



## **SMD LED**

# **Product Data Sheet**

## **LTSA-T680UWET-WT**

Spec No.: DS22-2014-0173

Effective Date: 07/23/2015

Revision: A

**LITE-ON DCC**

**RELEASE**

**BNS-OD-FC001/A4**

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## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

### 1. Description

SMD LEDs from Lite-On are available in miniature sizes and special configurations for automated PC board assembly and space-sensitive applications. These SMD LEDs are suitable for use a wide variety of electronic equipment, e.g.: cordless and cellular phones, notebook computers and network systems etc...

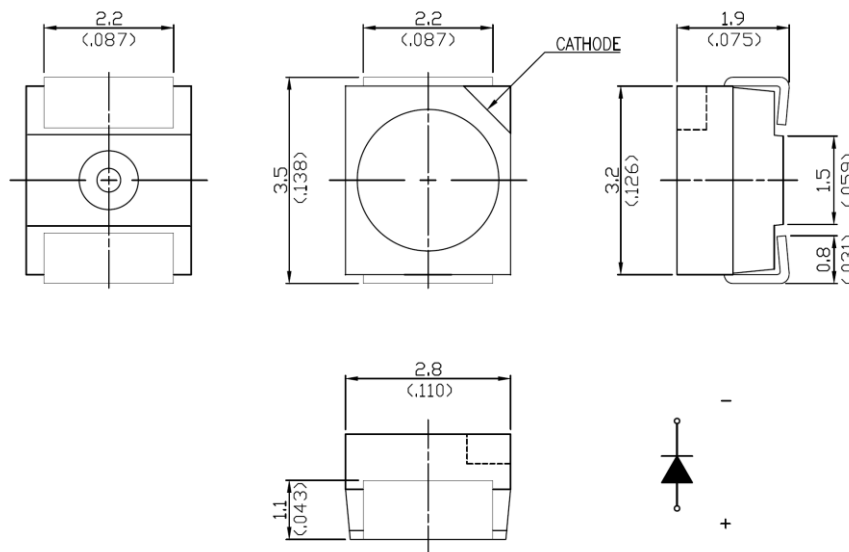
#### 1.1 Features

- Meet ROHS
- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reels
- EIA STD package
- I.C. compatible
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment
- Compatible with infrared reflow solder process
- Preconditioning: accelerate to JEDEC level 3

#### 1.2 Applications

- Automotive: accessory application

### 2. Package Dimensions



Part No.	Lens Color	Source / Color
LTSA-T680UWET-WT	Yellow	InGaN / White

#### Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.2$  mm (.008") unless otherwise noted.

## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

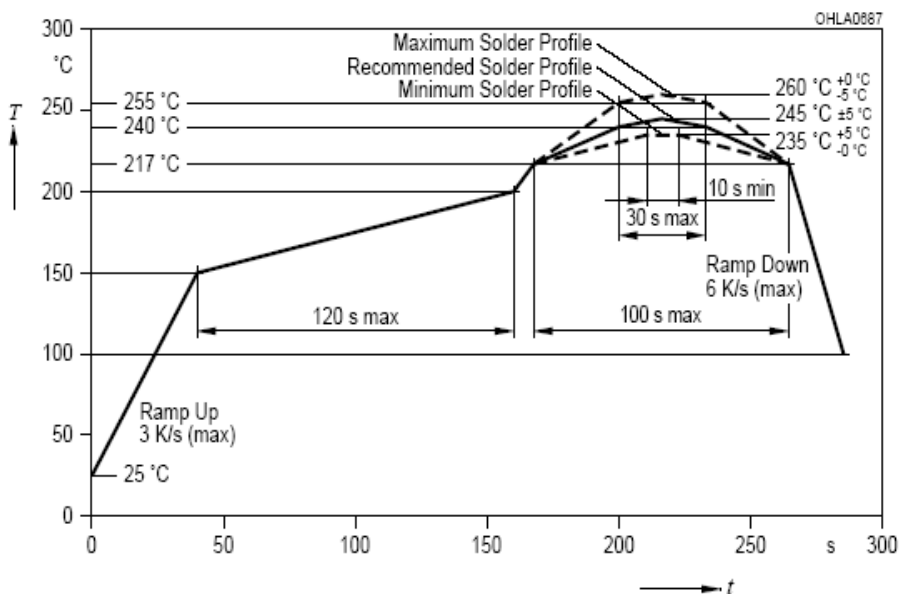
### 3. Rating and Characteristics

#### 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	LTSA-T680UWET-WT	Unit
Power Dissipation	108	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to + 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C	

#### 3.2 Suggest IR Reflow Condition for Pb Free Process:

IR-Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering (Acc. to J-STD-020B)



