

TUSB2E221 USB 2.0-eUSB2 Dual Repeater

1 Features

- Compliance to USB 2.0 and eUSB2 (rev 1.2)
- Support for low-speed (LS), full-speed (FS), highspeed (HS)
- Best-in-class high-speed total jitter of 20ps
- Register access protocol receptor capable
- Dual independent repeater
- 2:2 crossbar mux (DSBGA package only)
- Host and device mode (DRD) support
- Selection between 1.2V and 1.8V control or I²C levels using VIOSEL pin
- Auto detection for I²C or strap-pin options
 - Three strap-pins for USB 2.0 high-speed channel compensation settings
 - I²C device interface for more configurations
- Device variants
 - eUSB2 1.0V or 1.2V signaling interface
 - Four eUSB2 trace loss compensation levels for different product form-factors: 2.5, 5, 7.5, and
- Supports auto-resume ECR as well as L2 interrupt resume mode
- CTA-936 USB Carkit UART support
- Optional BC1.2 CDP battery charging and detection support
- Optional GPIO modes for EQ pins for debug and $I^2C \leftrightarrow GPIOs through EQ0/1$
- I²C accessible debug capabilities for manufacturing tests

2 Applications

- Communications equipment
- Enterprise systems
- Notebooks and desktops
- Industrial
- **Tablets**
- Portable electronics

3 Description

The TUSB2E221 enables implementation of USB 2.0 compliant port on newer processors using lower voltage processes.

The TUSB2E221 is a USB eUSB2-USB 2.0 repeater supporting both device and host modes. The TUSB2E221 supports USB low-speed (LS) and fullspeed (FS) signals and high-speed (HS) signals.

The TUSB2E221 is designed to interface with eUSB2 eDSPr or eUSPr operating at 1.2V single-ended signaling.

The TUSB2E221 has multiple patented designs to provide robust interoperability, optimum performance, and power.

For systems without an I²C interface, the device offers eight individual settings with three strap-pins for USB 2.0 channel Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) up to 17.5 Ω . Device variants are available for different levels of eUSB2 trace length compensation up to 10

The I²C interface permits additional flexibility for users to fine tune the RX and TX settings of the device. The available settings are RX equalization, RX squelch threshold, RX disconnect thresholds, TX amplitude, TX slew rate and TX pre-emphasis.

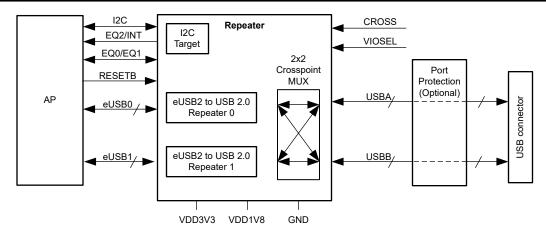
Various debug options are available through the three EQ pins that can be configured to monitor various USB bus states or interrupt as well as CTA-936 UART mode control that can provide SoC debug capabilities. EQ0 and EQ1 can be used as general purpose I²C to GPIOs bridge.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE ⁽²⁾		
TUSB2E221	VBW (WQFN, 20)	3mm × 3mm		
	YCG (DSBGA, 25)	2mm × 2mm		

- For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.





Simplified Schematic



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4 Device Variants

The following table describes the key differences between the TUSB2E221x device variants

Table 4-1. Device Variant Information

Orderable Device	Package Type	Ambient Temperature (°C)	Register Map Default	7-bit I ² C Address	eUSB2 LS/FS Voltage	Frame Based LP Mode ⁽¹⁾	Device Marking	
TUSB2E221100 1YCG	WCSP	-40 to 85	CAT2	0x4F	1.2V	Enabled	2E221W2	
TUSB2E221100 5YCG	WCSP	-40 to 85	CAT6	0x4F	1.2V	Disabled	2E221W6	
TUSB2E221100 1VBW	WQFN	0 to 70	CAT2	0x4F	1.2V	Enabled	2E2212	
TUSB2E221I10 01VBW	WQFN	-40 to 85	CAT2	0x4F	1.2V	Enabled	2E2212	
TUSB2E221100 5VBW	WQFN	0 to 70	CAT6	0x4F	1.2V	Disabled	2E2216	
TUSB2E221I10 05VBW	WQFN	-40 to 85	CAT6	0x4F	1.2V	Disabled	2E2216	

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Frame Based Low Power Mode section

For more information and availability of device variants such as eUSB2 1.0V signaling interface, different 7-bit I²C addresses, and lower power internal embedded applications, see *Support Resources*.

Table 4-2. Register Map Defaults

I ² C Offset	CAT2 Default	CAT6 Default
0x30	0x79	0x79
0x31	0x39	0x39
0x32	0xD4	0xD4
0x33	0x75	0x75
0x37	0x40	0x40
0x38	0x4C	0x4C
0x39	0x22	0x22
0x10	0x50	0x00
0x70	0x79	0x79
0x71	0x39	0x39
0x72	0x94	0x94
0x73	0x75	0x75
0x77	0x40	0x40
0x78	0x4C	0x4C
0x79	0x22	0x22
0x50	0x50	0x00

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions

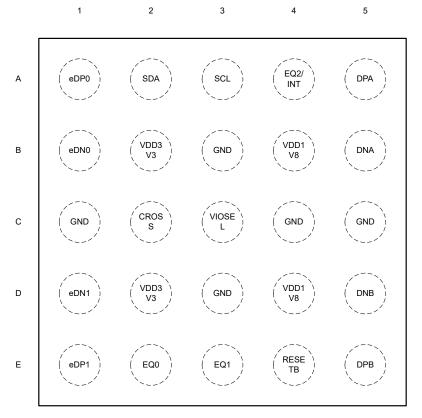


Figure 5-1. YCG Package, 25-Pin DSBGA (Top View)

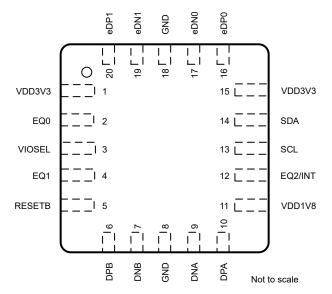


Figure 5-2. VBW Package 20-Pin WQFN (Top View)

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Table 5-1. Pin Functions

	PIN RESET ASSOCIATED PERCENTION									
NAME	VBW	YCG	I/O	STATE	ESD SUPPLY		DESCR	IPTION		
CROSS	-	C2	Digital Input	N/A	VDD3V3	Indicates mux orientation. Used to specify orientation of internal Crossbar switch CROSS = Low: eUSB0 «—» USBA and eUSB1 «—» USBB CROSS = High: eUSB0 «—» USBB and eUSB1«—» USBA Sampled at deassertion of RESETB			3B	
DNA	9	B5	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD3V3	USB port A D-	pin			
DPA	10	A5	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD3V3	USB port A D+	- pin			
DNB	7	D5	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD3V3	USB port B D-	pin			
DPB	6	E5	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD3V3	USB port B D+	- pin			
eDN0	17	B1	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD1V8	eUSB2 port 0 I	D- pin			
eDP0	16	A1	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD1V8	eUSB2 port 0 I	<u> </u>			
eDN1	19	D1	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD1V8	eUSB2 port 1 l				
eDP1	20	E1	Analog I/O	Hi-Z	VDD1V8	eUSB2 port 1 l	D+ pin			
EQ0	2	E2	Digital I/O	Internal pulldown 1MΩ typical (disabled after reset)	VDD3V3	(See Table 5-2	()			
EQ1	4	E3	Digital I/O	Internal pulldown 1MΩ typical (disabled after reset)	VDD3V3	(See Table 5-2)				
EQ2/INT	12	A4	Digital I/O	Internal pulldown 1MΩ typical (disabled after reset)	VDD3V3		en Drain active low leve (See Table 5-2)	l sensitive	e interrup	t output to system
		В3								
	8	C1								
GND		C4	GND	N/A	N/A	GND				
	18	C5								
	10	D3								
RESETB	5	E4	Digital Input	N/A	VDD1V8		set. After the RESETB neUSB2 default mode a			
								SCL	SDA	Mode
				Internal pulldown				Low	Low	Non-I ² C USB Repeater (See Table 5-3)
SCL	13	А3	Digital I/O	1MΩ typical (disabled after reset)	VDD3V3	I ² clock Open drain I/O.	Device Mode Matrix (See Table 5-2)	Low	High	Non-I ² C USB Repeater (See Table 5-3) BC 1.2 CDP advertising enabled in host mode
				Internal pulldown 1ΜΩ		Bidirectional I ² C data. Open drain I/O. Pulled up		High	Low	Non-I ² C USB Repeater (See Table 5-5)
SDA	14	A2	Digital I/O	typical (disabled after reset)	VDD3V3	to I ² C rail through an external resistor		High	High	I ² C Enabled

Table 5-1. Pin Functions (continued)

	PIN		1/0	RESET	ASSOCIATED	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	VBW	YCG		STATE	ESD SUPPLY	DESCRIPTION		
VDD1V8	11	B4	PWR	N/A	N/A	1.8V analog supply voltage		
VDDIVO	"	D4	FVVK	IN/A	IN/A	1.6V analog supply voltage		
VDD3V3	1	B2	PWR	N/A	N/A	3.3V supply voltage		
VDD3V3	15	D2	FWK	IN/A	IN/A	S.SV Supply Voltage		
VIOSEL	3	С3	Digital Input	N/A	VDD3V3	VIOSEL is used to select digital I/O input voltage for GPIOs, CROSS and I ² C VIOSEL = VSS sets device into 1.2V I/O mode VIOSEL = VDD1V8 sets device into 1.8V I/O mode VIOSEL pin is real time control and not only latched at powered on reset. Be careful when this pin changes dynamically after power-on reset because the output voltage can change from 1.2V to 1.8V.		

