SN74AVCB164245
16-BIT DUAL-SUPPLY BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH CONFIGURABLE VOLTAGE TRANSLATION AND 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCES394D–JUNE 2002–REVISED JUNE 2005

FEATURES

- **Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family**
- **DOC™ Circuitry Dynamically Changes Output Impedance, Resulting in Noise Reduction Without Speed Degradation**
- **Dynamic Drive Capability Is Equivalent to Standard Outputs With I_{OH} and I_{OL} of ±24 mA at 2.5-V V_{CC}**
- **Control Inputs V_{IH}/V_{IL} Levels Are Referenced to V_{CCB} Voltage**
- **If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, Both Ports Are in the High-Impedance State**
- **Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs/Outputs Allow Mixed-Voltage-Mode Data Communications**
- **I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation**
- **Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over Full 1.4-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II**
- **ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22**
  - **2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)**
  - **200-V Machine Model (A115-A)**
  - **1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)**

DESCRIPTION

This 16-bit (dual-octal) noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA}. V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.4 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB}. V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.4 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVCB164245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ($\overline{OE}$) input can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The SN74AVCB164245 is designed so that the control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 1$\overline{OE}$, and 2$\overline{OE}$) are supplied by V_{CCB}.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, $\overline{OE}$ should be tied to V_{CCB} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. If either V_{CC} input is at GND, both ports are in the high-impedance state.

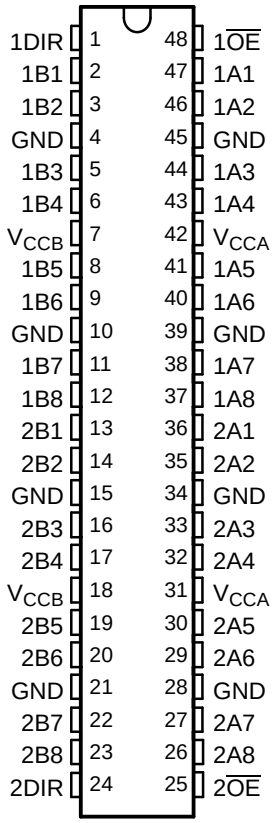
ORDERING INFORMATION

T_A	PACKAGE(1)		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–40°C to 85°C	FBGA – GRD	Tape and reel	74AVCB164245GRDR	WB4245
	FBGA – ZRD (Pb-Free)	Tape and reel	74AVCB164245ZRDR	
	TSSOP – DGG	Tape and reel	SN74AVCB164245GR	AVCB164245
	TVSOP – DGV	Tape and reel	SN74AVCB164245VR	WB4245
	VFBGA – GQL	Tape and reel	SN74AVCB164245KR	
	VFBGA – ZQL (Pb-Free)	Tape and reel	74AVCB164245ZQLR	WB4245

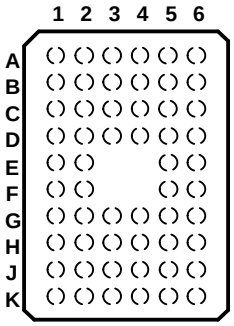
(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

DGG OR DGV PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



GQL OR ZQL PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

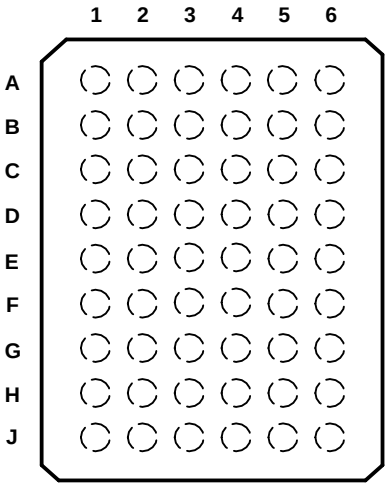


TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS
(56-Ball GQL/ZQL Package)(1)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	1DIR	NC	NC	NC	NC	$1\overline{OE}$
B	1B2	1B1	GND	GND	1A1	1A2
C	1B4	1B3	V_{CCB}	V_{CCA}	1A3	1A4
D	1B6	1B5	GND	GND	1A5	1A6
E	1B8	1B7			1A7	1A8
F	2B1	2B2			2A2	2A1
G	2B3	2B4	GND	GND	2A4	2A3
H	2B5	2B6	V_{CCB}	V_{CCA}	2A6	2A5
J	2B7	2B8	GND	GND	2A8	2A7
K	2DIR	NC	NC	NC	NC	$2\overline{OE}$

(1) NC - No internal connection

GRD OR ZRD PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS
(54-Ball GRD/ZRD Package)(1)

