

Middle Power LED Series 3030

LM301Z+
CRI 70



Features & Benefits

- 0.3 W class middle power LED
- Mold resin for high reliability
- Standard form factor for design flexibility (3.0 × 3.0 mm)



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1. Characteristics

a) Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Condition
Ambient / Operating Temperature	T_a	-40 ~ +85	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +125	°C	-
LED Junction Temperature	T_j	125	°C	-
Forward Current	I_F	400	mA	-
Pulse Forward Current	I_{FP}	600	mA	Duty 1/10, pulse width 10ms
Assembly Process Temperature	-	260 <10	°C s	-
ESD (HBM)	-	5	kV	-

b) Electro-optical Characteristics (I_F = 65 mA, Ts = 25°C)

Item	Unit	Rank	Bin	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Forward Voltage (VF)	V	WA	AY	2.6	-	2.7
			AZ	2.7	-	2.8
			A1	2.8	-	2.9
Reverse Voltage (@ 5 mA)	V			0.7	-	1.2
Color Rendering Index (R _a)	-	3		70	-	-
R9	-			-40	-	-
Thermal Resistance (junction to solder point)	°C/W			-	12	-
Beam Angle	°			-	120	-

Note:

Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: forward voltage = ±0.1 V, luminous flux = ±5 %, CRI = ±3, R9 = ±6.5

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2. Product Code Information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
S	P	M	W	H	3	3	2	6	M	P	3	W	A	R	Y	S	0	
Digit	PKG Information					Code					Specification							
1 2 3	Samsung Package Middle Power					SPM	Middle power											
4 5	Color					WH	White											
6	Product Version					3	Zener-in											
7 8 9	Form Factor					326	3.0 x 3.0 x 0.65 mm; 2 pads											
10	Sorting Current					M	65 mA											
11	Chromaticity Coordinates					P	MacAdam											
12	CRI					3	Min. 70											
13 14	Forward Voltage (V)					WA	2.6~2.9	Bin Code	AY	2.6~2.7								
									AZ	2.7~2.8								
									A1	2.8~2.9								
15 16	CCT (K)					V \star	3000	Bin Code		VN, VP, VQ, VR, VS, VT, VU								
						U \star	3500			UN, UP, UQ, UR, US, UT, UU								
						T \star	4000			TN, TP, TQ, TR, TS, TT, TU								
						R \star	5000			RN, RP, RQ, RR, RS, RT, RU								
						Q \star	5700			QN, QP, QQ, QR, QS, QT, QU								
						P \star	6500			PN, PP, PQ, PR, PS, PT, PU								
17 18	Luminous Flux (lm)					S0		Bin Code:	S0									



a) Luminous Flux Bins($I_F = 65$ mA, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Nominal CCT (K)	CRI Min.	Product Code	Flux Bin	Flux Range (Φ_v , lm)
3000	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAV☆S0	S0	33.0 - 36.0
3500	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAU☆S0	S0	34.0 - 37.0
4000	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAT☆S0	S0	35.0 - 38.0
5000	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAR☆S0	S0	35.0 - 38.0
5700	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAQ☆S0	S0	35.0 - 38.0
6500	70	SPMWH3326MP3WAP☆S0	S0	34.0 - 37.0

Note: “☆” can be “0” (Whole bin), “3” (MacAdam 3-step), “Y” (Kitting).

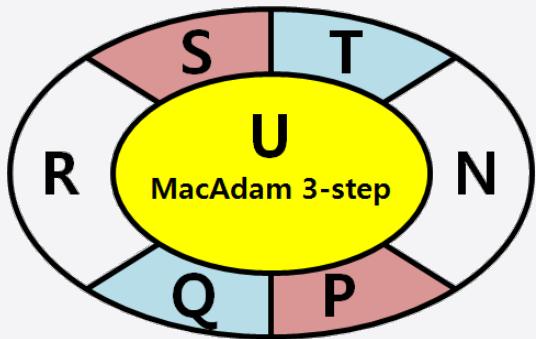


b) Kitting Rule

1) Y Kitting Bin Concept

1. Under agreement between customer and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, SAMSUNG can supply kitting bin (Color).
2. A Chromaticity Coordinates of kitting bin is mixed by kitting procedure.(below kitting simulation)

[Kitting example]



[Binning Information]

Item	Bin #1	Bin #2
VF	AY	AY
	AZ	AZ
	A1	A1
	U	U
CIE	N	R
	P	S
	Q	T

C) Color Bins (I_F = 65 mA, Ts= 25°C)

min. CRI (Ra)	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Color Rank	Chromaticity Bins
70	3000	SPMWH3326MP3WAV0S0	V0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAV3S0	V3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAVYS0	VY	Y Kitting
	3500	SPMWH3326MP3WAU0S0	U0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAU3S0	U3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAUYS0	UY	Y Kitting
	4000	SPMWH3326MP3WAT0S0	T0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAT3S0	T3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WATYS0	TY	Y Kitting
	5000	SPMWH3326MP3WAR0S0	R0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAR3S0	R3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WARYS0	RY	Y Kitting
	5700	SPMWH3326MP3WAQ0S0	Q0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAQ3S0	Q3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAQYS0	QY	Y Kitting
	6500	SPMWH3326MP3WAP0S0	P0	Whole bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAP3S0	P3	MacAdam 3-step ellipse bin
		SPMWH3326MP3WAPYS0	PY	Y Kitting