Table 5-2. Device Mode Configuration

SCL	SDA	EQ0	EQ1	EQ2	eUSB0	eUSB1	I2C Interface	USBA and USBB CDP advertising in host mode
Low/Float	Low/Float	USB2	PHY Configu	ıration	USB repeater	USB repeater	Disabled	Disabled
Low/Float	High	USB2	PHY Configu	ıration	USB repeater	USB repeater	Disabled	Enabled
High	Low/Float	eUSB PHY (Configuration	High-Z	USB repeater	USB repeater	Disabled	Disabled
High	High	Low/Float	Low/Float	INT interrupt output	USB repeater	USB repeater	Enabled	Per register
High	High	High	Low/Float	INT interrupt output	Carkit UART bypass	USB repeater	Enabled	Per register
High	High	Low/Float	High	INT interrupt output	USB repeater Carkit UART bypass		Enabled	Per register
High	High	High	High	INT interrupt output	Carkit UART bypass	Carkit UART bypass	Enabled	Per register

The eUSB phy configurations used Table 5-3 assumes the channel between the device and host is 5 inches FR4.

Table 5-3. USB2 PHY Configuration

EQ0	EQ1	EQ2	USB2 PHY Compensation Level	eUSB0/1 channel	USB ESR ⁽¹⁾ (Ω)
Low/Float	Low/Float	Low/Float	Level 0	5 inches FR4	USB A: 2.5 USB B: 2.5
High	Low/Float	Low/Float	Level 1	5 inches FR4	USB A: 10 USB B: 10
Low/Float	High	Low/Float	Level 2	5 inches FR4	USB A: 17.5 USB B: 17.5
High	High	Low/Float	Level 3	5 inches FR4	USB A: 10 USB B: 17.5
Low/Float	Low/Float	High	Level 4	5 inches FR4	USB A: 2.5 USB B: 10
High	Low/Float	High	Level 5	5 inches FR4	USB A: 10 USB B: 2.5
Low/Float	High	High	Level 6	5 inches FR4	USB A: 17.5 USB B: 2.5

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Table 5-3. USB2 PHY Configuration (continued)

EQ0	EQ1	EQ2	USB2 PHY Compensation Level	eUSB0/1 channel	USB ESR ⁽¹⁾ (Ω)
High	High	High	Level 7	5 inches FR4	USB A: 2.5 USB B: 17.5

(1) Equivalent series resistance (ESR) is the combination of any resistance between the device and the USB connector such as switches, multipliexers, just to name a few.

Table 5-4. USB2 PHY Compensation Levels

		USB2 PHY Compensation Levels							
Register	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6	Level 7	
E_EQ_Px	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	
	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	
E_HS_TX_AMPLIT	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	
UDE_Px	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	
E_HS_TX_PRE_EM	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	Register	
PHASIS_Px	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	Default	
U_EQ_Px	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x2	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x2	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x5	
	USB B: 0x0	USB B: 0x2	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x2	USB B: 0x0	USB B: 0x2	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x0	
U_SQUELCH_THR	USB A: 0x4	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x6	USB A: 0x6	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x4	USB A: 0x4	USB A: 0x6	
ESHOLD_Px	USB B: 0x4	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x6	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x4	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x6	USB B: 0x4	
U_DISCONNECT_T	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x8	USB A: 0x8	USB A: 0x8	USB A: 0x8	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x8	
HRESHOLD_Px	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x8	USB B: 0x8	USB B: 0x8	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x8	USB B: 0x8	USB B: 0x5	
U_HS_TX_AMPLIT	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x9	USB A: 0xD	USB A: 0xD	USB A: 0x9	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0x5	USB A: 0xD	
UDE_Px	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x9	USB B: 0xD	USB B: 0x9	USB B: 0x5	USB B: 0x9	USB B: 0xD	USB B: 0x5	
U_HS_TX_PRE_EM	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x1	USB A: 0x3	USB A: 0x3	USB A: 0x1	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x0	USB A: 0x3	
PHASIS_Px	USB B: 0x0	USB B: 0x1	USB B: 0x3	USB B: 0x1	USB B: 0x0	USB B: 0x1	USB B: 0x3	USB B: 0x0	

Table 5-5. eUSB PHY Configuration

EQ0	EQ1	EQ2	eUSB PHY Compensation Level	eUSB0 ESR ⁽¹⁾ (Ω)	eUSB1 ESR (1) (Ω)	USBA (DPA/DNA) ESR ⁽¹⁾ (Ω)	USBB (DPB/DNB) ESR (1) (Ω)
Low/Float	Low/Float	Low/Float	Level 0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
High	Low/Float	Low/Float	Level 1	7.5	7.5	2.5	2.5
Low/Float	High	Low/Float	Level 2	15	15	2.5	2.5
High	High	Low/Float	Level 3	25	25	2.5	2.5

(1) Equivalent series resistance (ESR) is the combination of any resistance between the device and the USB connector or between device and the SOC such as switches, multipliexers, just to name a few.

Table 5-6. eUSB PHY Compensation Levels

	eUSB PHY Compensation Levels							
Register	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
E_EQ_Px	0x1	0x3	0x7	0x10				
E_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE_Px	0x3	0x3	0x5	0x7				
E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_Px	0x1	0x2	0x4	0x6				
U_EQ_Px	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default				
U_SQUELCH_THRESHOLD_Px	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default				
U_DISCONNECT_THRESHOLD_Px	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default				
U_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE_Px	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default				
U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_Px	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default	Register Default				

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage range	V _{DD3V3}	-0.3	4.32	V
Analog Supply voltage range	V _{DD1V8}	-0.3	2.1	V
Voltage range	DPA, DNA, DPB, DNB (with OVP enabled), 1000 total number of short events and cumulative duration of 1000 hrs.	-0.3	6	V
Voltage range	eDP0, eDN0, eDP1, eDN1	-0.3	1.6	V
Voltage range	CROSS, RESETB, EQ0, EQ1, SCL, SDA, EQ2/INT, VIOSEL	-0.3	2.1	V
Junction temperature	$T_{J(max)}$		125	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±1500	V
V _(ESD)	Lieurostano discriarge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002, all pins ⁽²⁾	±500	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD3V3}	Supply voltage (VDD3V3)	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V _{DD1V8}	Analog Supply voltage (VDD1V8)	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
V_I2C_Pullup	I2C and GPIO open-drain bus voltage (1.2V mode), VIOSEL=VSS	1.08	1.2	1.32	V
V_I2C_Pullup	I2C and GPIO open-drain bus voltage (1.8V mode), VIOSEL=VDD1V8	1.62	1.8	1.98	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40		85	°C
T _J	Junction temperature	-40		105	°C
T _{CASE}	Case temperature	-40		105	°C
T _{PCB}	PCB temperature (1mm away from the device)	-40		92	°C

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.4 Thermal Information

		TUSB2E221 TUSB2E221		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	VBW (WQFN)	YCG (DSBGA)	UNIT
		20 PINS	25 PINS	
R _{0JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	71.9	73.5	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	25.9	0.4	°C/W
R _{0JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	31.7	18.9	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.5	0.2	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	30.9	18.9	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application note.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
POWER						
P _{WC_1_1V8}	Absolute worst case power consumption - One Repeater (VDD1V8 only)	VIOSEL is high or low, I2C interface active, GPIOs in output mode, one repeater is disable and one repeater in HS mode with USB transmitting, maximum RX EQ, TX VOD and PE settings, maximum transition density.			275	mW
Pwc_1_3v3	Absolute worst case power consumption - One Repeater (VDD3V3 only)	VIOSEL is high or low, I2C interface active, GPIOs in output mode, one repeater is disable and one repeater in HS mode with USB transmitting, maximum RX EQ, TX VOD and PE settings, maximum transition density.			25	mW
P _{WC_2_1V8}	Absolute worst case power consumption - Two Repeaters (VDD1V8 only)	VIOSEL is high or low, I2C interface active, GPIOs in output mode, both repeaters in HS mode with USB transmitting, maximum RX EQ, TX VOD and PE settings, maximum transition density.			550	mW
P _{WC_2_3V3}	Absolute worst case power consumption - Two Repeaters (VDD3V3 only)	VIOSEL is high or low, I2C interface active, GPIOs in output mode, both repeaters in HS mode with USB transmitting, maximum RX EQ, TX VOD and PE settings, maximum transition density.			50	mW
P _{HS_IOC_1}	USB Audio ISOC High -Speed - one repeater only	Maximum TX Vod/Maximum TX PE for both USB and eUSB2. Averaged over 8ms and only 1uFrame with data packet. Toffthreshold = 1/32. Host Peripheral mode. Frame Based Low power mode enabled			70	mW
PHS_IDLE_LP_1	High Speed Idle (Host Mode) - one repeater	L0.Idle. T _A = 85°C. (Typical at 25°C). Default PHY tuning settings for eUSB2 and USB. Frame based and response based low power mode enabled		26	70	mW
P _{HS_IDLE_LP_1}	High Speed Idle (Peripheral Mode) - one repeater	L0.Idle. T _A = 85°C. (Typical at 25°C). Default PHY tuning settings for eUSB2 and USB. Frame based low power mode disabled and response based low power mode enabled		108	200	mW
P _{PD}	Powered down	Device powered, RESETB=Low, T _A =25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3).			10	μW

