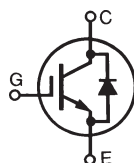


GenX3™ 600V IGBT with Diode

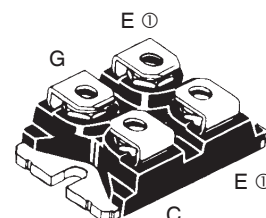
IXGN72N60C3H1

High-Speed Low-V_{sat} PT
IGBTs 40-100 kHz Switching



$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 600V \\ I_{C110} &= 52A \\ V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 2.50V \\ t_{fi(typ)} &= 55ns \end{aligned}$$

SOT-227B, miniBLOC
 E153432



G = Gate, C = Collector, E = Emitter
① either emitter terminal can be used as
Main or Kelvin Emitter

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	600	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	600	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	78	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	52	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1ms	360	A
I_A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	50	A
E_{AS}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	500	mJ
SSOA	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 2\Omega$	$I_{CM} = 150$	A
(RBSOA)	Clamped Inductive Load	@ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	360	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{ISOL}	50/60Hz	$t = 1\text{min}$	2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{mA}$	$t = 1\text{s}$	3000 V~
M_d	Mounting Torque	1.5/13	Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal Connection Torque	1.3/11.5	Nm/lb.in.
Weight		30	g

Features

- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Aluminium Nitride Isolation
- High Power Dissipation
- Isolation Voltage 3000V~
- Avalanche Rated
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- International Standard Package

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

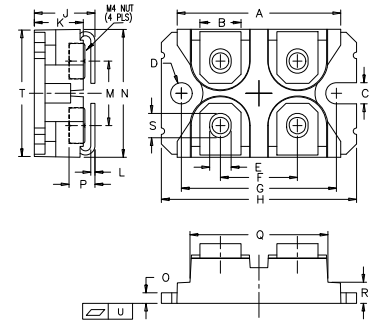
Applications

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.5 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			250 μA 3 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	2.10 1.65		2.50 V

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 50\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$, Note 1	33	55	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$		4780	pF
C_{oes}			330	pF
C_{res}			117	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 50\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		174	nC
Q_{ge}			33	nC
Q_{gc}			72	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 480\text{V}$, $R_G = 2\Omega$, Note 2		27	ns
t_{ri}			37	ns
E_{on}			1.03	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			77	ns
t_{fi}			55	ns
E_{off}			0.48	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 480\text{V}$, $R_G = 2\Omega$, Note 2		26	ns
t_{ri}			36	ns
E_{on}			1.48	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			120	ns
t_{fi}			124	ns
E_{off}			0.93	mJ
R_{thJC}			0.05	0.35°C/W
R_{thCS}				$^\circ\text{C/W}$

SOT-227B miniBLOC



M4 screws (4x) supplied

SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.240	1.255	31.50	31.88
B	.307	.323	7.80	8.20
C	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
D	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
E	.161	.169	4.09	4.29
F	.587	.595	14.91	15.11
G	1.186	1.193	30.12	30.30
H	1.496	1.505	38.00	38.23
J	.460	.481	11.68	12.22
K	.351	.378	8.92	9.60
L	.030	.033	0.76	0.84
M	.496	.506	12.60	12.85
N	.990	1.001	25.15	25.42
O	.078	.084	1.98	2.13
P	.195	.235	4.95	5.97
Q	1.045	1.059	26.54	26.90
R	.155	.174	3.94	4.42
S	.186	.191	4.72	4.85
T	.968	.987	24.59	25.07
U	-.002	.004	-0.05	0.1

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 60\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.6 1.4	2.0 V 1.8 V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 60\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $-di_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_R = 300\text{V}$ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$		8.3	A
t_{rr}			140	ns
R_{thJC}				0.42 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher $V_{CE}(\text{Clamp})$, T_J or R_G .

