calculated six sigma upper confidence bound

²⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

³⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	1.0	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=12.5A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	147	221	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=12.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	0.78	1.56	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=12.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	9.8	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=12.5A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$; see table 8

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

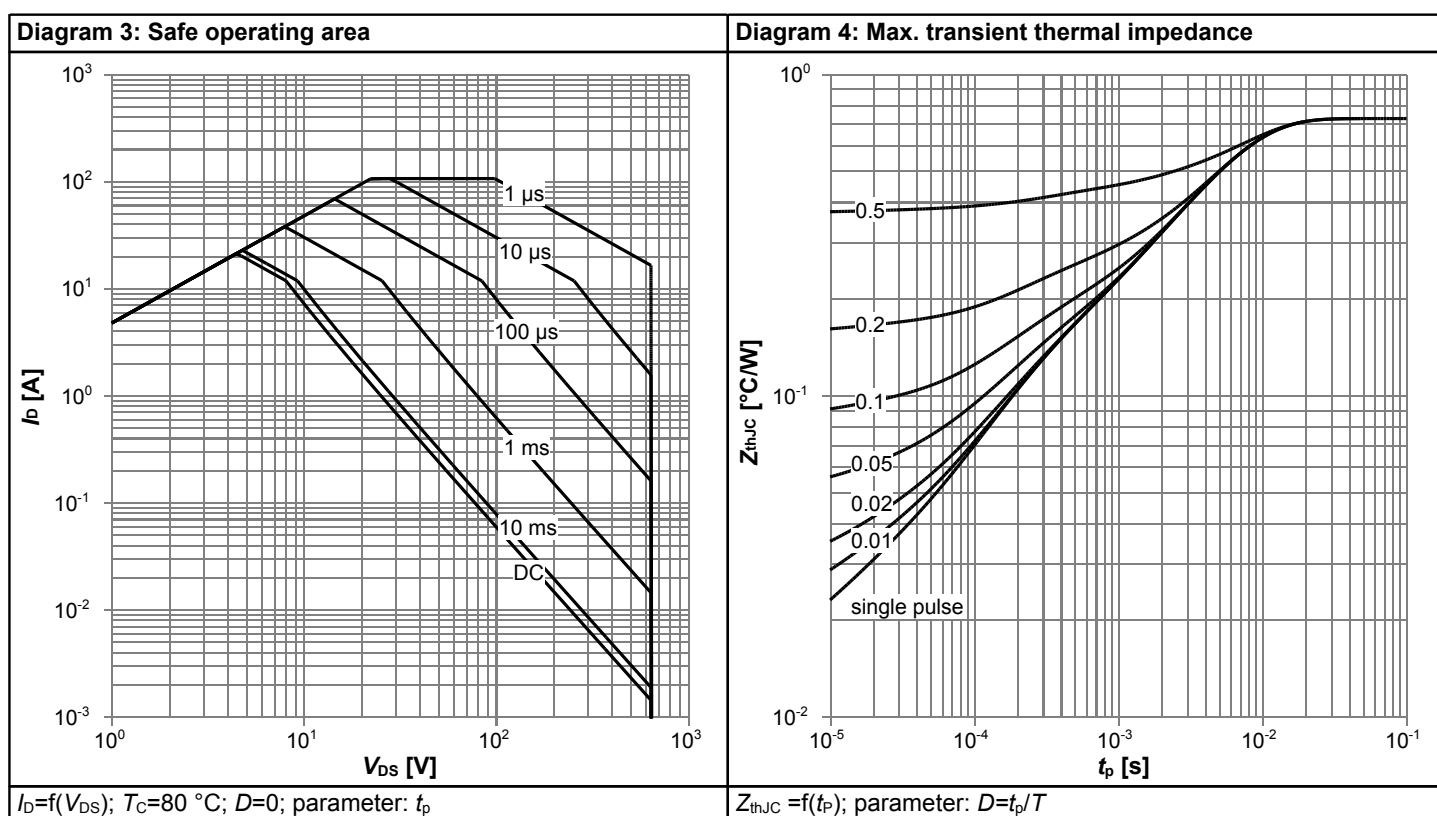
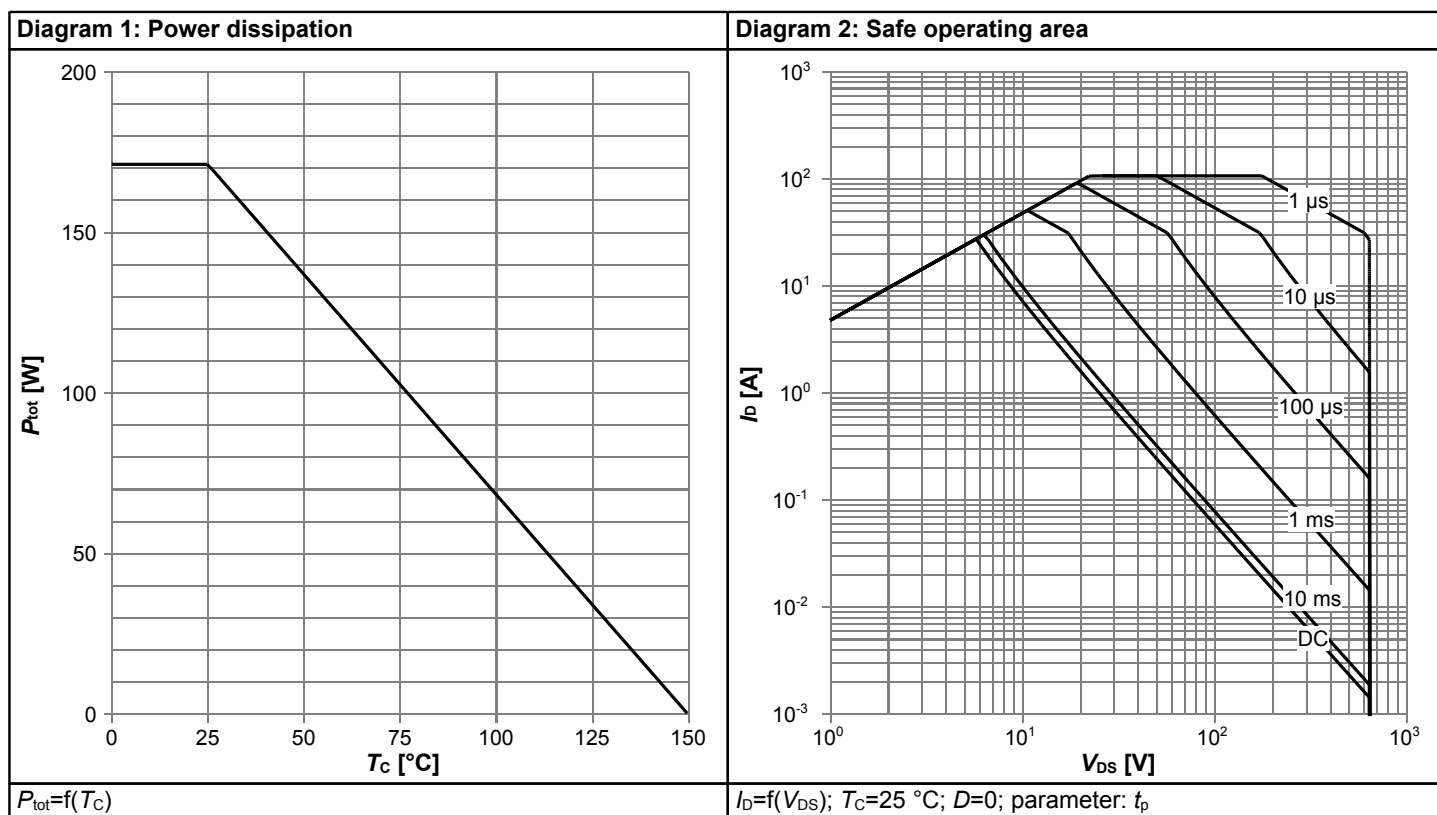
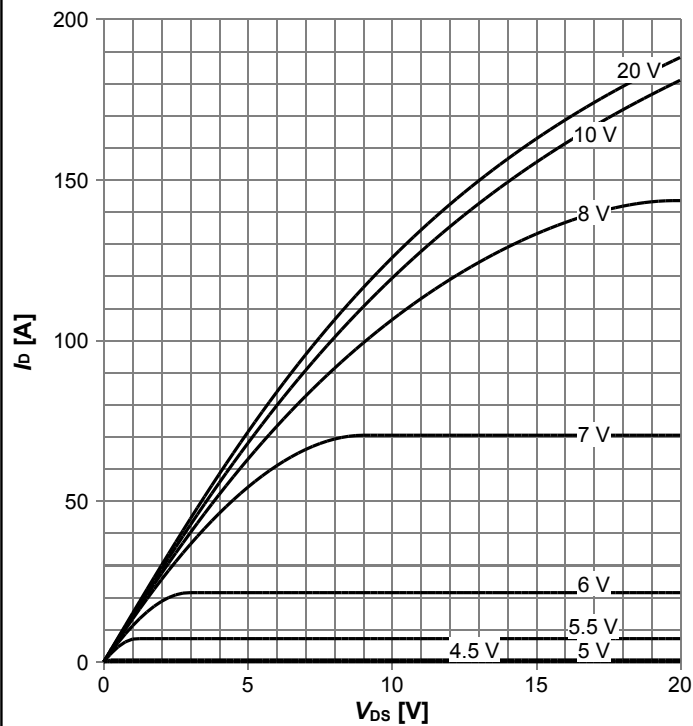
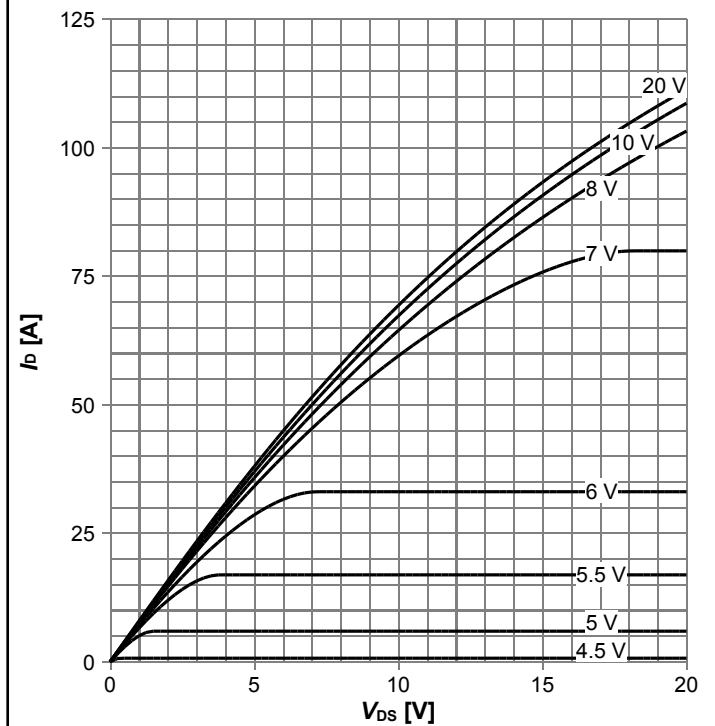


Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



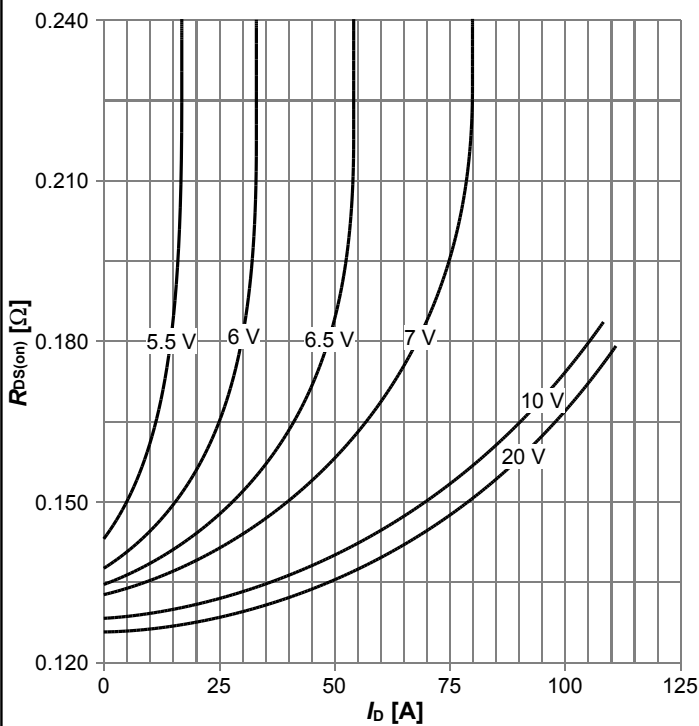
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



