

Features

- Output voltage: 3.3V, 5V, 12V and adjustable output version
- Adjustable version output voltage range, 1.23V to 37V \pm 4%
- 150kHz \pm 15% fixed switching frequency
- Voltage mode non-synchronous PWM control
- Thermal-shutdown and current-limit protection
- ON/OFF shutdown control input
- Operating voltage can be up to 40V
- Output load current: 3A
- Low power standby mode
- Built-in switching transistor on chip
- TO263-5 and TO220-5(R) packages totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

General Description

The AP1501 is a fully integrated step-down DC/DC converter, with the ability to drive 3A load without the need of additional driver components. The AP1501 operates at a switching frequency of 150kHz enabling the use of small size filter components. As a result, board space is reduced and BOM costs are lowered.

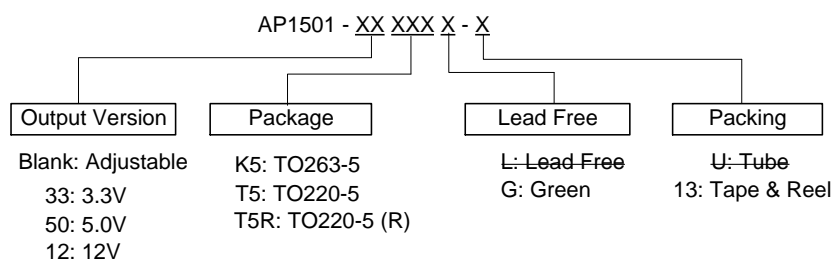
The AP1501 has integrated the shutdown function that allows standby mode to be activated via an external logic signal input. The internal compensation facilitates feedback control for line and load regulation without the need of an external circuitry. The AP1501 has a built-in Thermal shutdown and Current Limit function to prevent damage from high operating temperature and high current operating to the output switch.









Additional features include a guaranteed \pm 4% tolerance on the output voltage under specified input and output load conditions, and \pm 15% on oscillator frequency. The AP1501 offers both fixed and a Adjustable output voltages. For fixed outputs the AP1501 supports 3.3V, 5.0V and 12V. The package options available are standard 5-lead TO263 and TO220(R) packages.

Applications

- Simple High-efficiency step-down regulator
- On-card switching regulators
- Positive to negative converter

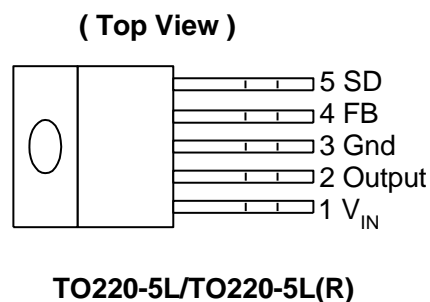
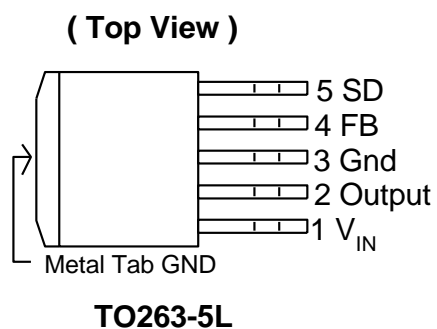
Ordering Information



Device (Note 4)	Voltage	Package code	Package (Note 5)	Lead Free/ Green	Quantity	Part Number Suffix		Status (Note 4)	Alternative
						Tube	13" Tape and reel		
 AP1501-12K5G-13	12	K5	TO263-5	Green	800	NA	-13	In production	
 AP1501-33K5G-13	33	K5	TO263-5	Green	800	NA	-13	In production	
 AP1501-50K5G-13	50	K5	TO263-5	Green	800	NA	-13	In production	
 AP1501-K5G-13	ADJ	K5	TO263-5	Green	800	NA	-13	In production	
 AP1501-12T5RG-U	12	T5R	TO220-5(R)	Green	50	-U	NA	End of Life	None
 AP1501-33T5RG-U	33	T5R	TO220-5(R)	Green	50	-U	NA	End of Life	None
 AP1501-50T5RG-U	50	T5R	TO220-5(R)	Green	50	-U	NA	NRND	None
 AP1501-T5RG-U	ADJ	T5R	TO220-5(R)	Green	50	-U	NA	NRND	None

- Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
 4. All AP1501-XXK5L variants are End of Life the closest alternative is the AP1501-XXK5G-13.
All AP1501-XXT5L (TO220-5/R) variants are End of Life without any alternative.
All Tubed versions of the AP1501-XXK5G-U are End of Life; closest alternative is the AP1501-XXK5G-13 (tape and reel).
All AP1501-XXT5G-U (TO220-5) variants are Not Recommended for New Design (NRND) without any alternative.
 5. For packaging details, go to our website at:
<https://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/diodes-packaging/diodes-package-outlines-and-pad-layouts/>.

