

Fixed-Output Synchronous TinyBoost® Regulator

FAN48615


WLCSP9
CASE 567QW

Description

The FAN48615 is a low-power PWM only boost regulator designed to provide a minimum voltage-regulated rail from a standard single-cell Li-Ion battery and advanced battery chemistries. Even below the minimum system battery voltage, the device maintains the output voltage regulation for an output load current of 1000 mA. The combination of built-in power transistors, synchronous rectification, and low supply current suit the FAN48615 for battery-powered applications.

The FAN48615 is available in a 9-bump, 0.4 mm pitch, (1.215 x 1.215 mm) Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP).

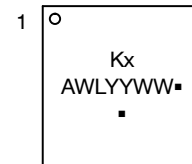
Features

- Input Voltage Range: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Output Voltage: 5.25 V and 5.4 V
- 1000 mA Max. Load Capability
- PWM Only
- Up to 97% Efficient
- Forced Pass-Through Operation via EN Pin
- Internal Synchronous Rectification
- True Load Disconnect
- Short-Circuit Protection
- Three External Components: 2016 (Metric) 0.47 μ H Inductor, 0402 Input and 0603 Output Capacitors
- This is a Pb-Free Device

Applications

- Class-D Audio Amplifier
- Boost for Low-Voltage Li-Ion Batteries
- Smart Phones, Tablets, Portable Devices
- RF Applications
- NFC Applications

MARKING DIAGRAM



KY / KZ = Specific Device Code
 F = Fab Indicator
 A = Assembly Location
 WL = Wafer Lot
 YY = Year
 WW = Work Week
 ■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

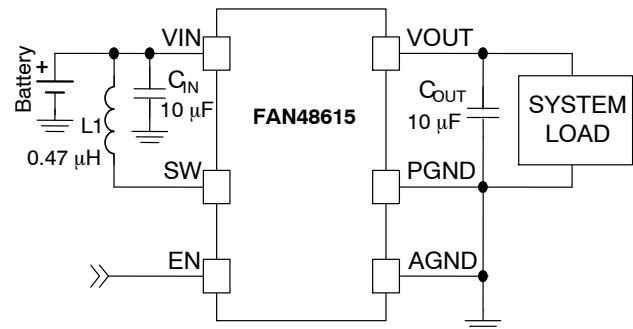


Figure 1. Typical Application

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	V _{OUT}	Operating Temperature	Package	Packing	Device Marking
FAN48615UC08X	5.25 V	-40°C to 85°C	9-Bump, 0.4 mm Pitch, WLCSP Package	3000 / Tape & Reel	KY
FAN48615UC11X	5.40 V				KZ

Block Diagram

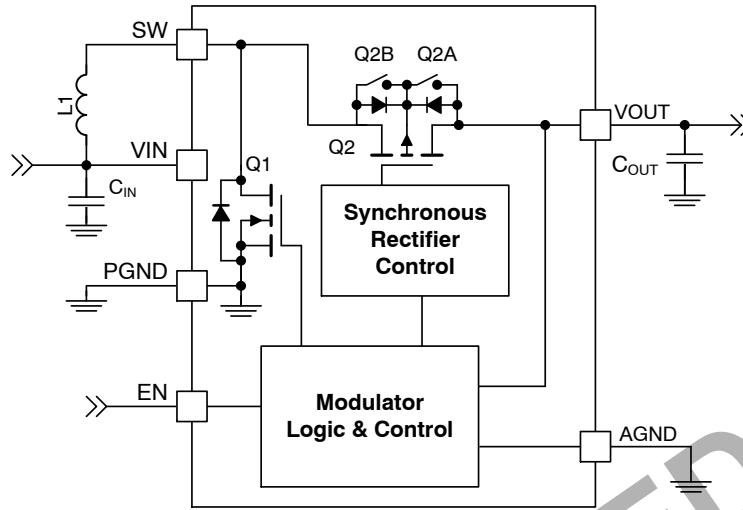


Figure 2. IC Block Diagram

Table 1. RECOMMENDED COMPONENTS

Component	Description	Vendor	Parameter	Typical Value	Unit
L1	20%, 5.3 A, 2016, 1.0 mm Height	DFE201610E-R47M TOKO	Inductance	470	nH
			DCR (Series R)	26	mΩ
C _{IN}	20%, 6.3 V, X5R, 0402 (1005)	C1005X5R0J106M050BC TDK	Capacitance	10	μF
C _{OUT}	20%, 10 V, X5R, 0603 (1608)	C1608X5R1A106K080AC TDK	Capacitance	10	μF

