

SMD ■ Low Power LED

67-21S/KK2C-HXXXXXXXXXB2Z6/2T



Features

- PLCC-2 package
- Top view white LED
- High luminous intensity output
- Wide viewing angle
- Pb-free
- RoHS compliant

Description

The Everlight 67-21S package has high efficacy, high CRI, low power consumption, wide viewing angle and a compact form factor. These features make this package an ideal LED for all lighting applications.

Applications

- General lighting
- Decorative and Entertainment Lighting
- Indicators
- Illumination
- Switch lights

Product Number Explanation

67-21S / K K 2 C – H XX XX XX XX XX / 2T

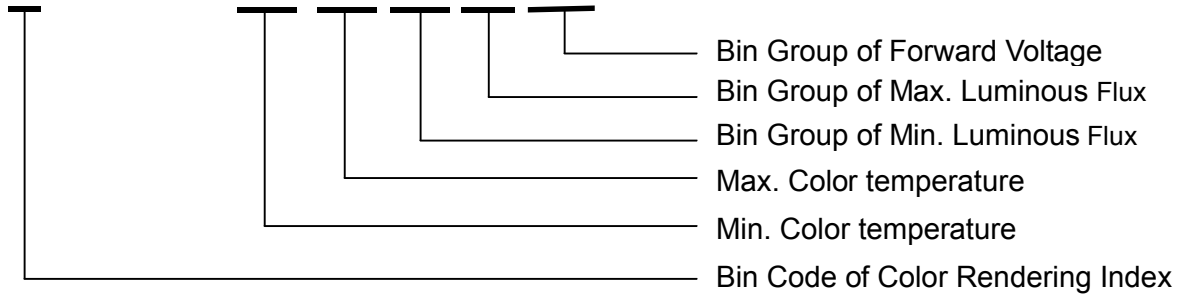


Table of Color Rendering Index

Symbol	Description
M	CRI(Min.) : 60
N	CRI(Min.) : 65
L	CRI(Min.) : 70
Q	CRI(Min.) : 75
K	CRI(Min.) : 80
P	CRI(Min.) : 85
H	CRI(Min.) : 90

Note:
Tolerance of Color Rendering Index: ± 2

Example:
67-21S/KK2C-H3030M3N4B2Z6/2T

CRI	80(Min.)
CCT	3000K
Flux	20~33lm
V _F	2.9~3.6V
I _F	60mA

Mass Production List

Product	CRI Min. (1)	CCT(K)	Φ(lm) Min. (2)	Φ(lm) Max. (2)
67-21S/KK2C-H2727M3N4B2Z6/2T	80	2700K	19	33
67-21S/KK2C-H3030M3N4B2Z6/2T	80	3000K	20	33
67-21S/KK2C-H4040M4N4B2Z6/2T	80	4000K	21	33
67-21S/KK2C-H5050M4N4B2Z6/2T	80	5000K	22	33
67-21S/KK2C-H5757M4N4B2Z6/2T	80	5700K	22	33
67-21S/KK2C-H6565M4N4B2Z6/2T	80	6500K	22	33

Note:

1. Tolerance of Color Rendering Index: ± 2
2. Tolerance of Luminous flux: $\pm 11\%$.

EVERLIGHT

Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Cool White Neutral White Warm White	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_{Soldering}=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward Current	I _F	75	mA
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	I _{FP}	100	mA
Power Dissipation	P _d	270	mW
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Soldering point)	R _{th J-S}	50	°C/W
Junction Temperature	T _j	125	°C
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	Reflow Soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec. Hand Soldering : 350 °C for 3 sec.	

Note:

The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{Soldering}=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Flux ₍₁₎	Φ	19	-----	33	lm	I _F =60mA
Forward Voltage ₍₂₎	V _F	2.9	-----	3.6	V	I _F =60mA
Color Rendering Index ₍₃₎	Ra	80	-----	-----		I _F =60mA
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	-----	120	-----	deg	I _F =60mA
Reverse Current	I _R	-----	-----	50	μA	V _R =5V

Notes:

1. Tolerance of Luminous flux: ±11%.

2. Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.

3. Tolerance of Color Rendering Index: ±2

Bin Range of Luminous Flux

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
M3	19	21	lm	I _F =60mA
M4	21	24		
N3	24	27		
N4	27	33		