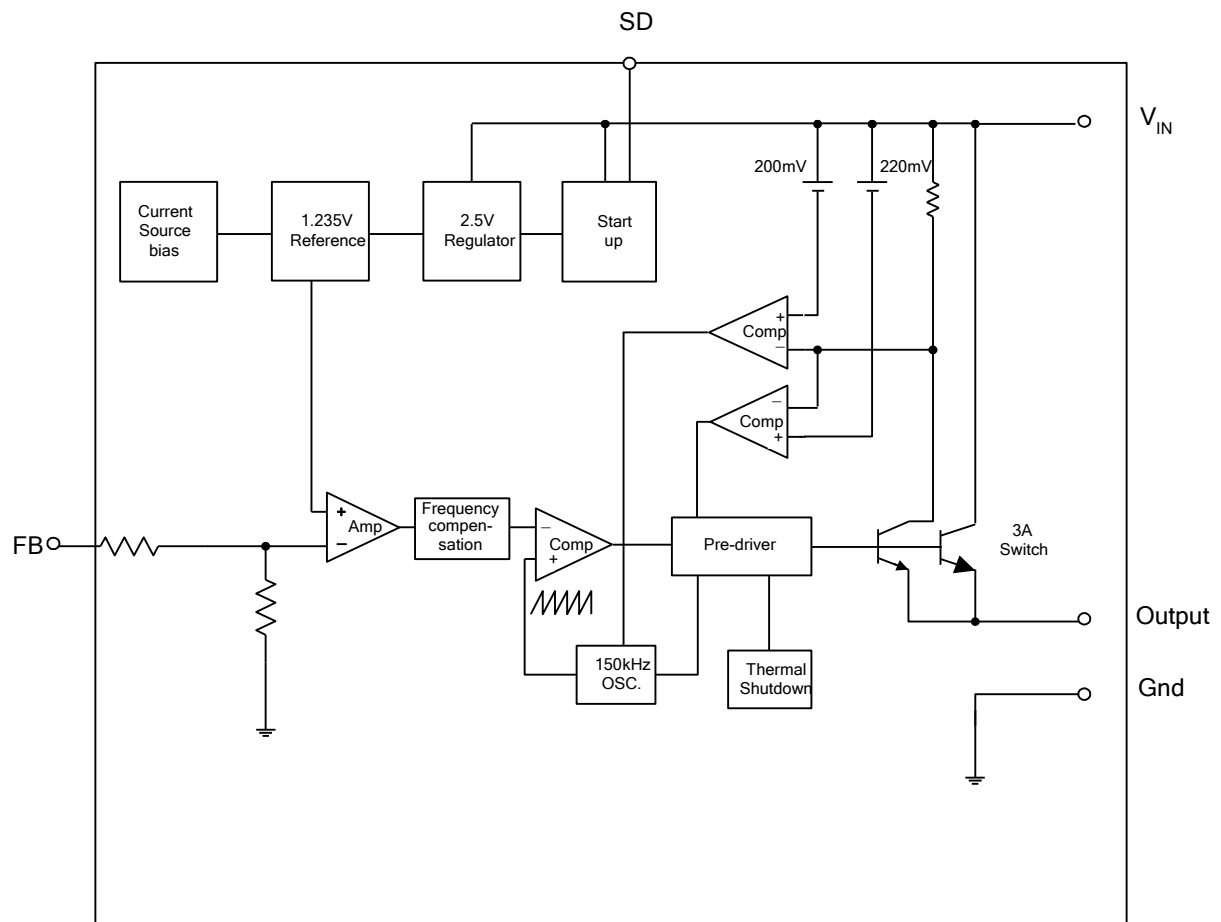
Pin Assignments



Pin Descriptions

Name	Description
V_{IN}	Operating voltage input
Output	Switching output
Gnd	Ground
FB	Output voltage feedback control
SD	ON/OFF shutdown

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	400	V
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	+45	V
V_{SD}	ON/OFF Pin input Voltage	-0.3 to +40	V
V_{FB}	Feedback Pin Voltage	-0.3 to +40	V
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage to Ground	-1	V
P_D	Power Dissipation	Internally limited	W
T_{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_J	Operating Junction Temperature	-20 to +125	°C
T_{MJ}	Maximum Junction Temperature	+150	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units
V _{OP}	Operating Voltage	4.5 to 40	V
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-20 to +85	°C

Electrical Characteristics (All Output Voltage Versions)