Pin Configuration

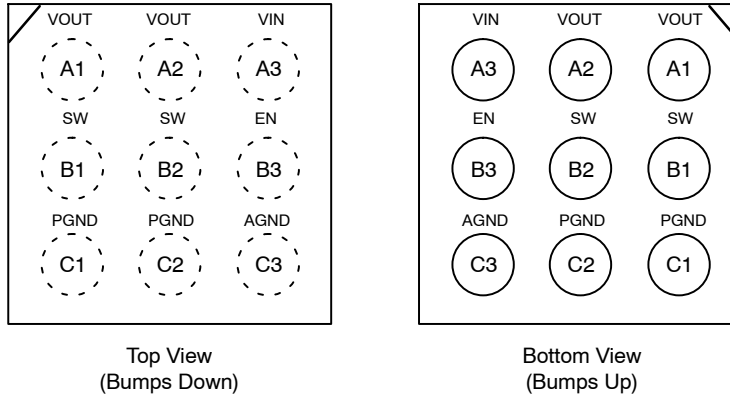


Figure 3. Pin Assignment

Pin Definitions

Table 2. PIN DEFINITIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
A1	VOUT	Output Voltage. This pin is the output voltage terminal; connect directly to C _{OUT} .
A2		
A3	VIN	Input Voltage. Connect to Li-Ion battery input power source and C _{IN} .
B1	SW	Switching Node. Connect to inductor.
B2		
B3	EN	Enable. When this pin is HIGH, the circuit is enabled. After part is engaged, pin forces part into Forced-Pass-Through Mode when EN pin is pulled LOW.
C1	PGND	Power Ground. This is the power return for the IC. C _{OUT} capacitor should be returned with the shortest path possible to these pins.
C2		
C3	AGND	Analog Ground. This is the signal ground reference for the IC. All voltage levels are measured with respect to this pin – connect to PGND at a single point.

Table 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	Voltage on VIN Pin		−0.3	6.0	V
V _{OUT}	Voltage on VOUT Pin		−0.3	6.0	V
V _{SW}	SW Node	DC	−0.3	6.0	V
		Transient: 10 ns, 3 MHz	−1.0	8.0	
V _{CC}	Voltage on Other Pins		−0.3	6.0 ⁽¹⁾	V
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	Human Body Model, ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001-2012	2.0		kV
		Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101	1.0		
T _J	Junction Temperature		−40	150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		−65	150	°C
T _L	Lead Soldering Temperature, 10 Seconds			260	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Lesser of 6.0 V or V_{IN} + 0.3 V.

Table 4. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	Supply Voltage for Boost & Auto Pass Through Operation ⁽²⁾	2.7	5.5	V
I _{OUT}	Maximum Output Current	1000		mA
T _A	Ambient Temperature	−40	85	°C
T _J	Junction Temperature	−40	125	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

2. When V_{IN} nears V_{OUT} the part will automatically go into pass through mode, depending on load current.

Table 5. THERMAL PROPERTIES

Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Unit
θ _{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance	50	°C/W

NOTE: Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout. This data is measured with four-layer 2s2p boards with vias in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51. Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature, T_{J(max)}, at a given ambient temperature, T_A.