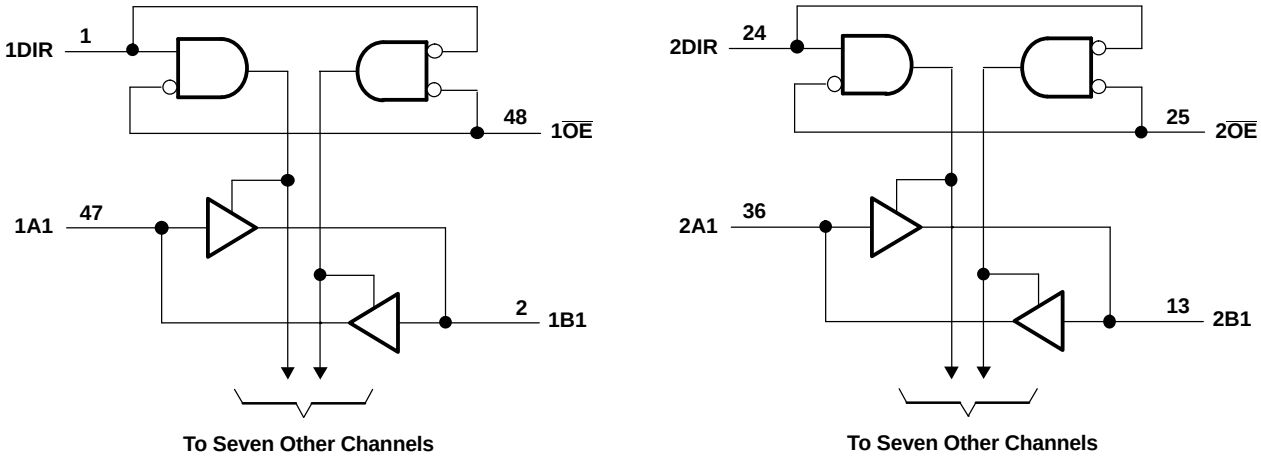
	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	1B1	NC	1DIR	$1\overline{OE}$	NC	1A1
B	1B3	1B2	NC	NC	1A2	1A3
C	1B5	1B4	V_{CCB}	V_{CCA}	1A4	1A5
D	1B7	1B6	GND	GND	1A6	1A7
E	2B1	1B8	GND	GND	1A8	2A1
F	2B3	2B2	GND	GND	2A2	2A3
G	2B5	2B4	V_{CCB}	V_{CCA}	2A4	2A5
H	2B7	2B6	NC	NC	2A6	2A7
J	2B8	NC	2DIR	$2\overline{OE}$	NC	2A8

(1) NC - No internal connection

FUNCTION TABLE
(EACH 8-BIT SECTION)

INPUTS		OPERATION
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	
L	L	B data to A bus
L	H	A data to B bus
H	X	Isolation

LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)



Pin numbers shown are for the DGG and DGV packages.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA} V_{CCB}	Supply voltage range		–0.5	4.6	V
V_I	Input voltage range(2)	I/O ports (A port)	–0.5	4.6	V
		I/O ports (B port)	–0.5	4.6	
		Control inputs	–0.5	4.6	
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state(2)	A port	–0.5	4.6	V
		B port	–0.5	4.6	
V_O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state(2)(3)	A port	–0.5	V_{CCA} + 0.5	V
		B port	–0.5	V_{CCB} + 0.5	
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	V_I < 0		–50	mA
I_{OK}	Output clamp current	V_O < 0		–50	mA
I_O	Continuous output current			50	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CCA}, V_{CCB}, or GND			100	mA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance(4)	DGG package		70	°C/W
		DGV package		58	
		GQL/ZQL package		28	
		GRD/ZRD package		36	
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
(3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6 V maximum if the output current rating is observed.
(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

Recommended Operating Conditions[1][2][3]

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			V_{CCI}	V_{CCO}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.4	3.6	V
V_{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.4	3.6	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.4 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.65$		V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.7		
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.4 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCI} \times 0.35$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Control inputs (referenced to V_{CCB})	1.4 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCB} \times 0.65$		V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.7		
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Control inputs (referenced to V_{CCB})	1.4 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCB} \times 0.35$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
V_I	Input voltage				0	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	Active state			0	V_{CCO}	V
		3-state			0	3.6	
I_{OH}	High-level output current			1.4 V to 1.6 V		–2	mA
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		–4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		–8	
				3 V to 3.6 V		–12	
I_{OL}	Low-level output current			1.4 V to 1.6 V		2	mA
				1.65 V to 1.95 V		4	
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		8	
				3 V to 3.6 V		12	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate					5	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature				–40	85	°C

(1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the data input port.
(2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the data output port.
(3) All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

Electrical Characteristics[1][2]