Unless otherwise specified, V_{IN} = 12V for 3.3V, 5V, adjustable version and V_{IN} = 24V for the 12V version. I_{LOAD} = 0.5A
Specifications with **boldface type** are for full operating temperature range, the other type are for T_J = +25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
I _{FB}	Feedback Bias Current	V _{FB} = 1.3V (Adjustable version only)		40	60 100	nA
F _{OSC}	Oscillator Frequency		127 110	150	173 173	kHz
V _{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	I _{OUT} = 3A No outside circuit V _{FB} = 0V force driver on		1.3	1.4 1.5	V
DC	Max. Duty Cycle(ON)	V _{FB} = 0V force driver on		100		%
	Min. Duty cycle(OFF)	V _{FB} = 12V force driver off		0		
I _{CL}	Current Limit	Peak current no outside circuit V _{FB} = 0V force driver on	3.6	4.0	5.5 6.5	A
I _L	Output = 0	Output Leakage Current No outside circuit V _{FB} = 12V force driver off (Note 6) V _{IN} = 40V			200	μA
	Output = -1			2	60	mA
I _Q	Quiescent Current	V _{FB} = 12V force driver off		5	10	mA
I _{STBY}	Standby Quiescent Current	ON/OFF pin = 5V V _{IN} = 40V		150	250 350	μA
V _{IL}	ON/OFF pin Logic Input Threshold Voltage	Low (Regulator ON)			0.6	V
V _{IH}		High (regulator OFF)	2.0	1.3		
I _H	ON/OFF Pin Logic Input Current	V _{LOGIC} = 2.5V (OFF)		15	25	μA
I _L	ON/OFF Pin Input Current	V _{LOGIC} = 0.5V (ON)		0.02	5	
θ _{JA}	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	TO263-5 (Note 7)		37		°C/W
		TO220-5(R) (Note 7)		31		
θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	TO263-5 (Note 7)		6		°C/W
		TO220-5(R) (Note 7)		5		

Notes: 6. Feedback pin removed from output and connected to 0V to force the output transistor switch ON. Feedback pin removed from output and connected to 12V for the 3.3V, 5V, and the ADJ. version, and 15V for the 12V version, to force the output transistor switch OFF.
7. Test condition: Device mounted with copper area of approximately 3 in², 1oz, no air flow.

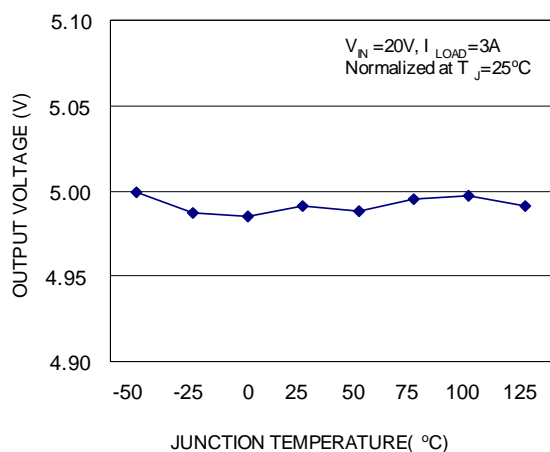
Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Specifications with **boldface type** are for full operating temperature range, the other type are for $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

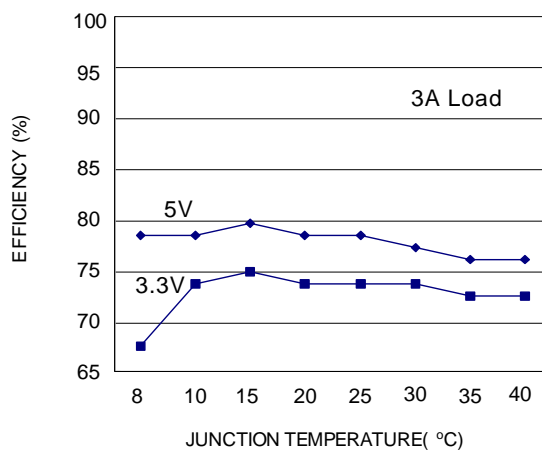
	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{Min}	Typ.	V_{Max}	Unit
AP1501-ADJ	V_{FB}	Output Feedback	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$ V_{OUT} programmed for 3V	1.193 1.18	1.23	1.267 1.28	V
	η	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{V}$, $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$		73		%
AP1501-3.3V	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$4.75\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	3.168 3.135	3.3	3.432 3.465	V
	η	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{V}$, $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$		73		%
AP1501-5V	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	4.8 4.75	5	5.2 5.25	V
	η	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{V}$, $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$		80		%
AP1501-12V	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$15\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	11.52 11.4	12	12.48 12.6	V
	η	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 15\text{V}$, $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$		90		%