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	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
P _{Disabled}	Disabled	Device powered, I2C/GPIO interfaces functional but idle, both repeaters are disabled put into their lowest power state and non-functional. T _A =25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3).			100	μW
P _{Detach_1}	USB unconnected - One Repeater	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, one repeater is disabled and one repeater is connected to a eUSB PHY and waiting for a USB attach event. T _A = 25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3)			100	μW
P _{Detach_2}	USB unconnected - Two Repeater	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, both repeaters connected to a eUSB PHY and waiting for a USB attach event. T _A = 25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3)			150	μW
P _{Suspend_2}	L2 Suspend	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, USB link is in L2, both repeaters monitoring for a resume/remote wake event. T _A = 25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3)			150	μW
P _{Sleep_2}	L1 Sleep P _{sleep_2}	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, both repeaters are supporting a USB connection, USB link is in L1, both repeaters monitoring for a L1 exit event. T _A = 25°C, (DP/DN Voltage ≤ VDD3V3)			6	mW
P _{LS_Active_1}	Low Speed Active - One Repeater	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, one repeater is disabled, other repeater in LS mode, maximum transition density. T _A = 85°C.			52	mW
P _{FS_Active_1}	Full Speed Active - One Repeater	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, one repeater is disabled, one repeater in FS mode, maximum transition density. T _A = 85°C.			52	mW
P _{FS_Active_2}	Full Speed Active - Two Repeater	I2C/GPIO interfaces idle, Both repeaters in FS mode, maximum transition density. T _A = 85°C.			68	mW
DIGITAL INF	UTS					
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	CROSS, EQ0, EQ1 (1.2V input mode, VIOSEL=VSS)	0.702			V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	CROSS, EQ0, EQ1 (1.8V input mode, VIOSEL=VDD1V8)	1.053			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	CROSS, EQ0, EQ1 (1.2V input mode, VIOSEL=VSS)			0.462	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	CROSS, EQ0, EQ1 (1.8V input mode, VIOSEL=VDD1V8)			0.693	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	VIOSEL (1.8V input)			0.613	V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	VIOSEL (1.8V input)	1.053			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	RESETB (1.2V or 1.8V input mode)			0.35	V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage	RESETB (1.2V or 1.8V input mode)	0.75			V
Іін	High level input current	V _{IH} = 1.98V, VDD3V3=3.0V or 0V, VDD1V8=1.62V or 0V CROSS, RESETB, EQ0, EQ1			0.5	μΑ
I _{IL}	Low level input current	V _{IL} = 0V, VDD3V3=3.0V or 0V, VDD1V8=1.62V or 0V CROSS, RESETB, EQ0, EQ1			0.5	μΑ
DIGITAL OU	TPUTS					
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	EQ0, EQ11, EQ2/INT, push-pull I/O mode (I _{OH} = 20µA and maximum 3pF C _{load)} (1.2V output mode)	0.81			V



	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, push-pull I/O mode (I _{OH} = 20µA and maximum 3pF C _{load)} (1.8V output mode)	1.21			V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, push-pull I/O mode (I _{OL} = 1mA) (1.2V output mode)			0.25	V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, push-pull I/O mode (I _{OL} = 1mA) (1.8V output mode)			0.35	V
I _{OL_PP}	Low level output current in push-pull mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT (1.2V mode) VIOSEL=GND, VOL=0.4	2.5	4	6	mA
I _{OL_PP}	Low level output current in push-pull mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT (1.8V mode) VIOSEL=VDD1V8, VOL=0.4	4	6	8	mA
I _{OH_PP}	High level output current in push-pull mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, push-pull I/O mode (1.2V output mode) VIOSEL=GND	22			μA
I _{OH_PP}	High level output current in push-pull mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, push- pull I/O mode (1.8V output mode) VIOSEL=VDD1V8	50			μΑ
I _{OL}	Output current in open-drain mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, VOL=0.4V, VIOSEL=VDD1V8, 1.8V mode	4	10	16	mA
I _{OL}	Output current in open-drain mode	EQ0, EQ1, EQ2/INT, VOL=0.4V, VIOSEL=GND, 1.2V mode	4	9.2	16	mA
I2C (SDA, S	CL)					
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage, VIOSEL=VSS	SDA, SCL, V _{_I2C_Pullup} = 1.08V to 1.32V			0.387	V
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage, VIOSEL=VDD1V8	SDA, SCL, V_I2C_Pullup = 1.62V to 1.96V			0.588	V
V _{IH}	High level output voltage, VIOSEL=VSS	SDA, SCL, V _{I2C_Pullup} = 1.08V to 1.32V	0.833			V
V _{IH}	High level output voltage, VIOSEL=VDD1V8	SDA, SCL, V_I2C_Pullup = 1.62V to 1.98V	1.372			V
V _{HYS}	Input hysteresis, VIOSEL=VSS	V_I2C_Pullup = 1.08V to 1.32V	0.020			V
V _{HYS}	Input hysteresis, VIOSEL=VDD1V8	V_I2C_Pullup = 1.62V to 1.98V	0.098			V
I _{IH}	High level input leakage current	V _{IH} = 1.98V			0.5	μΑ
I _{IL}	Low level input leakage current	V _{IL} = 0V			0.5	μΑ
I _{OL}	Open-drain drive strength	VOL = 0.4V, VIOSEL = VDD1V8, 1.8V mode	8	10	12.6	mA
I _{OL}	Open-drain drive strength	VOL = 0.4V, VIOSEL= GND, 1.2V mode	6.8	9	11.9	mA
USBA (DPA,	, DNA), USBB (DPB, DNB)					
Z _{inp_Dx}	Impedance to GND, no pull up/down	Vin=3.6V, V _{DD3V3} =3.0V USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.6 ⁽¹⁾	390			kΩ
C _{IO_Dx}	Capacitance to GND	Measured with VNA at 240MHz, Driver Hi-Z			10	pF
R _{PUI}	Bus pullup resistor on upstream facing port (idle)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.5 ⁽¹⁾	0.92	1.1	1.475	kΩ
R _{PUR}	Bus pullup resistor on upstream facing port (receiving)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.5 ⁽¹⁾	1.525	2.2	2.99	kΩ
R _{PD}	Bus pull-down resistor on downstream facing port	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.5 ⁽¹⁾	14.35	19	24.6	kΩ
V _{HSTERM}	Termination voltage in high speed	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.6.2 (1), The output voltage in the high-speed idle state	-10		10	mV
USB TERMI	NATION	,				
Z _{HSTERM_P}	Driver output resistance (which also serves as high speed termination)	(VOH= 0 to 600mV) USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1.1 ⁽¹⁾ , Default, U_HS_TERM_Px Setting 01	40.6	45	49.4	Ω

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Z _{HSTERM_} N	Driver output resistance (which also serves as high speed termination)	(VOH= 0 to 600mV) USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1.1 ⁽¹⁾ , Default, U_HS_TERM_Px Setting 01	40.6	45	49.4	Ω
USBA, USB	B INPUT LEVELS LS/FS					
V _{IH}	High (driven)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.4 ⁽¹⁾ (measured at connector)	2			V
V_{IHZ}	High (floating)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.4 $^{(1)}$ (HOST downstream port pull down resistor enabled and external device pull up $1.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ +/-5% to 3.0V to 3.6V).	2.7		3.6	V
V _{IL}	Low	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.4 (1)			0.8	V
V _{DI}	Differential input sensitivity (hysteresis is off)	(D+)-(D-) ; USB 2.0 Spec Figure 7-19 (1); (measured at connector) V _{CM} =0.8V to 2.0V			0.2	V
USBA, USB	B OUTPUT LEVELS LS/FS					
V _{OL}	Low	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1 (1), (measured at connector with RL of 1.425kΩ to 3.6V.)	0		0.3	V
V _{OH}	High (Driven)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1 ⁽¹⁾ (measured at connector with RL of 14.25kΩ to GND.)	2.8		3.6	V
Z _{FSTERM}	Driver series output resistance	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1 ⁽¹⁾ , Measured it during VOL or VOH	28		46	Ω
V _{CRS2}	Output signal crossover voltage	Measured as in USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1 Figure 7-8 $^{(1)}$; Excluding the first transition from the Idle state. With external 1.5k Ω pullup on DP to 3.0V	1.3		2	V
V _{CRS}	Output signal crossover voltage	Measured as in USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.1 Figure 7-8 ⁽¹⁾ ; Excluding the first transition from the Idle state	1.3		2	٧
USBA, USB	B INPUT LEVELS HS					
V_{HSSQ}	High-speed squelch/no-squelch detection threshold	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 (specification refers to peak differential signal amplitude) (1), measured at 240MHz with increasing amplitude, U_SQUELCH_THRESHOLD_Px Setting 100, V _{CM} = -50mV to 500mV	104	126	150	mV
V_{HSDSC}	High-speed disconnect detection threshold	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 (specification refers to differential signal amplitude) ⁽¹⁾ . (+22.4%), U_DISCONNECT_THRESHOLD_Px Setting 0111, V _{CM} = 367mV to 770mV	697	732	760	mV
EQ_ _{UHS}	USB high-speed data receiver equalization, (measured indirectly through jitter)	240MHz, U_EQ_Px Setting 010	0.62	1.09	1.57	dB
USBA, USB	B OUTPUT LEVELS HS	-				
V_{HSOD}	High-speed data signaling swing	Measured p-p, 10%, U_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE_Px Setting 0111, PE disabled, Test load is an ideal 45ohm to GND on DP and DN.	792	880	968	mV
V _{HSOL}	High-speed data signaling low, driver is off termination is on (measured single ended)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 $^{(1)}$, PE disabled, Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	-10		10	mV
V _{CHIRPJ}	Host/ Hub Chirp J level (differential voltage)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 $^{(1)}$ (PE is disabled. Swing setting has no impact but slew rate control has impact), Test load is an ideal 1.5k Ω pullup on DP.	700	900	1100	mV