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338 B2
	4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

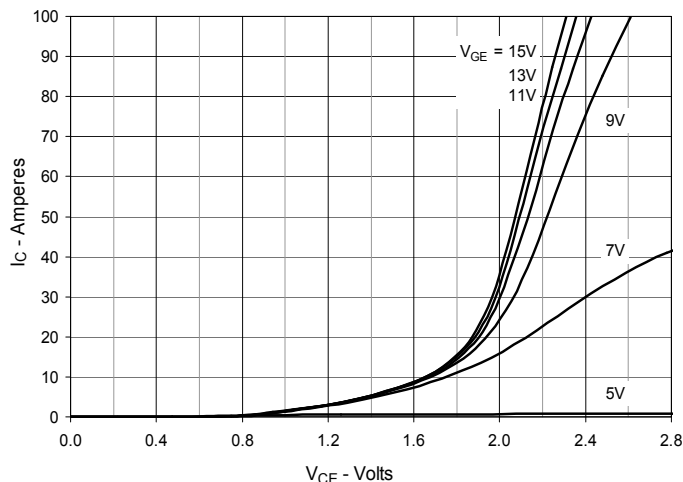
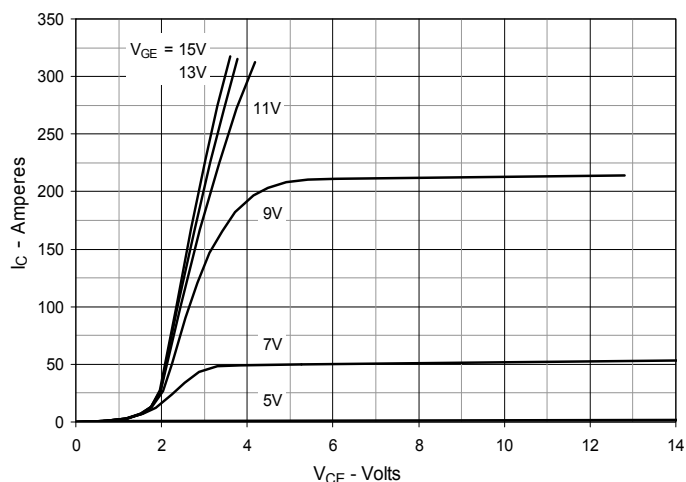
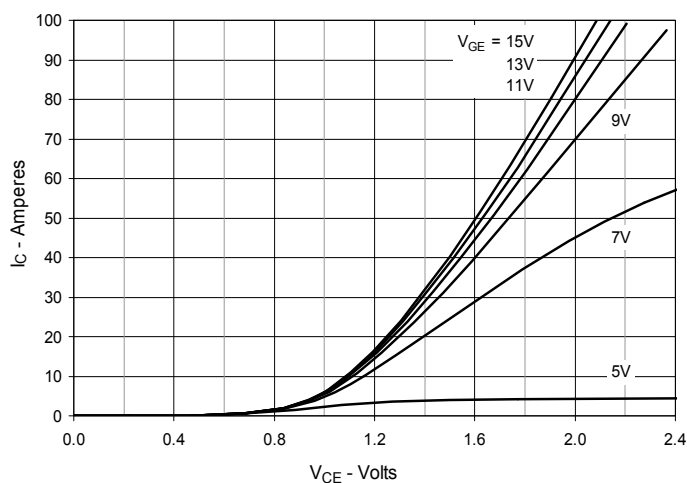