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### 3.3 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Part No. LTSA-	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit.	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	IV	T680UWET-WT	1800	-	2800	mcd	IF = 20mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	2 $\theta_{1/2}$	T680UWET-WT		120		deg	Note 2 (Fig.5)
Chromaticity Coordinates	x	T680UWET-WT		0.31		-	IF = 20mA Note 3
	y	T680UWET-WT		0.31			
Forward Voltage	VF	T680UWET-WT	2.8	-	3.6	V	IF = 20mA
Reverse Current	IR	T680UWET-WT	-	-	10	$\mu$ A	VR = 5V Note 4

#### Notes:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve
2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The chromaticity coordinates (x , y) is derived from the 1931 CIE chromaticity diagram
4. Reverse voltage (VR) condition is applied to IR test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.

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### 4. Bin Rank

#### 4.1 VF Rank

Forward Voltage		Unit : V @20mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
D7	2.8	3.0
D8	3.0	3.2
D9	3.2	3.4
D10	3.4	3.6

Tolerance for each forward voltage bin is +/- 0.1 volt

#### 4.2 IV Rank

Luminous Intensity		Unit : mcd @20mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
X1	1800	2240
X2	2240	2800

Tolerance on each Intensity bin is +/-15%

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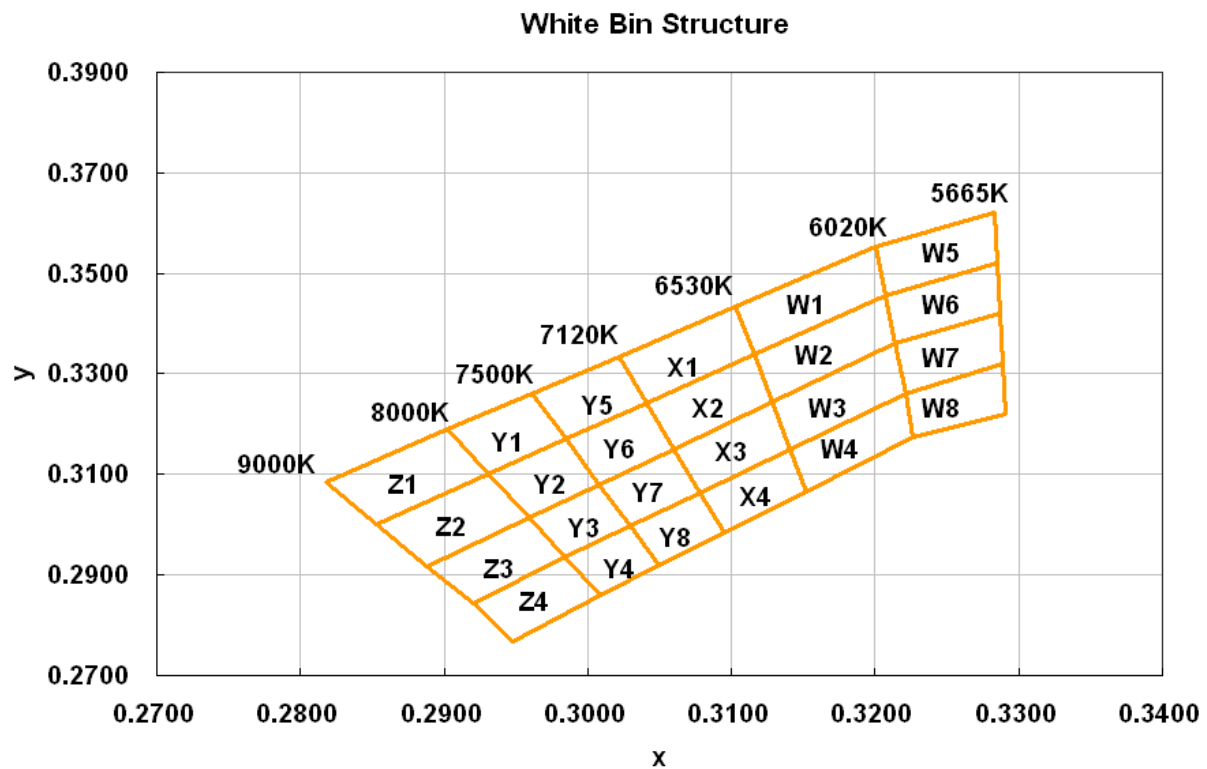
### 4.3 Color Rank

