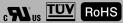
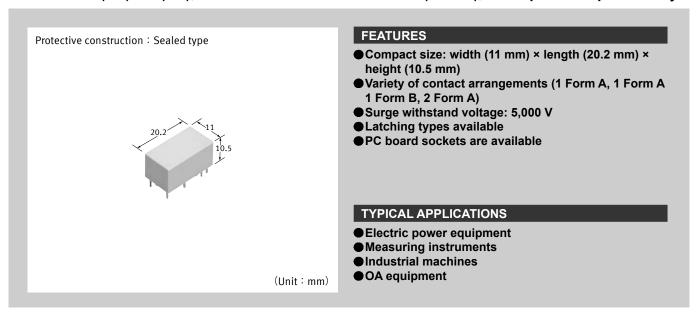
Panasonic INDUSTRY

Power relays (Over 2 A)

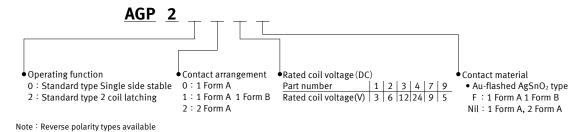




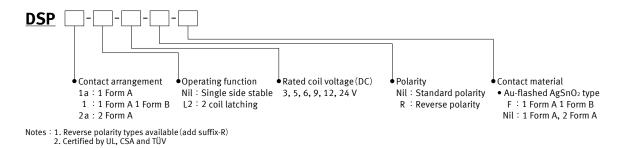
1 Form A 8 A (AC) 5 A (DC), 1 Form A 1 Form B/2 Form A 5 A (AC/DC), Small polarized power relays



ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO. : Ordering part number for Japanese market)



ORDERING INFORMATION (TYPE NO. : Ordering part number for non Japanese market)



2021.05 industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

TYPES

" Type No. " is ordering part number for non Japanese market. " Part No. " is ordering part number for Japanese market.

| Contact | Rated coil | Single si | de stable | 2 coil la | tching | Standard packing | |
|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| arrangement | voltage | Type No. | Part No. | Type No. | Part No. | Inner carton | Outer carton |
| | 3 V DC | DSP1a-DC3V | AGP2001 | DSP1a-L2-DC3V | AGP2201 | | |
| | 5 V DC | DSP1a-DC5V | AGP2009 | DSP1a-L2-DC5V | AGP2209 | | |
| 1 Form A | 6 V DC | DSP1a-DC6V | AGP2002 | DSP1a-L2-DC6V | AGP2202 | | |
| 1 Form A | 9 V DC | DSP1a-DC9V | AGP2007 | DSP1a-L2-DC9V | AGP2207 | | |
| | 12 V DC | DSP1a-DC12V | AGP2003 | DSP1a-L2-DC12V | AGP2203 | | 500 pcs. |
| | 24 V DC | DSP1a-DC24V | AGP2004 | DSP1a-L2-DC24V | AGP2204 | 50 pcs. | |
| | 3 V DC | DSP1-DC3V-F | AGP2011F | DSP1-L2-DC3V-F | AGP2211F | | |
| | 5 V DC | DSP1-DC5V-F | AGP2019F | DSP1-L2-DC5V-F | AGP2219F | | |
| 1 Form A | 6 V DC | DSP1-DC6V-F | AGP2012F | DSP1-L2-DC6V-F | AGP2212F | | |
| 1 Form B | 9 V DC | DSP1-DC9V-F | AGP2017F | DSP1-L2-DC9V-F | AGP2217F | | |
| | 12 V DC | DSP1-DC12V-F | AGP2013F | DSP1-L2-DC12V-F | AGP2213F | | |
| | 24 V DC | DSP1-DC24V-F | AGP2014F | DSP1-L2-DC24V-F | AGP2214F | | |
| | 3 V DC | DSP2a-DC3V | AGP2021 | DSP2a-L2-DC3V | AGP2221 | | |
| | 5 V DC | DSP2a-DC5V | AGP2029 | DSP2a-L2-DC5V | AGP2229 | | |
| 2 Farms A | 6 V DC | DSP2a-DC6V | AGP2022 | DSP2a-L2-DC6V | AGP2222 | | |
| 2 Form A | 9 V DC | DSP2a-DC9V | AGP2027 | DSP2a-L2-DC9V | AGP2227 | | |
| | 12 V DC | DSP2a-DC12V | AGP2023 | DSP2a-L2-DC12V | AGP2223 | | |
| | 24 V DC | DSP2a-DC24V | AGP2024 | DSP2a-L2-DC24V | AGP2224 | | |

Note: Reverse polarity type (AGP9***) are manufactured by lot upon receipt of order.