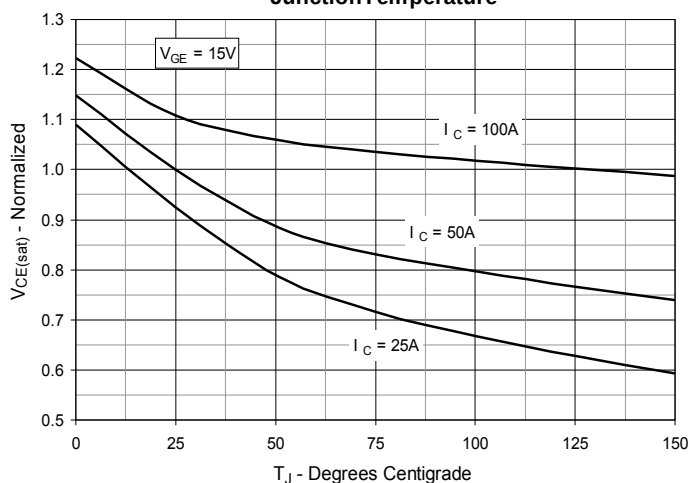
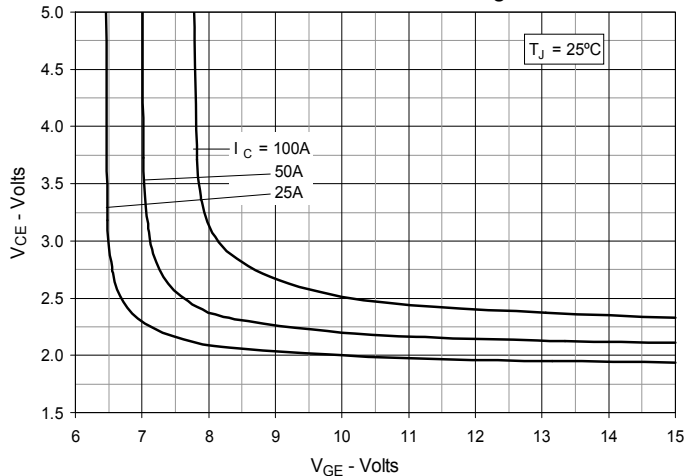
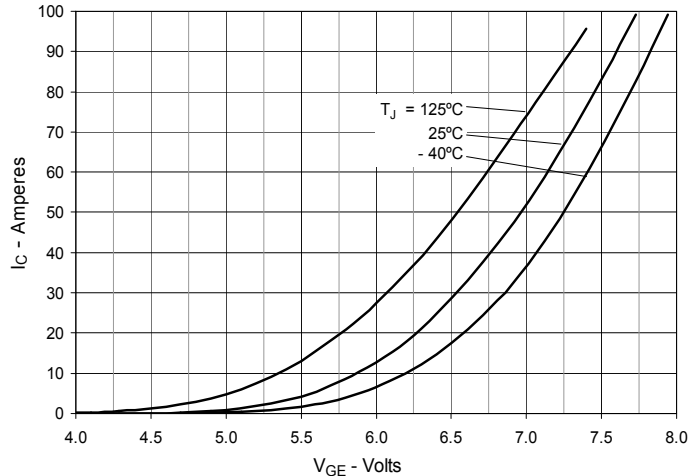
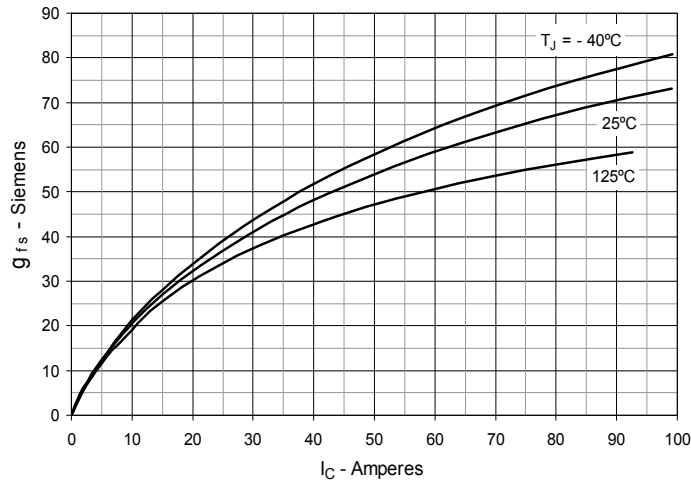
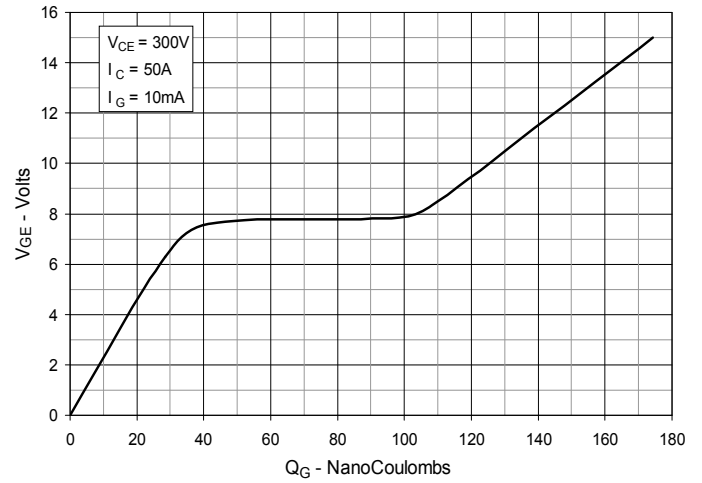
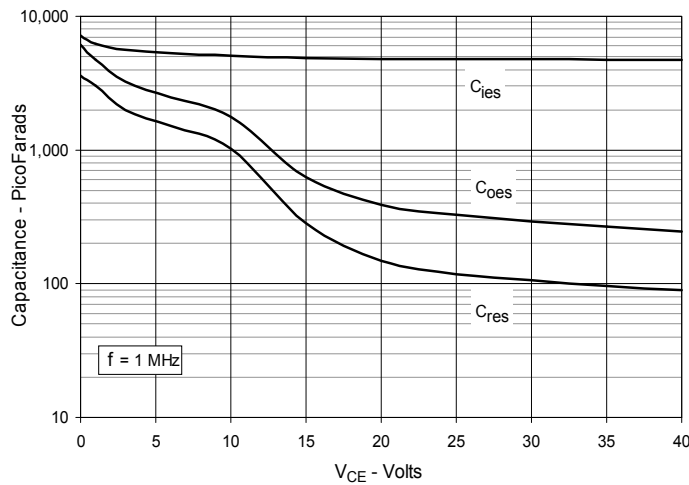