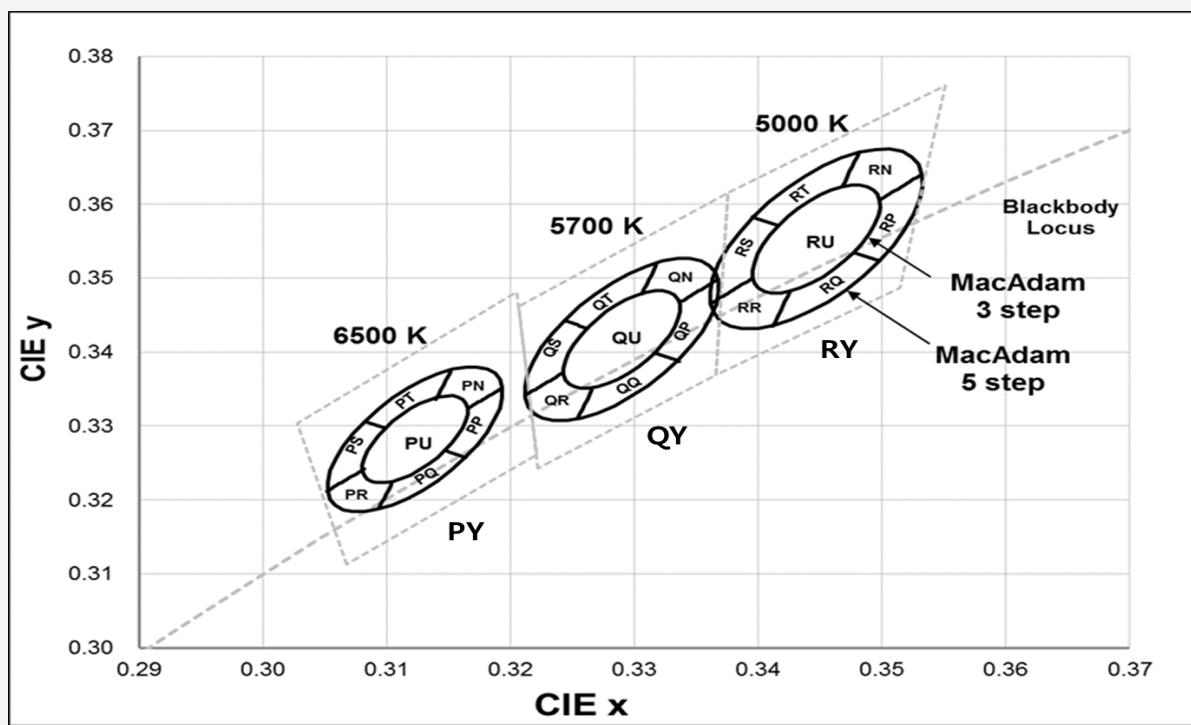
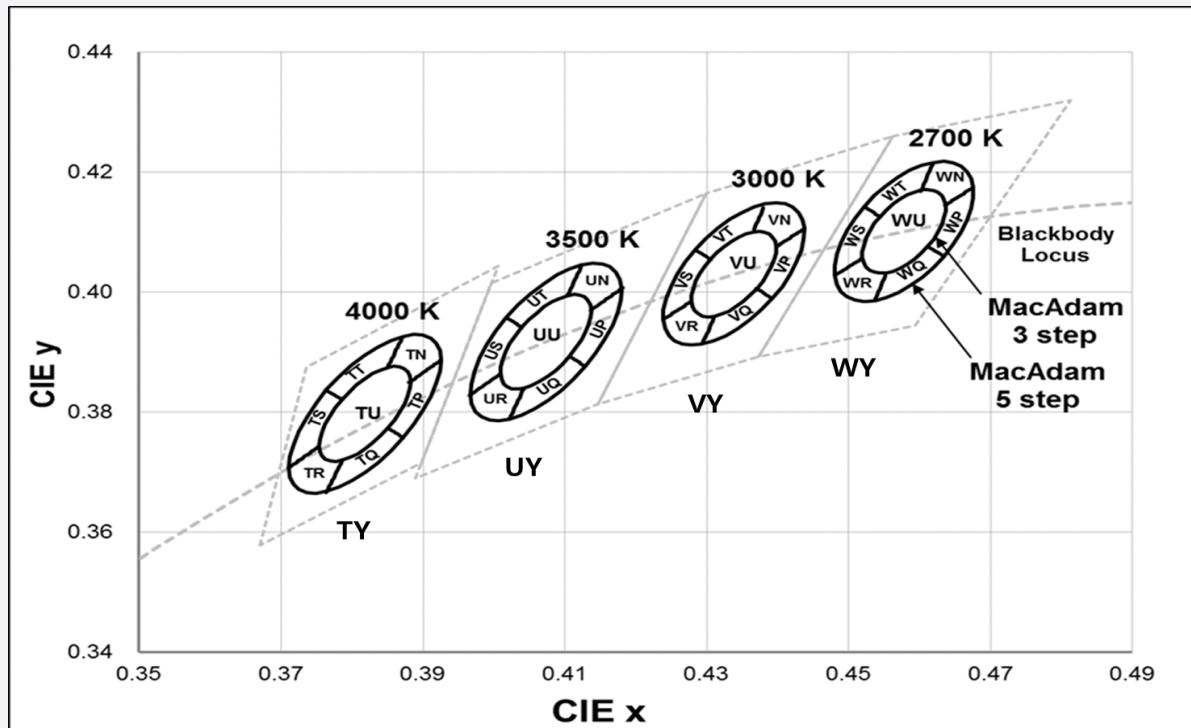


d) Voltage Bins ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

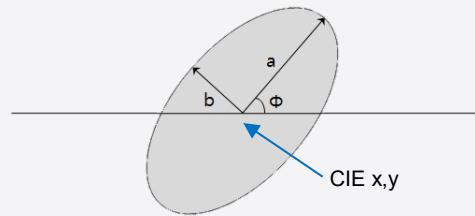
CRI (R_s) Min.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Voltage Rank	Voltage Bin	Voltage Range (V)
-	-	-	AY		2.6 ~ 2.7
-	-	-	WA	AZ	2.7 ~ 2.8
				A1	2.8 ~ 2.9

The Samsung logo, featuring the word "SAMSUNG" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font.

e) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates (I_f = 65 mA, T_s = 25°C)



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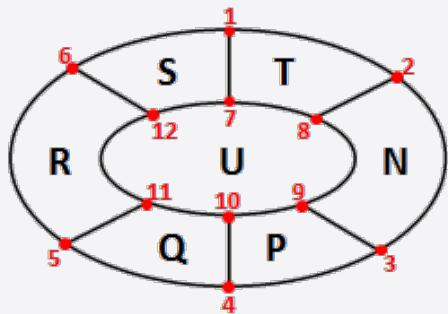
f) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates (I_F = 65 mA, T_S = 25°C)

MacAdam	CCT (K)	Center point		Major-axis a	Minor-axis b	Rotation Φ
		CIE x	CIE y			
3 step	3000	0.4338	0.4030	0.0083	0.0041	53.22
	3500	0.4073	0.3917	0.0093	0.0041	54.00
	4000	0.3818	0.3797	0.0094	0.0040	53.72
	5000	0.3447	0.3553	0.0082	0.0035	59.62
	5700	0.3287	0.3417	0.0075	0.0032	59.10
	6500	0.3123	0.3282	0.0067	0.0029	58.57
5 step	3000	0.4338	0.4030	0.0138	0.0068	53.22
	3500	0.4073	0.3917	0.0155	0.0068	54.00
	4000	0.3818	0.3797	0.0157	0.0067	53.72
	5000	0.3447	0.3553	0.0137	0.0058	59.62
	5700	0.3287	0.3417	0.0125	0.0053	59.10
	6500	0.3123	0.3282	0.0112	0.0048	58.57