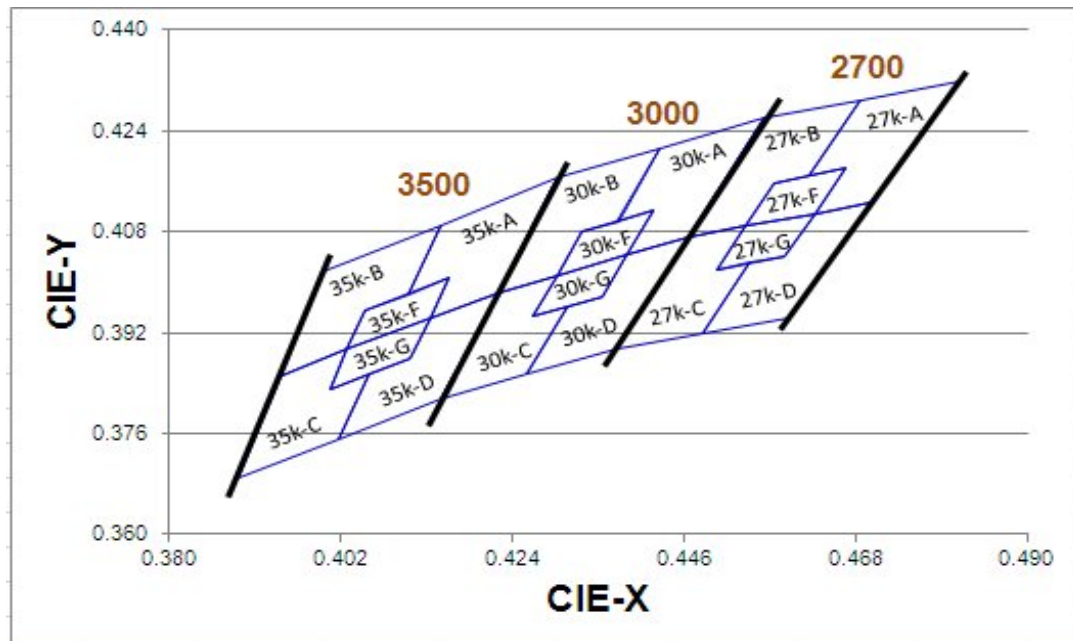
Note:
Tolerance of Luminous flux: ±11%.

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

Group	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
B2	36	2.9	3.0	V	I _F =60mA
	37	3.0	3.1		
	38	3.1	3.2		
	39	3.2	3.3		
	40	3.3	3.4		
	41	3.4	3.5		
	42	3.5	3.6		

Note:
Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.

The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

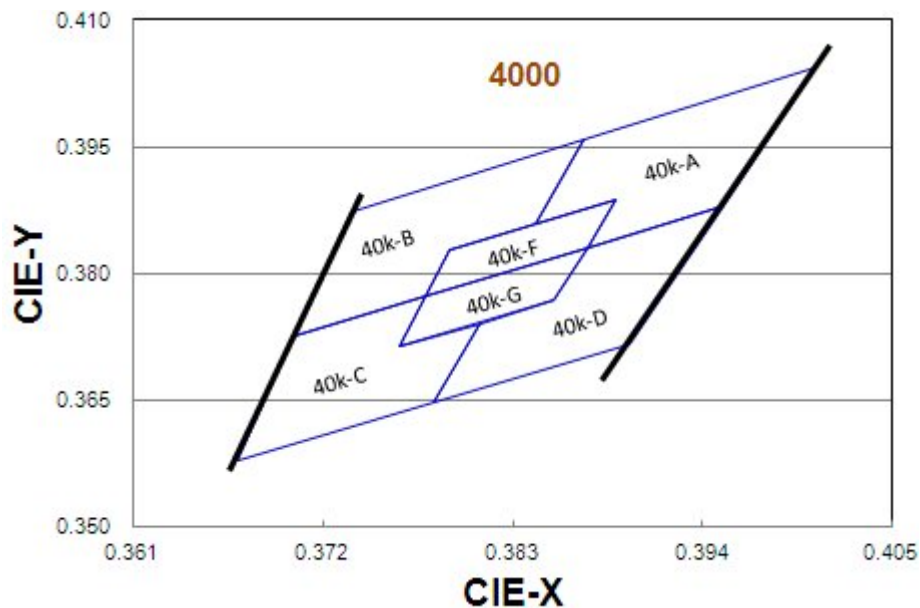


Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinates

CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
2700K	27K-A	0.4813	0.4319	27K-D	0.4700	0.4126
		0.4687	0.4289		0.4627	0.4109
		0.4621	0.4169		0.4588	0.4041
		0.4667	0.4180		0.4544	0.4030
		0.4627	0.4109		0.4483	0.3919
		0.4700	0.4126		0.4593	0.3944
	Reference Range:2580K~2700K					
	27K-B	0.4687	0.4289	27K-C	0.4465	0.4071
		0.4562	0.4260		0.4373	0.3893
		0.4465	0.4071		0.4483	0.3919
		0.4539	0.4088		0.4544	0.4030
		0.4576	0.4158		0.4502	0.4020
		0.4621	0.4169		0.4539	0.4088
	Reference Range:2700K~2870K					
	27K-F	0.4667	0.4180	27K-G	0.4627	0.4109
		0.4576	0.4158		0.4539	0.4088
		0.4539	0.4088		0.4502	0.4020
		0.4627	0.4109		0.4588	0.4041
	Reference Range: 2665K~2770K					

CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
3000K	30K-A	0.4562	0.4260	30K-D	0.4465	0.4071
		0.4430	0.4212		0.4388	0.4043
		0.4375	0.4096		0.4355	0.3977
		0.4422	0.4113		0.4311	0.3962
		0.4388	0.4043		0.4259	0.3853
		0.4465	0.4071		0.4373	0.3893
	Reference Range:2870K~3000K					
	30K-B	0.4430	0.4212	30K-C	0.4221	0.3984
		0.4299	0.4165		0.4147	0.3814
		0.4221	0.3984		0.4259	0.3853
		0.4297	0.4011		0.4311	0.3962
		0.4328	0.4079		0.4267	0.3946
		0.4375	0.4096		0.4297	0.4011
	Reference Range:3000K~3220K					
	30K-F	0.4422	0.4113	30K-G	0.4388	0.4043
		0.4328	0.4079		0.4297	0.4011
		0.4297	0.4011		0.4267	0.3946
		0.4388	0.4043		0.4355	0.3977
	Reference Range:2960K~3080K					

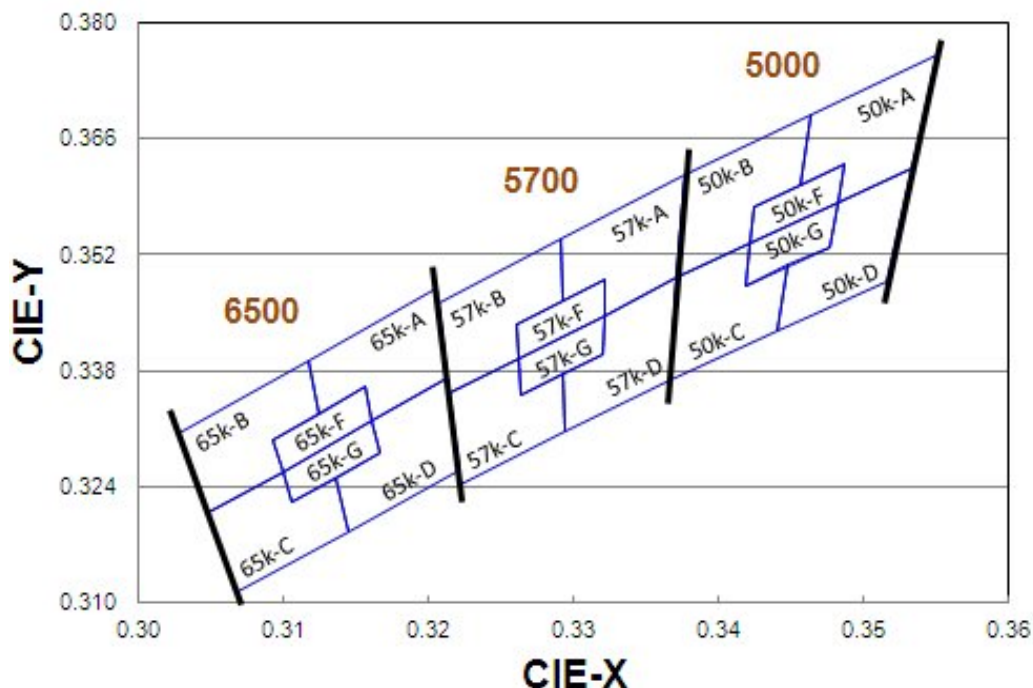
The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinates

CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
4000K	40K-A	0.4006	0.4044	40K-D	0.3952	0.3880
		0.3871	0.3959		0.3873	0.3831
		0.3843	0.3858		0.3854	0.3768
		0.3890	0.3887		0.3810	0.3741
		0.3873	0.3831		0.3784	0.3647
		0.3952	0.3880		0.3898	0.3716
	Reference Range:3700K~3970K					
	40K-B	0.3871	0.3959	40K-C	0.3703	0.3726
		0.3736	0.3874		0.3670	0.3578
		0.3703	0.3726		0.3784	0.3647
		0.3779	0.3773		0.3810	0.3741
		0.3793	0.3828		0.3764	0.3713
		0.3843	0.3858		0.3779	0.3773
	Reference Range:3970K~4270K					
	40K-F	0.3890	0.3887	40K-G	0.3873	0.3831
		0.3793	0.3828		0.3779	0.3773
		0.3779	0.3773		0.3764	0.3713
		0.3873	0.3831		0.3854	0.3768
	Reference Range:3870K~4080K					