	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CHIRPK}	Device Chirp K level (differential voltage)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 $^{(1)}$ (PE is disabled. Swing setting has no impact but slew rate control has impact), Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	-900	-760	-500	mV
V _{CHIRPK}	Host/Hub Chirp K level (differential voltage)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.7.2 $^{(1)}$ (PE is disabled. Swing setting has no impact but slew rate control has impact), Test load is an ideal 1.5k Ω pullup on DP.	-900	-700	-500	mV
U2_TX _{PE}	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis	U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_Px Setting 001,Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	0.62	0.9	1.2	dB
U2_TX _{PE_UI}	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_Px Setting 00 (measured with PE=2.5dB setting of 101), Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	0.25	0.35	0.41	UI
U2_TX _{PE_UI}	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis width	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_Px Setting 01 (measured with PE=2.5dB setting of 101), Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	0.35	0.45	0.55	UI
U2_TX _{PE_UI}	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis width	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_Px Setting 10 (measured with PE=2.5dB setting of 101), Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	0.44	0.55	0.67	UI
U2_TX _{PE_UI}	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis width	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_Px Setting 11 (measured with PE=2.5dB setting of 101), Test load is an ideal 45Ω to GND on DP and DN.	0.54	0.65	0.77	UI
U2_TX _{CM}	High-speed TX DC Common Mode	All Swing settings with PE disabled	100	200	300	mV
eUSB2 TERM	MINATION					
R _{SRC_HS}	High-speed transmit source termination impedance	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.1 (2)	33	40	47	Ω
ΔR _{SRC_HS}	High-speed source impedance mismatch	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.1 (2)			4	Ω
R _{RCV_DIF}	High-speed differential receiver termination (repeater)	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.2 (2)	74	80	86	Ω
R _{PD}	Pulldown resistors on eDP/eDN	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.3 ⁽²⁾ , active during LS, FS and HS	6	8	10	kΩ
R _{SRC_LSFS}	Transmit output impedance	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1 ⁽²⁾ , Table 7-13 TX output impedance to match spec version 1.10	28	44	59	Ω
$C_{\text{IO_eDx}}$	Differential capacitance	Measured with VNA at 240MHz, Driver Hi-Z (VCM = 120mV to 450mV), Measured differentially.		3.7	5	pF
eUSB0, eUSI	B1 FS/LS INPUT LEVELS					
V _{IL}	Single-ended input low	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1, Table 7-13 ⁽²⁾	-0.1		0.399	V
V _{IH}	Single-ended input high	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1, Table 7-13 (2)	0.819		1.386	V
V _{HYS}	Receive single-ended hysteresis voltage	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1, Table 7-13 (2)	43.2			mV
eUSB0, eUSI	B1 FS/LS OUTPUT LEVELS					
V _{OL}	Single-ended output low	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1, Table 7-13 (2)			0.1	V
V _{OH}	Single-ended output high	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1, Table 7-13 (2)	0.918		1.32	V

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	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
eUSB0, eUS	B1 HS INPUT LEVELS				<u>'</u>	
V _{CM_RX_AC}	Receiver AC common mode (50MHz-480MHz)	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.2 (informative) (2), across the DC common mode range of 120mV to 280mV. (RX capability tested with intentional TX Rise/Fall Time mismatch and prop delay mismatch)	-60		60	mV
C _{RX_CM}	Receive center-tapped capacitance	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.2 (informative) (2)	15		50	pF
V _{EHSSQ}	Squelch/No-squelch detect threshold	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.1.2 ⁽²⁾ , (measured as differential peak voltage at 240MHz with increasing amplitude), V _{CM} = 120mV to 450mV	47	66	83	mV
EQ_ _{EHS}	eUSB2 High-speed data receiver equalization, (measured indirectly through jitter)	240MHz E_EQ_P1x Setting 0010	0.59	1.12	1.4	dB
eUSB0, eUS	B1 HS OUTPUT LEVELS			-	,	
V _{EHSOD}	Transmit differential (terminated)	Measured p2p, R_L = 80Ω, E_L HS_TX_AMPLITUDE_ Px setting 100, ideal 80Ω Rx differential termination load	396	440	484	mV
E_TXPE	High-speed TX Pre-emphasis	E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_Px Setting 010	1.01	1.29	1.57	dB

⁽¹⁾ USB 2.0 Promoter Group 2000, USB 2.0 Specification USB 2.0 Promoter Group

⁽²⁾ USB Implementers Forum (2018). Embedded USB2 (eUSB2) Physical Layer Supplement to the USB Revision 2.0 Specification, Rev. 1.2 USB Implementers Forum



6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
DPA, DN	A, DPB, DNB, HS Driver Switching	Characteristics				
T _{HSR}	Rise Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.2 ⁽¹⁾ , U_HS_TX_SLEW_RATE_Px Setting 11, ideal 45Ω to GND loads on DP and DN, Pre-emphasis disabled.	530	625	740	ps
T _{HSF}	Fall Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Section 7.1.2 ⁽¹⁾ , U_HS_TX_SLEW_RATE_Px Setting 11, ideal 45Ω to GND loads on DP and DN, Pre-emphasis disabled.	530	625	740	ps
DPA, DN	A, DPB, DNB, FS Driver Switching	Characteristics				
T _{FR}	Rise Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Figure 7-8; Figure 7-9 (1)	4		20	ns
T _{FF}	Fall Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Figure 7-8; Figure 7-9 (1)	4		20	ns
T _{FRFM}	(T _{FR} /T _{FM})	USB 2.0 Spec 7.1.2 ⁽¹⁾ , Excluding the first transition from the Idle state	90		111.1	%
DPA, DN	A, DPB , DNB, LS Driver Switching	Characteristics				
T_{LR}	Rise Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Figure 7-8 ⁽¹⁾	75		300	ns
T _{LF}	Fall Time (10% - 90%)	USB 2.0 Spec Figure 7-8 ⁽¹⁾	75		300	ns
eDP0, eD	N0, eDP1, eDN1, HS Driver Switch	ing Characteristics				
T _{EHSRF}	Rise/Fall Time (20% - 80%)	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1 $^{(2)}$, ideal 80Ω Rx differential termination E_HS_TX_SLEW_RATE_Px Setting = 01	355	440	525	ps
Г _{EHSRF_М}	Transmit rise/fall mismatch	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1 ⁽²⁾ , Rise/fall mismatch = absolute delta of (rise – fall time) / (average of rise and fall time).			25	%
eDP0, eD	N0, eDP1, eDN1, LS/FS Driver Swi	tching Characteristics		·		
T _{ERF}	Rise/Fall Time (10% - 90%)	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1 (2)	2		6	ns
T _{ERF_MM}	Transmit rise/fall mismatch	eUSB2 Spec Section 7.2.1 (2)		,	25	%
2C (SDA)					
T _r	Rise Time (STD)	Bus Speed = 100kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = $4k\Omega$, I_{OL} = ~1mA	600			ns
T _r	Rise Time (FM)	Bus Speed = 400kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = 2.2k Ω , I_{OL} = ~2mA	180			ns
Γr	Rise Time (FM+)	Bus Speed = 1MHz, C_L = 10pF, R_{PU} = 1k Ω , I_{OL} = ~4mA	72			ns
Γ _r	Rise Time (STD)	Bus Speed = 100kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = $4k\Omega$, I_{OL} = ~2mA			1000	ns
Γ _r	Rise Time (FM)	Bus Speed = 400kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = $1k\Omega$, I_{OL} = ~8mA			300	ns
Γ _r	Rise Time (FM+)	Bus Speed = 1MHz, C_L = 50pF, R_{PU} = 1k Ω , I_{OL} = ~4mA			120	ns
Γ _f	Fall Time (STD)	Bus Speed = 100kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = 2.2k Ω , I_{OL} = ~4mA			106.5	ns
T _f	Fall Time (FM)	Bus Speed = 400kHz, C_L = 200pF, R_{PU} = $1k\Omega$, I_{OL} = \sim 8mA			106.5	ns
Γ _f	Fall Time (FM+)	Bus Speed = 1MHz, C_L = 90pF, R_{PU} = 1k Ω , I_{OL} = ~8mA			81.5	ns
Γ _f	Fall Time (STD)	Bus Speed = 100kHz, C_L = 10pF, R_{PU} = $4k\Omega$, , I_{OL} = ~2mA	6.5			ns
Γ _f	Fall Time (FM)	Bus Speed = 400kHz, C_L = 10pF, R_{PU} = 2.2k Ω , I_{OL} = ~4mA	6.5			ns