Note: Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: Cx, Cy = ±0.005

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g) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates



Region	3000K		3500K		4000K		5000K	
	CIE x	CIE y						
1	0.4283	0.4071	0.4018	0.4283	0.4071	0.4018	0.3397	0.3583
2	0.4382	0.4146	0.4125	0.4382	0.4146	0.4125	0.3482	0.3670
3	0.4437	0.4105	0.4180	0.4437	0.4105	0.4180	0.3532	0.3640
4	0.4393	0.3989	0.4128	0.4393	0.3989	0.4128	0.3497	0.3524
5	0.4293	0.3913	0.4022	0.4293	0.3913	0.4022	0.3412	0.3436
6	0.4239	0.3954	0.3966	0.4239	0.3954	0.3966	0.3362	0.3465
7	0.4305	0.4054	0.4040	0.4305	0.4054	0.4040	0.3417	0.3571
8	0.4364	0.4100	0.4104	0.4364	0.4100	0.4104	0.3468	0.3623
9	0.4397	0.4075	0.4137	0.4397	0.4075	0.4137	0.3498	0.3605
10	0.4371	0.4005	0.4106	0.4371	0.4005	0.4106	0.3477	0.3535
11	0.4311	0.3960	0.4042	0.4311	0.3960	0.4042	0.3426	0.3483
12	0.4279	0.3984	0.4009	0.4279	0.3984	0.4009	0.3396	0.3500

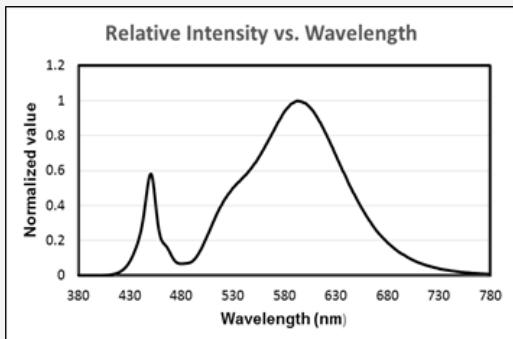
Region	5700K		6500K	
	CIE x	CIE y	CIE x	CIE y
1	0.3242	0.3445	0.3082	0.3307
2	0.3320	0.3524	0.3153	0.3377
3	0.3365	0.3496	0.3194	0.3352
4	0.3333	0.3390	0.3164	0.3257
5	0.3254	0.3310	0.3093	0.3187
6	0.3209	0.3338	0.3052	0.3212
7	0.3260	0.3434	0.3098	0.3297
8	0.3307	0.3481	0.3141	0.3339
9	0.3334	0.3464	0.3166	0.3324
10	0.3314	0.3401	0.3148	0.3267
11	0.3267	0.3353	0.3105	0.3225
12	0.3240	0.3369	0.3080	0.3240

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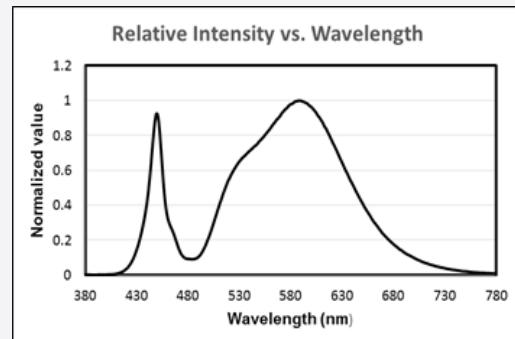
3. Typical Characteristics Graphs

a) Spectrum Distribution ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

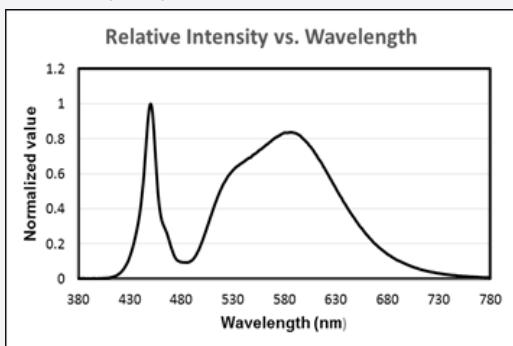
CCT : 3000K (70 CRI)



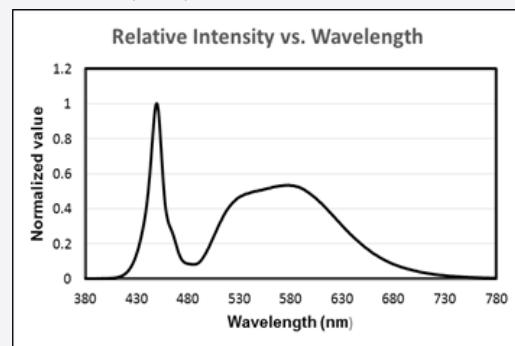
CCT : 3500K (70 CRI)



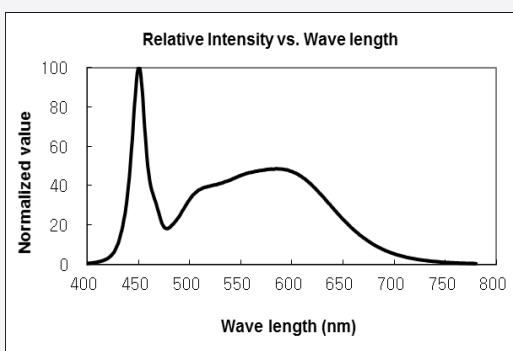
CCT : 4000K (70 CRI)



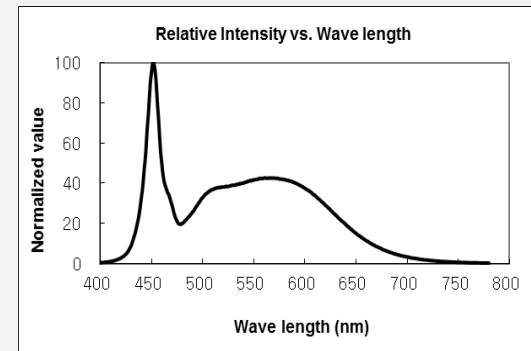
CCT : 5000K (70 CRI)



CCT : 5700K (70 CRI)