The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinates

CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
5000K	50K-A	0.3551	0.3760	50K-D	0.3533	0.3624
		0.3464	0.3688		0.3482	0.3583
		0.3456	0.3604		0.3477	0.3530
		0.3487	0.3629		0.3448	0.3507
		0.3482	0.3583		0.3441	0.3428
		0.3533	0.3624		0.3515	0.3487
	Reference Range:4745K~5000K					
	50K-B	0.3464	0.3688	50K-C	0.3371	0.3493
		0.3376	0.3616		0.3366	0.3369
		0.3371	0.3493		0.3441	0.3428
		0.3422	0.3533		0.3448	0.3507
		0.3425	0.3579		0.3418	0.3483
		0.3456	0.3604		0.3422	0.3533
	Reference Range:5000K~5310K					
	50K-F	0.3487	0.3629	50K-G	0.3482	0.3583
		0.3425	0.3579		0.3422	0.3533
		0.3422	0.3533		0.3418	0.3483
		0.3482	0.3583		0.3477	0.3530
	Reference Range:4910K~5120K					

CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
5700K	57K-A	0.3376	0.3616	57K-D	0.3371	0.3493
		0.3292	0.3539		0.3321	0.3447
		0.3292	0.3464		0.3320	0.3401
		0.3321	0.3490		0.3293	0.3377
		0.3321	0.3447		0.3294	0.3306
		0.3371	0.3493		0.3366	0.3369
	Reference Range:5310K~5700K					
	57K-B	0.3292	0.3539	57K-C	0.3215	0.3353
		0.3207	0.3462		0.3222	0.3243
		0.3215	0.3353		0.3294	0.3306
		0.3262	0.3395		0.3293	0.3377
		0.3261	0.3436		0.3263	0.335
		0.3292	0.3464		0.3262	0.3395
	Reference Range:5700K~6020K					
	57K-F	0.3321	0.3490	57K-G	0.3321	0.3447
		0.3261	0.3436		0.3262	0.3395
		0.3262	0.3395		0.3263	0.3350
		0.3321	0.3447		0.3320	0.3401
	Reference Range:5520K~5780K					

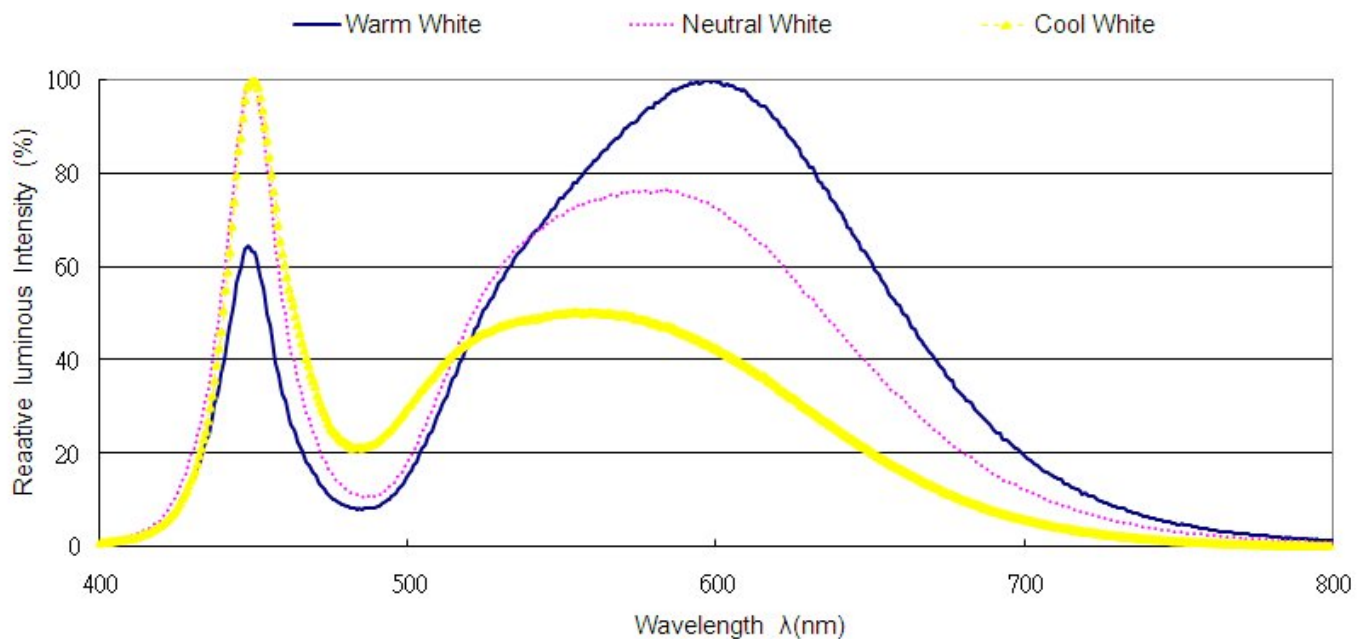
CCT	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
6500K	65K-A	0.3205	0.3481	65K-D	0.3213	0.3371
		0.3117	0.3393		0.3161	0.3320
		0.3125	0.3328		0.3166	0.3281
		0.3157	0.3360		0.3136	0.3251
		0.3161	0.3320		0.3145	0.3187
		0.3213	0.3371		0.3221	0.3261
	Reference Range:6020K~6500K					
	65K-B	0.3117	0.3393	65K-C	0.3048	0.3209
		0.3028	0.3304		0.3068	0.3113
		0.3048	0.3209		0.3145	0.3187
		0.3100	0.3259		0.3136	0.3251
		0.3093	0.3297		0.3106	0.3222
		0.3125	0.3328		0.31	0.3259
	Reference Range:6500K~7050K					
	65K-F	0.3157	0.3360	65K-G	0.3161	0.3320
		0.3093	0.3297		0.3100	0.3259
		0.3100	0.3259		0.3106	0.3222
		0.3161	0.3320		0.3166	0.3281
	Reference Range:6300K~6690K					