For the sockets, please refer to the "PC board sockets".

RATING

■Coil data

• Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.

Therefore, please use the relay within ±5% of rated coil voltage.

• 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

Single side stable

| | | , | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------|-----------|
| Rated coil voltage | Operate voltage* (at 20 °C) | Release voltage* (at 20 °C) | Rated operating current (±10%, at 20 °C) | Coil resistance (±10%, at 20 °C) | Rated operating power | Max. allowable voltage (at 20 °C) | | |
| 3 V DC | | | 100 mA | 30 Ω | | | | |
| 5 V DC | | oltage rated coil voltage | 60.2 mA | 83 Ω | | | | |
| 6 V DC | Max. 80% V of | | | | 50 mA | 120 Ω | 300 mW | 130% V of |
| 9 V DC | rated coil voltage (Initial) | | 33.3 mA | 270 Ω | 300 11100 | rated coil voltage | | |
| 12 V DC | , | , , | 25 mA | 480 Ω | | | | |
| 24 V DC | | | 12.5 mA | 1,920 Ω | | | | |

^{*}square, pulse drive

2 coil latching

| Rated coil voltage | Set voltage* (at 20 °C) | Reset voltage* (at 20 °C) | cur | perating rent at 20 °C) | | sistance at 20 °C) | Rated oper | ating power | Max. allowable voltage (at 20 °C) | |
|--------------------|--|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|---|-----------|
| | | | Set coil | Reset coil | Set coil | Reset coil | Set coil | Reset coil | (4120 0) | |
| 3 V DC | | | 100 mA | 100 mA | 30 Ω | 30 Ω | | | | |
| 5 V DC | | | 60.2 mA | 60.2 mA | 83 Ω | 83 Ω | | | | |
| 6 V DC | Max. 80% V of rated coil voltage (Initial) Max. 80% V of rated coil voltage (Initial) | | | 50 mA | 50 mA | 120 Ω | 120 Ω | 300 mW | 300 mW | 130% V of |
| 9 V DC | | 33.3 mA | 33.3 mA | 270 Ω | 270 Ω | 300 11100 | 300 11100 | rated coil voltage | | |
| 12 V DC | | , | 25 mA | 25 mA | 480 Ω | 480 Ω | | | | |
| 24 V DC | | | 12.5 mA | 12.5 mA | 1,920 Ω | 1,920 Ω | | | | |

^{*}square, pulse drive

■ Specifications

| | Item | Specifications | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Contact arrangement | 1 Form A | 1 Form A 1 Form B | 2 Form A | | | | |
| | Contact resistance (initial) | Max. 30 mΩ (by voltage drop 6 V D0 | Max. 30 m Ω (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A) | | | | | |
| | Contact material | Au-flashed AgSnO₂ type | | | | | | |
| Contact data | Contact rating (resistive) | 3 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC | | | | | | |
| Contact data | Max. switching power (resistive) | 2,000 VA, 150 W | 2,000 VA, 150 W 1,250 VA, 150 W | | | | | |
| | Max. switching voltage | 250 V AC, 125 V DC (0.2A) | | | | | | |
| | Max. switching current | 8 A (AC), 5 A (DC) | 5 A (AC, DC) | | | | | |
| | Min. switching load (reference value) *1 | 10 mA 5 V DC | 10 mA 5 V DC | | | | | |
| Insulation resista | nce (initial) | Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.) | | | | | | |
| | Between open contacts | 1,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current:10 mA) | | | | | | |
| Dielectric strength (initial) | Between contact sets | - 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA) | | | | | | |
| ou origin (initial) | Between contact and coil | 3,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA) | | | | | | |
| Surge withstand voltage (initial) *2 | Between contact and coil | 5,000 V | | | | | | |
| Time | Operate (Set) time | Max. 10 ms (Max. 10 ms) at rated coil voltage (at 20 °C, without bounce) | | | | | | |
| characteristics (initial) | Release (Reset) time | Max. 5 ms (Max. 10 ms) at rated coil voltage (at 20 °C, without bounce, without diode) | | | | | | |
| Shock | Functional | 196 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs) | | | | | | |
| resistance | Destructive | 980 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 6 ms) | | | | | | |
| Vibration | Functional | 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 2 | 2 mm, detection time: 10 µs) | | | | | |
| resistance | Destructive | 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 3.5 mm) | | | | | | |
| Expected life | Mechanical life | Min. 50 x 10 ⁶ (switching frequency: 180 times/min) | | | | | | |
| Conditions Conditions for usage, transport and storage*3 | | Ambient temperature: -40 to +60 °C Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) | Ambient temperature: -40 to +65 °C Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) | Ambient temperature: -40 to +60 °C Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) | | | | |
| Unit weight | | Approx. 4.5 g | | | | | | |