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CCA}	V_{CCB}	MIN	TYP[3]	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}		I_{OH} = –100 µA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.4 V to 3.6 V	V_{CCO} – 0.2			V
		I_{OH} = –2 mA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.4 V	1.4 V	1.05			
		I_{OH} = –4 mA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	1.65 V	1.65 V	1.2			
		I_{OH} = –8 mA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	2.3 V	2.3 V	1.75			
		I_{OH} = –12 mA	$V_I = V_{IH}$	3 V	3 V	2.3			
V_{OL}		I_{OH} = 100 µA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.4 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
		I_{OH} = 2 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.4 V	1.4 V			0.35	
		I_{OH} = 4 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	1.65 V	1.65 V			0.45	
		I_{OH} = 8 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	2.3 V	2.3 V			0.55	
		I_{OH} = 12 mA	$V_I = V_{IL}$	3 V	3 V			0.7	
I_I	Control inputs	$V_I = V_{CCB}$ or GND		1.4 V to 3.6 V	3.6 V			±2.5	µA
I_{off}	A port	V_I or V_O = 0 to 3.6 V		0 V	0 to 3.6 V			±10	µA
	B port			0 to 3.6 V	0 V			±10	
I_{OZ}[4]	A or B ports	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND, $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND	$\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$	3.6 V	3.6 V			±12.5	µA
	B port		$\overline{OE}$ = don't care	0 V	3.6 V			±12.5	
	A port			3.6 V	0 V			±12.5	
I_{CCA}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND,	I_O = 0	1.6 V	1.6 V			20	µA
				1.95 V	1.95 V			20	
				2.7 V	2.7 V			30	
				0 V	3.6 V			–40	
				3.6 V	0 V			40	
				3.6 V	3.6 V			40	
I_{CCB}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND,	I_O = 0	1.6 V	1.6 V			20	µA
				1.95 V	1.95 V			20	
				2.7 V	2.7 V			30	
				0 V	3.6 V			40	
				3.6 V	0 V			–40	
				3.6 V	3.6 V			40	
C_i	Control inputs	V_I = 3.3 V or GND		3.3 V	3.3 V		4		pF
C_{io}	A or B ports	V_O = 3.3 V or GND		3.3 V	3.3 V		5		pF

(1) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
(2) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
(3) All typical values are at T_A = 25°C.
(4) For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CCB} = 1.5 V 0.1 V		V_{CCB} = 1.8 V 0.15 V		V_{CCB} = 2.5 V 0.2 V		V_{CCB} = 3.3 V 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A	B	1.7	6.7	1.9	6.3	1.8	5.5	1.7	5.8	ns
	B	A	1.8	6.8	2.2	7.4	2.1	7.6	2.1	7.3	
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.5	8.4	2.4	7.4	2.1	5.2	1.9	4.2	ns
		B	2.1	9	2.9	9.8	3.2	10	3	9.8	
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.2	6.9	2.3	6.1	1.3	3.6	1.3	3	ns
		B	2.1	7.1	2.3	6.4	1.7	5.1	1.6	4.8	

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CCB} = 1.5 V 0.1 V		V_{CCB} = 1.8 V 0.15 V		V_{CCB} = 2.5 V 0.2 V		V_{CCB} = 3.3 V 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A	B	1.7	6.7	1.8	6	1.7	4.7	1.6	4.3	ns
	B	A	1.4	5.5	1.8	6	1.8	5.8	1.8	5.5	
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.6	8.5	2.5	7.5	2.2	5.3	1.9	4.2	ns
		B	1.8	7.6	2.6	7.7	2.6	7.6	2.6	7.4	
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.3	7	2.3	6.1	1.3	3.6	1.3	3	ns
		B	1.8	7	2.5	6.3	1.8	4.7	1.7	4.4	

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CCB} = 1.5 V 0.1 V		V_{CCB} = 1.8 V 0.15 V		V_{CCB} = 2.5 V 0.2 V		V_{CCB} = 3.3 V 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A	B	1.6	6	1.8	5.6	1.5	4	1.4	3.4	ns
	B	A	1.3	4.6	1.7	4.4	1.5	4	1.4	3.7	
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A	3.1	8.5	2.5	7.5	2.2	5.3	1.9	4.2	ns
		B	1.7	5.7	2.2	5.5	2.2	5.3	2.2	5.1	
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.4	7	3	6.1	1.4	3.6	1.2	3	ns
		B	1.2	5.8	1.9	5	1.4	3.6	1.3	3.3	

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CCB} = 1.5 V 0.1 V		V_{CCB} = 1.8 V 0.15 V		V_{CCB} = 2.5 V 0.2 V		V_{CCB} = 3.3 V 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A	B	1.5	5.9	1.7	5.4	1.5	3.7	1.4	3.1	ns
	B	A	1.3	4.5	1.6	3.8	1.5	3.3	1.4	3.1	
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.6	8.3	2.5	7.4	2.2	5.2	1.9	4.1	ns
		B	1.6	4.9	2	4.5	2	4.3	1.9	4.1	
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A	2.3	7	3	6	1.3	3.5	1.2	3.5	ns
		B	1.3	6.9	2.1	5.5	1.6	3.8	1.5	3.5	

Operating Characteristics

V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C_{pdA} (V_{CCA})	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver, A-port input, B-port output	Outputs enabled	C_L = 0, f = 10 MHz	14	pF
		Outputs disabled		7	
	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver, B-port input, A-port output	Outputs enabled		20	
		Outputs disabled		7	
C_{pdB} (V_{CCB})	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver, A-port input, B-port output	Outputs enabled	C_L = 0, f = 10 MHz	20	pF
		Outputs disabled		7	
	Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver, B-port input, A-port output	Outputs enabled		14	
		Outputs disabled		7	

Output Description

The DOC™ circuitry is implemented, which, during the transition, initially lowers the output impedance to effectively drive the load and, subsequently, raises the impedance to reduce noise. Figure 1 shows typical V_{OL} vs I_{OL} and V_{OH} vs I_{OH} curves to illustrate the output impedance and drive capability of the circuit. At the beginning of the signal transition, the DOC circuit provides a maximum dynamic drive that is equivalent to a high-drive standard-output device. For more information, refer to the TI application reports, *AVC Logic Family Technology and Applications*, literature number SCEA006, and *Dynamic Output Control (DOC™) Circuitry Technology and Applications*, literature number SCEA009.