Typical Performance Characteristics

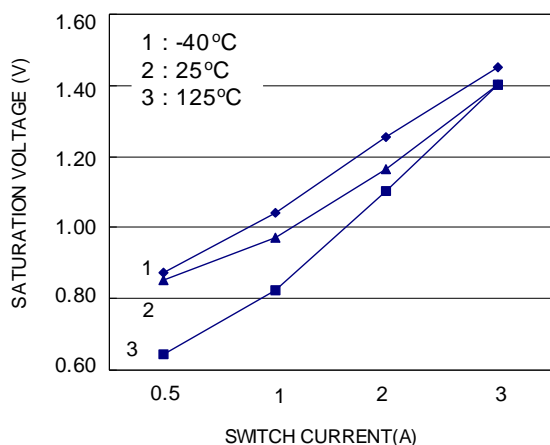
Typical Performance Characteristics
Normalized Output Voltage



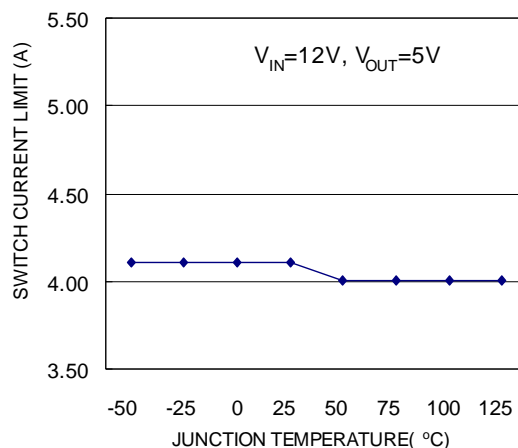
Efficiency



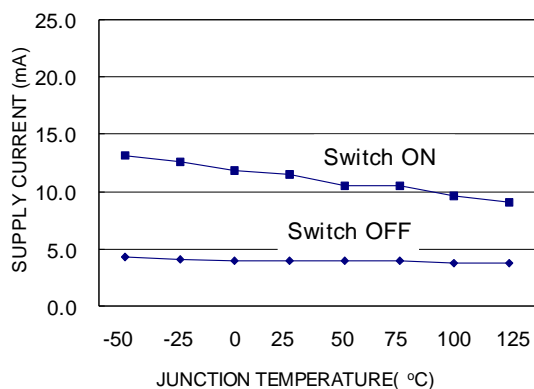
Switch Saturation Voltage



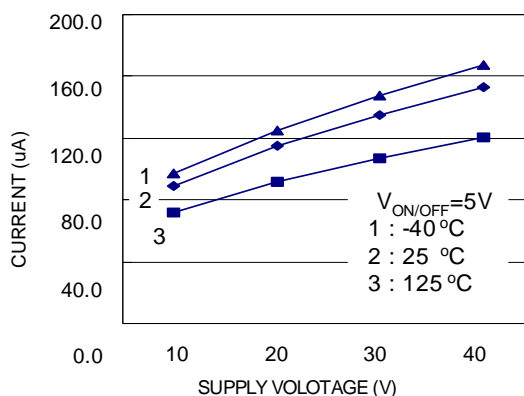
Switch Current Limit



Operating Quiescent Current

