

#### SY89832U

# 2.5V Ultra-Precision 1:4 LVDS Fanout Buffer/Translator with Internal Termination

### Precision Edge®

### **General Description**

The SY89832U is a 2.5V, high-speed, 2GHz differential, low voltage differential swing (LVDS) 1:4 fanout buffer optimized for ultra-low skew applications. Within device skew is guaranteed to be less than 20ps over supply voltage and temperature.

The differential input buffer has a unique internal termination design that allows access to the termination network through a VT pin. This feature allows the device to easily interface to different logic standards. A VREF–AC reference output is included for AC-coupled applications.

The SY89832U is a part of Micrel's high-speed clock synchronization family. For 3.3V applications, see SY89833L or SY89833AL. For applications that require a different I/O combination, consult Micrel's website at <a href="https://www.micrel.com">www.micrel.com</a> and choose from a comprehensive product line of high-speed, low-skew fanout buffers, translators and clock generators.

Datasheets and support documentation are available on Micrel's web site at: <a href="https://www.micrel.com">www.micrel.com</a>.

#### **Features**

- Guaranteed AC performance over temperature and voltage:
  - DC-to >2.0GHz throughput
  - <570ps propagation delay (IN-to-Q)</p>
  - <20ps within-device skew</p>
  - <200ps rise/fall time</p>
- Ultra-low jitter design:
  - 81fs<sub>RMS</sub> phase jitter
- Unique, patented input termination and VT pin accepts DC- and AC-coupled inputs
- High-speed LVDS outputs
- 2.5V voltage supply operation
- Industrial temperature range: –40°C to +85°C
- Available in a 16-pin (3mm x 3mm) QFN package

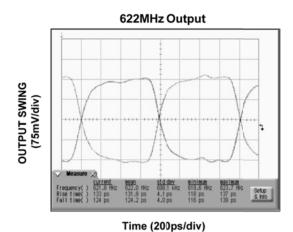
### **Applications**

- Processor clock distribution
- SONET clock distribution
- Fibre Channel clock distribution
- Gigabit Ethernet clock distribution

## **Functional Block Diagram**

## 1:4 Q0 /Q0 /Q1 VREF-AC EN (LVTTL/CMOS) Q2 /Q2 /Q2 /Q2

## **Typical Performance**



Precision Edge is a registered trademark of Micrel, Inc.

Micrel Inc. • 2180 Fortune Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • USA • tel +1 (408) 944-0800 • fax + 1 (408) 474-1000 • http://www.micrel.com

## Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| Part Number                  | Package Type | Operating Range               | Package Marking                       | Lead Finish |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| SY89832UMG                   | QFN-16       | Industrial                    | 832U with Pb-Free bar line indicator  | NiPdAu      |
| 5169632UIVIG                 | QFN-10       | Industrial                    | 6320 With Pb-Flee bar line indicator  | Pb-Free     |
| CV000001 IMC TD(2)           | OFN 40       | laduatrial 02211 with Dh Free | 00011 with Dh Free her line indicator | NiPdAu      |
| SY89832UMG TR <sup>(2)</sup> | QFN-16       | Industrial                    | 832U with Pb-Free bar line indicator  | Pb-Free     |

#### Notes:

- 1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at  $T_A = 25$ °C, DC Electricals only.
- 2. Tape and Reel.

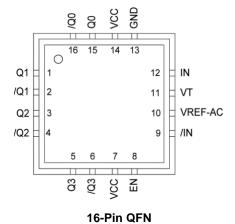
#### **Truth Table**

| IN | /IN | EN | Q                | /Q               |
|----|-----|----|------------------|------------------|
| 0  | 1   | 1  | 0                | 1                |
| 1  | 0   | 1  | 1                | 0                |
| Х  | X   | 0  | 0 <sup>(3)</sup> | 1 <sup>(3)</sup> |

#### Note:

3. On next negative transition of the input signal (IN).

## **Pin Configuration**



## **Pin Description**

Downloaded from Arrow.com.