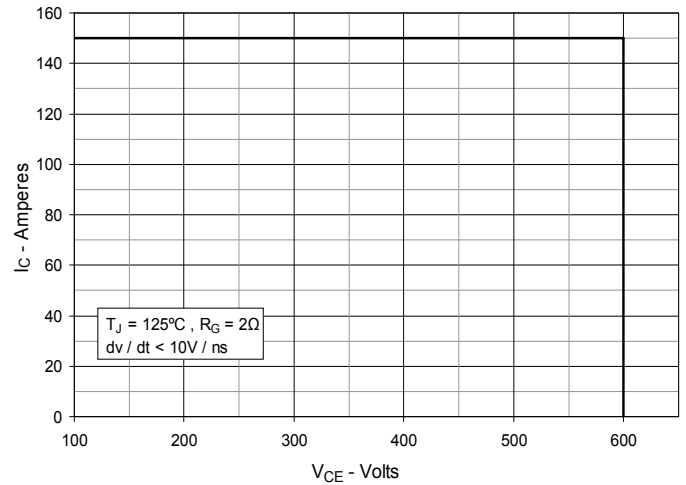
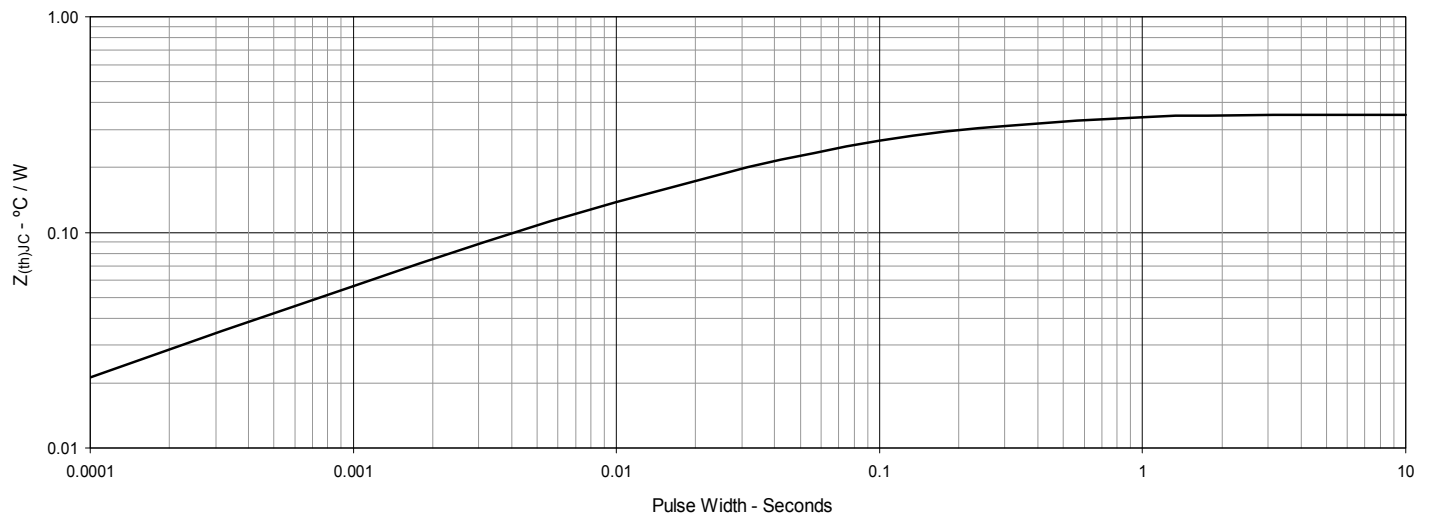
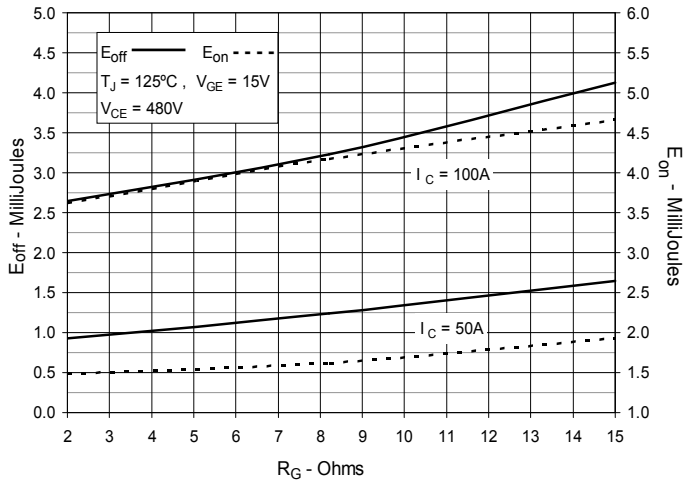
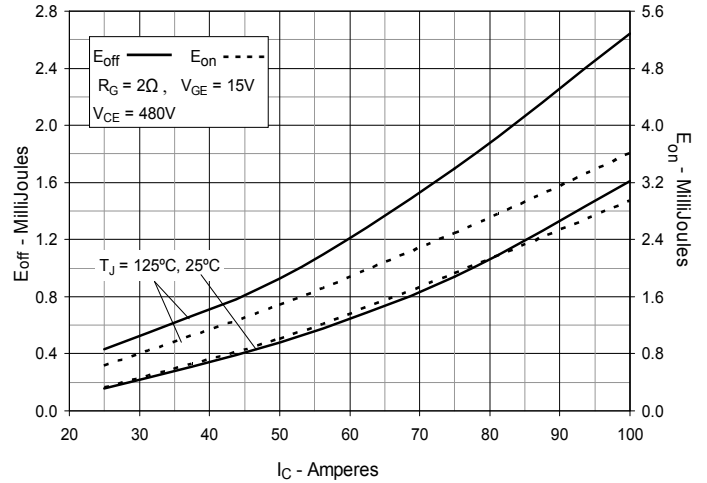
Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