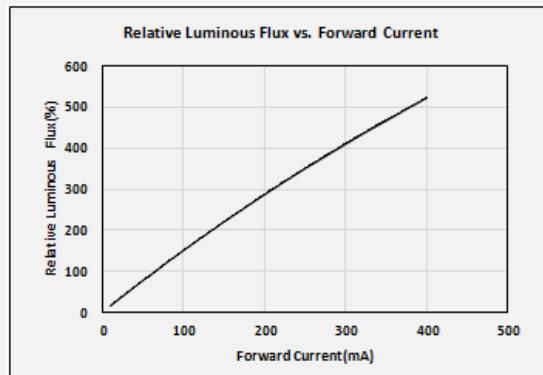
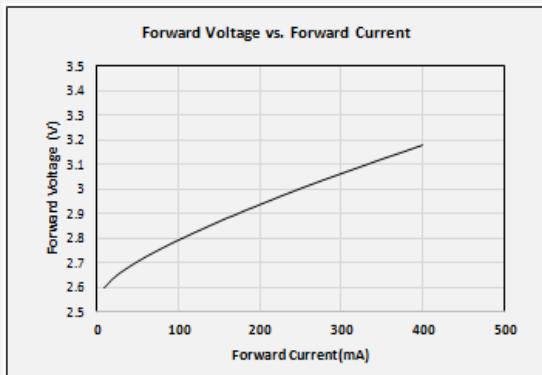


CCT : 6500K (70 CRI)

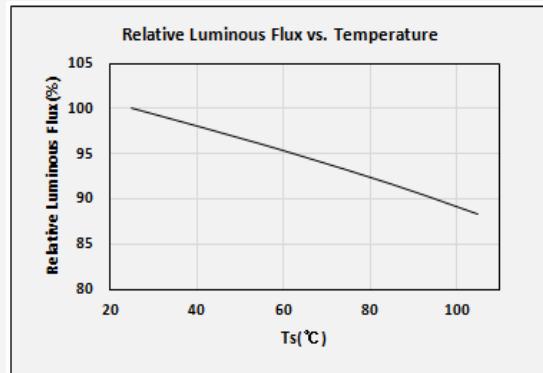
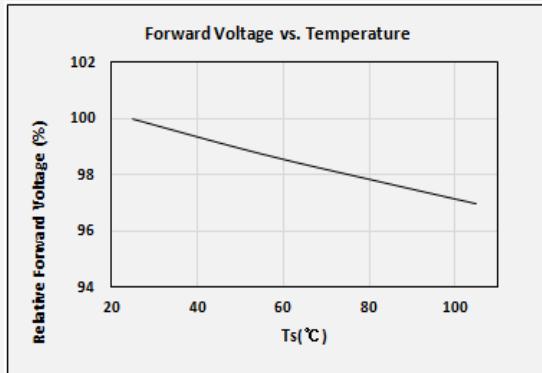


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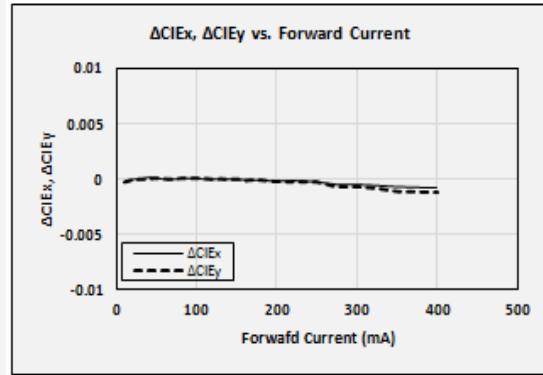
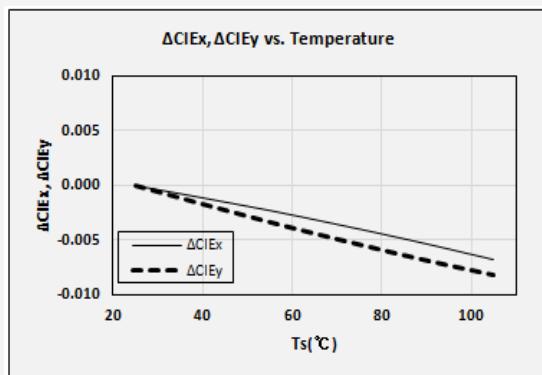
b) Forward Current Characteristics ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



c) Temperature Characteristics ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$)

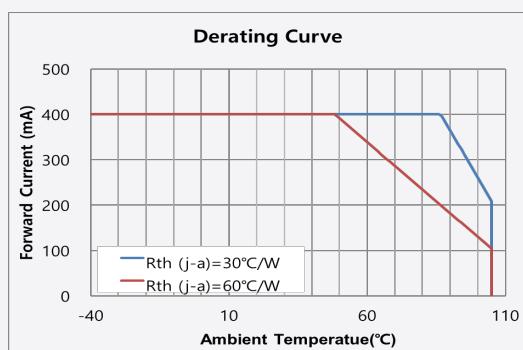


d) Color Shift Characteristics ($T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 65\text{mA}$)

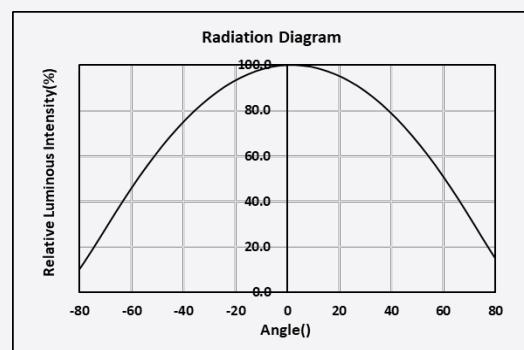


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a) Derating Curve



f) Beam Angle Characteristics (IF=65mA, Ts=25 °C)