| Pin Number                     | Pin Name                                 | Pin Function                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 15, 16<br>1, 2<br>3, 4<br>5, 6 | Q0, /Q0<br>Q1, /Q1<br>Q2, /Q2<br>Q3, /Q3 | LVDS Differential (Outputs): Normally terminated with $100\Omega$ across the pair (Q, /Q). See LVDS Outputs section for more details. Unused outputs should be terminated with a $100\Omega$ resistor across each pair.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 8                              | EN                                       | The single-ended, TTL/CMOS-compatible input functions as a synchronous output enable. The synchronous enable ensures that enable/disable will only occur when the outputs are in a logic LOW state. Note that this input is internally connected to a $25k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state (enabled) if left open.                                                                           |
| 9, 12                          | /IN, IN                                  | Differential Inputs: These input pairs are the differential signal inputs to the device. Inputs accept AC-or DC-Coupled differential signs as small as 100mV. Each pin of a pair internally terminates to a VT pin through $50\Omega$ . Note that these inputs will default to an intermediate state if left open. See Input Interface Applications section for more details.                                             |
| 10                             | VREF-AC                                  | Reference Voltage: These outputs bias to VCC-1.4V. They are used when AC coupling the inputs (IN, /IN). For AC-Coupled applications, connect VREF-AC to VT pin and bypass with 0.01µF low ESR capacitor to VCC. See Input Interface Applications section for more details.  Maximum sink/source current is ±1.5mA. Due to the limited drive capability, each VREF-AC pin is only intended to drive its respective VT pin. |
| 11                             | VT                                       | Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair terminates to a VT pin. The VT pins provide a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See Input Interface Applications section for more details.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 13                             | GND                                      | Ground. GND pins and exposed pad must be connected to the most negative potential of the device ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 7, 14                          | VCC                                      | Positive Power Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu\text{F}//0.01\mu\text{F}$ low ESR capacitors and place as close to each VCC pin as possible.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(4)

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )       | 0.5V to +4.0V             |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )        | $-0.5V$ to $V_{CC}$ +0.3V |
| LVDS Output Current (I <sub>OUT</sub> ) | ±10mA                     |
| Input Current                           |                           |
| Source or Sink Current on (IN, /IN)     | ±50mA                     |
| VREF-AC Current                         |                           |
| Source or Sink Current on (IVT)         | ±2mA                      |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 20s)       | 260°C                     |
| Storage Temperature (T <sub>S</sub> )   | 65°C to +150°C            |

## Operating Ratings<sup>(5)</sup>

| Supply Voltage Range (V <sub>IN</sub> )   | +2.375V to +2.675V |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Ambient Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )     | 40°C to +85°C      |
| Package Thermal Resistance <sup>(6)</sup> |                    |
| QFN                                       |                    |
| $(\theta_{JA})$ Still-Air                 | 60°C/W             |
| (Ψ <sub>JB</sub> )                        | 32°C/W             |

## DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

| Symbol               | Parameter                                  | Condition                          | Min.                    | Тур.                    | Max.                    | Units |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>      | Power Supply                               |                                    | 2.375                   | 2.5                     | 2.625                   | V     |
| I <sub>CC</sub>      | Power Supply Current                       | No load, maximum V <sub>CC</sub> . |                         | 75                      | 100                     | mA    |
| R <sub>IN</sub>      | Input Resistance (IN-to-VT)                |                                    | 45                      | 50                      | 55                      | Ω     |
| R <sub>DIFF_IN</sub> | Differential Input Resistance (IN-to-/IN)  |                                    | 90                      | 100                     | 110                     | Ω     |
| V <sub>IH</sub>      | Input HIGH Voltage (IN, /IN)               |                                    | 0.1                     |                         | V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3    | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub>      | Input LOW Voltage (IN, /IN)                |                                    | -0.3                    |                         | V <sub>IH</sub> -0.1    | V     |
| V <sub>IN</sub>      | Input Voltage Swing (IN, /IN)              | See Figure 4.                      | 0.1                     |                         | Vcc                     | V     |
| V <sub>DIFF_IN</sub> | Differential Input Voltage Swing  IN - /IN | See Figure 5.                      | 0.2                     |                         |                         | V     |
| I <sub>IN</sub>      | Input Current (IN, /IN)                    | Note 8                             |                         |                         | 45                      | mA    |
| V <sub>REF-AC</sub>  | Output Reference Voltage                   |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.525 | V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.425 | V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.325 | V     |

#### Notes:

- 4. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 5. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
- Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential on the PCB. ψ<sub>JB</sub> and θ<sub>JA</sub> values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air number, unless otherwise stated.
- 7. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.
- 8. Due to the internal termination the input current depends on the applied voltages at IN, /IN and VT inputs. Do not apply a combination of voltages that causes the input current to exceed the maximum limit!