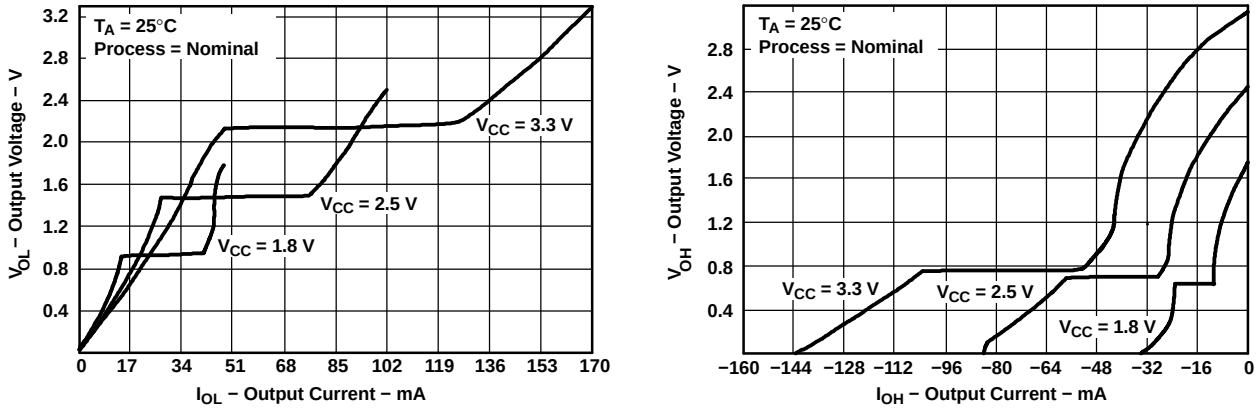
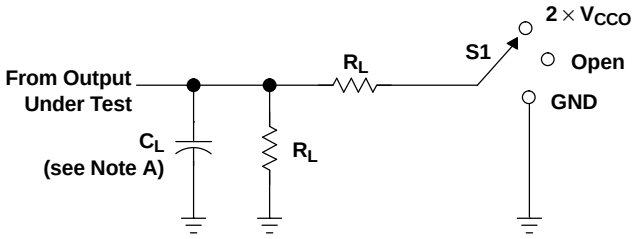


Figure 1. Typical Output Voltage vs Output Current

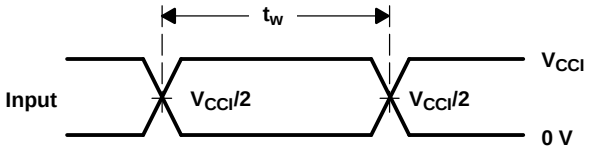
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



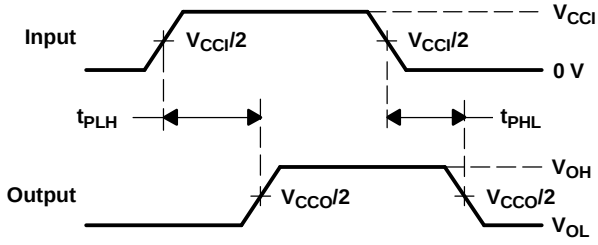
LOAD CIRCUIT

TEST	S1
t_{pd}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

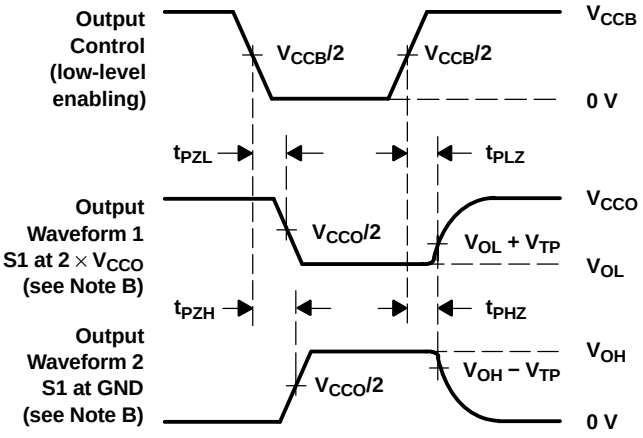
V_{CCO}	C_L	R_L	V_{TP}
1.5 V ± 0.1 V	15 pF	2 kΩ	0.1 V
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	30 pF	1 kΩ	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	30 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, dv/dt ≥ 1 V/ns.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74AVCB164245GRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVCB164245	Samples
SN74AVCB164245GR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	AVCB164245	Samples
SN74AVCB164245VR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WB4245	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AVCB164245 :