Note:

1. The value is based on driving current by 60mA.

2. Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates: ± 0.01 .

Spectrum Distribution



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1 – Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature

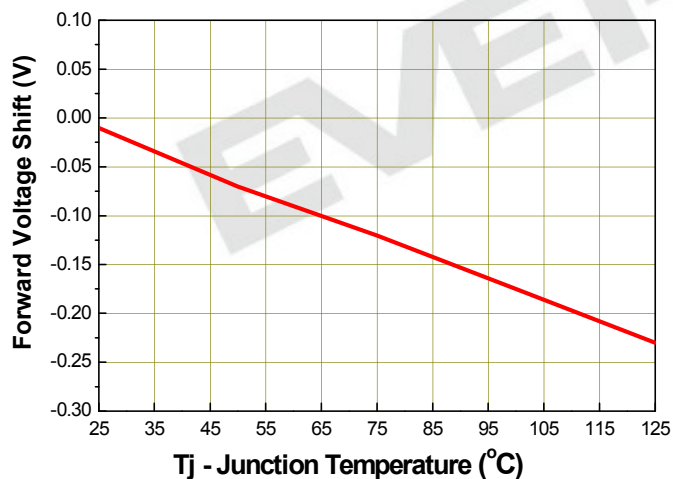
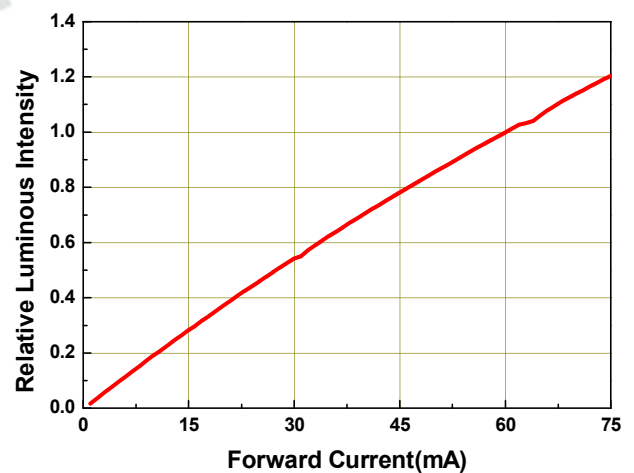


Fig.2 - Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.3 - Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