Table 6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise noted, circuit per Figure 1, $V_{OUT} = 5.40\text{ V}$. Typical, minimum and maximum values are given at $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, -40°C and $+85^\circ\text{C}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Power Supply						
I_Q	V_{IN} Quiescent Current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$, $EN = 1.8\text{ V}$, No Switching		95		μA
		Forced Pass-Through $EN = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = V_{IN}$		3.5		
V_{UVLO}	Under-Voltage Lockout	V_{IN} Rising		2.20		V
V_{UVLO_HYS}	Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis			150		mV
Inputs						
V_{IH}	Enable HIGH Voltage		1.05			V
V_{IL}	Enable LOW Voltage				0.4	V
Outputs						
V_{REG}	Output Voltage Accuracy DC ⁽³⁾	$2.7\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5\text{ V}$	-2		+2	%
Timing						
f_{SW}	Switching Frequency	$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$	1.8	2.3	2.8	MHz
$t_{SS}^{(4)}$	EN HIGH to 95% of Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$		440		μs
$t_{RST}^{(4)}$	FAULT Restart Timer			20		ms
Power Stage						
$R_{DS(ON)N}$	N-Channel Boost Switch $R_{DS(ON)}$			63		$\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)P}$	P-Channel Sync. Rectifier $R_{DS(ON)}$			52		$\text{m}\Omega$

3. DC I_{LOAD} from 0 to 1 A. V_{OUT} measured from mid-point of output voltage ripple. Effective capacitance of $C_{OUT} \geq 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$.

4. Guaranteed by design and characterization; not tested in production.

Typical Performance Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified; $V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 5.40\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and circuit according to Figure 1.

Components: $C_{IN} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0402, X5R, 6.3 V, C1005X5R0J106M050BC), $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0603, X5R,

10 V, C1608X5R1A106K080AC), $L1 = 470\text{ nH}$ (2016, 26 m Ω , DFE201610E-R47M).

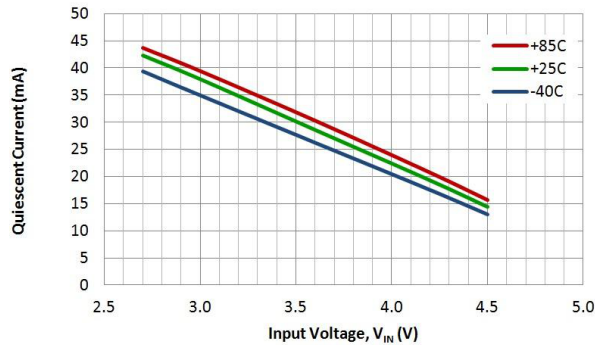


Figure 4. Quiescent Current (Switching) vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

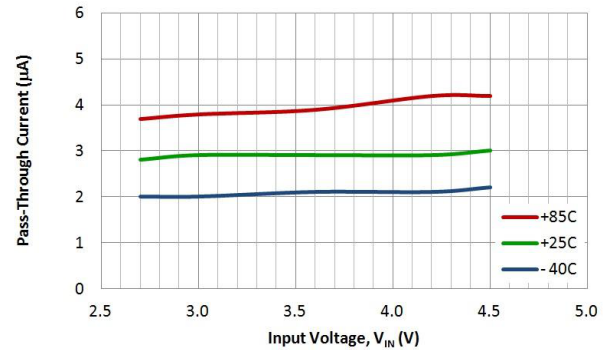


Figure 5. Pass-Through Current vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