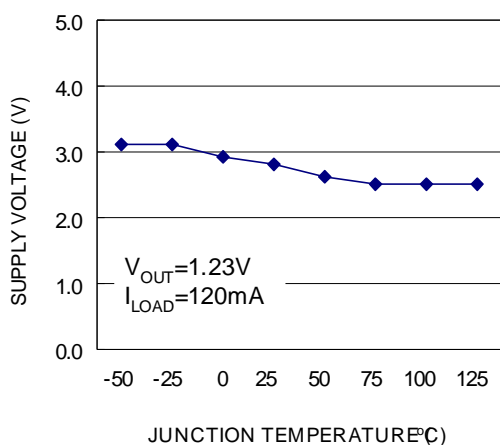


Shutdown Quiescent Current

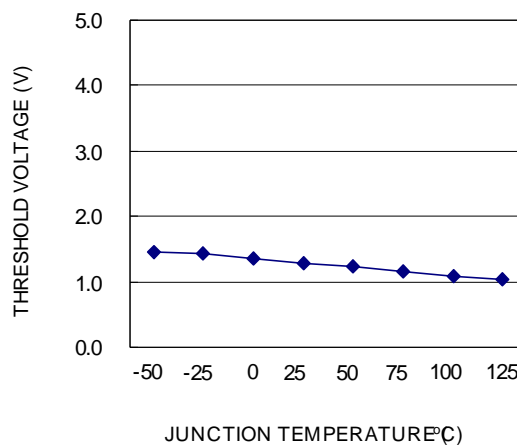


Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

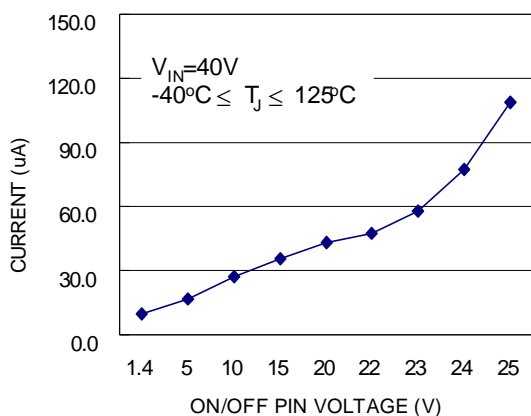
Minimum Operating Supply Voltage



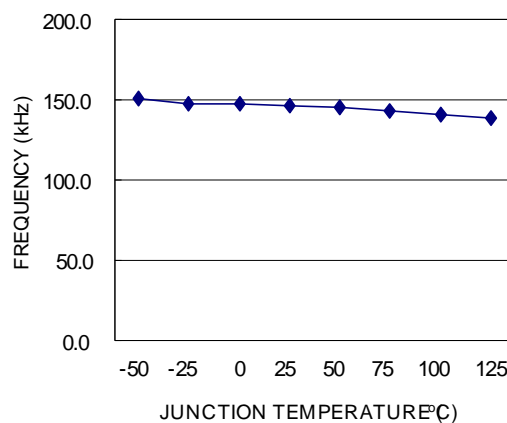
ON/OFF Threshold Voltage



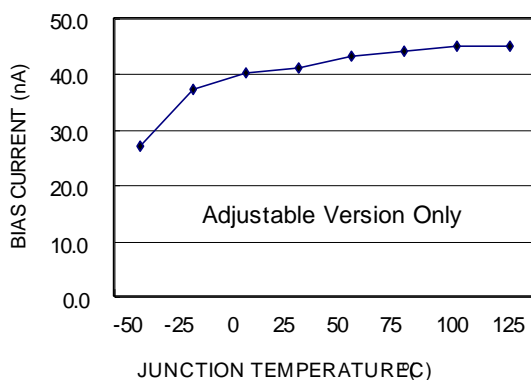
ON/OFF Pin Current (Sinking)