	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
T _f	Fall Time (FM+)	Bus Speed = 1MHz, C_L = 10pF, R_{PU} = 1k Ω , I_{OL} = ~8mA	6.5			ns

⁽¹⁾ USB 2.0 Promoter Group 2000, USB 2.0 Specification USB 2.0 Promoter Group

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⁽²⁾ USB Implementers Forum (2018). Embedded USB2 (eUSB2) Physical Layer Supplement to the USB Revision 2.0 Specification, Rev. 1.2 USB Implementers Forum



6.7 Timing Requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
I/O TIMING					
t_ _{GPIO_PW}	Minimum GPIO pulse width for INT event	8			μs
RESET TIM	ING				
t_VDD1V8_RA MP	Ramp time for VDD1V8 to reach minimum 1.62V			2	ms
t_VDD3V3_RA	Ramp time for VDD3V3 to reach minimum 3.0V 2				ms
t_su_CROSS	Setup time for CROSS sampled at the deassertion of RESETB	0			ms
t_hd_CROSS	Hold time for CROSS sampled at the deassertion of RESETB	3			ms
t_aRESETB	Duration for RESETB to be asserted low to complete reset while powered	10			μs
t_ _{RH_READY}	Time for device to be ready to accept RAP and I2C requests and eUSB2 interface to be ready after RESETB is deasserted or (VDD1V8 and VDD3V3) reach minimum recommended voltages, whichever is later			3	ms
t_RS_READY	Time for device to be ready to accept RAP and I2C requests and eUSB2 interface to be ready after soft reset through I2C			350	μs
REPEATER	TIMING				
T _{J1E}	Total additive jitter for eUSB2 to USB 2.0 (output jitter - input jitter) of repeater when one of the two repeater is disabled. (must also include all complete SOP bits and measured with eUSB2 TX rise/fall time skew and intra-pair prop delay skew, refer to $V_{\text{CM_RX_AC}}$ [RX EQ disabled, TX PE disabled, VOD nominal setting and no input or output channel]. Egress setup diagram		25	42	ps
T _{J1I}	Total additive jitter for USB to eUSB2 (output jitter - input jitter) of repeater when one of the two repeater is disabled. [RX EQ disabled, TX PE disabled, VOD nominal setting and no input or output channel]. Ingress setup diagram		25	42	ps
T_J2E	Total additive jitter for eUSB2 to USB (output jitter - input jitter) of repeater when both repeaters are active. [RX EQ disabled, TX PE disabled, VOD nominal setting and no input or output channel]			60	ps
T_{J2I}	Total additive jitter for USB to eUSB2 (output jitter - input jitter) of repeater when both repeaters are active. [RX EQ disabled, TX PE disabled, VOD nominal setting and no input or output channel]			60	ps
T _{e_to_U_DJ1}	eUSB2 to USB 2.0 repeater FS jitter to next transition (Per eUSB2 spec 1.1 Table 7-13 Note 1 & 2 condition for Supply and GND delta ⁽¹⁾)	-6.0		+6.0	ns
T _{U_to_e_DJ1}	USB 2.0 to eUSB2 repeater FS jitter to next transition (Per eUSB2 spec 1.1 Table 7-13 Note1 & 2 condition for Supply and GND delta ⁽¹⁾)	-3.0		+3.0	ns
T _{DJ2_e2U}	Repeater FS paired transition jitter in eUSB2 to USB 2.0 direction (Relaxed relative to THDJ2 defined by USB 2.0 +/-1ns)	-1.5		+1.5	ns
T _{DJ2_U2e}	Repeater FS paired transition jitter in USB 2.0 to eUSB2 direction (Relaxed relative to THDJ2 defined by USB 2.0 +/-1ns)	-1.5		+1.5	ns
MODE TIMI	NG				
T _{MODE_SWI} TCH	Time needed to change mode from UART bypass mode to and from USB mode			1	μs
T _{UART_STAR} T	Time needed to start transmitting UART data after entering UART bypass mode			2	ms
I2C (FM+)					
t _{SU_STA}	Start setup time, SCL (T_r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	260			ns
t _{SU_STO}	Stop setup time, SCL (T_r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	260			ns
t _{HD_STA}	Start hold time, SCL (T_r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	260			ns



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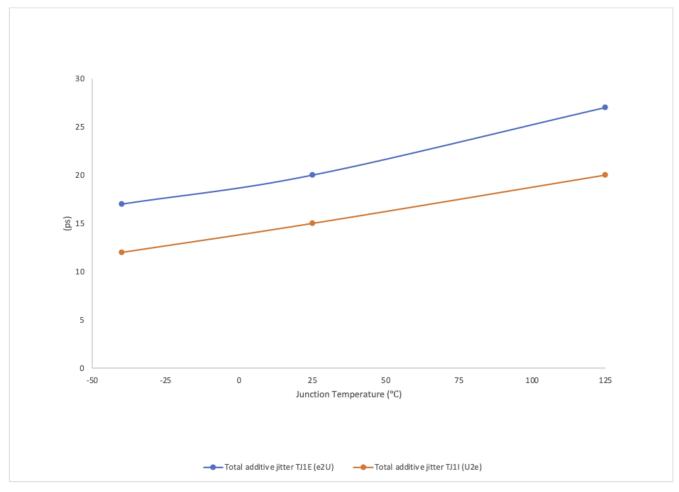
				REVIOLD	
		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t _{SU_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, setup time, SCL (T_r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	50			ns
t _{HD_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, hold time, SCL (T_r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	0			ns
t _{VD_DAT,} t _{VD_ACK}	SDA output delay, SCL (T _r =72ns to 120ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 81.5ns), 1MHz FM+	20		450	ns
t _{HD_DAT_SL}	Data hold time when device is transmitting	6.67			ns
t _{SP}	Glitch width suppressed	50		91	ns
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	0.5			μs
t _{LOW}	Low Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	0.5			μs
t _{HIGH}	High Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	0.26			μs
I2C (FM)				'	
t _{su_sто}	Stop setup time, SCL (T_r =180ns to 300ns), SDA (T_f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	600			ns
t _{HD_STA}	Start hold time, SCL (Tr=180ns to 300ns), SDA (Tf=6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	600			ns
t _{SU_STA}	Start setup time, SCL (T _r =180ns to 300ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	600			ns
t _{SU_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, setup time, SCL (T _r =180ns to 300ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	100			ns
t _{HD_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, hold time, SCL (T _r =180ns to 300ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	0			ns
t _{VD_DAT,} t _{VD_ACK}	SDA output delay, SCL (T _r =180ns to 300ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 400kHz FM	20		900	ns
t _{HD_DAT_SL}	Data hold time when device is transmitting	13.5			ns
t _{SP}	Glitch width suppressed	50		91	ns
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	1.3			μs
t _{LOW}	Low Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	1.3			μs
t _{HIGH}	High Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	0.6			μs
I2C (STD)					
t _{SU_STO}	Stop setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns to 1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4			μs
t _{HD_STA}	Start hold time, SCL (Tr=600ns to 1000ns), SDA (Tf=6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4			μs
t _{SU_STA}	Start setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns to 1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4.7			μs
t _{SU_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns to 1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD	250			ns
t _{HD_DAT}	Data input or False start/stop, hold time, SCL (T _r =600ns to 1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD	5			μs
t _{VD_DAT,} t _{VD_ACK}	SDA output delay, SCL (T _r =600ns to 1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns to 106.5ns), 100kHz STD			3.45	μs
t _{HD_DAT_SL}	Data hold time when device is transmitting	13.5			ns
t _{SP}	Glitch width suppressed	50		91	ns
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	4.7			μs
t _{LOW}	Low Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	4.7		+	μs



		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t _{HIGH}	High Period for SCL clock (host minimum spec that device must tolerate)	4.0			μs

(1) USB Implementers Forum (2018). Embedded USB2 (eUSB2) Physical Layer Supplement to the USB Revision 2.0 Specification, Rev. 1.2 USB Implementers Forum

6.8 Typical Characteristics



TJ1E is for egress direction from eUSB2 to USB and TJ1I is for ingress direction from USB to eUSB2

Figure 6-1. Total Additive Jitter (Typical)

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7 Parametric Measurement Information