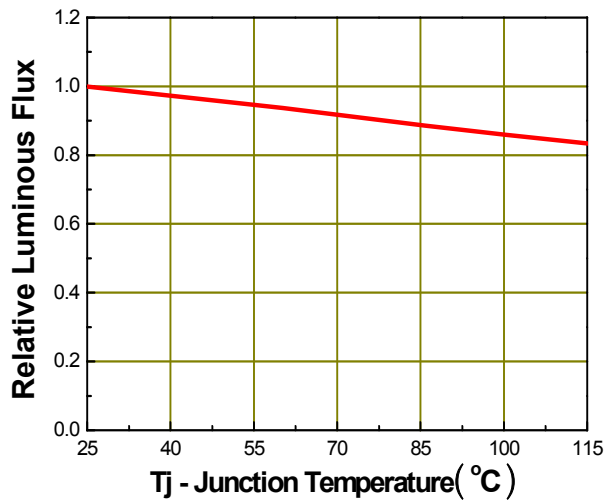


Fig.4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

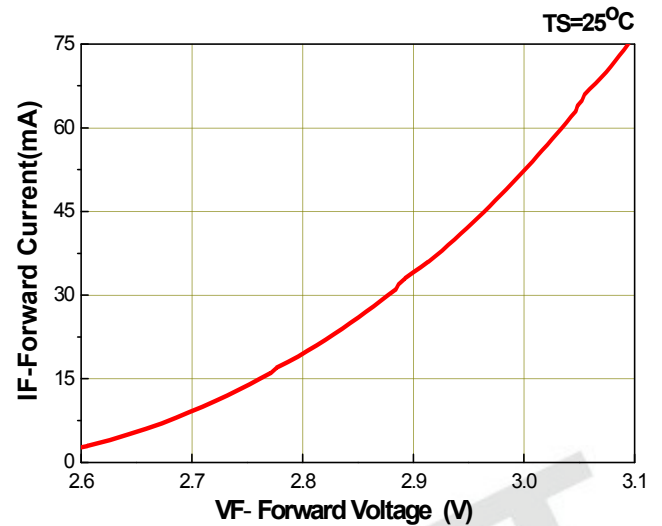


Fig.5 – Max. Driving Forward Current vs. Soldering Temperature

$R_{th\ j-s}=50^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

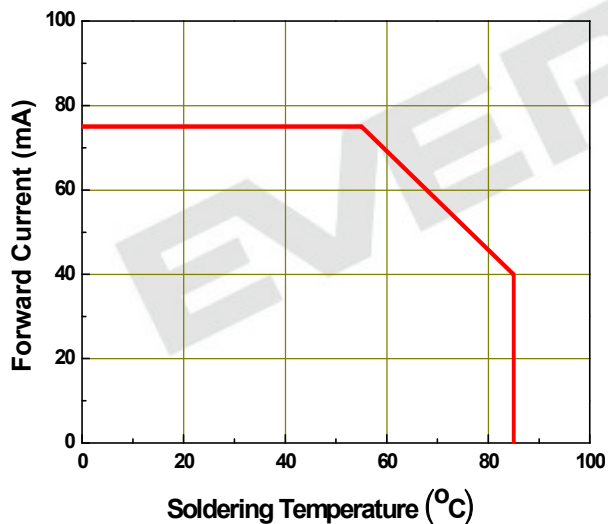
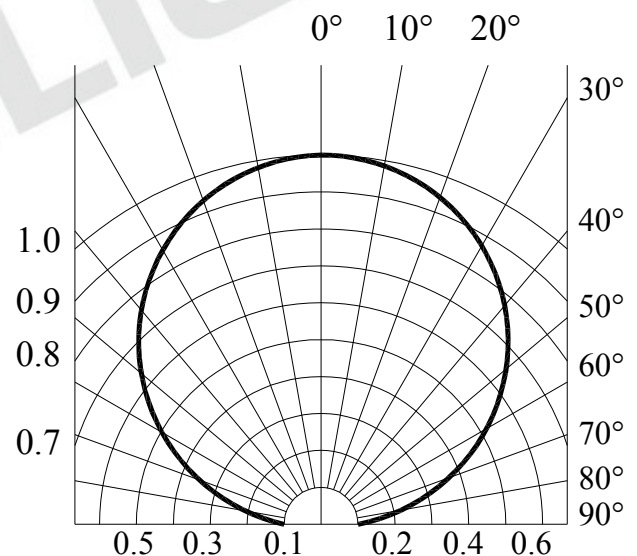
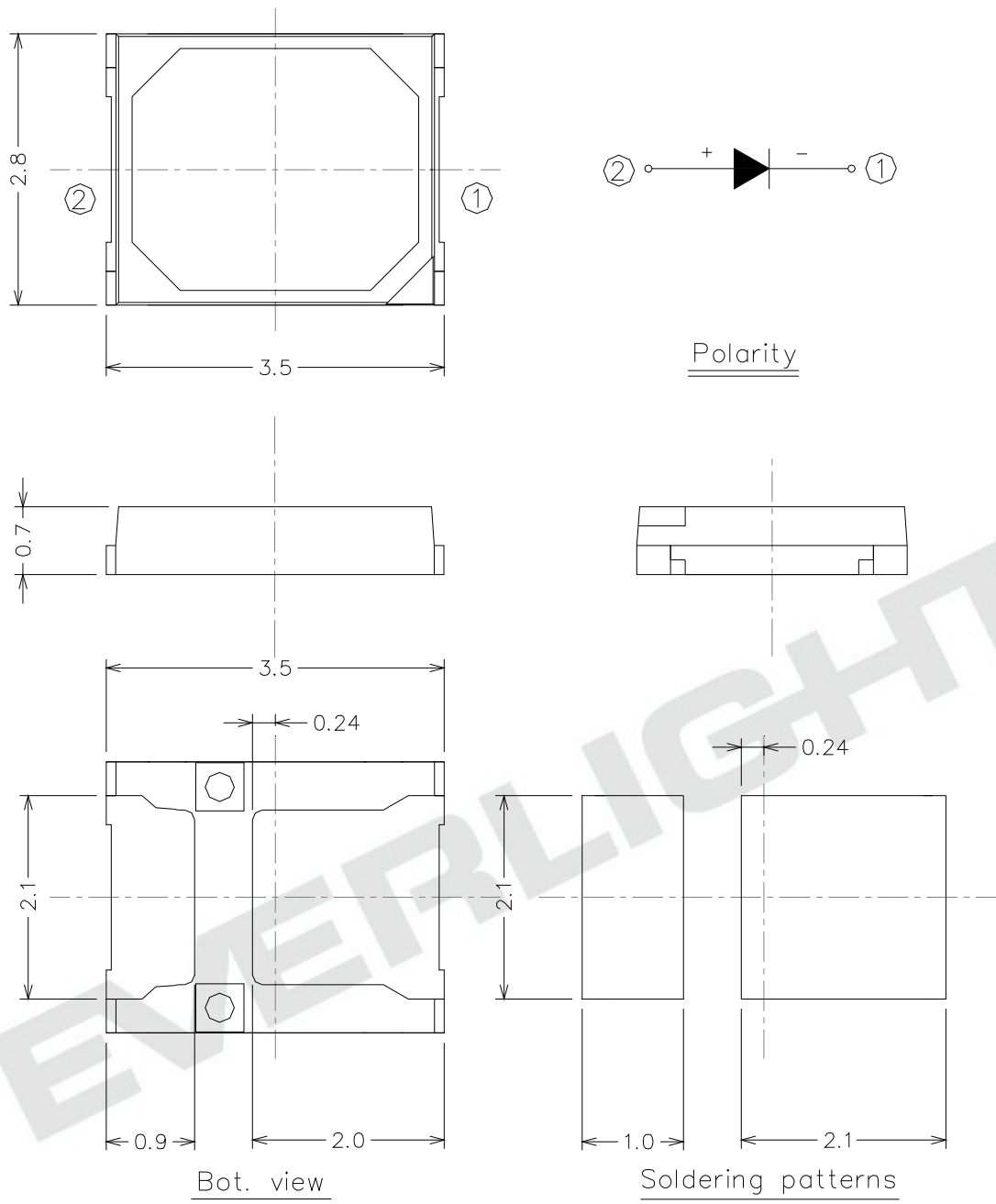