Fig. 6. Input Admittance


Fig. 7. Transconductance

Fig. 8. Gate Charge

Fig. 9. Capacitance

Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance


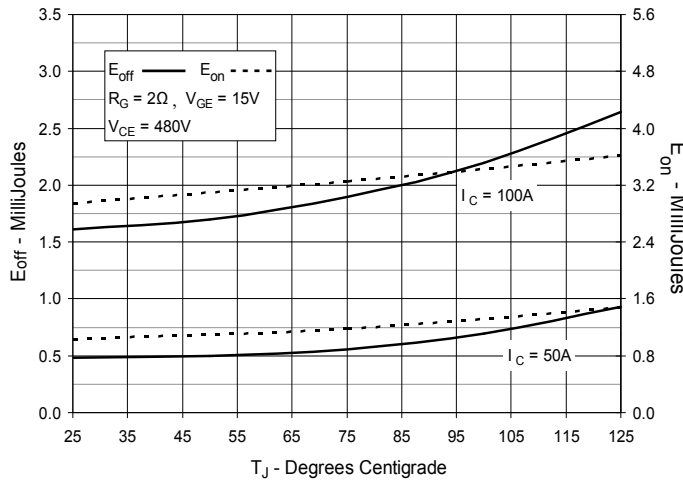
**Fig. 12. Inductive Switching
Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**



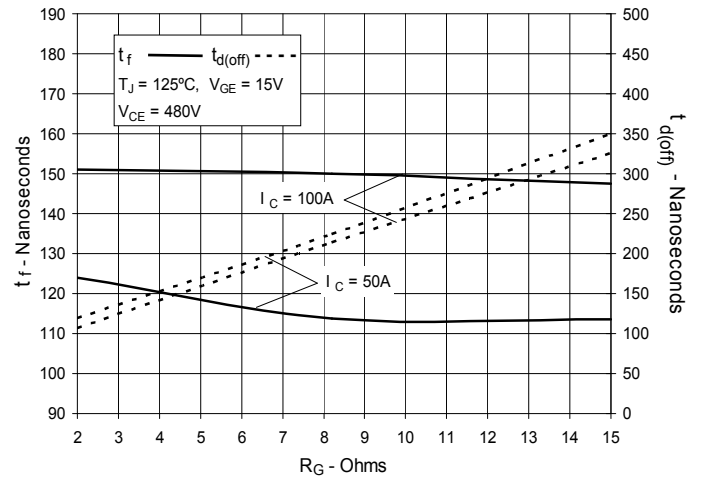
**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching
Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**