^{*1} This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. *2 Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50 µs according to JEC-212-1981 *3 For ambient temperature, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

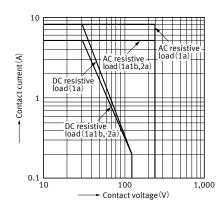
■Expected electrical life

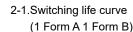
Conditions: Resistive load, switching frequency 20 times/min

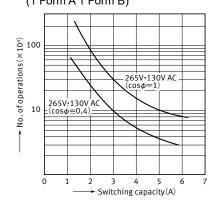
| Туре | Rated switching capacity | Number of operations | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 Form A | 8 A 250 V AC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |
| I FOIII A | 5 A 30 V DC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |
| 1 Form A 1 Form B | 5 A 250 V AC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |
| I FOIII A I FOIII B | 5 A 30 V DC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |
| 2 Form A | 5 A 250 V AC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |
| 2 Form A | 5 A 30 V DC | Min. 100 x 10 ³ | | | | | |

REFERENCE DATA

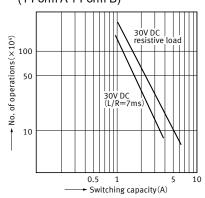






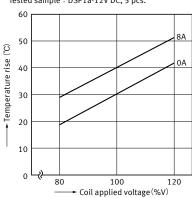


2-2.Switching life curve (1 Form A 1 Form B)



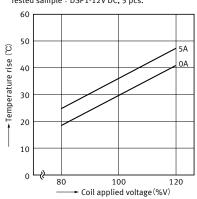
3-1.Coil temperature characteristics (1 Form A: Average)

Tested sample: DSP1a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



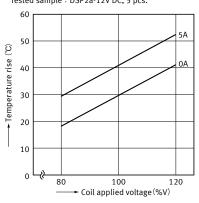
3-2.Coil temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B: Average)

Tested sample: DSP1-12V DC, 5 pcs.



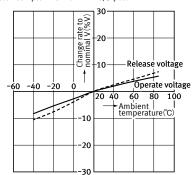
3-3.Coil temperature characteristics (2 Form A: Average)

Tested sample: DSP2a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



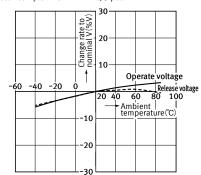
4-1.Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A: Average)

Tested sample: DSP1a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



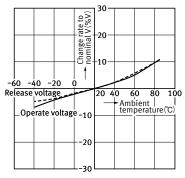
4-2.Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B: Average)

Tested sample: DSP1-12V DC, 5 pcs.



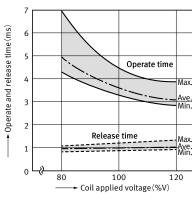
4-3.Ambient temperature characteristics (2 Form A: Average)

Tested sample: DSP2a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



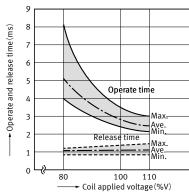
5-1.Operate and release time (without diode: 1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



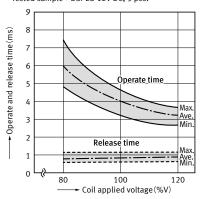
5-2.Operate and release time (without diode:1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-12V DC, 5 pcs.