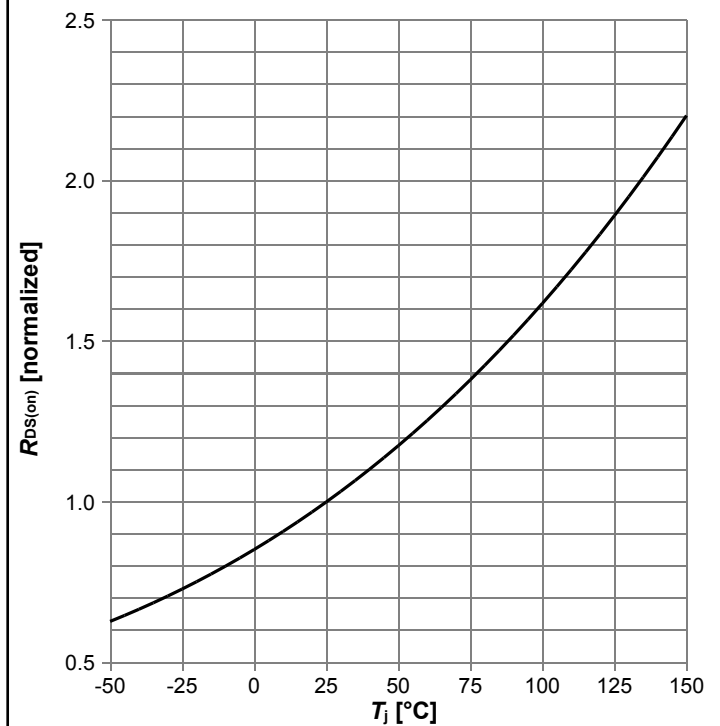
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



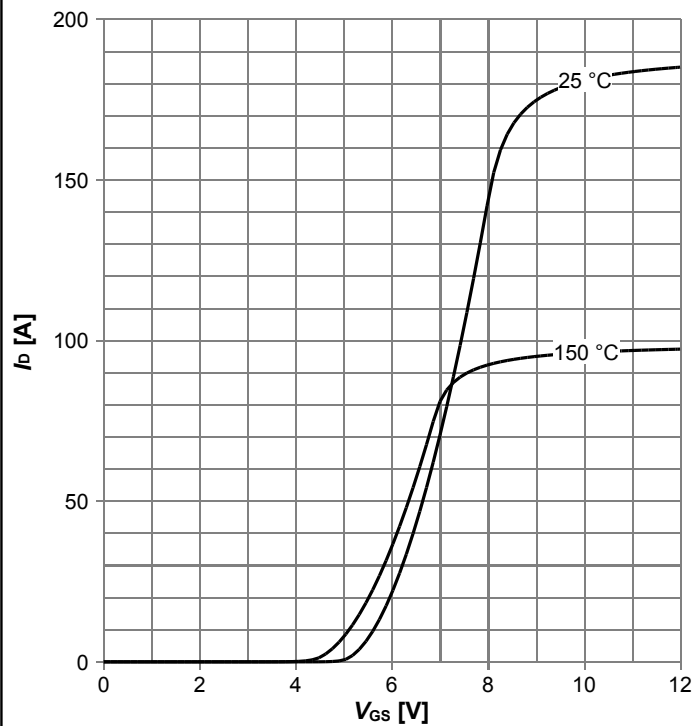
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



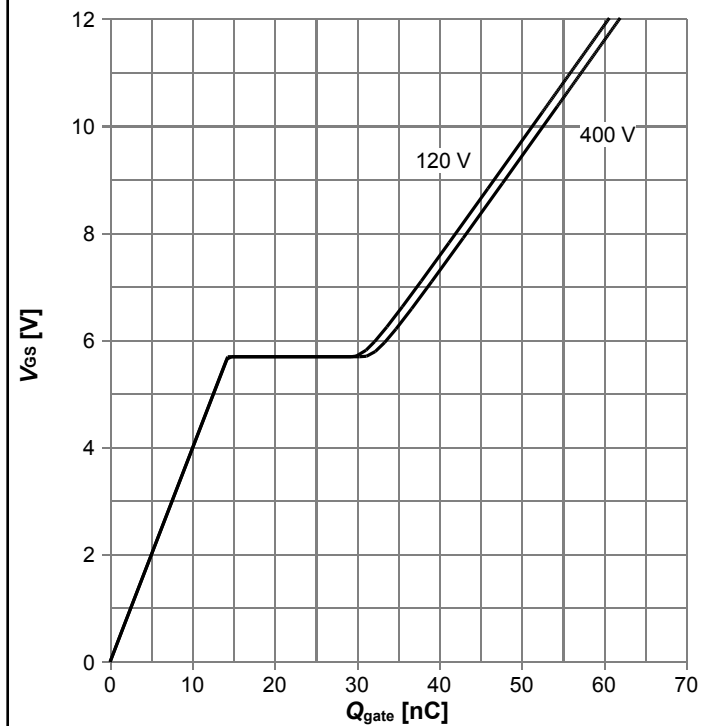
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$; $I_D = 12.5\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