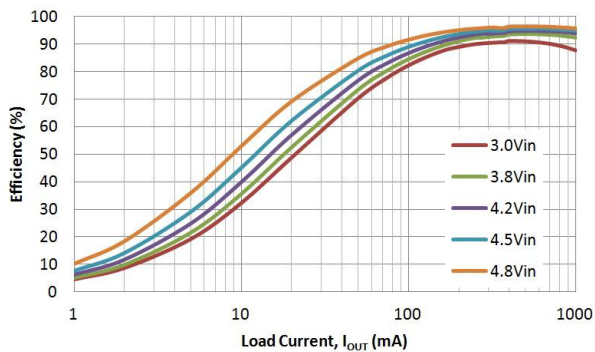


Figure 6. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

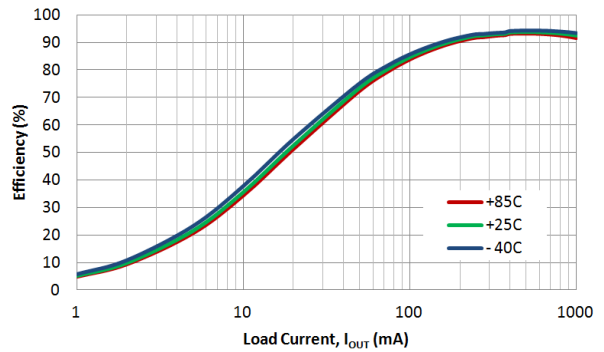


Figure 7. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Temperature

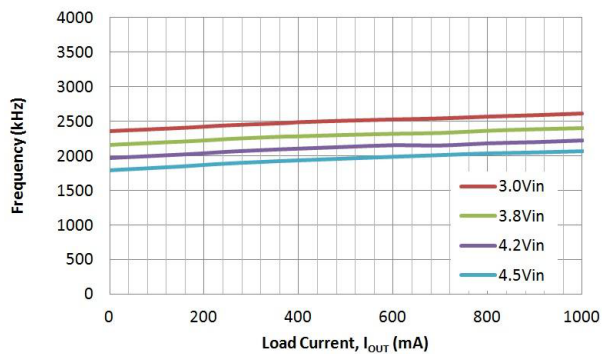


Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

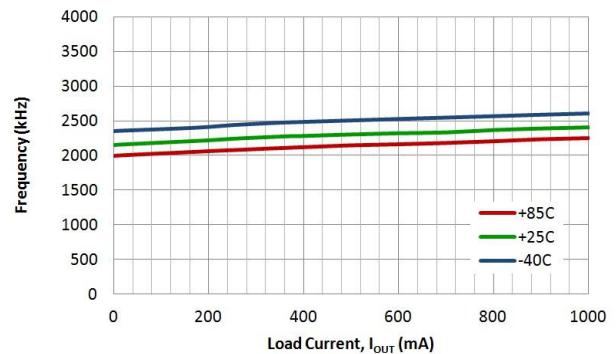


Figure 9. Switching Frequency vs. Load Current and Temperature

Typical Performance Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified; $V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 5.40\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and circuit according to Figure 1.

Components: $C_{IN} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0402, X5R, 6.3 V, C1005X5R0J106M050BC), $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0603, X5R,

10 V, C1608X5R1A106K080AC), $L1 = 470\text{ nH}$ (2016, 26 m Ω , DFE201610E-R47M).

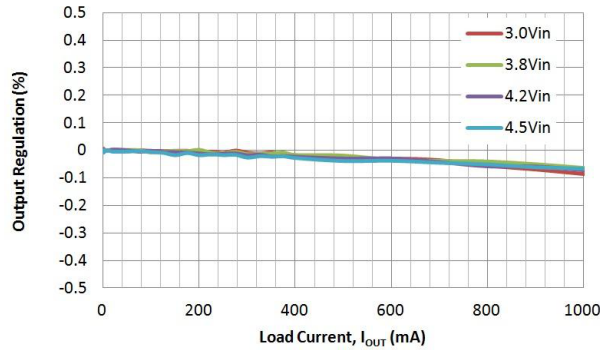


Figure 10. Output Regulation vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

