PD - 91556A

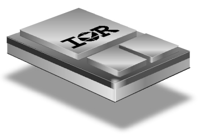
International
IOR Rectifier

IRFNG50
1000V, N-CHANNEL
HEXFET® MOSFET TECHNOLOGY

POWER MOSFET
SURFACE MOUNT (SMD-1)

Product Summary

Part Number	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_D
IRFNG50	2.0Ω	5.5A



SMD-1

HEXFET® MOSFET technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry design achieves very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance. HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and electrical parameter temperature stability. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, high energy pulse circuits, and virtually any application where high reliability is required. The HEXFET transistor's totally isolated package eliminates the need for additional isolating material between the device and the heatsink. This improves thermal efficiency and reduces drain capacitance.

Features:

- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Electrically Isolated
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Surface mount
- Light-weight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter		Units
I_D @ V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	5.5	A
I_D @ V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	3.5	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	22	
P_D @ T_C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	150	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	860	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	5.5	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	15	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	1.0	V/ns
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
	Package Mounting Surface Temperature	300(for 5 seconds)	
	Weight	2.6 (Typical)	g

For footnotes refer to the last page

Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	1000	—	—	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0mA
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.4	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I_D = 1.0mA
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	2.0	Ω	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 3.5A ④
		—	—	2.25		V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 5.5A
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250μA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	5.2	—	—	S (℧)	V_{DS} > 15V, I_{DS} = 3.5A ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	V_{DS}= 800V ,V_{GS}=0V
		—	—	250		V_{DS} = 800V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125°C
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		V_{GS} = -20V
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	200	nC	V_{GS} =10V, I_D =5.5A V_{DS} = 400V ⑤
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	20		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	110		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	30	ns	V_{DD} = 400V, I_D = 5.5A, V_{GS} =10V, R_G = 2.35Ω ⑤
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	44		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	210		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	60		
$L_S + L_D$	Total Inductance	—	4.0	—	nH	Measured from the center of drain pad to center of source pad.
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	2400	—	pF	V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V f = 1.0MHz
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	240	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	80	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	5.5	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	22		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	T_j = 25°C, I_S = 5.5A, V_{GS} = 0V ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	1200	nS	T_j = 25°C, I_F = 5.5A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs V_{DD} ≤ 50V ④
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	8.4	μC	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L_S + L_D.				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.83	°C/W	