Color Bin Table						Test @20mA					
Bin Code	Color Bin Limits					Bin Code	Color Bin Limits				
	CIE-	Point1	Point2	Point3	Point4		CIE-	Point1	Point2	Point3	Point4
Z1	x	0.2818	0.2853	0.2931	0.2902	X1	x	0.3022	0.3041	0.3116	0.3103
	y	0.3085	0.3001	0.3101	0.3189		y	0.3335	0.3242	0.3338	0.3434
Z2	x	0.2853	0.2888	0.2959	0.2931	X2	x	0.3041	0.3060	0.3128	0.3116
	y	0.3001	0.2918	0.3013	0.3101		y	0.3242	0.3151	0.3245	0.3338
Z3	x	0.2888	0.2920	0.2984	0.2959	X3	x	0.3060	0.3078	0.3141	0.3128
	y	0.2918	0.2844	0.2935	0.3013		y	0.3151	0.3064	0.3150	0.3245
Z4	x	0.2920	0.2948	0.3009	0.2984	X4	x	0.3078	0.3095	0.3152	0.3141
	y	0.2844	0.2768	0.2859	0.2935		y	0.3064	0.2984	0.3067	0.3150
Y1	x	0.2902	0.2931	0.2985	0.2961	W1	x	0.3103	0.3116	0.3207	0.3201
	y	0.3189	0.3101	0.3170	0.3261		y	0.3434	0.3338	0.3455	0.3552
Y2	x	0.2931	0.2959	0.3008	0.2985	W2	x	0.3116	0.3128	0.3214	0.3207
	y	0.3101	0.3013	0.3080	0.3170		y	0.3338	0.3245	0.3362	0.3455
Y3	x	0.2959	0.2984	0.3030	0.3008	W3	x	0.3128	0.3141	0.3221	0.3214
	y	0.3013	0.2935	0.2998	0.3080		y	0.3245	0.3150	0.3260	0.3362
Y4	x	0.2984	0.3009	0.3050	0.3030	W4	x	0.3141	0.3152	0.3226	0.3221
	y	0.2935	0.2859	0.2919	0.2998		y	0.3150	0.3067	0.3175	0.3260
Y5	x	0.2961	0.2985	0.3041	0.3022	W5	x	0.3201	0.3283	0.3285	0.3207
	y	0.3261	0.3170	0.3242	0.3335		y	0.3552	0.3620	0.3520	0.3455
Y6	x	0.2985	0.3008	0.3060	0.3041	W6	x	0.3207	0.3285	0.3287	0.3214
	y	0.3170	0.3080	0.3151	0.3242		y	0.3455	0.3520	0.3420	0.3362
Y7	x	0.3008	0.3030	0.3078	0.3060	W7	x	0.3214	0.3287	0.3289	0.3221
	y	0.3080	0.2998	0.3064	0.3151		y	0.3362	0.3420	0.3320	0.3260
Y8	x	0.3030	0.3050	0.3095	0.3078	W8	x	0.3221	0.3289	0.3291	0.3226
	y	0.2998	0.2919	0.2984	0.3064		y	0.3260	0.3320	0.3220	0.3175

Tolerance on each Hue bin (x, y) bin is +/- 0.01.