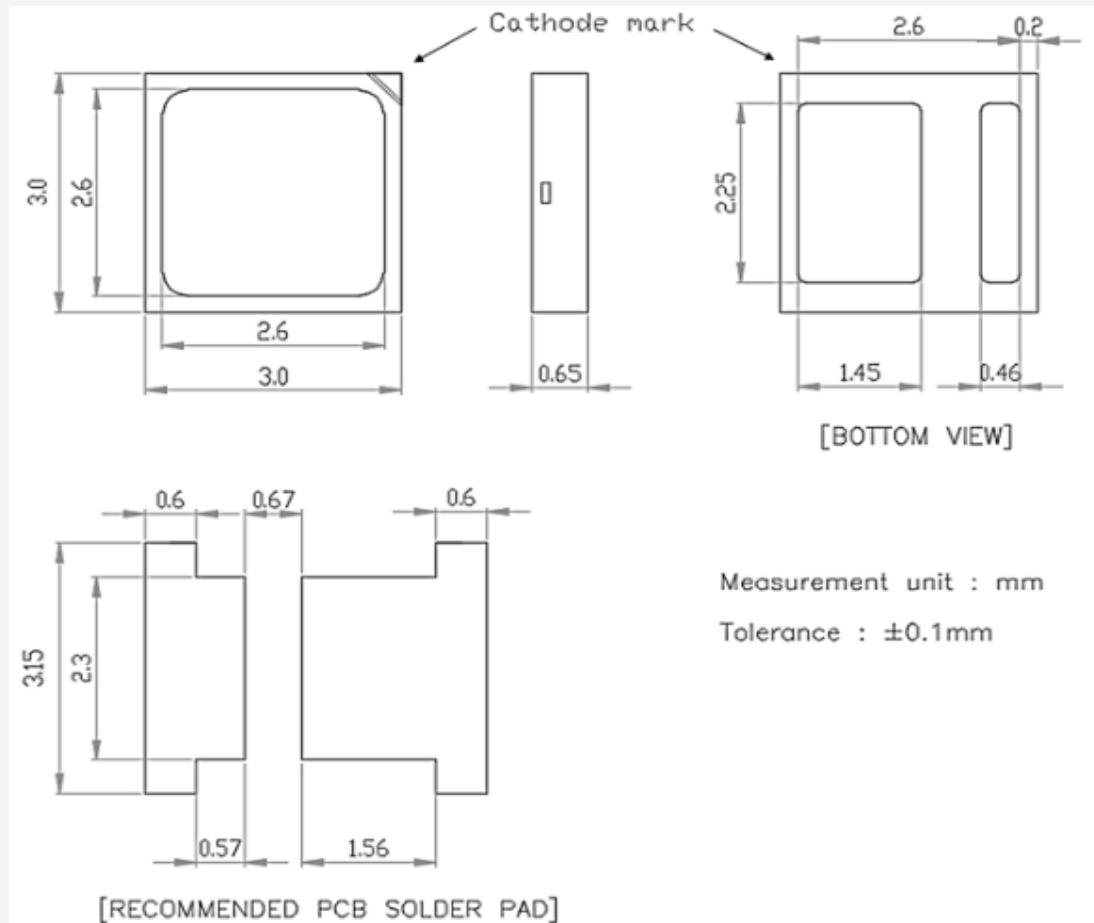


Note: All characteristics shown are for reference only.

Derating characteristics will meet the criteria as detailed in the Reliability section within this specification.

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4. Outline Drawing & Dimension



Notes:

- 1) This LED has built-in ESD protection device(s) connected in parallel to LED chip(s).
- 2) T_s point and measurement method:
 - ① Measure one point at the cathode pad, if necessary remove PSR of PCB to reach T_s point.
 - ② All pads must be soldered to the PCB to dissipate heat properly, otherwise the LED can be damaged.

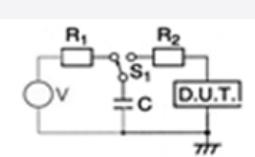
Precautions:

- 1) Pressure on the LEDs will influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid strong pressure on the LEDs. Do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 2) Re-soldering should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. If re-soldering is unavoidable, LED's characteristics should be carefully checked before and after such repair.
- 3) Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Since materials of LEDs is soft, abrasion between two PCB assembled with LED might cause catastrophic failure of the LEDs.

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5. Reliability Test Items & Conditions

a) Test Items

Test Item	Test Condition	Test Hour/Cycle	Sample No.
High Temperature Life Test	85 °C, DC Max current	1000 h	22
High Temperature Humidity Life Test	60 °C, 90 % RH, DC Max current	1000 h	22
Low Temperature Life Test	-40 °C, DC Max current	1000 h	22
Thermal Cycle	-45 °C / 15 min ↔ 125 °C / 15 min → Hot plate 180 °C	500 cycles	100
High Temperature Storage	120 °C	1000 h	11
Low Temperature Storage	-40 °C	1000 h	11
ESD (HBM)	 $R_1: 10 \text{ M}\Omega$ $R_2: 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C: 100 \text{ pF}$ $V: \pm 5 \text{ kV}$	5 times	30

b) Criteria for Judging the Damage

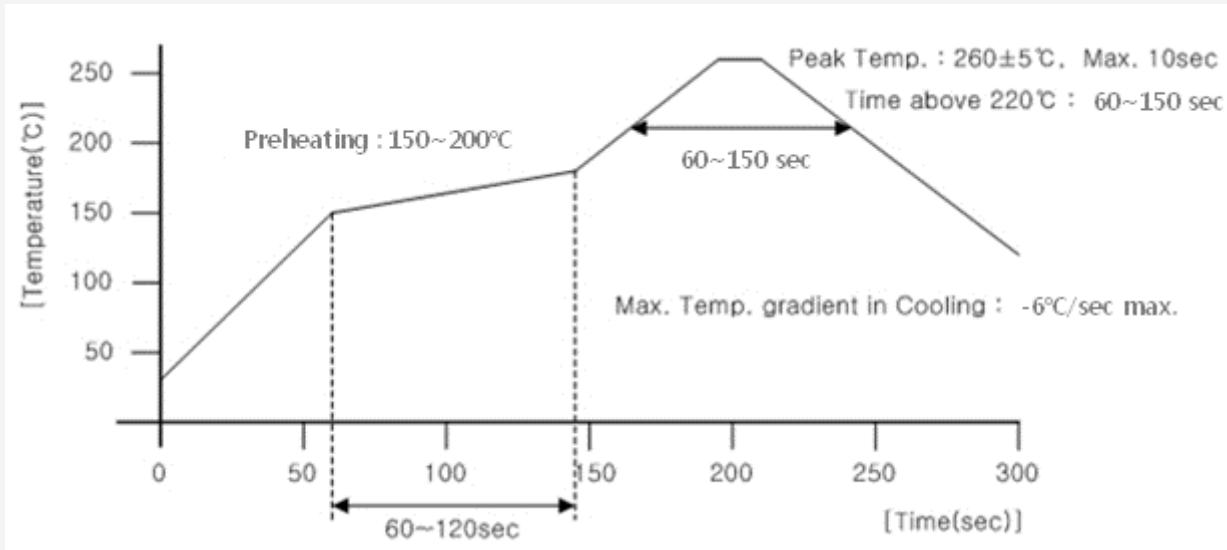
Item	Symbol	Test Condition ($T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	Limit	
			Min	Max
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$	Init. Value * 0.9	Init. Value * 1.1
Luminous Flux	Φ_v	$I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$	Init. Value * 0.7	Init. Value * 1.1