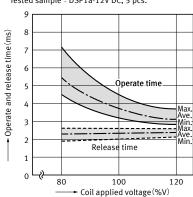
5-3. Operate and release time (without diode: 2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



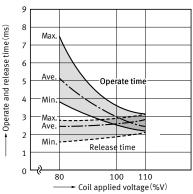
5-4.Operate and release time (with diode: 1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



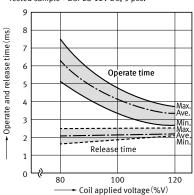
5-5.Operate and release time (with diode: 1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-12V DC, 5 pcs.



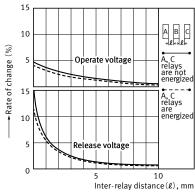
5-6.Operate and release time (with diode: 2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



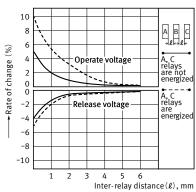
6-1.Influence of proximity mounting (1 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP1a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



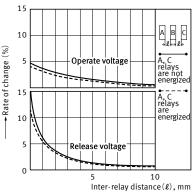
6-2.Influence of proximity mounting (1 Form A 1 Form B)

Tested sample: DSP1-12V DC, 5 pcs.



6-3.Influence of proximity mounting (2 Form A)

Tested sample: DSP2a-12V DC, 5 pcs.



DIMENSIONS

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

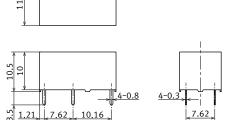
■1 Form A

Single side stable

CAD

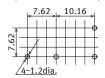


External dimensions



General tolerance ± 0.3

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ±0.1

Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (De-energize)



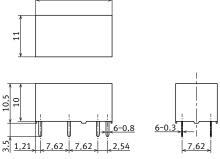
Power relays (Over 2 A) DS POWER RELAYS

●2 coil latching

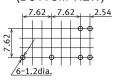




External dimensions



Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ± 0.1

(BOTTOM VIEW) (Reset)

Schematic

150160

General tolerance ± 0.3

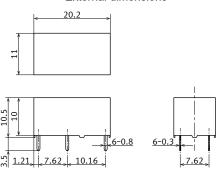
■1 Form A 1 Form B

Single side stable





External dimensions



General tolerance ± 0.3

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ±0.1

Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (De-energize)

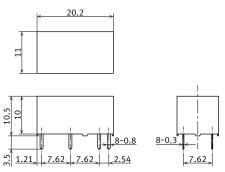


2 coil latching

CAD

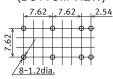


External dimensions



General tolerance ± 0.3

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ± 0.1

Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (Reset)

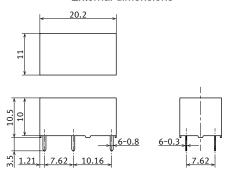
■2 Form A

● Single side stable





External dimensions



General tolerance ± 0.3

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ±0.1

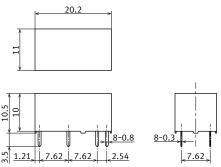
Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (De-energize)

2 coil latching



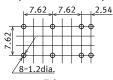


External dimensions



General tolerance ± 0.3

Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance ± 0.1

Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW) (Reset)



SAFETY STANDARDS

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information.

■UL/C-UL (Recognized)

1 Form A

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|----------|----------------------|--|--|
| | 8 A 125, 250 V AC | | |
| E42020 | 5 A 30 V DC R | | |
| E43028 | 1/4 HP 125, 250 V AC | | |
| | B300 | | |

1 Form A 1 Form B

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 5 A 125, 250 V AC | | |
| F40000 | 5 A 30 V DC R | | |
| E43028 | 1/4 HP 125, 250 V AC | | |
| | 30W Max.:1A 30V DC - 0.24 A 125 V DC | | |

2 Form A

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | 5 A 125, 250 V AC | | |
| E43028 | 5 A 30 V DC R | | |
| | 1/10 HP 125, 250 V AC | | |

■CSA (Certified)

CSA standard certified by C-UL

Power relays (Over 2 A) DS POWER RELAYS

■TÜV (Certified)

1 Form A

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 8 A 250 V AC (cosφ=1.0) | | |
| B 18 03 13461 370 | 5 A 250 V AC (cosφ=0.4) | | |
| | 5 A 30 V DC (0 ms) | | |

1 Form A 1 Form B

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 5 A 250 V AC (cosφ=1.0) | | |
| B 18 03 13461 370 | 5 A 30 V DC (0 ms) | | |
| | 3 A 250 V AC (cosφ=0.4) | | |