Fig.6 – Radiation Diagram



Package Dimension



Note:
Tolerance unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm; Unit = mm

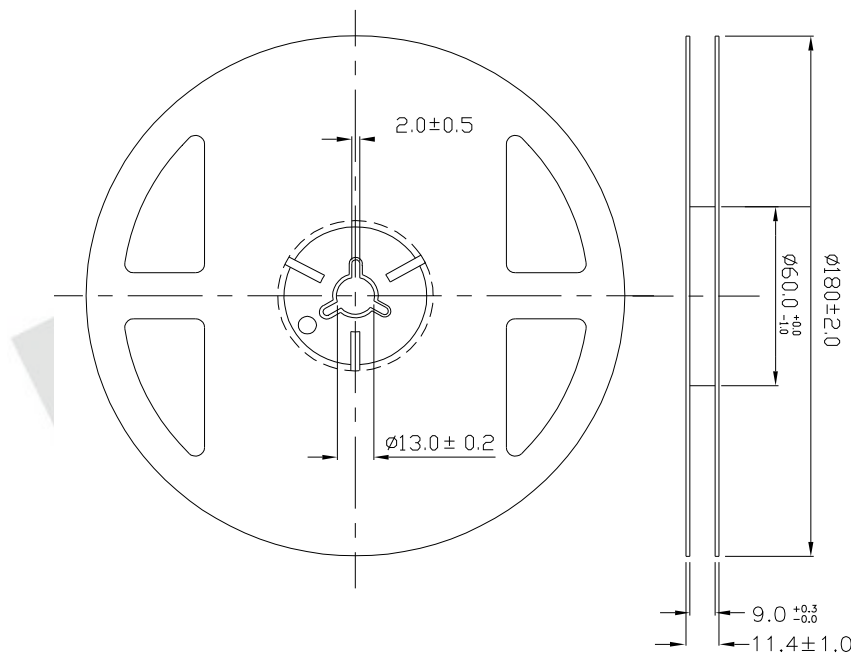
Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

Label Explanation



- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Dom. Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank
- LOT No: Lot Number