For footnotes refer to the last page

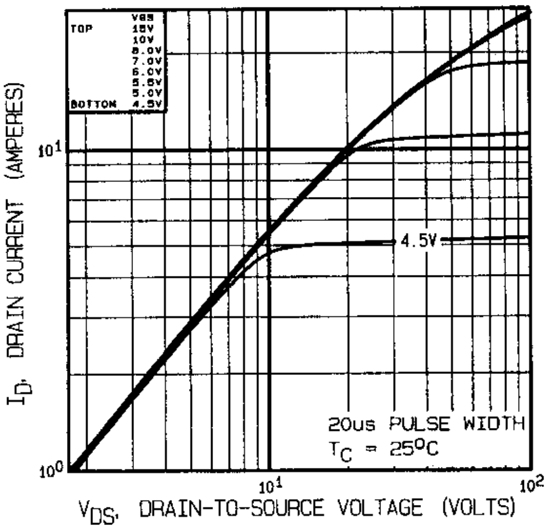


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

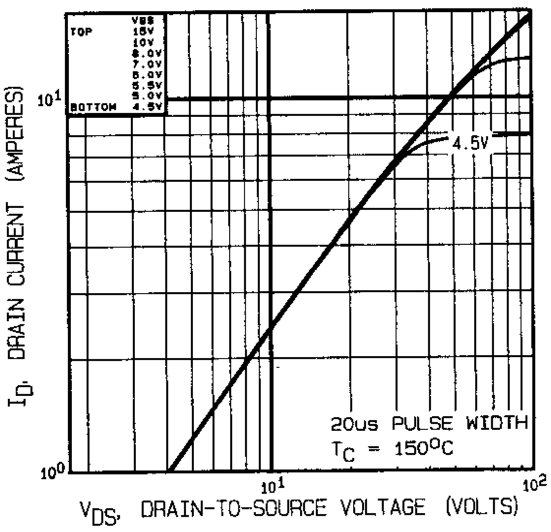


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

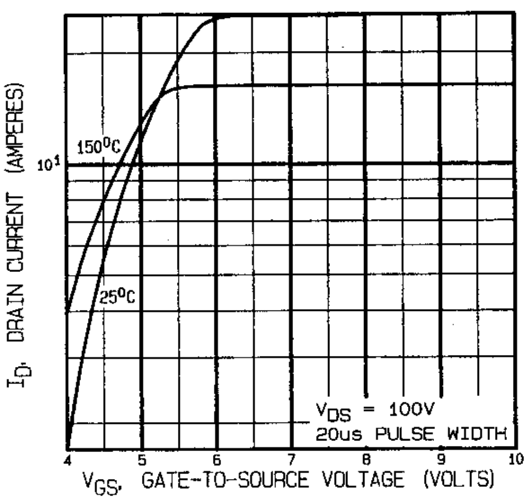


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

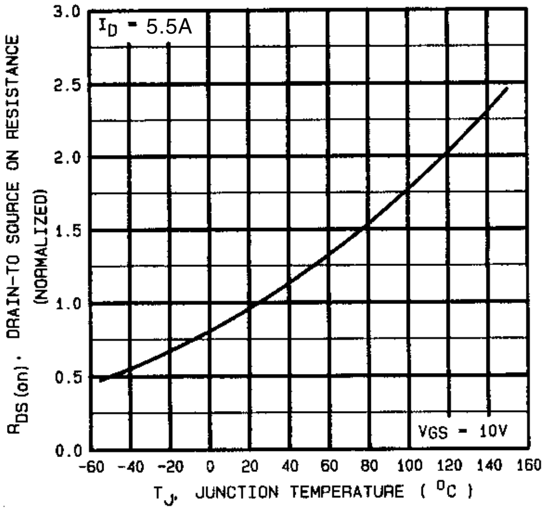


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance
Vs. Temperature

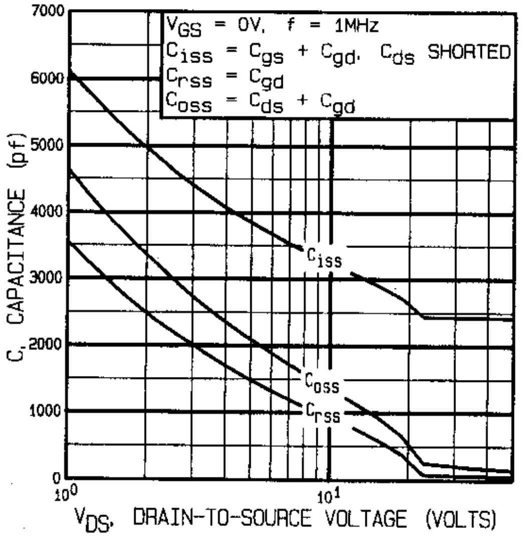


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

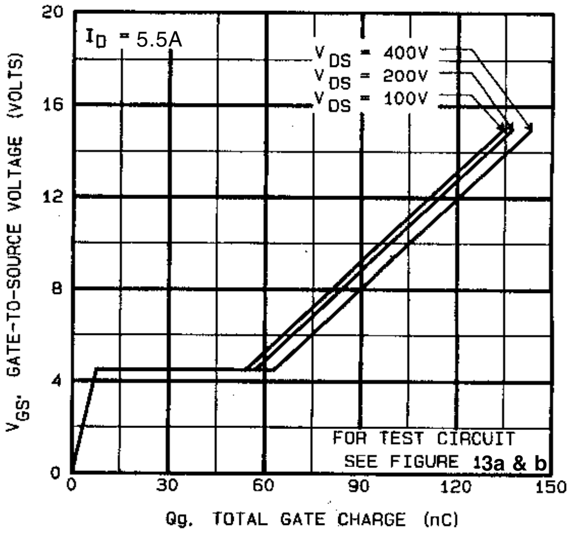


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