2 Form A

| File No. | Contact rating | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 5 A 250 V AC (cosφ=1.0) | | |
| B 18 03 13461 370 | 5 A 30 V DC (0 ms) | | |
| | 3 A 250 V AC (cosφ=0.4) | | |

GUIDELINES FOR USAGE

■ For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

■ Cautions for usage of DS power relays

- Measurement of operate (set) and release (reset) voltages is done with terminals facing down.
- Please be careful when using this relay (1 Form A 1 Form B), because when it operates and releases, the N.O. and N.C. turn ON simultaneously, which can cause harm to the circuit.
- Set and reset pulse time

Regarding the set and reset pulse time of the latching type, for the purpose of reliable operation under ambient temperature fluctuations and different operating conditions, we recommend setting the coil applied set and reset pulse time to 25 ms or more at the rated coil voltage.

PC board sockets





SELECTOR CHART

| | Socket | 1 Form A | | 1 Form A, 1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Relay type | | Single side stable | 2 coil latching | Single side stable | 2 coil latching |
| 1 Form A | Single side stable | • | • | • | • |
| I FOITH A | 2 coil latching | - | • | - | • |
| 1 Form A 1 Form B | Single side stable | - | = | • | • |
| | 2 coil latching | - | = | - | • |
| 2 Form A | Single side stable | - | = | • | • |
| | 2 coil latching | = | = | - | • |

TYPES

| Product name | Single side stable | | 2 coil latching | | Standard packing | |
|---|--------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Inner carton | Outer carton |
| | Type No. | Part No. | Type No. | Part No. | | |
| 1 Form A | DSP1a-PS | AGP2800 | DSP1a-PSL2 | AGP2802 | | |
| 1 Form A, 1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A | DSP2a-PS | AGP2820 | DSP2a-PSL2 | AGP2822 | 50 pcs. | 500 pcs. |

RATING

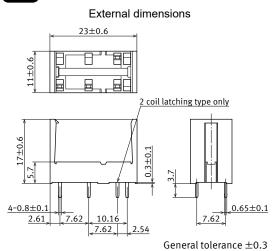
| Item | Specifications | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Dielectric strength (initial) | Each between terminal: 3,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current:10 mA) (Except for the portion between coil terminals, AGP2802 and AGP2822 applicable) | | |
| Insulation resistance (initial) | Each between terminal: Min. 1,000 M Ω (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.) | | |
| Maximum carrying current | 8 A (AGP2800, AGP2802) 5 A (AGP2820, AGP2822) | | |
| Conditions for usage, transport and storage | Ambient temperature: -40 to +65°C Humidity:5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) | | |

DIMENSIONS

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

CAD



Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)

1 Form A

2 coil latching type only

15 16

8 5 2 1

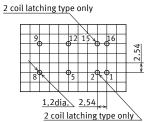
1.2dia. 2.54

2 coil latching type only

Tolerance ±0.1

Note: Terminal No.2 and 15 are for DSP1a-PSL2 only.

1 Form A, 1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A



2 coil latching type only

Tolerance ±0.1

Note: Terminal No.2 and 15 are for DSP2a-PSL2 only.

Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/} \\ \text{Downloaded from } \underline{\text{Arrow.com.}} \end{array}$

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ASCTB180E 202105

HANDLING

■ Mounting method of relay

1) Match the direction of relay and socket.



 Both ends of relays are fixed so tightly that the socket hooks on the top surface of relays.

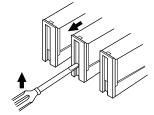


■Removing method of relay

 Remove the relay, applying force in the direction as shown in the figure.



2) In case there is not enough space for finger to pick relay up, use screw drivers in the way as shown in the figure.



3) Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur.

GUIDELINES FOR USAGE

- Do not remove or insert relays when they are energized.
- Do not install other brands of relays into these sockets.

GUIDELINES FOR POWER, HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF AND SAFETY RELAYS USAGE

■For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

■DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Ambient Environment

■Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

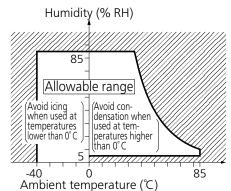
Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa



Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

Icino

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

●Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/ or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

GUIDELINES FOR POWER, HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF AND SAFETY RELAYS USAGE

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Others

■ Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature
 of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).
 Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may
 cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to
 ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

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