## LVDS Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.5V ±5%,  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the outputs;  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C.

| Symbol                | Parameter                         | Condition     | Min.  | Тур. | Max.  | Units |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| V <sub>OUT</sub>      | Output Voltage Swing              | See Figure 4. | 250   | 325  |       | mV    |
| V <sub>DIFF_OUT</sub> | Differential Output Voltage Swing | See Figure 5. | 500   | 650  |       | mV    |
| V <sub>OCM</sub>      | Output Common Mode Voltage        |               | 1.125 |      | 1.275 | V     |
| Δ V <sub>OCM</sub>    | Change in Common Mode Voltage     |               | -50   |      | 50    | mV    |

## LVTTL/CMOS DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

 $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C.

| Symbol          | Parameter          | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max.            | Units |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------------|-------|
| V <sub>IH</sub> | Input HIGH Voltage |           | 2.0  |      | V <sub>CC</sub> | V     |
| $V_{IL}$        | Input LOW Voltage  |           | 0    |      | 0.8             | V     |
| I <sub>IH</sub> | Input HIGH Current |           | -125 |      | 30              | μA    |
| I <sub>IL</sub> | Input LOW Current  |           | -300 |      |                 | μA    |

## AC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(9)</sup>

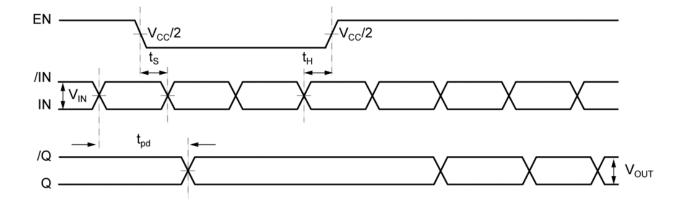
 $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $3.3V \pm 10\%$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$  across the outputs;  $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C unless otherwise stated.

| Symbol                          | Parameter                     |               | Condition                                            | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| f <sub>MAX</sub>                | Maximum Freque                | ency          | V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 200mV                             | 2.0  | 2.5  |      | GHz   |
| +                               | Propagation Dela              | ay IN-to-Q    | V <sub>IN</sub> < 400mV                              | 370  | 470  | 570  | ps    |
| t <sub>pd</sub>                 |                               |               | V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 400mV                              | 300  | 410  | 500  | ps    |
| 4                               | Within-Device SI              | kew           | Note 10                                              |      | 5    | 20   | ps    |
| t <sub>SKEW</sub>               | Part-to-Part Ske              | w             | Note 11                                              |      |      | 200  | ps    |
| ts                              | Set-Up Time                   | EN to IN, /IN | Note 12                                              | 300  |      |      | ps    |
| t <sub>H</sub>                  | Hold Time                     | EN to IN, /IN | Note 12                                              | 500  |      |      | ps    |
| 4                               |                               |               | Carrier = 622MHz<br>Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz |      | 81   |      | fs    |
| <b>t</b> JITTER                 | Additive Phase J              | muer          | Carrier = 250MHz<br>Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz |      | 195  |      | fs    |
| t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub> | Output Rise/Fall (20% to 80%) | Times         | At full output swing.                                | 70   | 150  | 200  | ps    |

#### Notes:

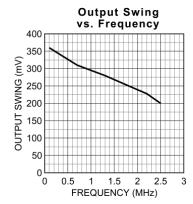
- 9. High-frequency AC parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 10. Within device skew is measured between two different outputs under identical input transitions.
- 11. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and no skew at the edges at the respective inputs.
- 12. Set-up and hold times apply to synchronous applications that intend to enable/disable before the next clock cycle. For asynchronous applications, set-up and hold times do not apply.

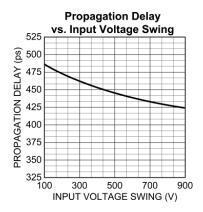
## **Timing Diagram**



## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

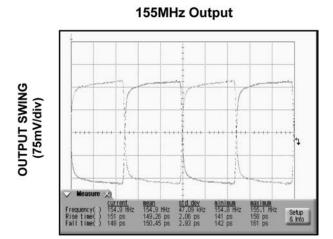
 $V_{CC}$  = 2.5V, GND = 0V,  $V_{IN}$  = 400mV,  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the outputs;  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise stated.