Switch Frequency

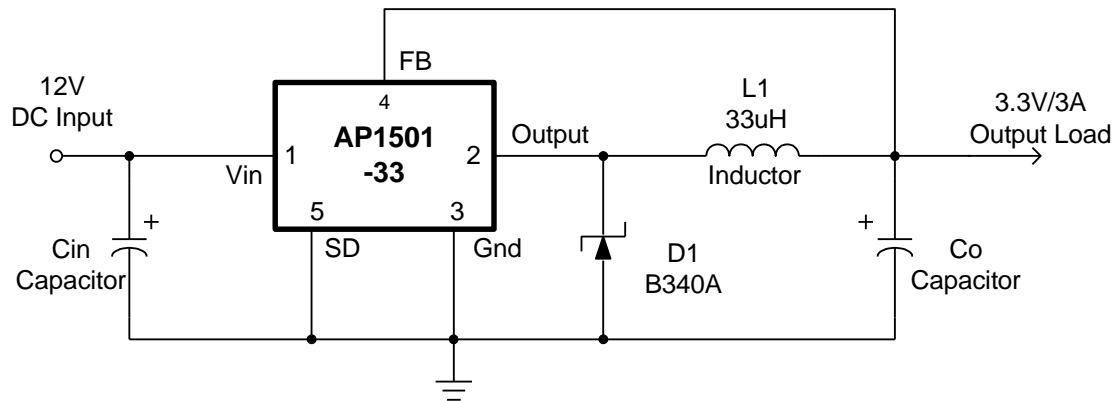


Feedback Pin Bias Current

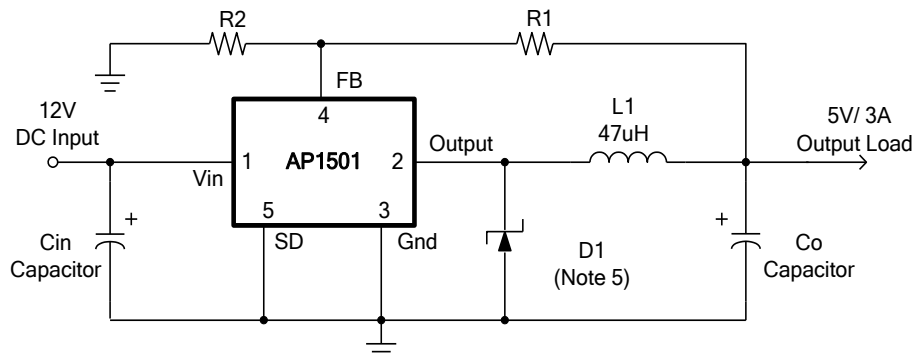


Typical Application Circuit

(1) Fixed Type Circuit



(2) Adjustable Type Circuit

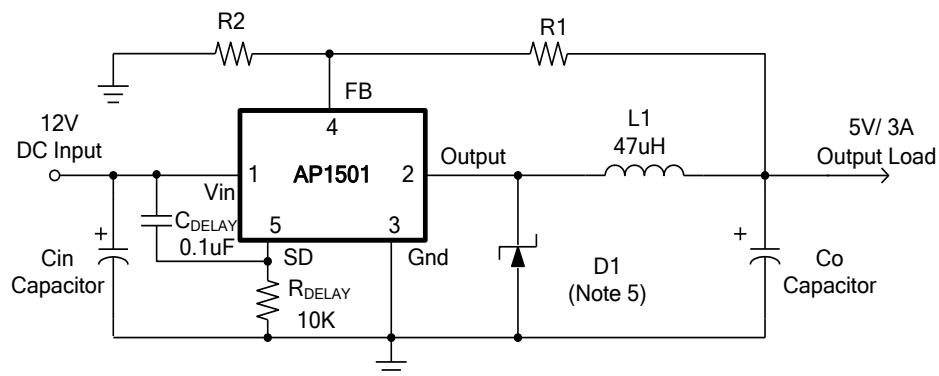


$$V_{out} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

$$V_{FB} = 1.23V$$

$$R2 = 1K \sim 3K$$

(3) Delay Start Circuit



Note: Suggested DIODES Power Schottky: B340A or PDS340 series.

Functional Description

Pin Functions

+V_{IN}

This is the positive input supply for the IC switching regulator. A suitable input bypass capacitor must be present at this pin to minimize voltage transients and to supply the switching currents needed by the regulator.

Ground

Circuit ground.

Output

Internal switch. The voltage at this pin switches between (+V_{IN} – V_{SAT}) and approximately – 0.5V, with a duty cycle of approximately V_{OUT} / V_{IN}. To minimize coupling to sensitive circuitry, the PC board copper area connected to this pin should be kept a minimum.

Feedback

Senses the regulated output voltage to complete the feedback loop.

ON/OFF

Allows the switching regulator circuit to be shutdown using logic level signals thus dropping the total input supply current to approximately 150uA. Pulling this pin below a threshold voltage of approximately 1.3V turns the regulator on, and pulling this pin above 1.3V (up to a maximum of 40V) shuts the regulator down. If this shutdown feature is not needed, the ON/OFF pin can be wired to the ground pin or it can be left open, in either case the regulator will be in the ON condition.

Thermal Considerations

The AP1501 is available in 5-pin surface mount TO-263 and TO-220.

The TO-220 package needs a heat sink under most conditions. The size of the heat sink depends on the input voltage, the output voltage, the load current and the ambient temperature. The AP1501 junction temperature rises above ambient temperature for a 3A load and different input and output voltages. The data for these curves was taken with the AP1501 (TO-220 package) operating as a buck switching regulator in an ambient temperature of 25°C (still air). These temperature rise numbers are all approximate and there are many factors that can affect these temperatures. Higher ambient temperatures require more heat sinking.

The TO-263 surface mount package tab is designed to be soldered to the copper on a printed circuit board. The copper and the board are the heat sink for this package and the other heat producing components, such as the catch diode and inductor. The PC board copper area that the package is soldered to should be at least 0.4 in², and ideally should have 2 or more square inches of 2 oz. Additional copper area improves the thermal characteristics, but with copper areas greater than approximately 6 in², only small improvements in heat dissipation are realized. If further thermal improvements are needed, double sided, multilayer PC boards with large copper areas and/or airflow are recommended.

The AP1501 (TO-263 package) junction temperature rises above ambient temperature with a 2A load for various input and output voltages. This data was taken with the circuit operating as a buck switching regulator with all components mounted on a PC board to simulate the junction temperature under actual operating conditions. This curve can be used for a quick check for the approximate junction temperature for various conditions,

but be aware that there are many factors that can affect the junction temperature. When load currents higher than 2A are used, double sided or multilayer PC boards with large copper areas and/or airflow might be needed, especially for high ambient temperatures and high output voltages.