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6. Soldering Conditions

a) Reflow Conditions (Pb free)

Reflow frequency: 2 times max.



b) Manual Soldering Conditions

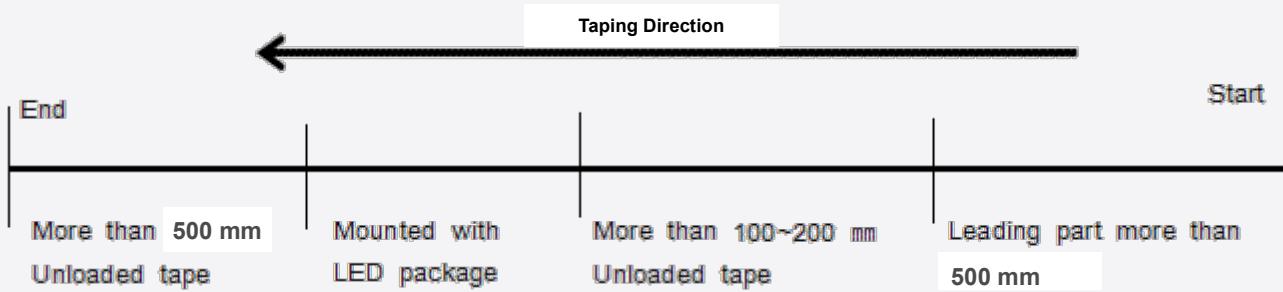
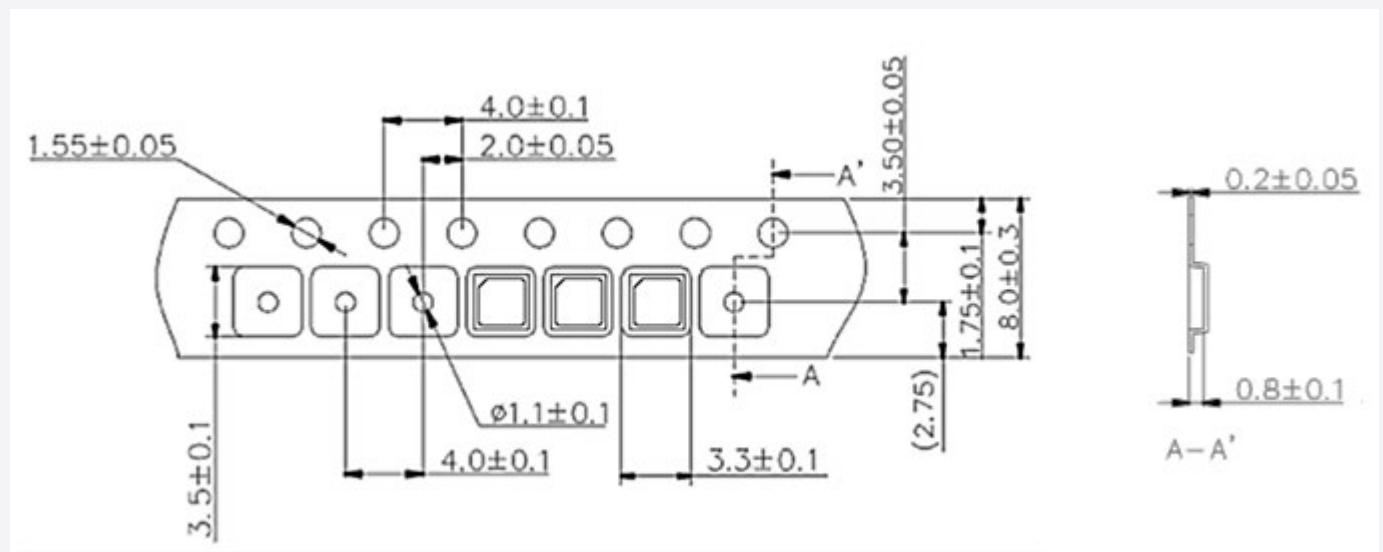
Not more than 5 seconds @ max. 300 °C, under soldering iron.

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7. Tape & Reel

a) Taping Dimension

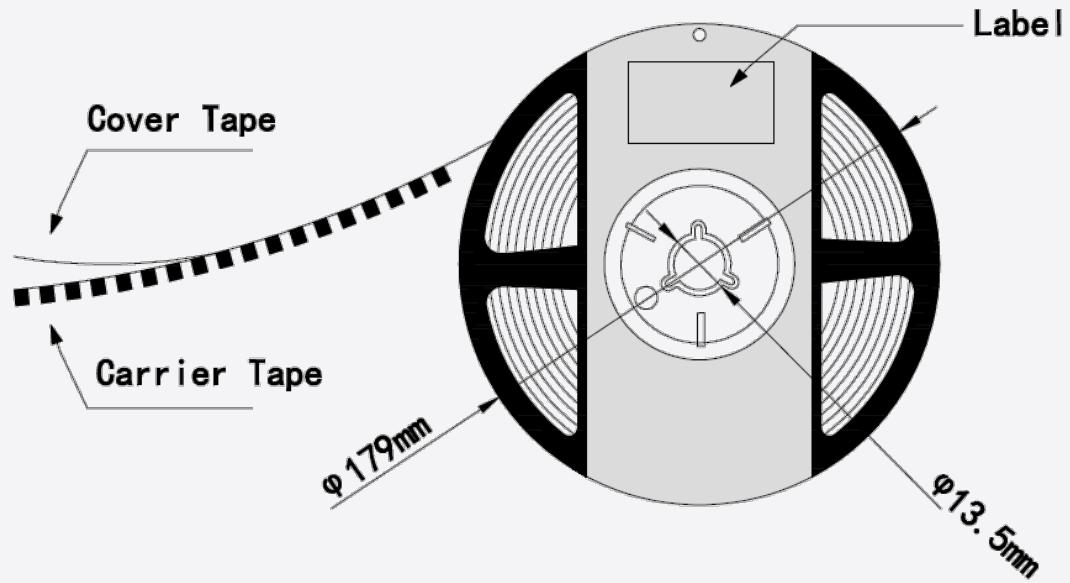
(unit: mm)