**SMD LED**  
**LTSA-T680UWET-WT**

4.4 Chromaticity Coordinate



**SMD LED**  
**LTSA-T680UWET-WT**

**5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves.**

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

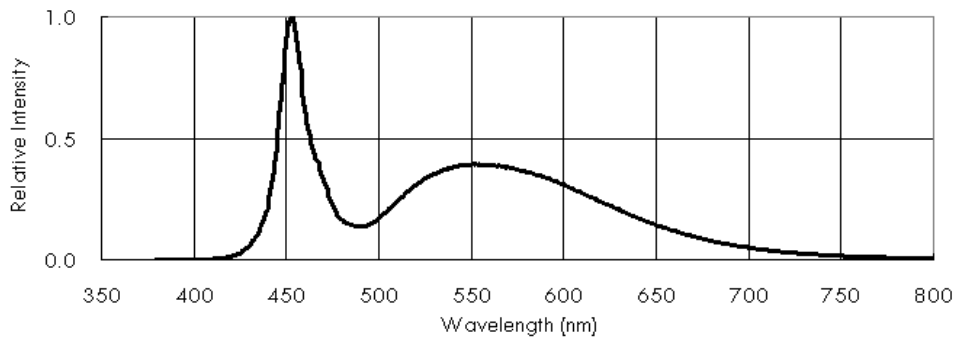


Fig.1 RELATIVE INTENSITY VS. WAVELENGTH

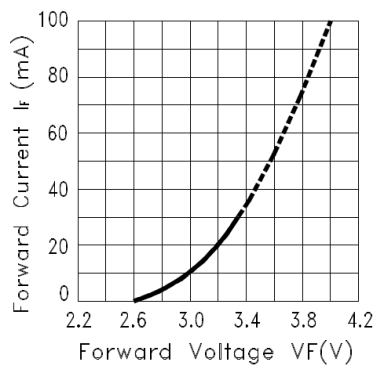


Fig.2 FORWARD CURRENT VS.  
FORWARD VOLTAGE

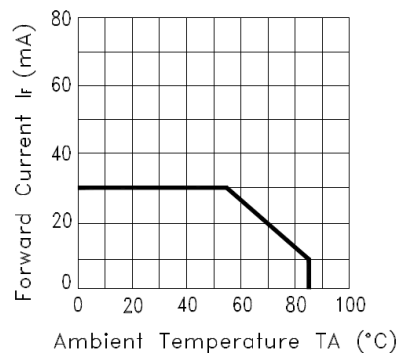


Fig.3 FORWARD CURRENT  
DERATING CURVE

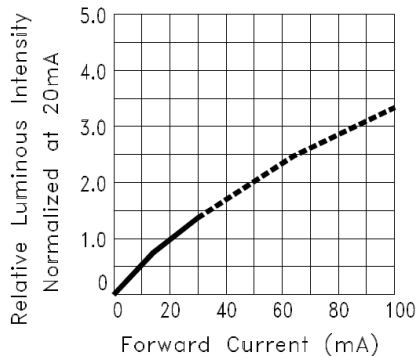


Fig.4 RELATIVE LUMINOUS  
INTENSITY VS. FORWARD CURRENT

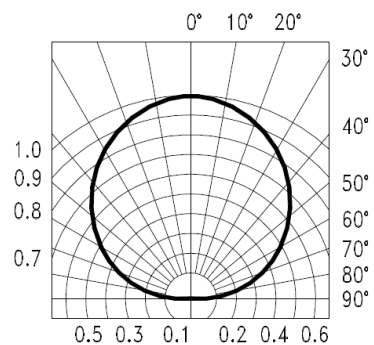


Fig.5 Spatial Distribution



## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

### 6. User Guide

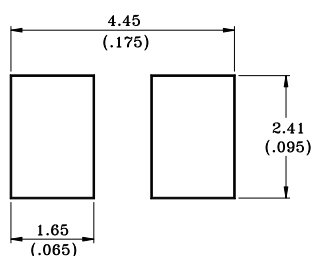
#### 6.1 Cleaning

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package. If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less one minute.

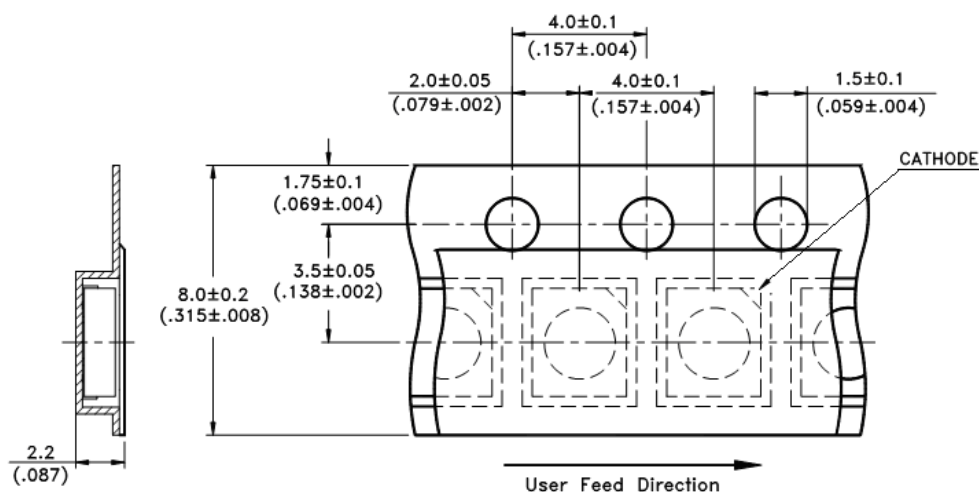
#### 6.2 Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad