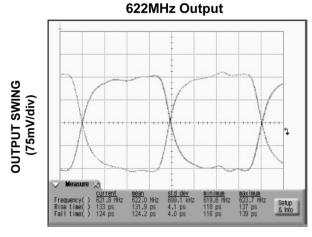


### **Functional Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.5V, GND = 0V,  $V_{IN}$  = 400mV,  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the outputs;  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise stated.

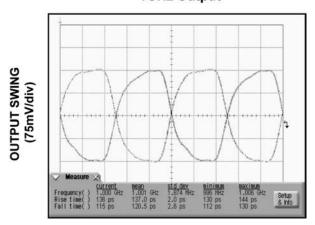


Time (1.3ns/div)



Time (200ps/div)

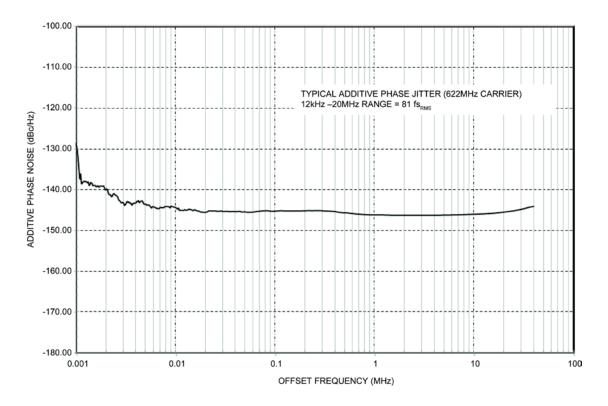


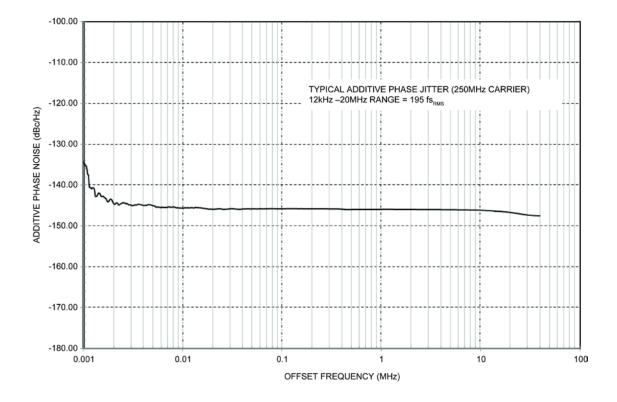


Time (200ps/div)

### **Additive Phase Noise Plots**

 $V_{CC}=+3.3V,\,GND=0,\,T_A=25^{\circ}C$ 





### **Input Stage**

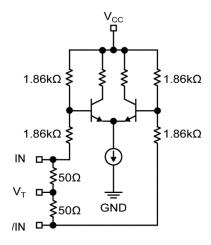


Figure 1. Simplified Differential Input Buffer

### **LVDS Outputs**

LVDS specifies a small swing of 325mV typical, on a nominal 1.2V common-mode above ground.

The common-mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in ground noise between an LVDS driver and receiver.

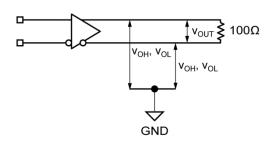


Figure 2. LVDS Differential Measurement

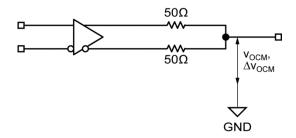


Figure 3. LVDS Common Mode Measurement

## **Single-Ended and Differential Swings**

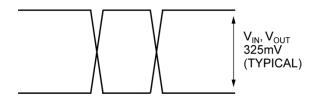


Figure 4. Single-Ended Swing

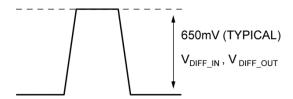


Figure 5. Differential Swing

## **Input Interface Applications**

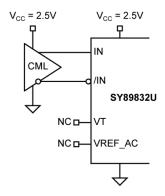


Figure 6. DC-Coupled CML Input Interface

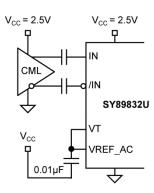


Figure 7. AC-Coupled CML Input Interface

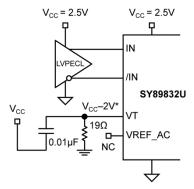


Figure 8. DC-Coupled LVPECL Input Interface

(\*Bypass with 0.01µF to GND)