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b) Reel Dimension

(unit: mm)

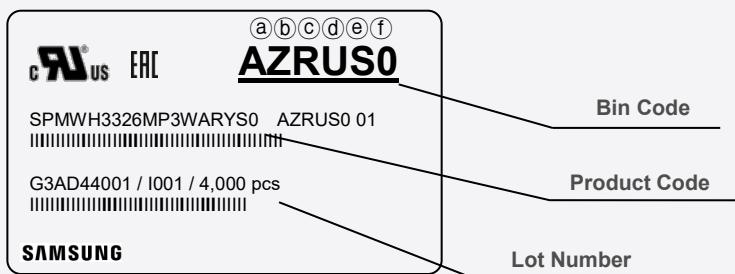
← Use Feed Direction**Notes:**

- 1) Quantity: The quantity/reel is 4,000 pcs
- 2) Cumulative Tolerance: Cumulative tolerance / 10 pitches is $\pm 0.2\text{ mm}$
- 3) Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape: Adhesion strength is 0.1-0.7 N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at 10° angle to the carrier tape
- 4) Packaging: P/N, Manufacturing data code no. and quantity are indicated on the aluminum packing bag

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8. Label Structure

a) Label Structure



Note: Denoted bin code and product code above is only an example (see description on page 5)

Bin Code:

a(b): Forward Voltage bin (refer to page 8)

④ Chromaticity bin (refer to page 9-11)

⑥⑦: Luminous Flux bin (refer to page 5)

b) Lot Number

The lot number is composed of the following characters:



1 2 3 3 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | a b c / 4,000 pcs

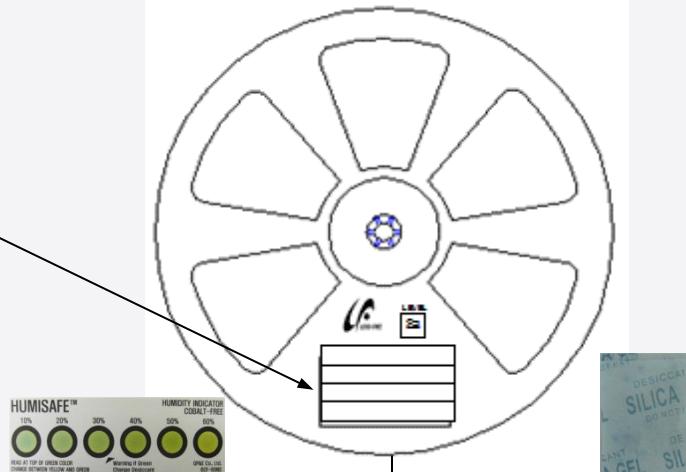
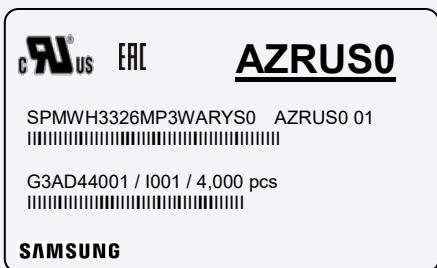
①② : Production site (G3 : Shenzhen, China)
③ : Product state (A: Normal, B: Bulk, C: First Production, R: Reproduction, S: Sample)
④ : Year (C : 2018, D : 2019, E : 2020 ...)
⑤ : Month (1~9, A, B, C)
⑥ : Day (1~9, A, B~V)
⑦⑧⑨ : Serial number (001 ~ 999)
ⒶⒷⒸ : Product serial number (001 ~ 999)

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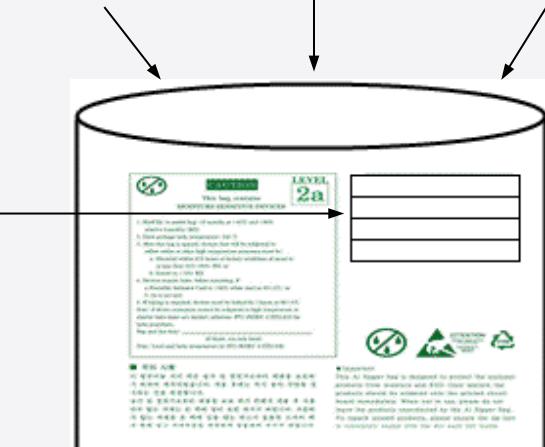
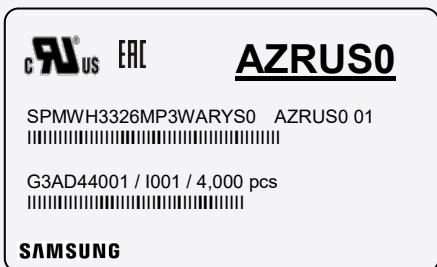
9. Packing Structure

a) Packing Process (The quantity of PKG on the Reel to be Max 4,000pcs)

Reel



Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag

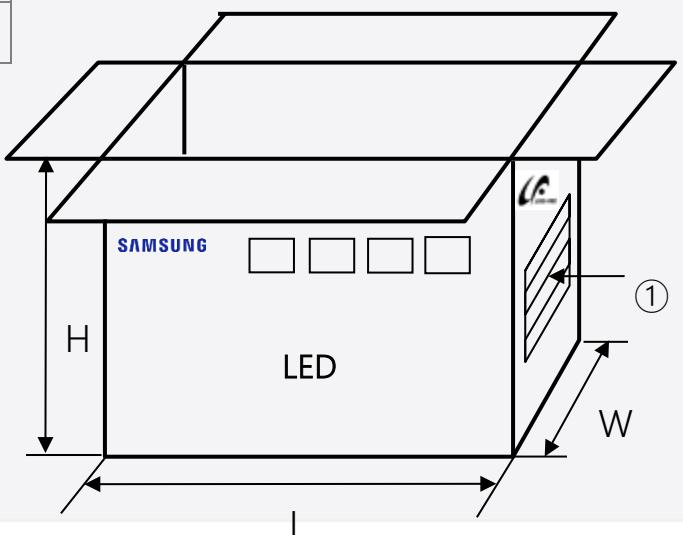


Outer Box

Material: Paper (SW3B(B))