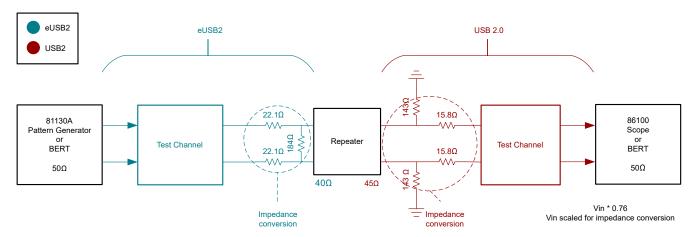


Figure 7-1. USB 2.0 TX Output (Egress) Jitter, Eye Mask Test Setup

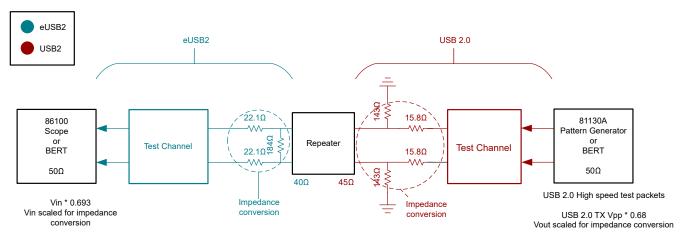


Figure 7-2. eUSB2 TX Output (Ingress) Jitter, Eye Mask Test Setup



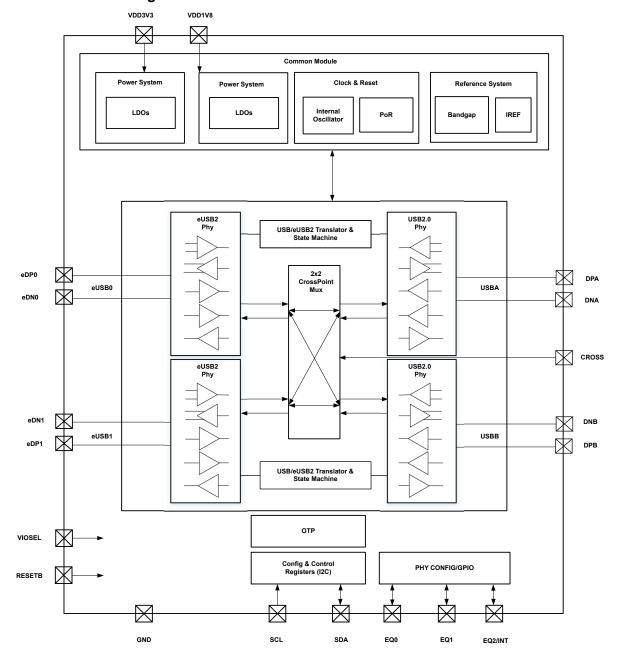
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TUSB2E221 is a dual eUSB2 to USB 2.0 repeater that resides between SoC with one or two eUSB2 port and an external connector that supports USB 2.0. Each repeater is independently configurable as either a host or device repeater (DRD repeater).

The USB 2.0 ports A and B can be swapped by an internal crossbar switch by configuring CROSS pin at reset. The CROSS pin is ignored after power up reset.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 USB 2.0

The TUSB2E221 supports two USB 2.0 ports. Each port supports low-speed, full-speed and high-speed operations.

8.3.2 eUSB2

The TUSB2E221 supports two eUSB2 ports with low-speed, full-speed and high-speed operations.

8.3.3 Cross MUX

The TUSB2E221 supports a cross mux functionality that can map either of the two eUSB2 ports to the two USB 2.0 ports providing design flexibility.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Repeater Mode

After the RESETB deassertion and t_{RH_READY} , the TUSB2E221 is enabled and enters the default state, ready to accept eUSB2 packets.

Table 8-1. Number of Hubs Supported with Host and/or Peripheral Repeater

Number of eUSB2 Repeaters	Number of Hubs Operating at HS	Number of Hubs Operating at FS	
1	4	2	Number of hubs operating at FS is reduced due to
2	3	1	T _{e_to_U_DJ1} and T _{RJR1} . Number of hubs operating at HS is reduced due to SOP truncation and EOP dribble
0	5	5	non-eUSB2 system for reference

8.4.2 Power-Down Mode

RESETB can be used as a power-down pin when asserted low. Power-down mode puts the TUSB2E221 in the lowest power mode.

8.4.3 UART Mode

In I^2C mode GPIO0 defaults as an enable control for Carkit UART mode. GPIO0 is an active low signal to enable Carkit UART mode. GPIO0 can be controlled through APU or SoC. When APU or SoC is not powered on or the firmware has not been loaded, GPIO0 is low. When GPIO0 is low, the UART mode allows access to the APU or SoC debug interface through the USB port.

Default Carkit UART direction is DP \rightarrow eDP (RX) and eDN \rightarrow DN (TX).

On the rising edge of GPIO0, followed by T_{MODE_SWITCH} , the TUSB2E221 is enabled and enters the default state, ready to accept eUSB2 port reset, configuration or RAP. The repeater mode is configured as host or peripheral depending on the eUSB2-defined configuration received from eUSBr and acknowledged by the repeater.

UART mode enable is controlled through GPIO0 after power up. This can be changed through UART_use_bit1_Px bit in UART-PORTx register, so UART mode enable can be controlled through a register instead of GPIO0.

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8.4.4 Auto-Resume ECR

Optional host repeater auto-resume is supported by the TUSB2E221 in L1/L2 by driving Resume K at D+/D- until SOResume is received from eDSPr. In addition, the TUSB2E221 eUSPh holds the Remote Wake line state until SORresume is received from eDSPr.

This auto-resume feature provides the host controller extra time to exit low power state and issue SOResume while the TUSB2E221 UDSP drives resume within 1ms (T_{URSM}) hub resume timing requirement. To take advantage of this low power feature, the host controller implements low power mechanism to detect wake on eDSPr lines while host controller is in low power state.

This auto-resume feature is not required if host controller is capable of initiating SOResume within 1ms of detecting Remote Wake on eDSPr.

This auto-resume ECR mode is disabled when L2 interrupt mode is enabled. When L2 interrupt mode is enabled, resume K at D+/D- is still driven when Remote wake is detected on UDSP but eUSPh is held at SE0 instead of in Remote Wake state. See the L2 State Interrupt Modes section for more details.

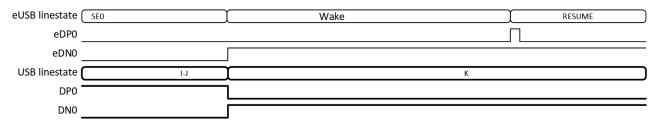


Figure 8-1. Timing Diagram for Auto-Resume for HS/FS

8.4.5 L2 State Interrupt Modes

To prevent signaling on eUSB2 while the eDSP is powered off, enable both L2 remote wake interrupt and disconnect event interrupt modes. The special remote wake sequence when L2 remote wake interrupt mode is enabled.

- System enables interrupt USB REMOTE WAKE Px.
- Repeater is in host mode and has received a CM.L2.
- Repeater detects wake on USB 2.0
- Repeater asserts interrupt.
- Repeater reflects resume on USB 2.0, but does not signal wake on eUSB2.
- Repeater waits for eDSPr to signal start of resume with no intervening configuration, connect, or reset sequence.
- Repeater and eDSP follow normal eUSB2 protocol to signal resume starting and ending in L0.

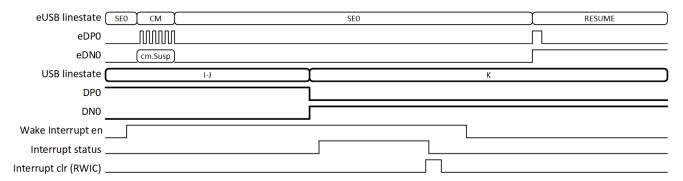


Figure 8-2. Timing Diagram for Wake Interrupt for HS/FS

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The special wake on disconnect sequence when disconnect event interrupt mode is enabled

- System enables interrupt USB_DISCONNECT_Px.
- Repeater is in host mode and has received a CM.L2.
- Repeater detects SE0 for disconnect on USB 2.0.
- · Repeater asserts interrupt.
- Interrupt must be cleared prior to eDSPr reinitializing the TUSB2E221 as a host.
- Repeater does not signal or report USB 2.0 SE0 on eUSB2.
- · Repeater waits for eDSPr to power up, which starts with port reset announcement.
- · Repeater and eDSP follow normal eUSB2 protocol, ending in unconnected state of host mode.

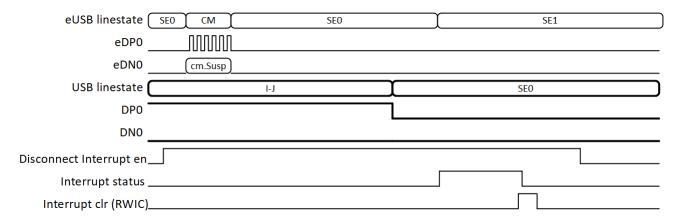


Figure 8-3. Timing Diagram for Disconnect Interrupt for HS/FS

8.4.6 Attach Detect Interrupt Mode

When attach event detect is enabled the TUSB2E221 issues an interrupt event instead of signaling attach on eUSB2.

- System enables interrupt USB DETECT ATTACH Px. Interrupt must be enabled prior to any connect event.
- Repeater is in host mode.
- · Repeater detects attach on USB 2.0.
- Repeater debounces attach for 60µs and asserts interrupt instead of signaling attach on eUSB2.
- Interrupt must be disabled prior to eDSPr reinitializing as a host to process attach through normal mechanism.