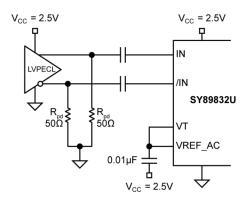


Figure 9. AC-Coupled LVPECL Input Interface

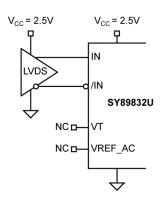


Figure 10. LVDS Input Interface

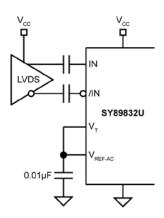
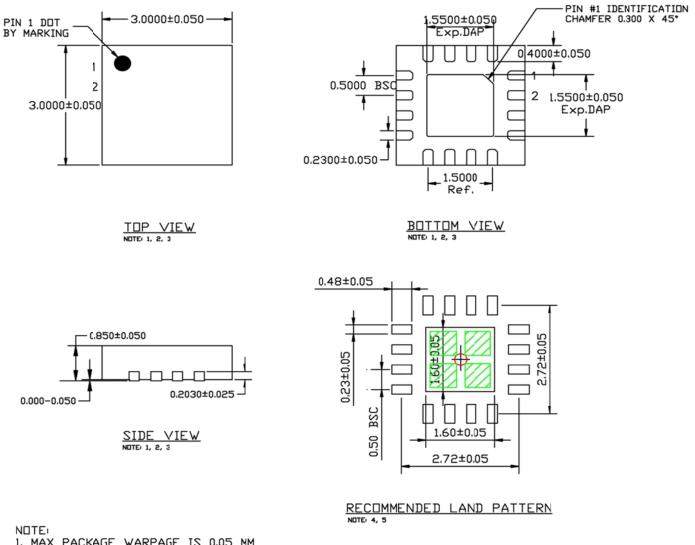


Figure 11. AC-Coupled LVDS Input Interface

## Package Information and Recommended Land Pattern<sup>(13)</sup>



- 1. MAX PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 MM
- IN ALL DIRECTIONS
- 2. MAX ALLOWABLE BURR IS 0.076MM IN ALL 3. PIN #1 IS ON TOP WILL BE LASER MARKED
- RED CIRCLE IN LAND PATTERN INDICATE THERMAL VIA. SIZE SHOULD BE 0.30-0.3M IN DIAMETER AND SHOULD BE CONNECTED TO GND FOR MAX THERMAL PERFORMANCE 5, GREEN RECTANGLES (SHADED AREA) indicate SOLDER STENCIL OPENING ON EXPOSED PAD AREA. SIZE SHOULD BE

0.60×0.60 MM IN SIZE, 0.20 MM SPACING.

#### 16-Pin 3mm × 3mm QFN (MM)

#### Note:

13. Package information is correct as of the publication date. For updates and most current information, go to <a href="www.micrel.com">www.micrel.com</a>.

#### MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB http://www.micrel.com

Micrel, Inc. is a leading global manufacturer of IC solutions for the worldwide high-performance linear and power, LAN, and timing & communications markets. The Company's products include advanced mixed-signal, analog & power semiconductors; high-performance communication, clock management, MEMs-based clock oscillators & crystal-less clock generators, Ethernet switches, and physical layer transceiver ICs. Company customers include leading manufacturers of enterprise, consumer, industrial, mobile, telecommunications, automotive, and computer products. Corporation headquarters and state-of-the-art wafer fabrication facilities are located in San Jose, CA, with regional sales and support offices and advanced technology design centers situated throughout the Americas, Europe, and Asia. Additionally, the Company maintains an extensive network of distributors and reps worldwide.

Micrel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the information furnished in this datasheet. This information is not intended as a warranty and Micrel does not assume responsibility for its use. Micrel reserves the right to change circuitry, specifications and descriptions at any time without notice. No license, whether express, implied, arising by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Micrel's terms and conditions of sale for such products, Micrel assumes no liability whatsoever, and Micrel disclaims any express or implied warranty relating to the sale and/or use of Micrel products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright, or other intellectual property right.

Micrel Products are not designed or authorized for use as components in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of a product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems that (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A Purchaser's use or sale of Micrel Products for use in life support appliances, devices or systems is a Purchaser's own risk and Purchaser agrees to fully indemnify Micrel for any damages resulting from such use or sale.

© 2005 Micrel, Incorporated.