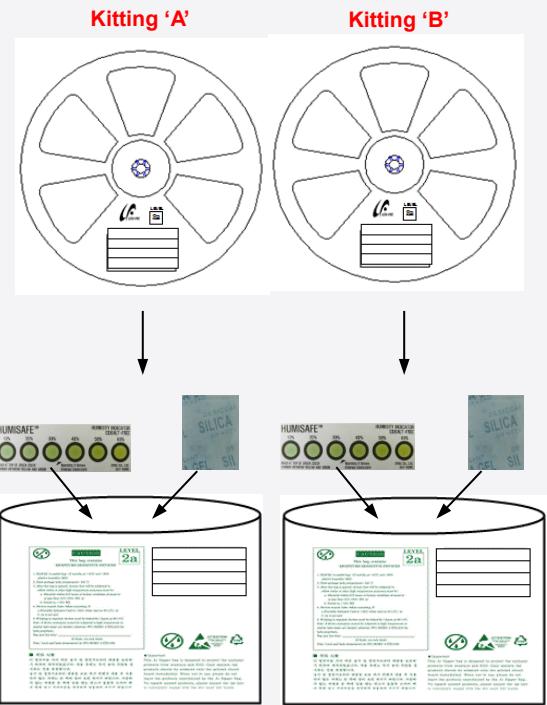
Type	Size (mm)			Note
	L	W	H	
7 inch L	245 ± 5	220 ± 5	182 ± 5	Up to 10 reels
7 inch S	245 ± 5	220 ± 5	86 ± 5	Up to 5 reels

① Side Label

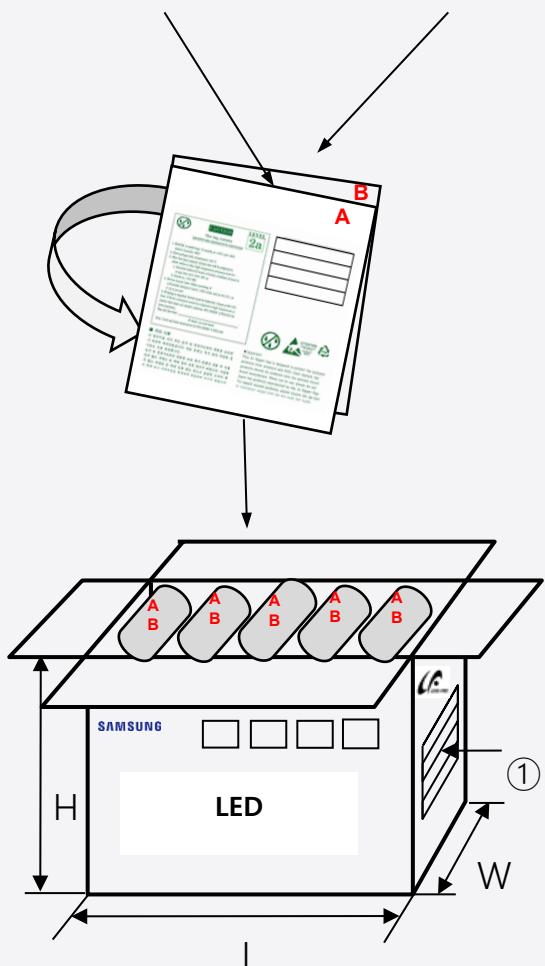


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b) Packing Process for kitting (The quantity of PKG on the Reel to be Max 4,000pcs)



Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag



Outer Box



Note: "★" can be Nominal CCT code.

Material: Paper (SW3B(B))

Type	Size (mm)			Note
	L	W	H	
7 inch L	245 ± 5	220 ± 5	182 ± 5	Up to 10 reels

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c) Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag



d) Silica Gel & Humidity Indicator Card inside Aluminum Vinyl Bag

(This image is for reference only. Silicagel and humidity indicator shapes may be different.)



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10. Precautions in Handling & Use

- 1) For over-current protection, users are recommended to apply resistors connected in series with the LEDs to mitigate sudden change of the forward current caused by shift of forward voltage.
- 2) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent, etc. When cleaning is required, IPA is recommended as the cleaning agent. Some solvent-based cleaning agent may damage the silicone resins used in the device.
- 3) When the device is in operation, the forward current should be carefully determined considering the maximum ambient temperature and corresponding junction temperature.
- 4) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. Shelf life of sealed bags is 12 months at temperature 0~40 °C, 0~90 % RH.
- 5) After storage bag is opened, device subjected to soldering, solder reflow, or other high temperature processes must be:
 - a. Mounted within 672 hours (28 days) at an assembly line with a condition of no more than 30 °C / 60 % RH^{Note 1}, or
 - b. Mounted within 24 hours (1 day) at an assembly line with a condition of more than 30 °C / 70 % RH^{Note 2}, or
 - c. Stored at <10 % RH.

*Note 1, 2: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A, Recommended Equivalent Total Floor Life Table

Package Type and Body Thickness	Moisture Sensitivity Level	Maximum Percent Relative Humidity							Temperature
		40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%		
Body Thickness <2.1mm	Level 2a	∞	∞	28	1	1	1	30°C	
		∞	∞	∞	2	1	1	25°C	
		∞	∞	∞	2	2	1	20°C	

- 6) Repack unused devices with anti-moisture packing, fold to close any opening and then store in a dry place.
- 7) Devices require baking before mounting, if humidity card reading is >60 % at 23 ± 5 °C.
- 8) Devices must be baked for 10~24 hours at 60 ± 5 °C, if baking is required.
- 9) The LEDs are sensitive to the static electricity and surge current. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs. If voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rating is applied to LEDs, it may cause damage or even destruction to LED devices. Damaged LEDs may show some unusual characteristics such as increase in leakage current, lowered turn-on voltage, or abnormal lighting of LEDs at low current.
- 10) VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) can be generated from adhesives, flux, hardener or organic additives used in luminaires (fixtures). Transparent LED silicone encapsulant is permeable to those chemicals and they may lead to a discoloration of encapsulant when they exposed to heat or light. This phenomenon can cause a significant loss of light emitted (output) from the luminaires. In order to prevent these problems, we recommend users to know the physical properties of materials used in luminaires and they must be carefully selected.
- 11) Risk of sulfurization (or tarnishing)
The LED from Samsung uses a silver-plated lead frame and its surface color may change to black (or dark colored) when it is exposed to sulfur (S), chlorine (Cl) or other halogen compound. Sulfurization of lead frame may cause intensity degradation, change of chromaticity coordinates and, in extreme cases, open circuit. It requires caution. Due to possible sulfurization of lead frame, LED should not be used and stored together with oxidizing substances made of materials such as rubber, plain paper, lead solder cream, etc.



Legal and additional information.

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Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

95, Samsung 2-ro

Giheung-gu

Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, 446-711

KOREA

www.samsungled.com

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