Infrared / vapor phase

Reflow Soldering



#### 6.3 Package Dimensions of Tape and Reel

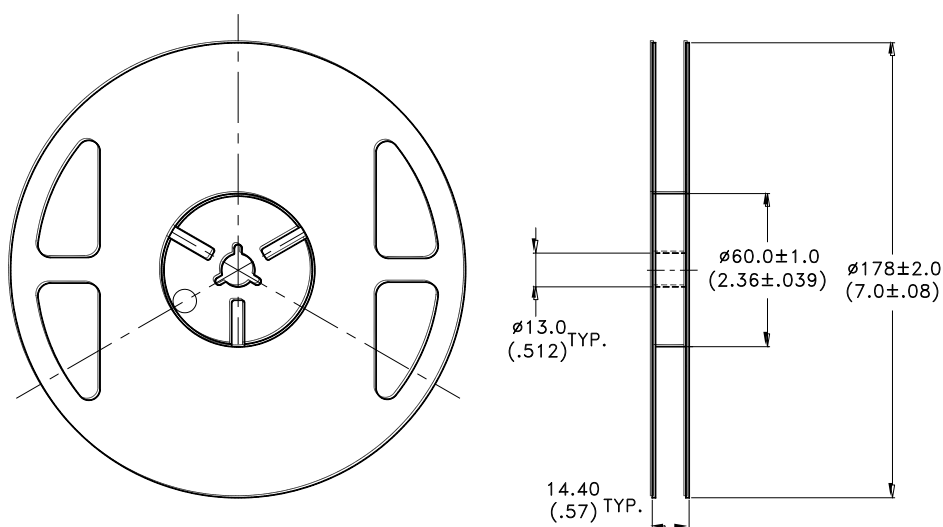


#### Note:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).

## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

### 6.4 Package Dimensions of Reel



#### Notes:

1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
2. 7 inch reel 2000 pieces per reel.
3. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
4. In accordance with ANSI/EIA 481 specifications.

## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

### 7. Cautions

#### 7.1 Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

#### 7.2 Storage

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature and 60% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are IR-reflowed within 168hrs.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or in a desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

LEDs stored out of their original packaging for more than 168hrs should be baked at about 60 °C for at least 48 hours before solder assembly.

#### 7.3 Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

#### 7.4 Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Reflow soldering		Soldering iron	
Pre-heat	150~200°C	Temperature	300°C Max.
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.
Peak temperature	260°C Max.		(one time only)
Soldering time	10 sec. Max.(Max. two times)		

#### Notes:

Because different board designs use different number and types of devices, solder pastes, reflow ovens, and circuit boards, no single temperature profile works for all possible combinations.

However, you can successfully mount your packages to the PCB by following the proper guidelines and PCB-specific characterization.

LITE-ON Runs both component-level verification using in-house **KYRAMX98** reflow chambers and board-level assembly.

The results of this testing are verified through post-reflow reliability testing .Profiles used at LITE-ON are based on JEDEC standards to ensure that all packages can be successfully and reliably surface mounted.

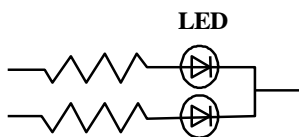
Figure on page3 shows a sample temperature profile compliant to JEDEC standards. You can use this example as a generic target to set up your reflow process. You should adhere to the JEDEC profile limits as well as specifications and recommendations from the solder paste manufacturer to avoid damaging the device and create a reliable solder joint.

## SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT

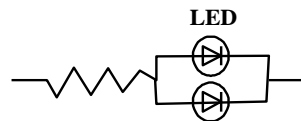
### 7.5 Drive Method

A LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

**Circuit model A**



**Circuit model B**



(A) Recommended circuit.

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

### 7.6 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for "lightup" and  $V_f$  of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The  $V_f$  of "good" LEDs should be  $>2.0V@0.1mA$  for InGaP product and  $>1.4V@0.1mA$  for AlInGaP product.

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## 8. Reliability Test

No.	Test item	Test condition	Reference standard
1	Resistance to soldering heat	Tsld = 260°C, 10sec. 3 times	JEITA ED-4701 300 301
2	Solderability	Tsld=245± 5°C (Lead Free Solder, Coverage ≥ 95% of the dipped surface)	JEITA ED-4701 300 303
3	Thermal Shock	85 ± 5°C ~ -30°C ± 5°C 30min                      30min 100cycles	JEITA ED-4701 300 307
4	Temperature Cycle	-55°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C 30min   5min   30min   5min 100cycles	JEITA ED-4701 100 105
5	High Temperature Storage	100°C    1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 201
6	Low Temperature Storage	-55°C    1000hrs	JEITA ED-4701 200 202
7	Temperature Humidity Storage	60°C/90%RH 300hrs	JEITA ED-4701 100 103
8	Room temp life test	25°C, IF: Max current , 1000hrs	--

## 9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

## **SMD LED LTSA-T680UWET-WT**

### **10. Suggested Checking List**

#### Training and Certification

1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

#### Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

#### Personnel Grounding

1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wears wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V\*?
4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: \*50V for InGaN LED.

#### Device Handling

1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycles?

#### Others

1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
3. Are audit records complete and on file?