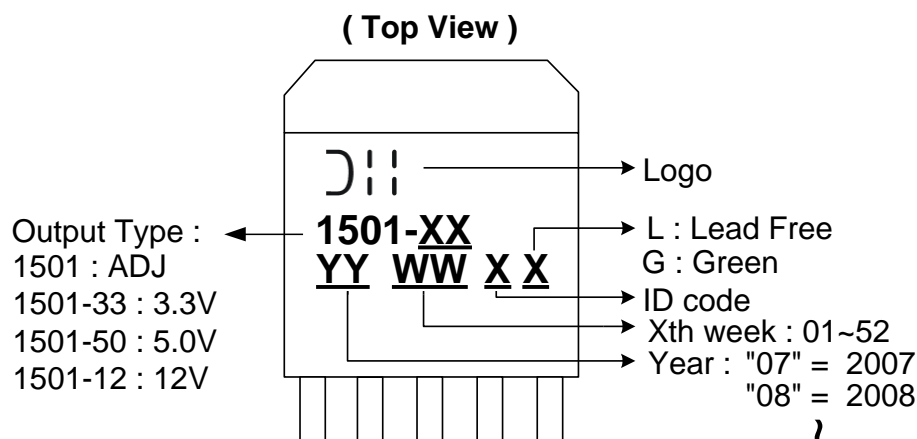
For the best thermal performance, wide copper traces and generous amounts of printed circuit board copper should be used in the board layout. (One exception to this is the output (switch) pin, which should not have large areas of copper.) Large areas of copper provide the best transfer of heat (lower thermal resistance) to the surrounding air, and moving air lowers the thermal resistance even further.

Package thermal resistance and junction temperature rise numbers are all approximate, and there are many factors that will affect these numbers. Some of these factors include board size, shape, thickness, position, location, and even board temperature. Other factors are, trace width, total printed circuit copper area, copper thickness, single or double-sided, multilayer board and the amount of solder on the board. The effectiveness of the PC board to dissipate heat also depends on the size, quantity and spacing of other components on the board, as well as whether the surrounding air is still or moving.

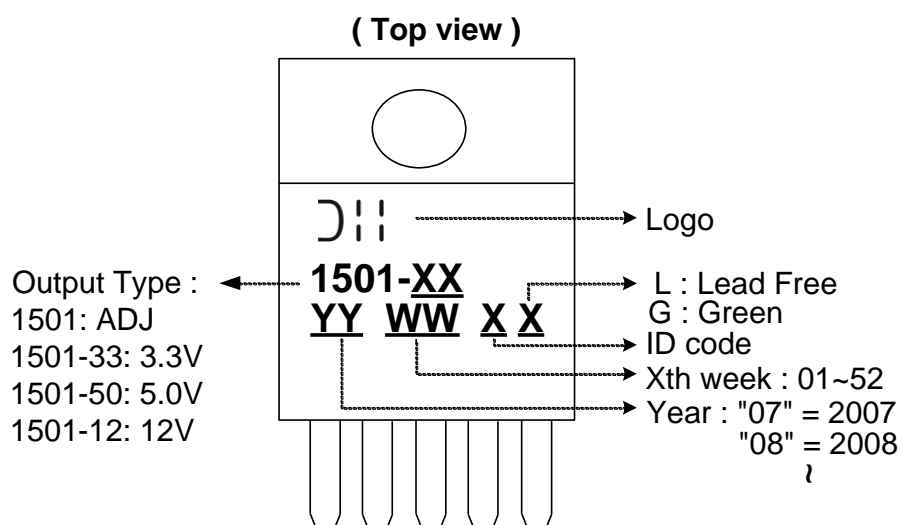
Furthermore, some of these components such as the catch diode will add heat to the PC board and the heat can vary as the input voltage changes. For the inductor, depending on the physical size, type of core material and the DC resistance, it could either act as a heat sink taking heat away from the board, or it could add heat to the board.

Marking Information

(1) TO263-5

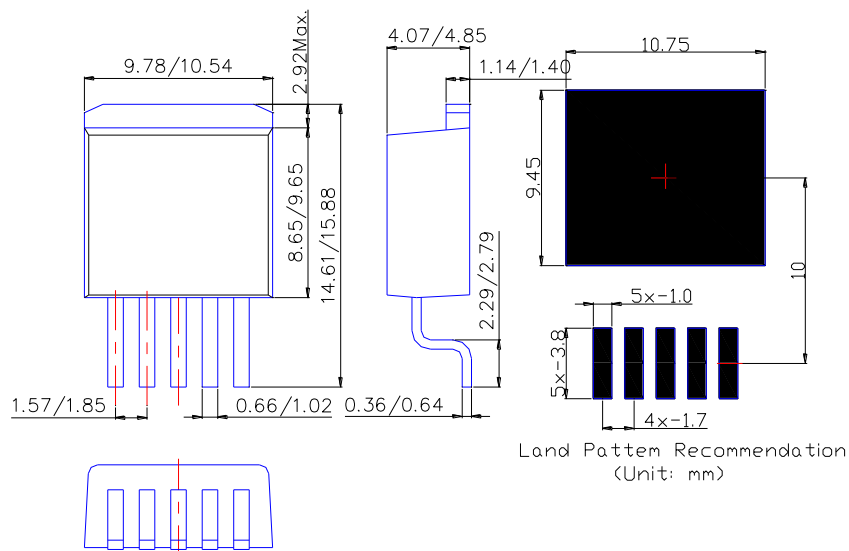


(2) TO220-5/(R)