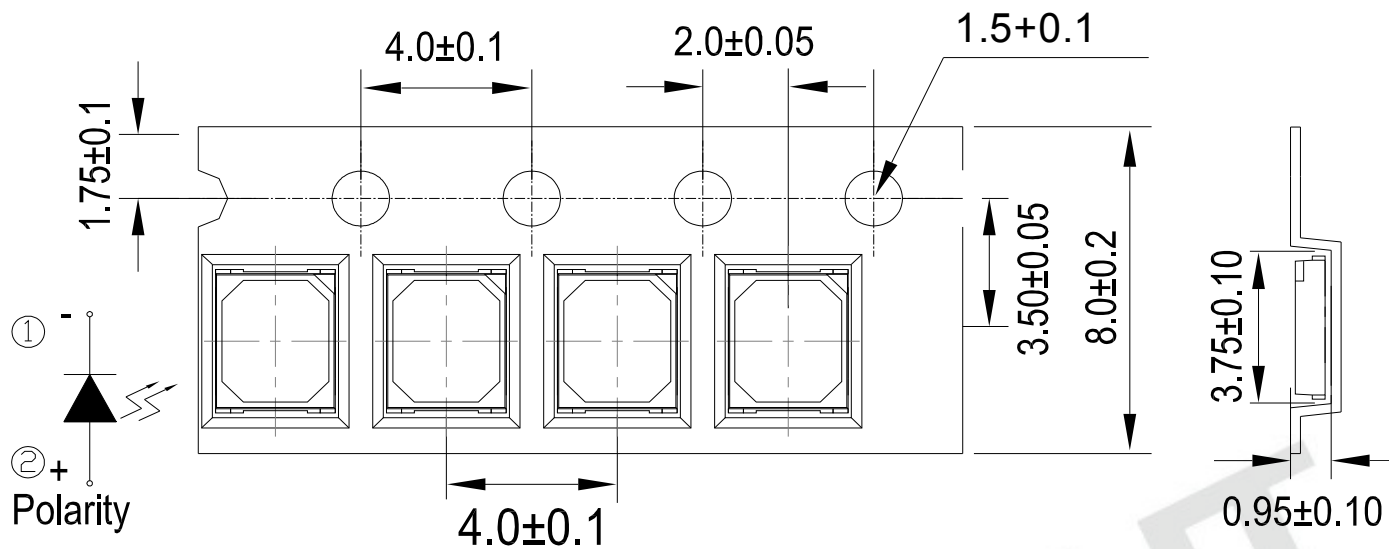
Reel Dimensions



Note:
Tolerances unless mentioned ± 0.1 mm. Unit = mm

Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 250/500/1000/2000 pcs Per Reel

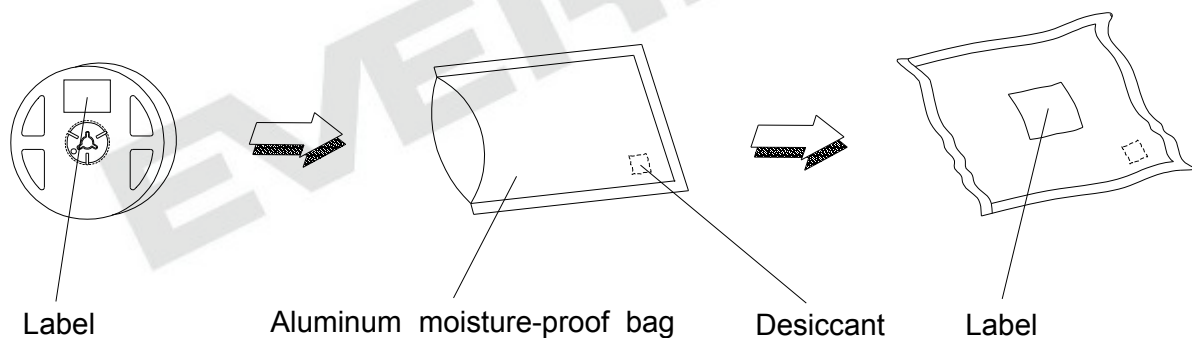
Progressive direction



Note:

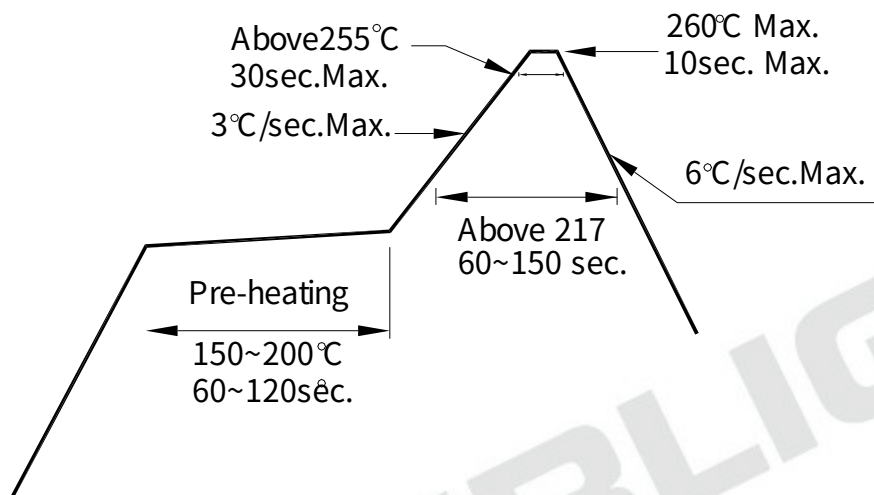
1. Tolerance unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm; Unit = mm

Moisture Resistant Packing Process



Precautions for Use

1. Over-current-proof
Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).
2. Storage
 - 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
 - 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less.
 - 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 168 Hrs under 30°C or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
 - 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.
Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.
3. Soldering Condition
 - 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