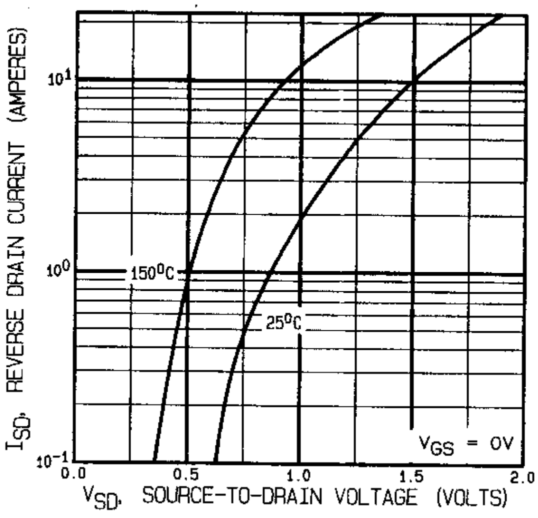


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

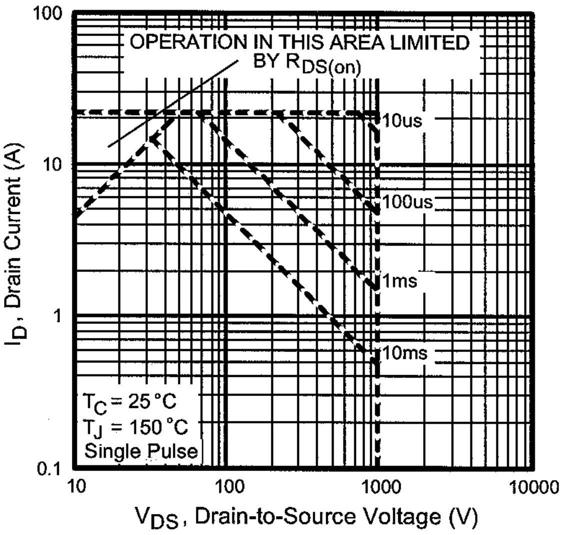


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

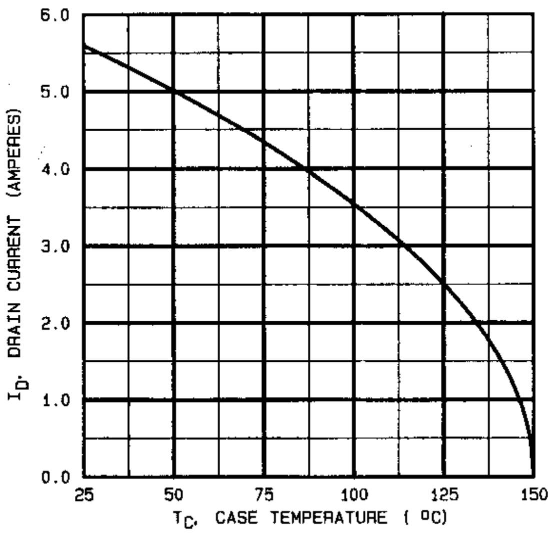


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

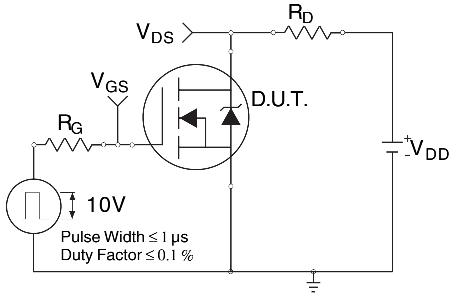


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

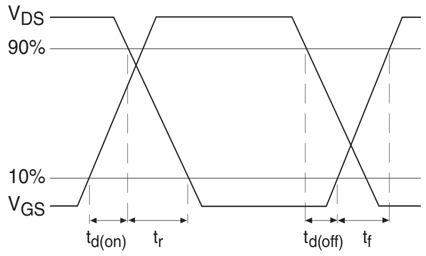


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

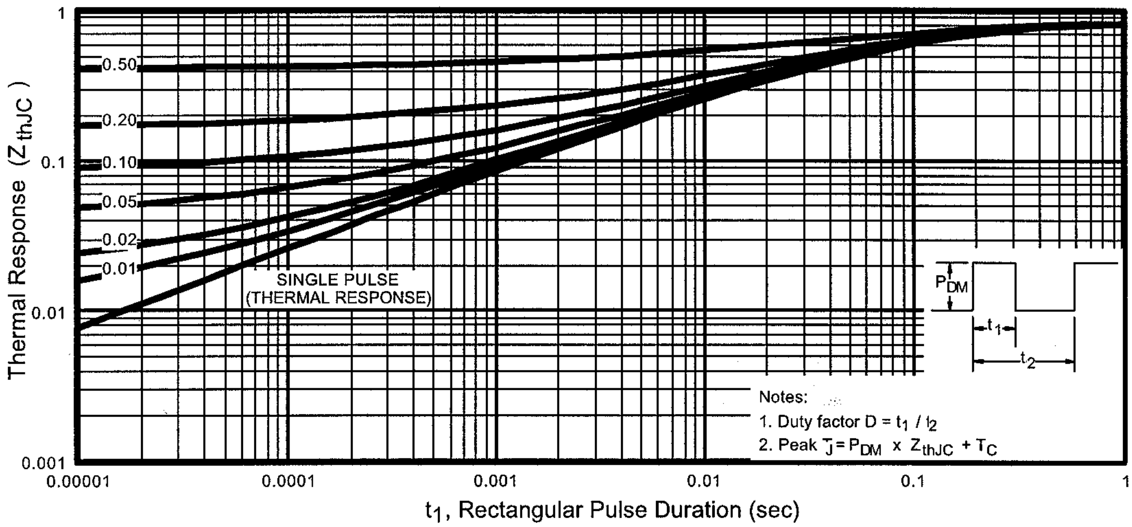


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