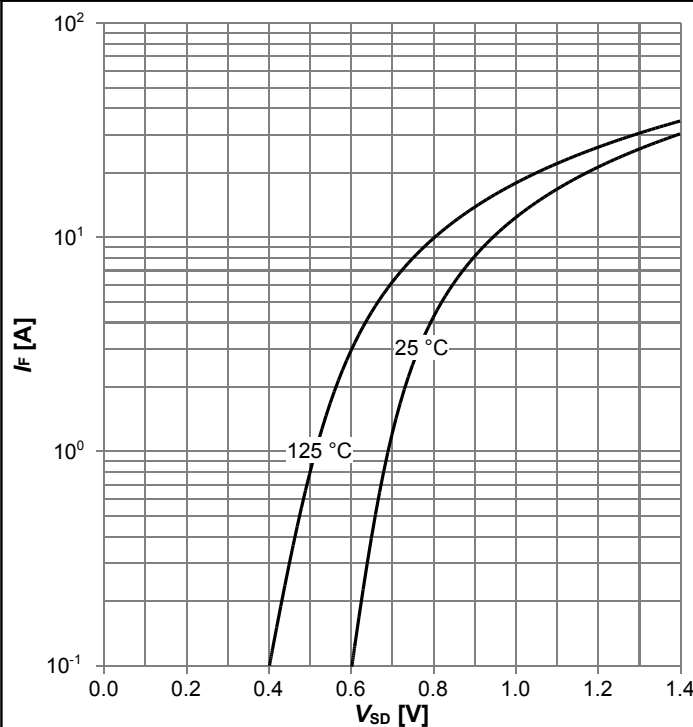
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20$ V; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



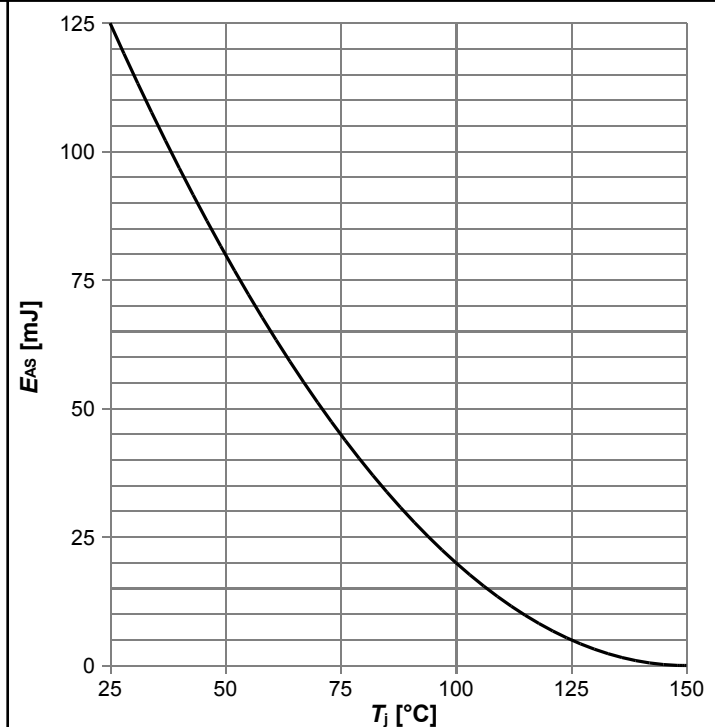
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 12.5$ A pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