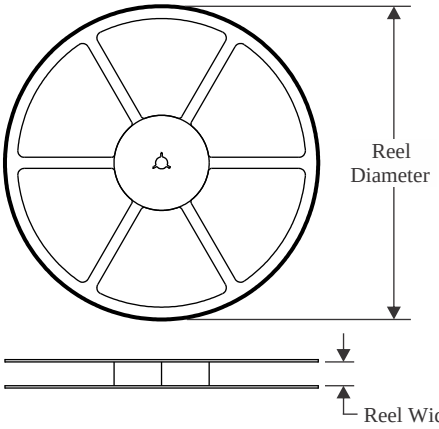
- Automotive : SN74AVCB164245-Q1
- Enhanced Product : SN74AVCB164245-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

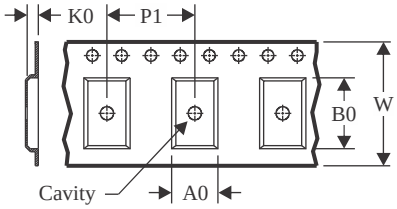
- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

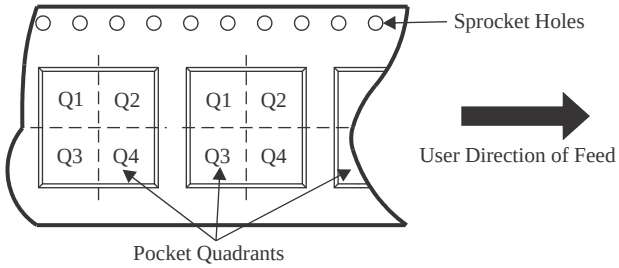


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

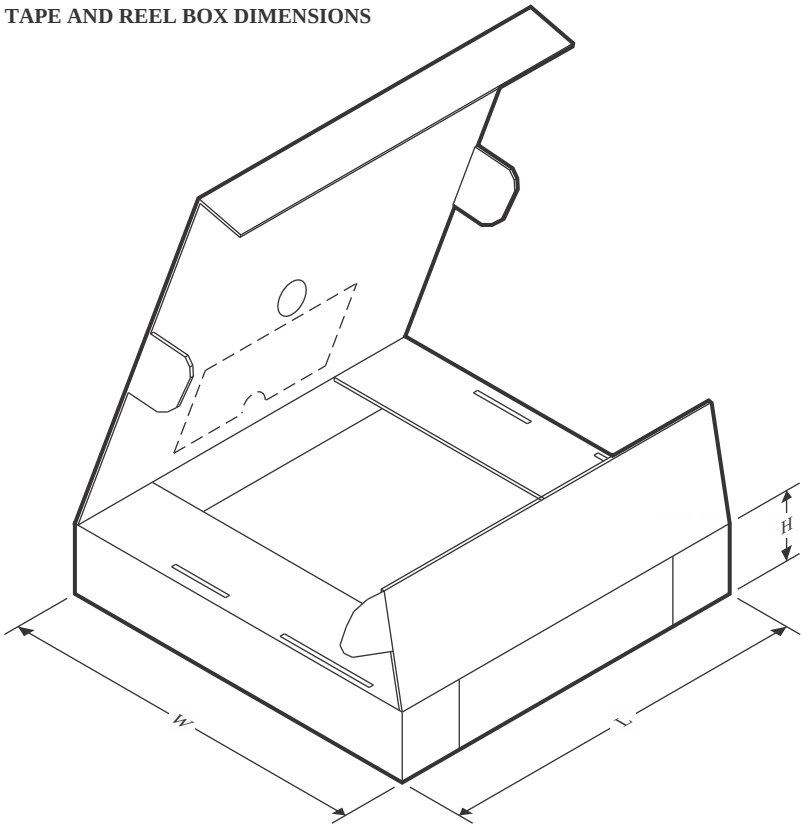
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVCB164245GR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	13.0	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74AVCB164245VR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	330.0	16.4	7.1	10.2	1.6	12.0	16.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