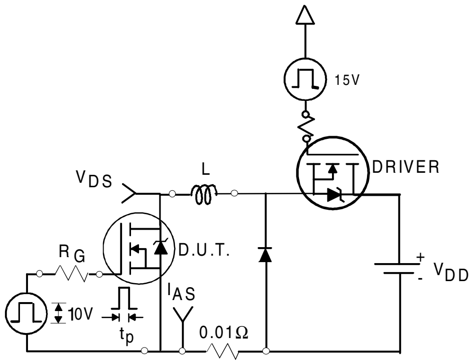


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

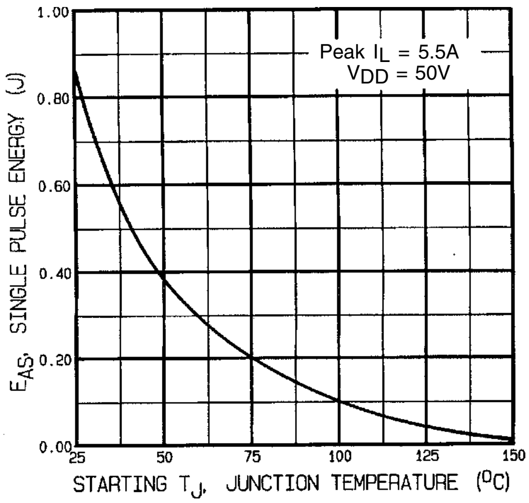


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

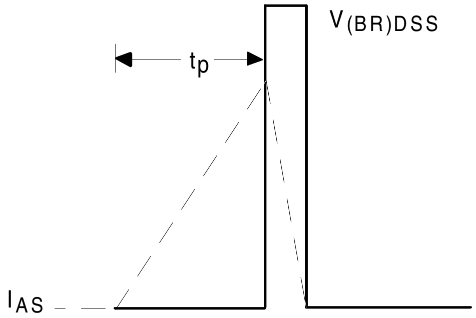


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

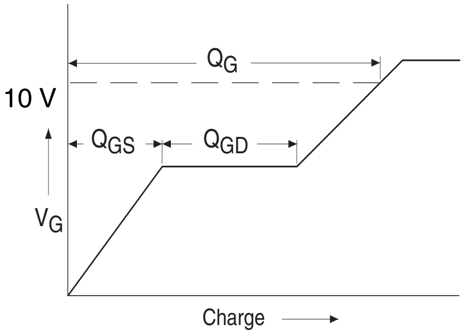


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

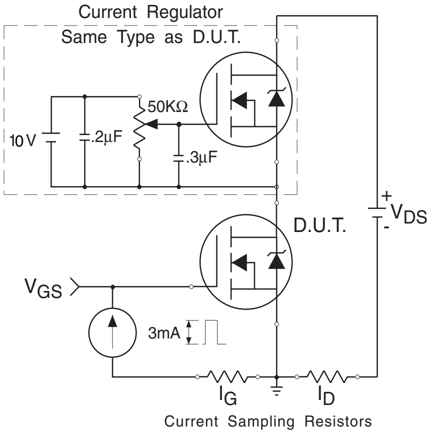


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Footnotes:

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

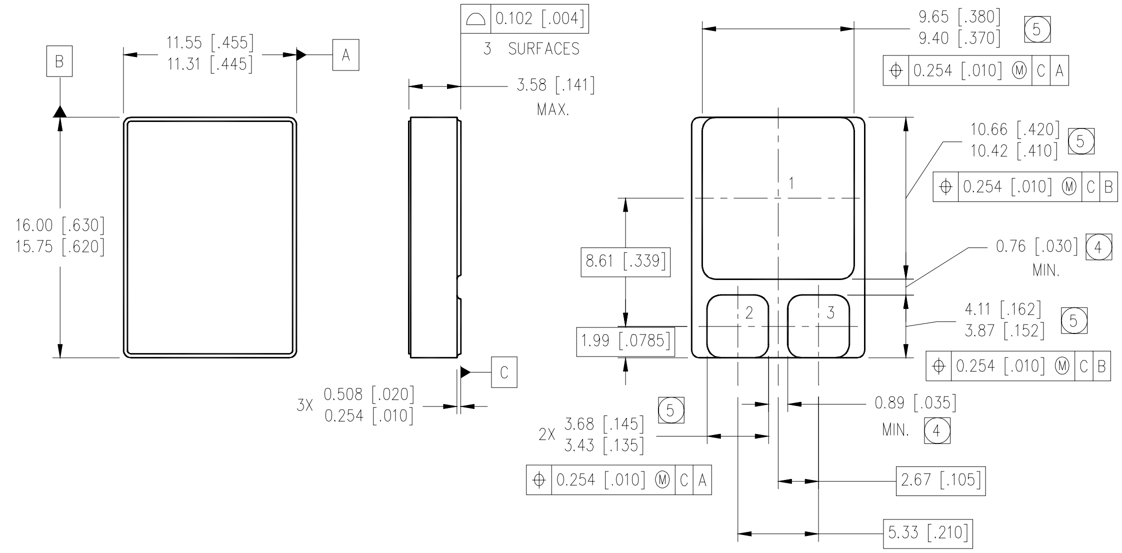
② V_{DD} = 50V, starting T_J = 25°C, L= 56mH
Peak I_L = 5.5A, V_{GS} = 10V

③ $I_{SD} \leq 5.5A$, $di/dt \leq 120A/\mu s$,
$V_{DD} \leq 1000V$, $T_J \leq 150°C$

④ Pulse width ≤ 300 µs; Duty Cycle ≤ 2%

⑤ Equipment limitation

Case Outline and Dimensions — SMD-1



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M–1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].

④ DIMENSION INCLUDES METALLIZATION FLASH.

⑤ DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE METALLIZATION FLASH.

PAD ASSIGNMENTS
1- DRAIN
2- GATE
3- SOURCE

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Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 02/02