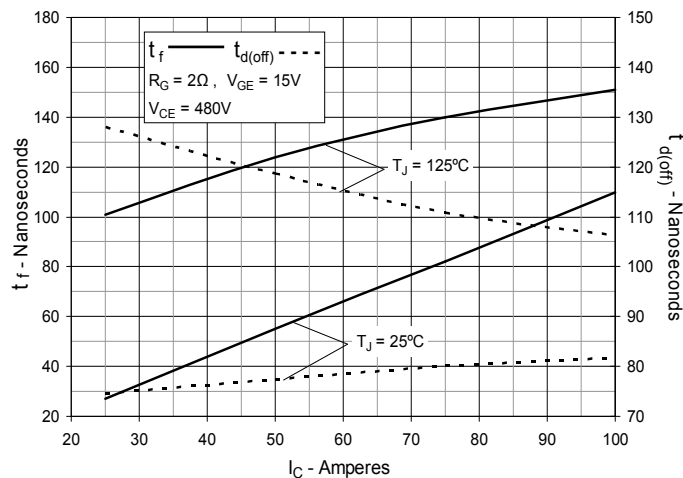
**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching
Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**



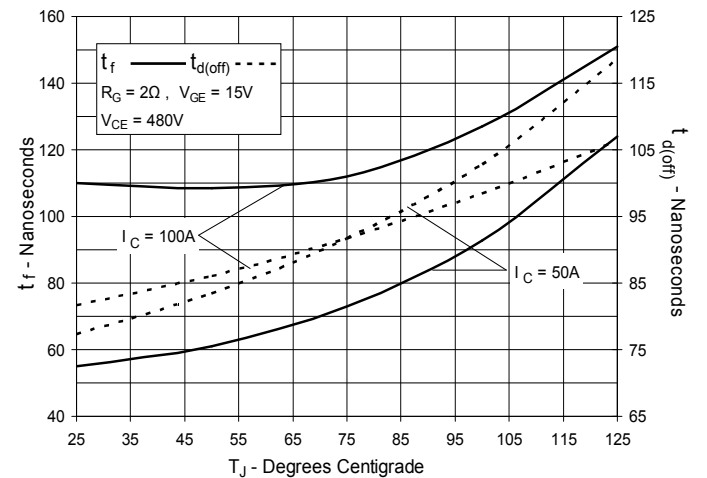
**Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off
Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



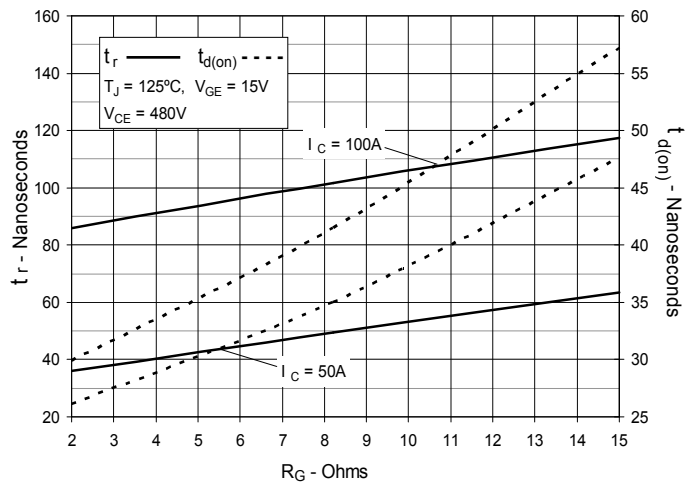
**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off
Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