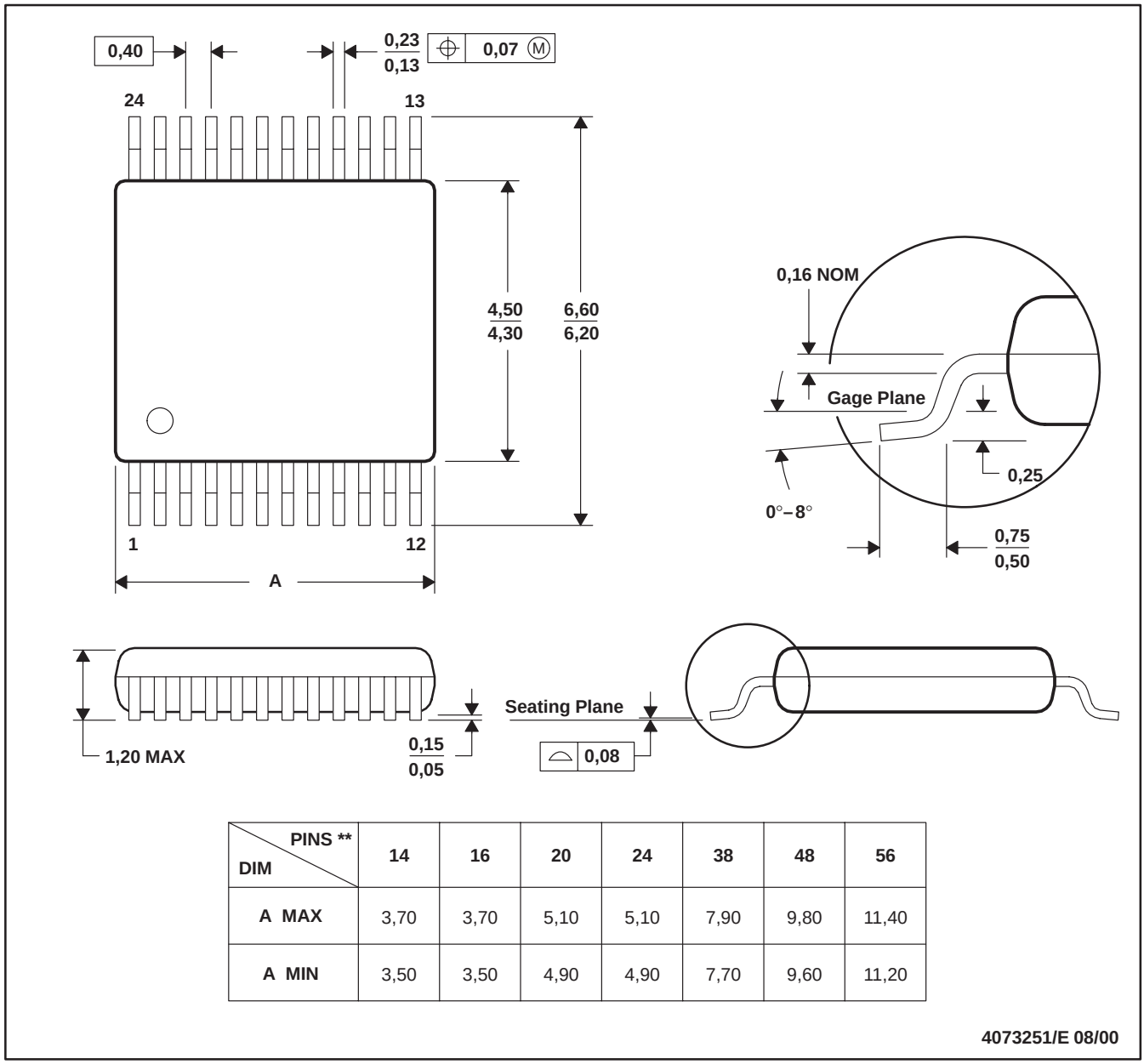
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AVCB164245GR	TSSOP	DGG	48	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74AVCB164245VR	TVSOP	DGV	48	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

MPDS006C – FEBRUARY 1996 – REVISED AUGUST 2000

DGV (R-PDSO-G)** **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**

24 PINS SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	14	16	20	24	38	48	56
A MAX	3,70	3,70	5,10	5,10	7,90	9,80	11,40
A MIN	3,50	3,50	4,90	4,90	7,70	9,60	11,20

4073251/E 08/00

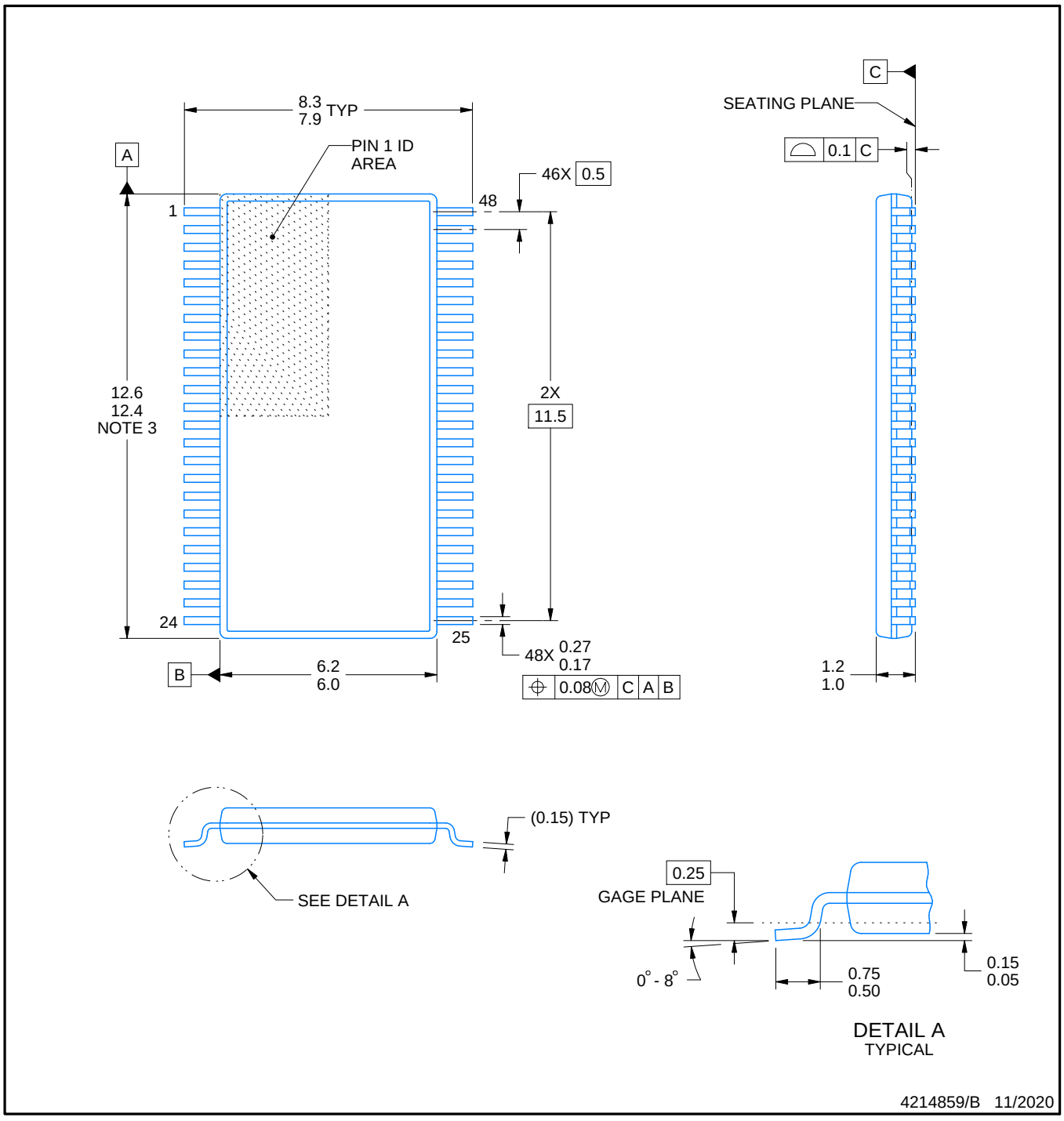
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.
D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153
14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DGG0048A