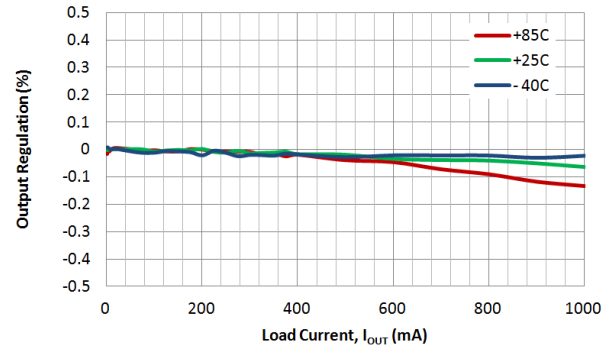


Figure 11. Output Regulation vs. Load Current and Temperature

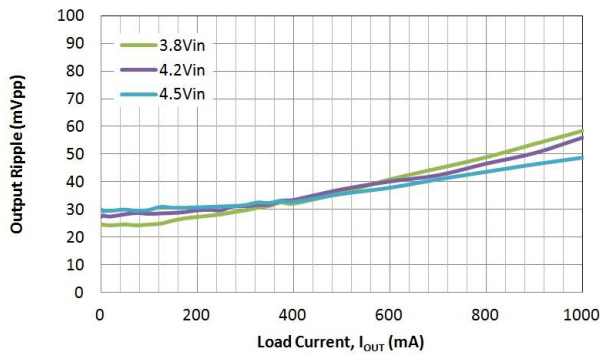


Figure 12. Output Ripple vs. Load Current and Input Voltage

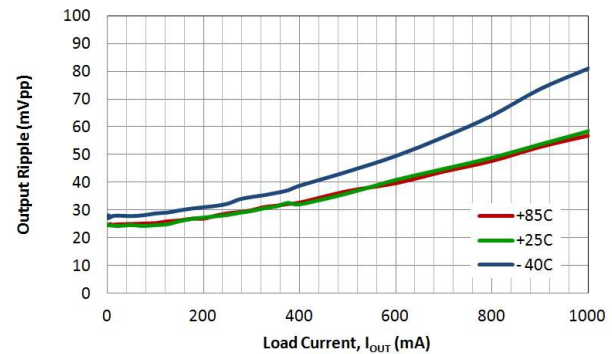


Figure 13. Output Ripple vs. Load Current and Temperature

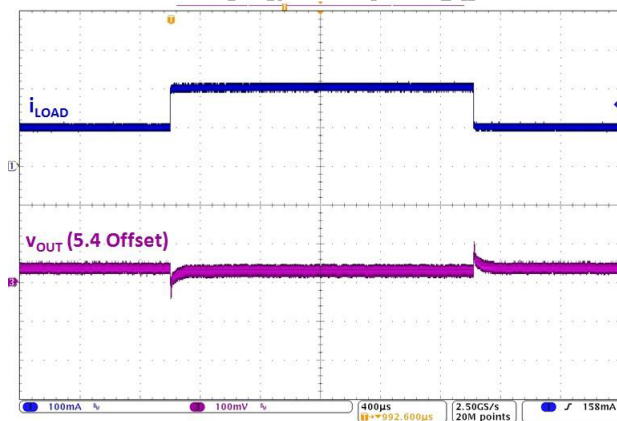


Figure 14. Load Transient, 3.6 V_{IN} , 100 $\leftrightarrow$ 200 mA, 1 μs Edge

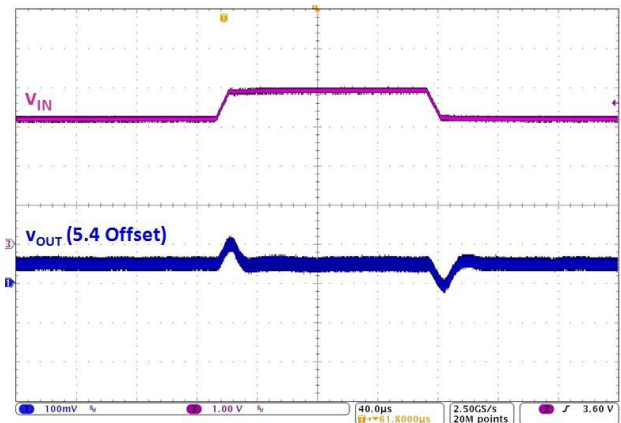


Figure 15. Line Transient, 50 mA, 3.2 V $\leftrightarrow$ 3.9 V, 10 μs Edge

Typical Performance Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified; $V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 5.40\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and circuit according to Figure 1.

Components: $C_{IN} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0402, X5R, 6.3 V, C1005X5R0J106M050BC), $C_{OUT} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (0603, X5R,