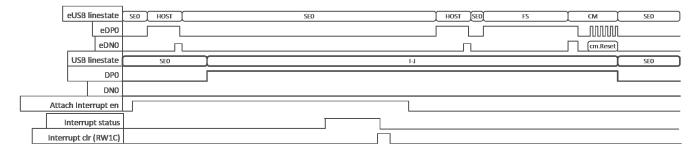


Figure 8-4. Timing Diagram for Attach Detect Interrupt for HS/FS

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8.4.7 GPIO Mode

8.4.7.1 EQ0 as GPIO0

The EQ0 pin enters input mode at power up and is sampled during reset.

The EQ0 defaults to active high UART mode (bypass mode) enable control for eUSB2 port0 after power up in I^2C mode.

The EQ0 pin can be configured to be input or output mode through the I^2C register write. The output event is selected through the I^2C register. Refer to the GPIO0 CONFIG register for more information.

The EQ0 input status change can be reported through the EQ2/INT as an interrupt if enabled through the I^2C . The status change trigger can be programmed to be edge trigger or level trigger through the I^2C .

The EQ0 pin in output mode defaults to open-drain output but can be configured to be push-pull output. The EQ0 pin can drive up to 3pF loads when in push-pull mode.

The EQ0 pin reverts back to input upon RESETB assert, deassert, or soft reset.

In non I²C mode, the EQ0 pin is used for USB PHY tuning.

8.4.7.2 EQ1 as GPIO1

The EQ1 pin enters input mode at power up and is sampled during reset.

The EQ1 defaults to active high UART mode (bypass mode) enable control for eUSB2 port1 after power up in I^2C mode.

The EQ1 pin can be configured to be input or output mode through the I^2C register write. The output event is selected through the I^2C register. Refer to the GPIO1 CONFIG register.

The EQ1 input status change can be reported through the EQ2/INT as an interrupt if enabled through the I²C. The status change trigger can be programmed to be an edge trigger or level trigger through the I²C.

The EQ1 pin in output mode defaults to open-drain output but can be configured to be push-pull output. EQ1 pin can drive up to 3pF loads when in push-pull mode.

The EQ1 pin reverts back to input upon RESETB assert, deassert, or soft reset.

In non I²C mode, the EQ1 pin is used for USB PHY tuning.

8.4.7.3 EQ2/INT as GPIO2

The EQ2/INT pin defaults to open-drain interrupt (INT) active low output at power up but can be programmed through the I^2C to be a push-pull output. In push-pull mode, the EQ2/INT pin can be programmed to be either active high or active low. Interrupt output is a level-sensitive interrupt. Trigger events can be selected through the I^2C .

Connect EQ2/INT to APU to use interrupt functions and a pullup resistor (open-drain mode).

EQ2/INT interrupt output can be configured through the INT_ENABLE_1/2 and INT_STATUS_1/2 registers.

In non I²C mode, EQ2/INT pin is used for USB PHY tuning.

8.4.8 CROSS

The CROSS pin controls the orientation of the integrated cross bar mux.

After the RESETDB deassertion followed by internally generated reset signal and 1ms delay, the CROSS pin is sampled and latched.

The system must make sure that CROSS meets t_{su_CROSS} and t_{hd_CROSS} with respect to power supply ramp and RESETB deassertion per *Power Supply Recommendations*.

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Changes to the state of the CROSS input while RESETB is high are ignored.

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Table 8-2. eUSB2 to USB Mapping

	CROSS = 0	CROSS = 1
eUSB0 (eDP0, eDN0)	USBA (DPA, DNA)	USBB (DPB, DNB)
eUSB1 (eDP1, eDN1)	USBB (DPB, DNB)	USBA (DPA, DNA)

8.4.9 USB 2.0 High-Speed HOST Disconnect Detection

USB 2.0 specification does not specify high-speed output differential swing V_{OD} during disconnect without external load. Only chirp level and HS host disconnect threshold are specified. Specification implicitly assumes high-speed output differential swing V_{OD} doubles during disconnect. However, the high-speed output differential swing during disconnect depends on the USB 2.0 TX output swing and pre-emphasis setting, as the common-mode voltage increase can saturate the output swing level and may not double.

The high-speed host disconnect threshold can be adjusted to provide the most margin to avoid false disconnect as well as failure to detect a disconnect. See Table 8-3.

Table 8-3. Recommended USB 2.0 High-Speed HOST Disconnect Thresholds per USB HSTX Amplitude and Pre-Emphasis

and re-cimpinasis						
			USB HS TX F	Pre-Emphasis		
USB HS TX Amplitude (Vp-p)	0.5dB (0h)	0.9dB (1h)	1.2dB (2h)	1.7dB (3h)	2.1dB (4h)	2.5dB (5h)
740mV (0h)	545mV (1h)	545mV (1h)	545mV (1h)	545mV (1h)	545mV (1h)	545mV (1h)
760mV (1h)	565mV (2h)	565mV (2h)	565mV (2h)	565mV (2h)	565mV (2h)	565mV (2h)
780mV (2h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)
800mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)	585mV (3h)
820mV (4h)	605mV (4h)	605mV (4h)	605mV (4h)	605mV (4h)	605mV (4h)	605mV (4h)
840mV (5h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)
860mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	625mV (5h)	625mV (5h)
880mV (7h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)	645mV (6h)
900mV (8h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)	645mV (6h)
920mV (9h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)
940mV (Ah)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	665mV (7h)	665mV (7h)
960mV (Bh)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)	665mV (7h)
980mV (Ch)	725mV (Ah)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)
1000mV (Dh)	725mV (Ah)	725mV (Ah)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	685mV (8h)	685mV (8h)
1020mV (Eh)	725mV (Ah)	725mV (Ah)	725mV (Ah)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	685mV (8h)
1040mV (Fh)	745mV (Bh)	725mV (Ah)	725mV (Ah)	705mV (9h)	705mV (9h)	685mV (8h)

8.4.10 Frame Based Low Power Mode

The USB2.0 standard defines high-speed microframes that occur every 125 μ s. Using a patented design, the TUSB2E221 monitors idle conditions within every high-speed microframe. The TUSB2E221 enters a low power state if the bus is idle for greater than 7.8125 μ s and remains in the low power state until the start of the next μ SOF. This feature is enabled by default and can be disabled by clearing HOST_FRAME_LP_EN_Px or DEVICE_FRAME_LP_EN_Px bits.

Table 8-4 shows an example of the typical high-speed idle power the TUSB2E221 consumes based on whether or not the frame based low power is enabled. These results assume the TUSB2E221 is in host repeater mode.

Table 8-4. Typical Single Port High-Speed Idle Power for Frame Base LP Mode

HOST_FRAME_LP_EN_Px	1.8V CURRENT (mA)	3.3V CURRENT (mA)
0 (Disabled)	56	2.8
1 (Enabled)	12	2.0

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Note

Frame based low power mode is enabled by default. If using TUSB2E221 in pin-strap mode, this feature can not be disabled. Contact support if a device variant with frame based low power mode disabled in pin-strap mode is needed.

8.5 Programming

8.5.1 I²C Target Interface

I²C target interface enables access to internal registers by the system application processor. The primary function of the interface is to enable configuring various PHY parameters, controlling the GPIO pins, and enabling USB-BC functions. The TUSB2E221 repeater functions operates after power up without requiring I2C configuration.

The TUSB2E221 has I²C 7-bit target address of 0x4F. 8-bit address of Write: 0x9E and Read: 0x9F.

I²C default target address can be changed at the factory through one-time programming.

I²C drive strength can be changed through the I²C.

Table 8-5. Recommended I²C Drive Strength for I²C Bus Speed, Bus Pullup and Bus Capacitance

I ² C FM+ (1MHz Max)	I ² C drive strength (I _{OL}) selection			
	I2C bus pullup R _{PU}			
C(bus) pF	1kΩ	2.2kΩ	4kΩ	7kΩ
10-50	≅8mA	≅4mA	N/A	N/A
10-90	≅8mA	N/A	N/A	N/A
10-150	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10-200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

I ² C FM (400kHz Max)	I ² C drive strength (I _{OL}) selection			
		I ² C bus p	ullup R _{PU}	
C(bus) pF	1kΩ	2.2kΩ	4kΩ	7kΩ
10-50	≅8mA	≅4mA	≅2mA	N/A
10-90	≅8mA	≅4mA	N/A	N/A
10-150	≅8mA	≅8mA	N/A	N/A
10-200	≅8mA	N/A	N/A	N/A

I ² C STD (100kHz Max)	I ² C drive strength (I _{OL}) selection				
		I ² C bus pullup R _{PU}			
C(bus) pF	1kΩ	2.2kΩ	4kΩ	7kΩ	
10-50	≅8mA	≅4mA	≅2mA	≅1mA	
10-90	≅8mA	≅4mA	≅2mA	≅1mA	
10-150	≅8mA	≅4mA	≅2mA	≅2mA	
10-200	≅8mA	≅4mA	≅2mA	≅2mA	

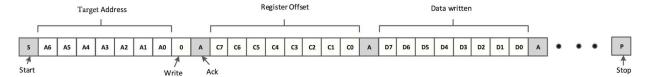


Figure 8-5. I²C Write with Data

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Use this procedure to write data to TUSB2E221 I²C registers (refer to Figure 8-5):

- 1. The host initiates a write operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB2E221 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the address cycle.
- 3. The host presents the register offset within the TUSB2E221 to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.
- 4. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the sub-address cycle.
- 5. The host presents the first byte of data to be written to the I²C register.
- 6. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the byte transfer.
- 7. The host may continue presenting additional bytes of data to be written, with each byte transfer completing with an acknowledge from the TUSB2E221.
- 8. The host terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).