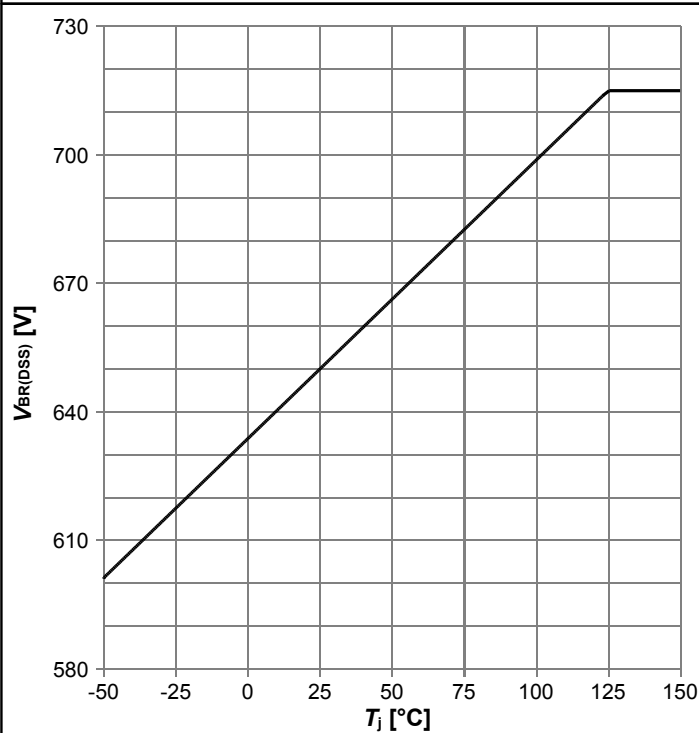
$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy



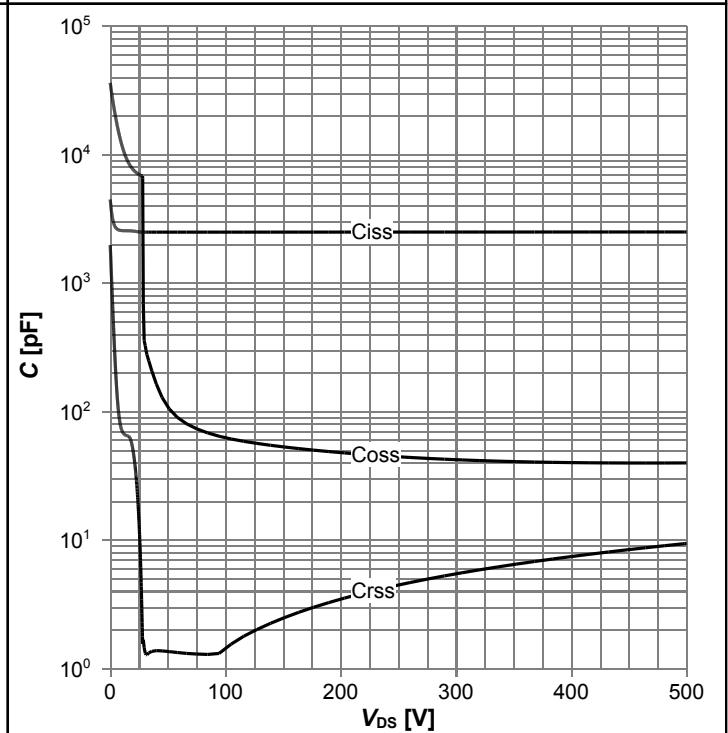
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 5.0$ A; $V_{DD} = 50$ V

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



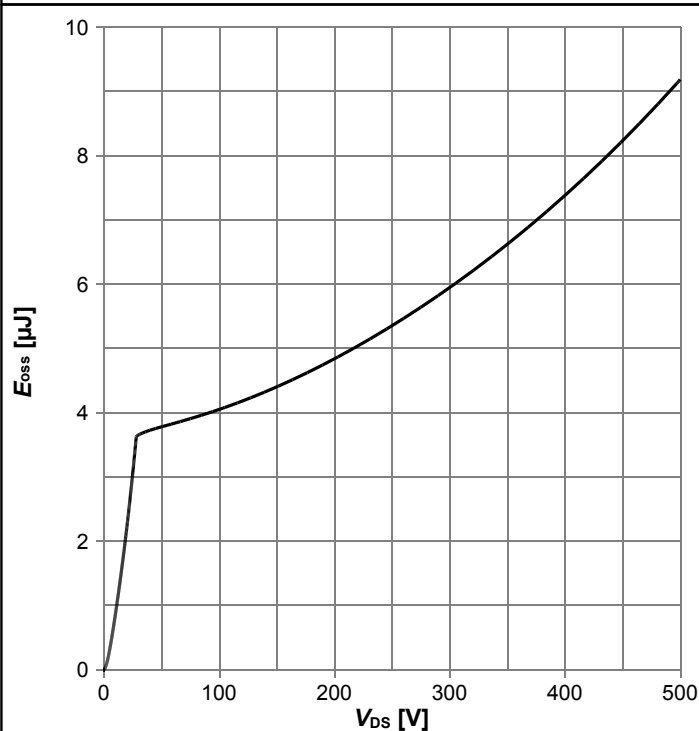
$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_J); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 250 \text{ kHz}$