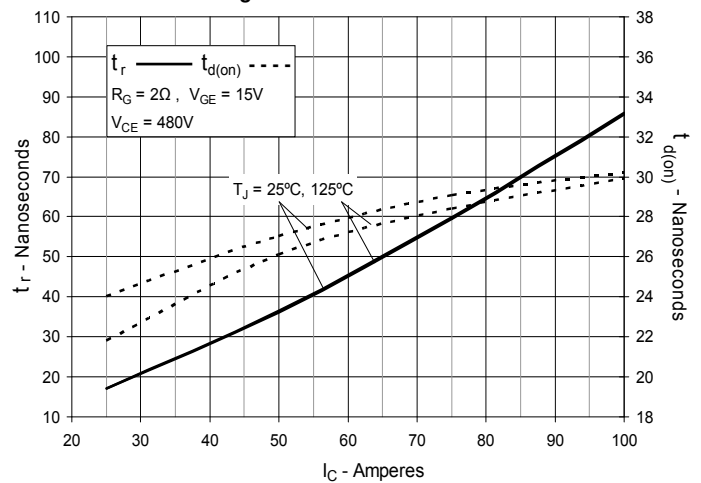
**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off
Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



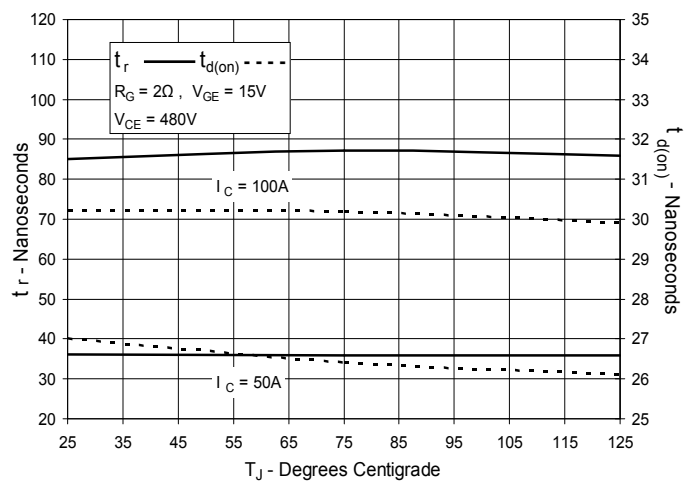
**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on
Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