10 V, C1608X5R1A106K080AC), $L1 = 470\text{ nH}$ (2016, 26 m Ω , DFE201610E-R47M).

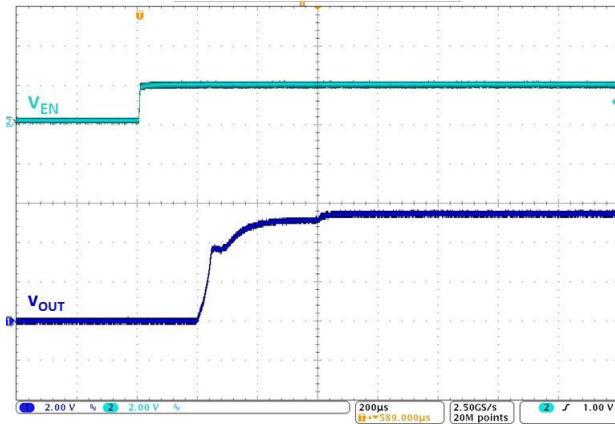


Figure 16. Startup, 150 mA Load

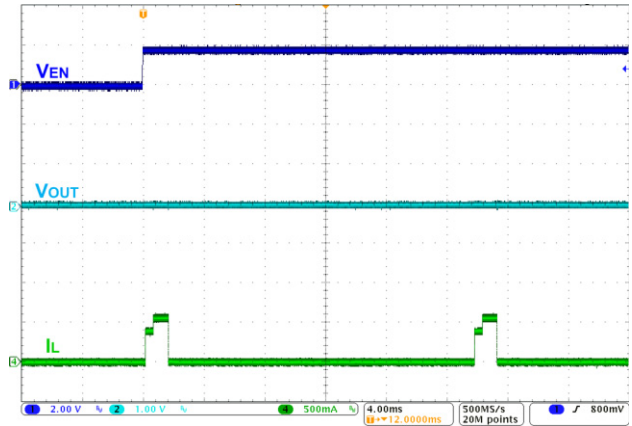


Figure 17. Fault Restart

DISCONTINUED
THIS DEVICE IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS
PLEASE CONTACT YOUR onsemi REPRESENTATIVE FOR INFORMATION

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

FAN48615 is a synchronous PWM Only boost regulator. The regulator's Pass-Through Mode automatically activates when V_{IN} is above the boost regulator's set point.

Table 7. OPERATING MODES

Mode	Description	Invoked When:
LIN	Linear Startup	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT}$
SS	Boost Soft-Start	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT} < V_{OUT(TARGET)}$
BST	Boost Operating Mode	$V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(TARGET)}$
PT	Pass-Through Mode	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(TARGET)}$ or when EN is pulled LOW after initial startup

Boost Mode Regulation

The FAN48615 uses a current-mode modulator to achieve excellent transient response.

Table 8. BOOST STARTUP SEQUENCE

Start Mode	Entry	Exit	End Mode	Timeout (μ s)
LIN1	$V_{IN} > V_{UVLO}$, EN = 1	$V_{OUT} > V_{IN} - 300$ mV	SS	
		Timeout	LIN2	512
LIN2	LIN1 Exit	$V_{OUT} > V_{IN} - 300$ mV	SS	
		Timeout	FAULT	1024
SS	LIN1 or LIN2 Exit	$V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(TARGET)}$	BST	
		Overload Timeout	FAULT	64

LIN Mode

When EN is HIGH and $V_{IN} > V_{UVLO}$, the regulator first attempts to bring V_{OUT} within 300 mV of V_{IN} by using the internal fixed-current source from V_{IN} (Q2). The current is limited to the LIN1 set point.

If V_{OUT} reaches $V_{IN}-300$ mV during LIN1 Mode, the SS Mode is initiated. Otherwise, LIN1 times out after 512 μ s and LIN2 Mode is entered.

In LIN2 Mode, the current source is incremented. If V_{OUT} fails to reach $V_{IN}-300$ mV after 1024 μ s, a fault condition is declared and the device waits 20 ms to attempt an automatic restart.

Soft-Start (SS) Mode

Upon the successful completion of LIN Mode ($V_{OUT} \geq V_{IN}-300$ mV), the regulator begins switching with boost pulses current limited to 50% of nominal level.

During SS Mode, if V_{OUT} fails to reach regulation during the SS ramp sequence for more than 64 μ s, a fault is declared. If large C_{OUT} is used, the reference is automatically stepped slower to avoid excessive input current draw.

Boost (BST) Mode

This is a normal operating mode of the regulator.

Pass-Through Mode

The device allows the user to force the device in Forced Pass-Through Mode through the EN pin. If the EN pin is pulled HIGH, the device starts operating in Boost Mode. Once the EN pin is pulled LOW, the device is forced into Pass-Through Mode. To disable the device, the input supply voltage must be removed. The device cannot startup in Forced Pass-Through Mode (see Figure 18). During startup, keep the EN pulled HIGH for at least 350 μ s before pulling it LOW in order to make sure that the device enters Pass-Through Mode reliably.