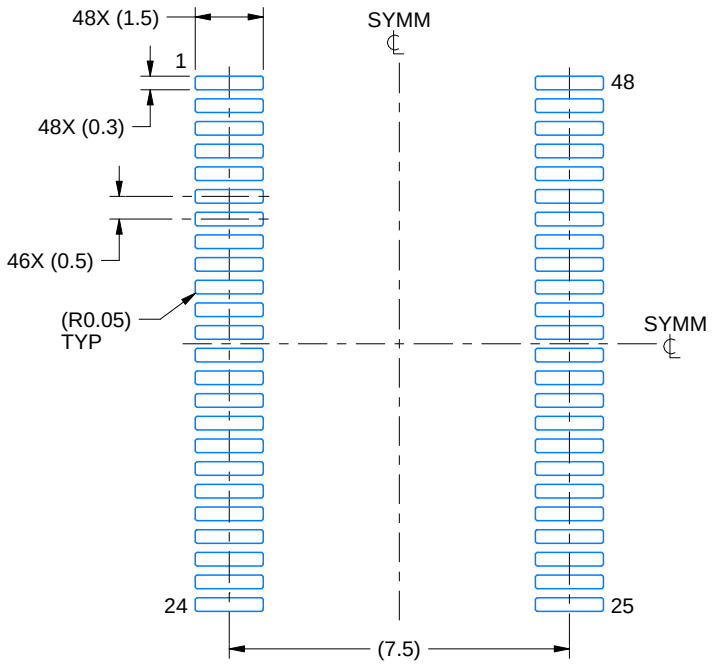
TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