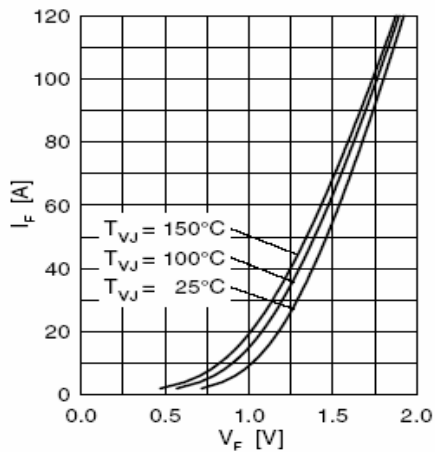


Fig. 21 Forward current I_F vs. V_F

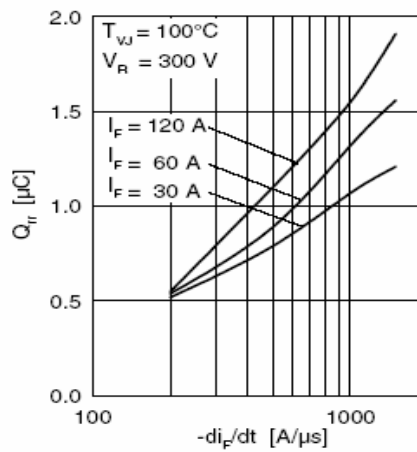


Fig. 22 Typ. reverse recovery charge Q_{rr}

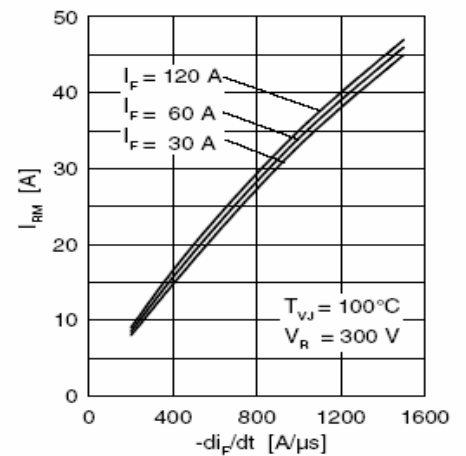


Fig. 23 Typ. peak reverse current I_{RM}

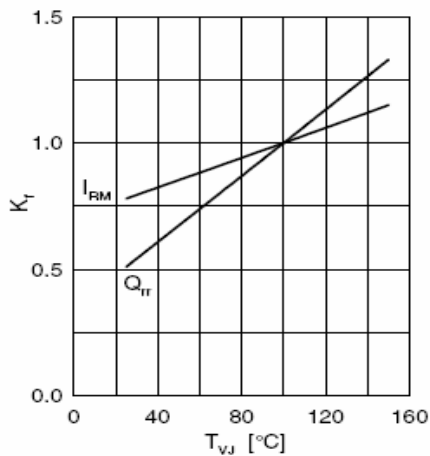


Fig. 24 Typ. dynamic parameters Q_{rr} , I_{RM}

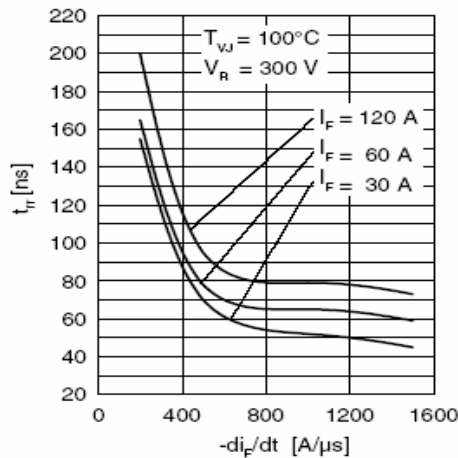


Fig. 25 Typ. recovery time t_{rr}

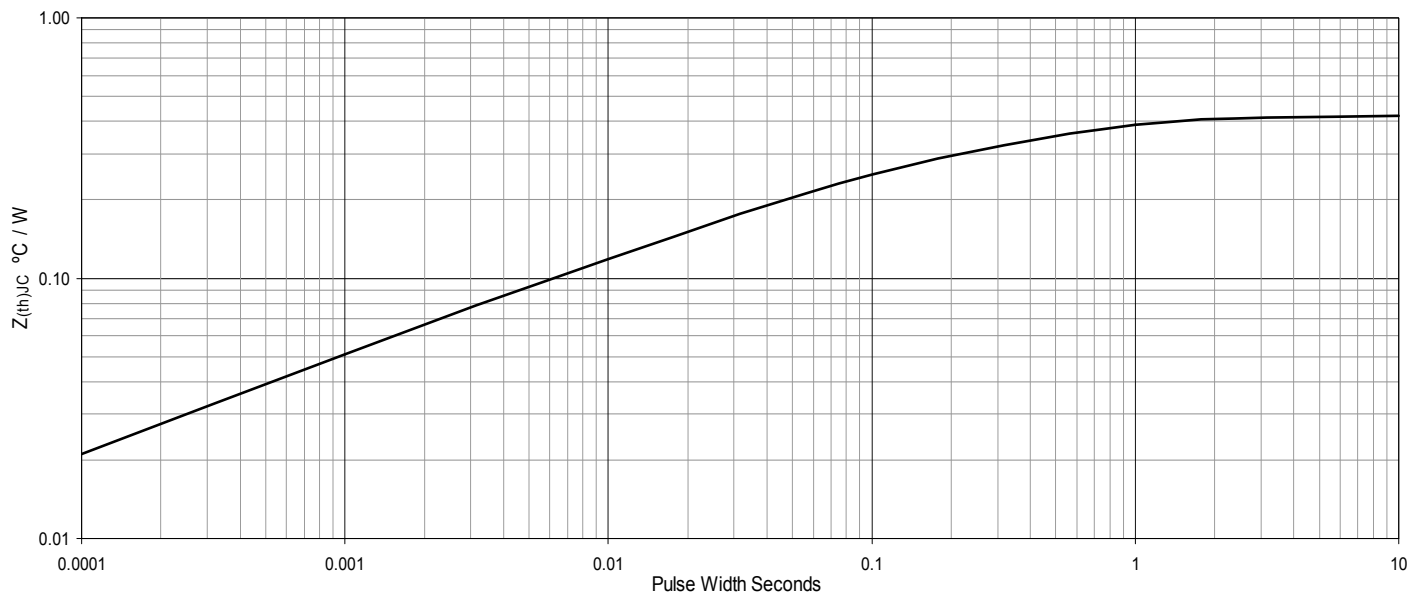


Fig. 26. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance



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