In normal operation, the device automatically transitions from Boost Mode to Pass-Through Mode if V_{IN} goes above the target V_{OUT} . In Pass-Through Mode, the device fully enhances Q2 to provide a very low impedance path from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} . Entry to the Pass-Through Mode is triggered by condition where $V_{IN} > V_{OUT}$ and no switching has occurred during the past 5 μ s. To soften the entry into Pass-Through Mode, Q2 is driven as a linear current source for the first 5 μ s. Pass-Through Mode exit is triggered when V_{OUT} reaches the target V_{OUT} voltage. During Automatic Pass-Through Mode, the device is short-circuit protected by a voltage comparator tracking the voltage drop from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} ; if the drop exceeds 300 mV, a fault is declared.

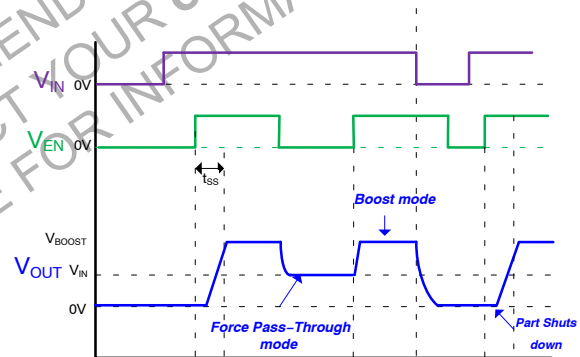


Figure 18. Pass-Through Profile

Current Limit Protection

The FAN48615 has valley current limit protection in case of overload situations. The valley current limit will prevent high current from causing damage to the IC and the inductor. The current limit is halved during soft-start.

When starting into a fault condition, the input current will be limited by LIN1 and LIN2 current threshold.

Fault State

The regulator enters Fault State under any of the following conditions:

- V_{OUT} fails to achieve the voltage required to advance from LIN Mode to SS Mode.
- V_{OUT} fails to achieve the voltage required to advance from SS Mode to BST Mode.

- Boost current limit triggers for 2 ms during BST Mode.
- $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} > 300 \text{ mV}$; this fault can occur only after successful completion of the soft-start sequence.
- $V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$

Once a fault is triggered, the regulator stops switching and presents a high-impedance path between VIN and VOUT. After waiting 20 ms, an automatic restart is attempted.

Over-Temperature

The regulator shuts down if the die temperature exceeds 150°C and restarts when the IC cools by ~20°C.

Layout Recommendation

The layout recommendations below highlight various top-copper pours by using different colors.

To minimize spikes at VOUT, COUT must be placed as close as possible to PGND and VOUT, as shown in Figure 19.

For best thermal performance, maximize the pour area for all planes other than SW. The ground pour, especially, should fill all available PCB surface area and be tied to internal layers with a cluster of thermal vias.

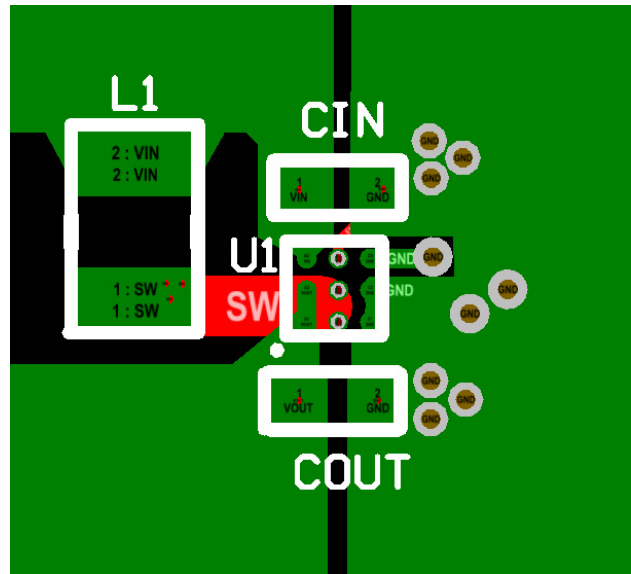
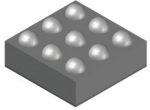