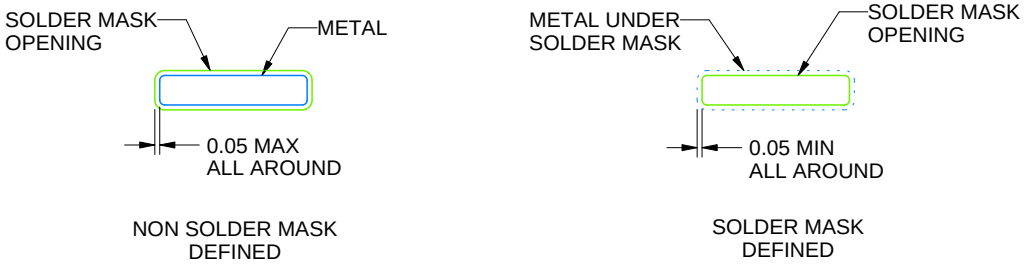


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:6X

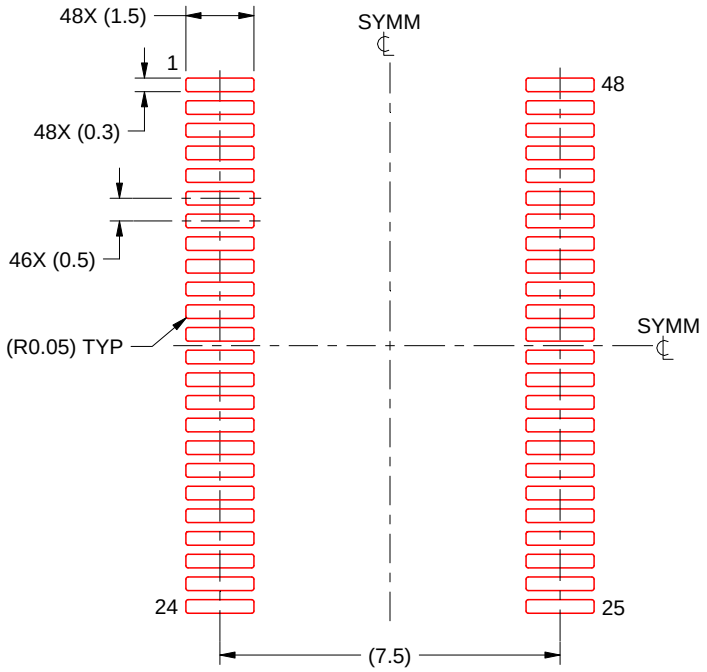


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214859/B 11/2020

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:6X

4214859/B 11/2020

NOTES: (continued)

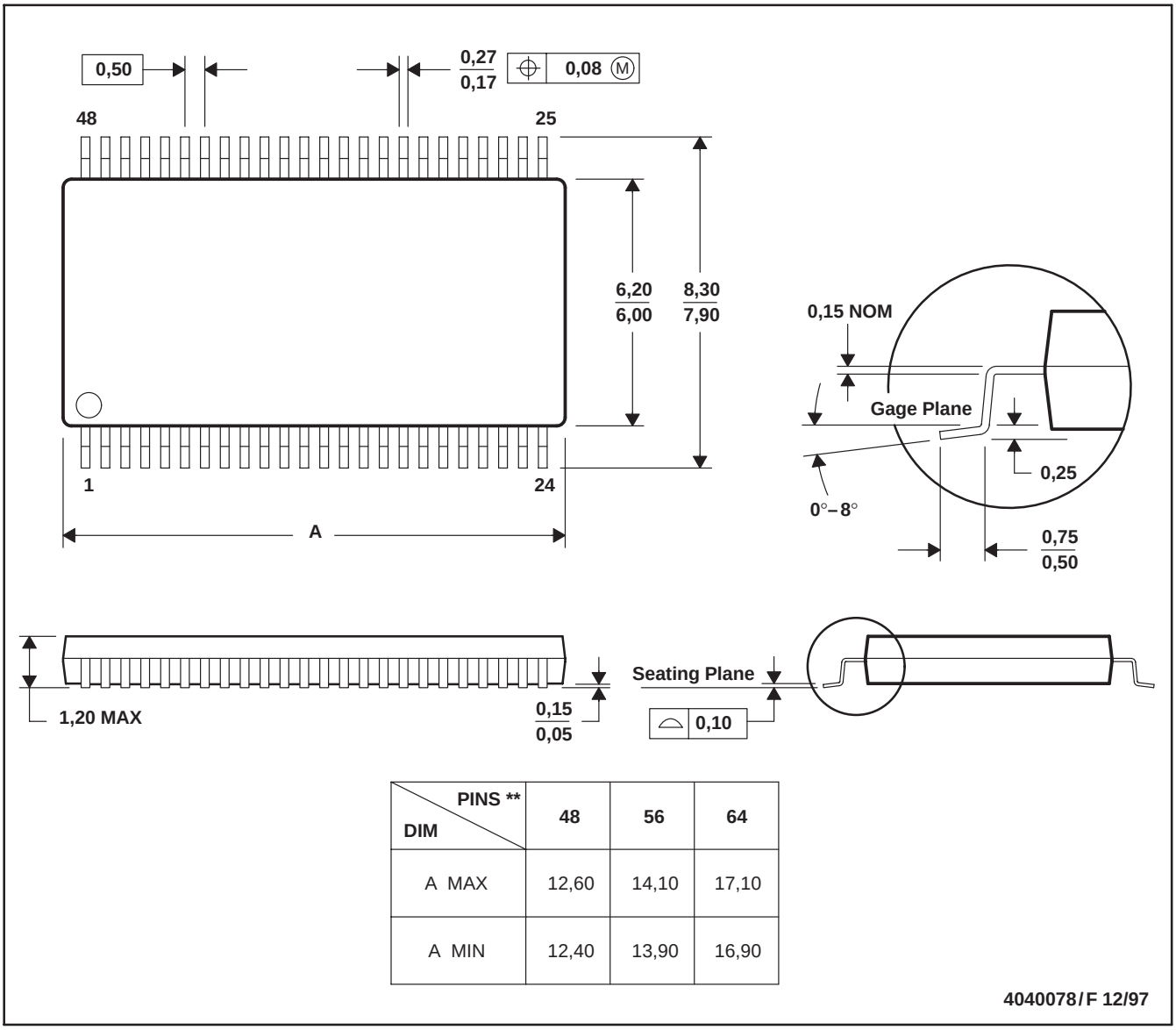
7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

MTSS003D – JANUARY 1995 – REVISED JANUARY 1998

DGG (R-PDSO-G**)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



DIM \ PINS **	48	56	64
A MAX	12,60	14,10	17,10
A MIN	12,40	13,90	16,90

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265