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

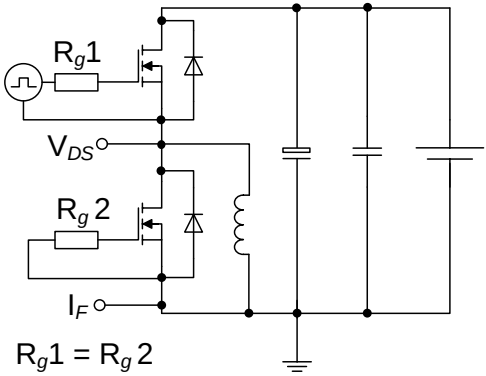
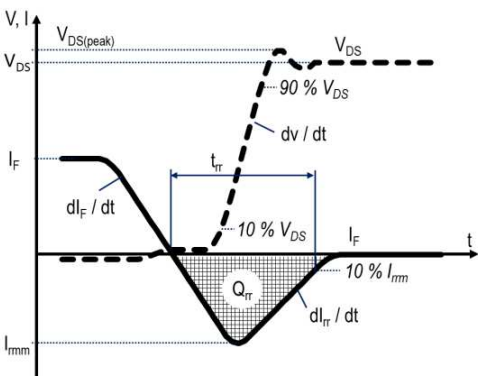
Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
 $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	

Table 9 Switching times (ss)

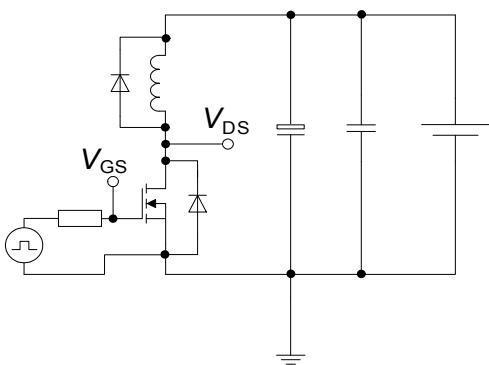
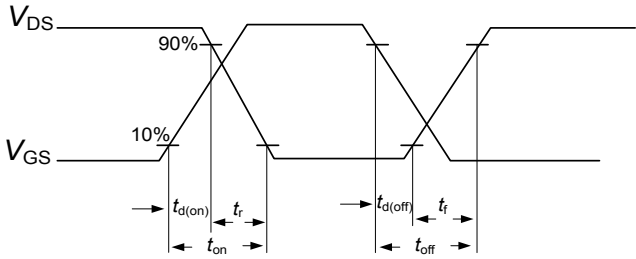
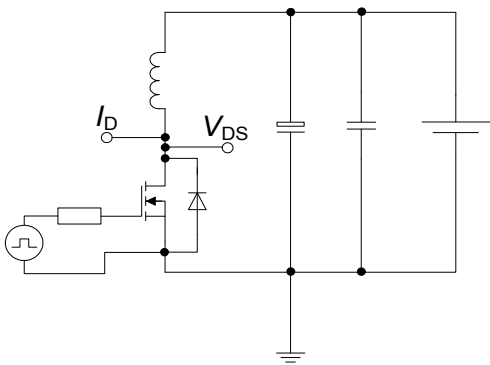
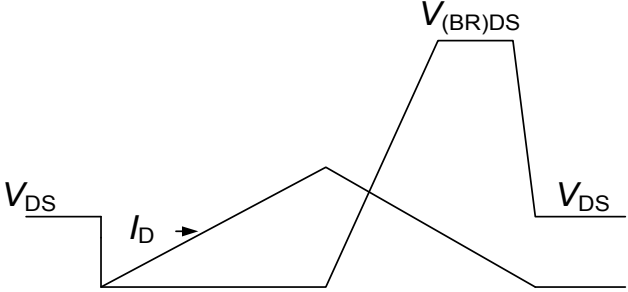
Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
	