Figure 19. Recommended Layout

Table 9. PRODUCT-SPECIFIC PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

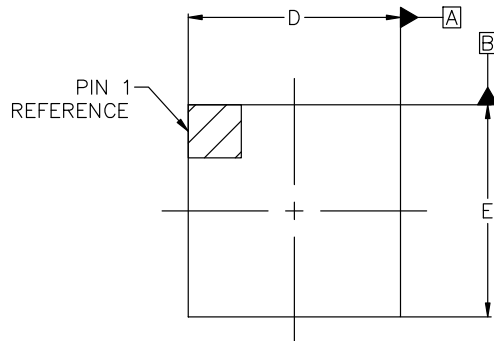
The following information applies to the WLCSP package dimensions on the next page.

Product	D (mm)	E (mm)	X (mm)	Y (mm)
FAN48615UC08X	1.215 ± 0.030	1.215 ± 0.030	0.2075	0.2075

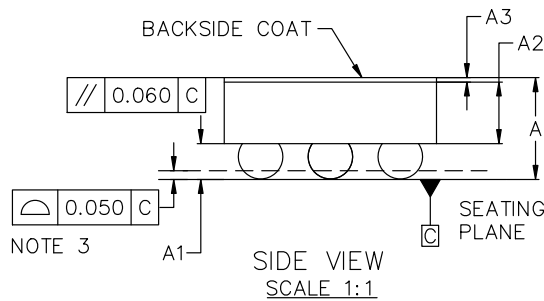


WLCSP-9 1.22x1.22x0.38, 0.40P
CASE 567QW
ISSUE C

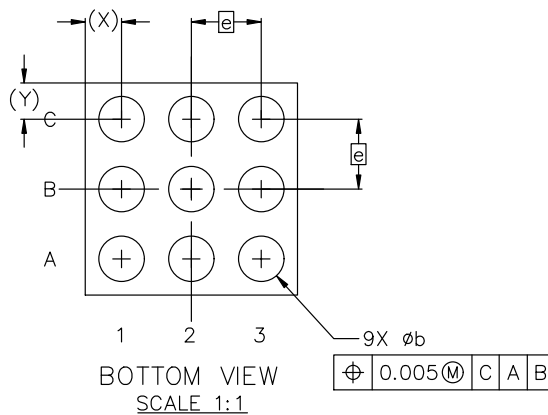
DATE 11 MAY 2026



TOP VIEW
SCALE 1:1



SIDE VIEW
SCALE 1:1

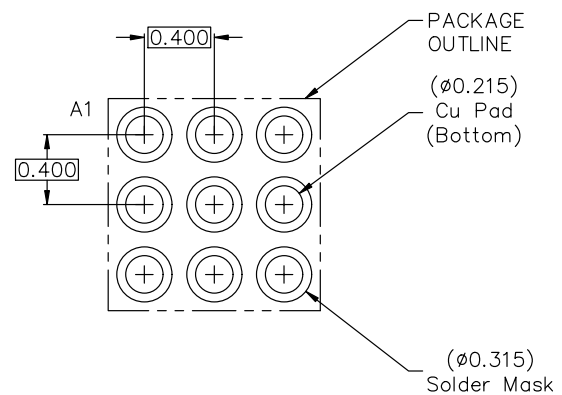


BOTTOM VIEW
SCALE 1:1

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2018.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
4. DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
5. DIMENSION b IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM SOLDER BALL DIAMETER PARALLEL TO DATUM C.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.542	0.581	0.620
A1	0.183	0.203	0.223
A2	0.335	0.353	0.371
A3	0.022	0.025	0.027
b	0.240	0.260	0.280
D	1.185	1.215	1.245
E	1.185	1.215	1.245
e	0.400 BSC		
X	0.208 REF.		
Y	0.208 REF.		



RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

*FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON OUR Pb-FREE STRATEGY AND SOLDERING DETAILS, PLEASE DOWNLOAD THE ONSEMI SOLDERING AND MOUNTING TECHNIQUES REFERENCE MANUAL, SOLDERRM/D.

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DESCRIPTION:	WLCSP-9 1.22x1.22x0.38, 0.40P	PAGE 1 OF 1

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