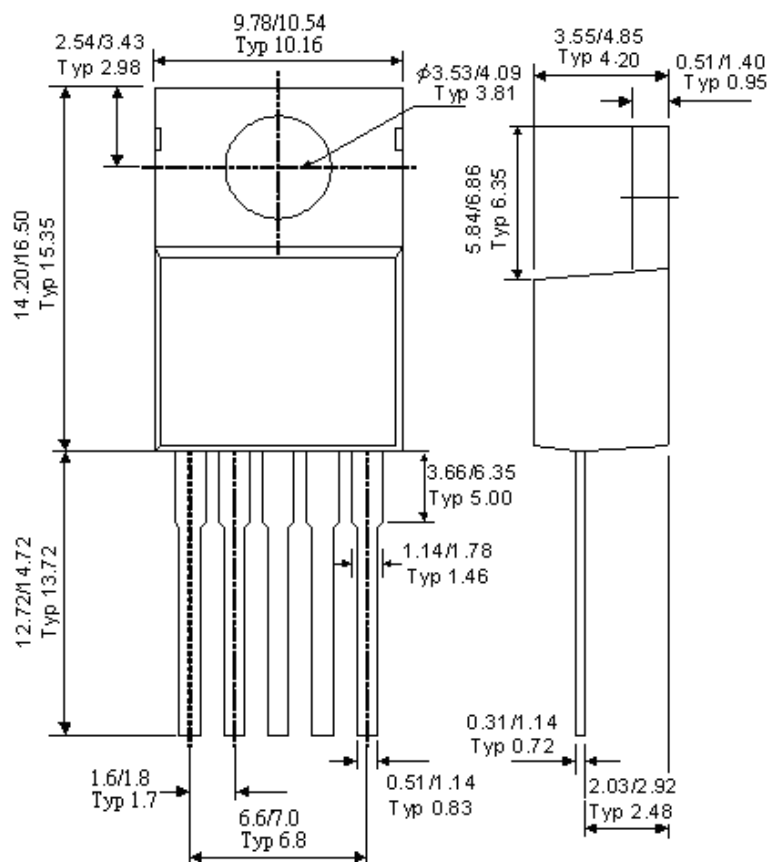


Package Information

(1) Package Type: TO263-5

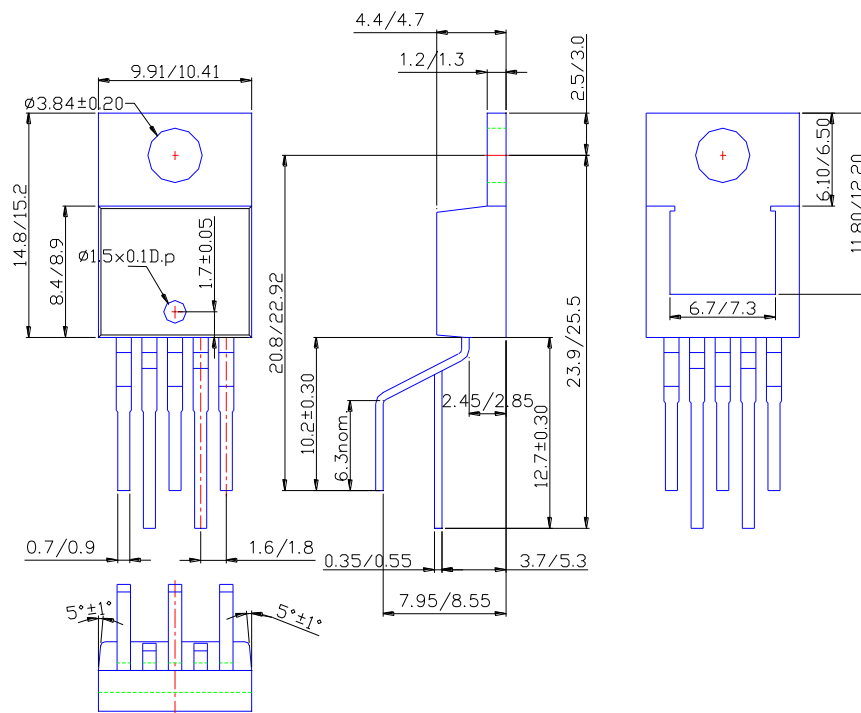


(2) Package Type: TO220-5



Package Information (Continued)

(3) Package Type: TO220-5(R) Mechanical drawing



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