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load (ss)

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines

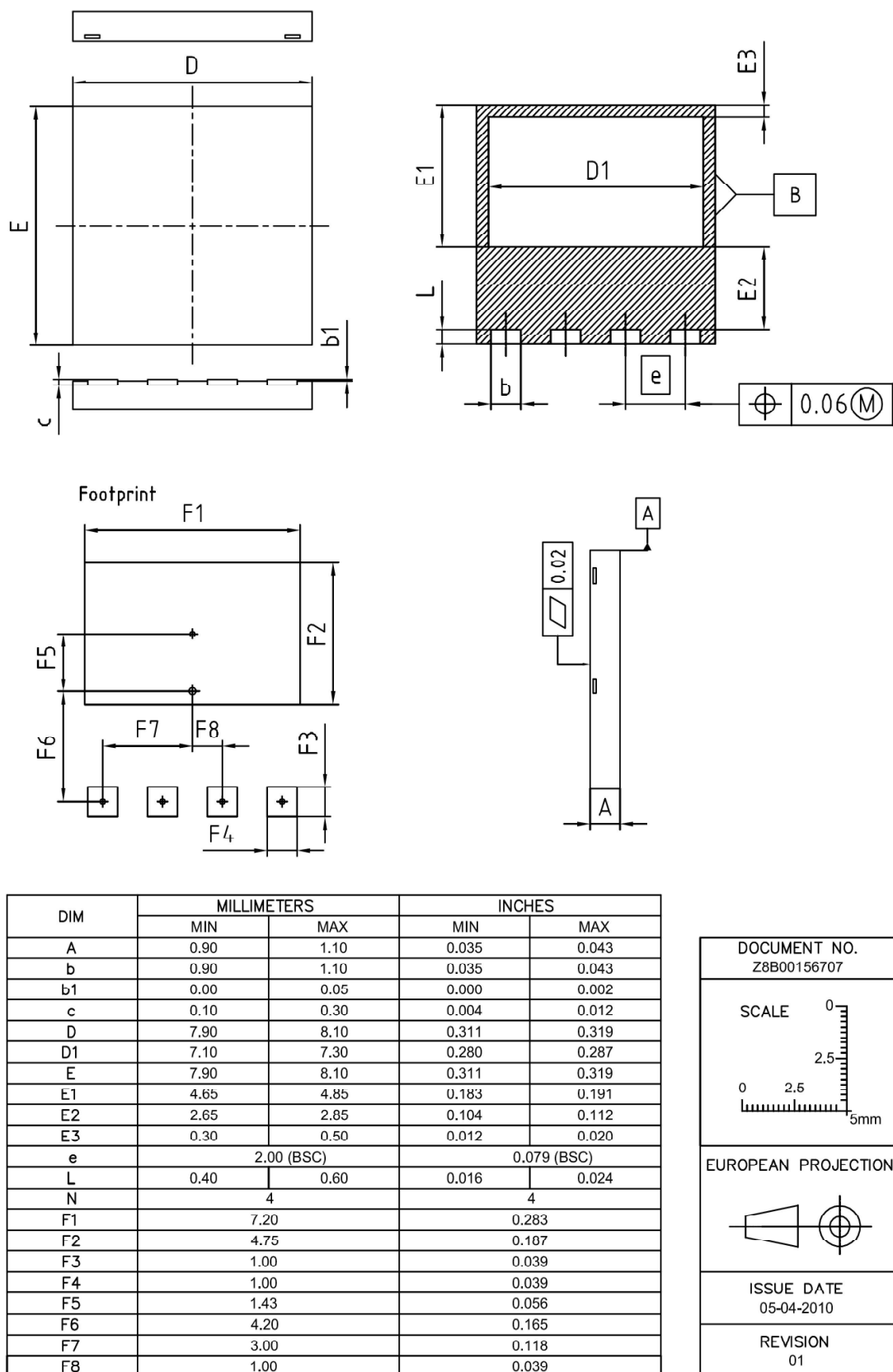


Figure 1 Outline PG-VSON-4, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 650V Webpage:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 650V application note:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS CFD7 650V simulation model:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX Design tools:** www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPL65R095CFD7

Revision: 2021-07-28, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2021-07-28	Release of final version

Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

erratum@infineon.com

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 München, Germany

© 2020 Infineon Technologies AG

All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie").

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.