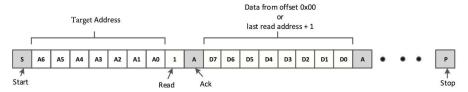


Figure 8-6. I²C Read Without Repeated Start

Use this procedure to read the TUSB2E221 I²C registers without a repeated Start (refer Figure 8-6).

- 1. The host initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB2E221 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a read cycle.
- 2. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 3. Following the acknowledge the host continues sending clock.
- 4. The TUSB2E221 transmit the contents of the memory registers MSB-first starting at register 00h or last read register offset+1. If a write to the I²C register occurred prior to the read, then the TUSB2E221 shall start at the register offset specified in the write.
- 5. The TUSB2E221 waits for either an acknowledge (ACK) or a not-acknowledge (NACK) from the host after each byte transfer; the I²C host acknowledges reception of each data byte transfer.
- 6. If an ACK is received, the TUSB2E221 transmits the next byte of data as long as host provides the clock. If a NAK is received, the TUSB2E221 stops providing data and waits for a stop condition (P).
- 7. The host terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).

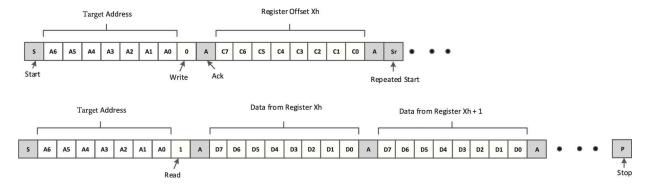


Figure 8-7. I²C Read with Repeated Start

Use this procedure to read the TUSB2E221 I²C registers with a repeated Start (refer Figure 8-7).

- 1. The host initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB2E221 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 3. The host presents the register offset within the TUSB2E221 to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.

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- 4. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the register offset cycle.
- 5. The host presents a repeated start condition (Sr).
- 6. The host initiates a read operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB2E221 7-bit address and a one-value "W/R" bit to indicate a read cycle.
- 7. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the 7-bit address cycle.
- 8. The TUSB2E221 transmit the contents of the memory registers MSB-first starting at the register offset.
- 9. The TUSB2E221 shall wait for either an acknowledge (ACK) or a not-acknowledge (NACK) from the host after each byte transfer; the I²C host acknowledges reception of each data byte transfer.
- 10. If an ACK is received, the TUSB2E221 transmits the next byte of data as long as host provides the clock. If a NAK is received, the TUSB2E221 stops providing data and waits for a stop condition (P).
- 11. The host terminates the read operation by generating a stop condition (P).

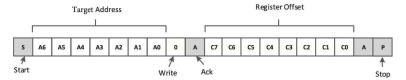


Figure 8-8. I²C Write Without Data

Use this procedure to set a starting sub-address for I²C reads (refer to Figure 8-8).

- 1. The host initiates a write operation by generating a start condition (S), followed by the TUSB2E221 7-bit address and a zero-value "W/R" bit to indicate a write cycle.
- 2. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the address cycle.
- 3. The host presents the register offset within the TUSB2E221 to be written, consisting of one byte of data, MSB-first.
- 4. The TUSB2E221 acknowledges the register offset cycle.
- 5. The host terminates the write operation by generating a stop condition (P).

Note

After initial power-up, if no register offset is included for the read procedure (refer to Figure 8-6), then reads start at register offset 00h and continue byte by byte through the registers until the I^2C host terminates the read operation. During a read operation, the TUSB2E221 auto-increments the I^2C internal register address of the last byte transferred independent of whether or not an ACK was received from the I^2C host.

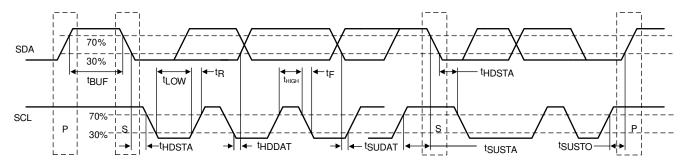


Figure 8-9. I²C Timing Diagram

8.5.2 Register Access Protocol (RAP)

Each repeater in the TUSB2E221 supports the register access protocol (RAP) over eUSB2 to allow access to the related registers. Only the registers associated with each repeater is accessible through RAP. Registers for the other repeater or the chip top level are not accessible through RAP.

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RAP accessible registers are indicated with corresponding RAP addresses in the register map. Default value of a subset of the registers are factory programmable and are indicated in register map.



9 Register Map

9.1 TUSB2E221 Registers

Table 9-1 lists the memory-mapped registers for the TUSB2E221 registers. All register offset addresses not listed in Table 9-1 should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified.

Table 9-1. TUSB2E221 Registers

Offset	Acronym	Register Name	Section
0h	GPI00_CONFIG	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 0h, Read = 30h)	Go
10h	LOPWR_N_UART_P0		Go
20h	CONFIG_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 20h, Read = 10h)	Go
30h	U_TX_ADJUST_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 30h, Read = 0h), Default through OTP	Go
31h	U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 31h, Read = 1h), Default through OTP	Go
32h	U_RX_ADJUST_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 32h, Read = 2h), Default through OTP	Go
33h	U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 33h, Read = 3h), Default through OTP	Go
37h	E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 37h, Read = 7h), Default through OTP	Go
38h	E_TX_ADJUST_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 38h, Read = 8h), Default through OTP	Go
39h	E_RX_ADJUST_PORT0	RAP Register for Port 0 (Write = 39h, Read = 9h), Default through OTP	Go
40h	GPIO1_CONFIG	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 0h, Read = 30h)	Go
50h	LOPWR_N_UART_P1		Go
60h	CONFIG_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 20h, Read = 10h)	Go
70h	U_TX_ADJUST_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 30h, Read = 0h), Default through OTP	Go
71h	U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 31h, Read = 1h), Default through OTP	Go
72h	U_RX_ADJUST_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 32h, Read = 2h), Default through OTP	Go
73h	U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 33h, Read = 3h), Default through OTP	Go
77h	E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 37h, Read = 7h), Default through OTP	Go
78h	E_TX_ADJUST_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 38h, Read = 8h), Default through OTP	Go
79h	E_RX_ADJUST_PORT1	RAP Register for Port 1 (Write = 39h, Read = 9h), Default through OTP	Go
A3h	INT_STATUS_1		Go
A4h	INT_STATUS_2		Go
B0h	REV_ID		Go
B2h	GLOBAL_CONFIG		Go
B3h	INT_ENABLE_1		Go
B4h	INT_ENABLE_2		Go

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. Table 9-2 shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

Table 9-2. TUSB2E221 Access Type Codes

Access Type	Code	Description		
Read Type				
R	R	Read		
RH	R H	Read Set or cleared by hardware		
Write Type				
W	W	Write		
W1C	W 1C	Write 1 to clear		
WtoPH	W toPH	Write Pulse high		
Reset or Default Value				
-n		Value after reset or the default value		

9.1.1 GPIO0_CONFIG Register (Offset = 0h) [Reset = 00h]

GPIO0_CONFIG is shown in Table 9-3.

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Table 9-3. GPIO0_CONFIG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	GPIO0_OD_PP	R/W	0h	GPIO0 Output Type 0h = Open drain output 1h = Push pull output
6	GPIO0_IN_TRIGGER_TY PE	R/W	0h	GPIO0 Input Trigger Type for Interrupt 0h = Edge trigger input 1h = Level trigger input (INT output reflects the input level state)
5	GPI00_DIRECTION	R/W	Oh	GPIO0 Direction 0h = Input 1h = Output
4	GPIO0_INPUT_STATUS	RH	0h	Logical Value of GPIO0 pin input (0=Low, 1=High) 0h = Input is low 1h = Input is high



Table 9-3. GPIO0_CONFIG Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
3-0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	R/W	Oh	GPIO0 Output Selection 0h = Remote Wakeup - host repeater is receiving remote wake but has not seen start of resume 1h = USB disconnect - host repeater is actively forwarding LS/FS disconnect. 2h = USB_HS_Unsquelched - host repeater in L0 seeing USB HS or in reset seeing Chirp 3h = PVTB - HOST repeater is actively transmitting ESE1 due to HS disconnect. 4h = DEFAULT - waiting to be configured host/peripheral 5h = HOST - in host repeater mode 6h = PERIPHERAL - in peripheral repeater mode 7h = CONNECTED - repeater is connected, connection seen acknowledged by start of reset 8h = RESET - reset in progress, reset is detected is high, L0 is low 9h = L0 - fully configured and repeating data, keep-alive and reset/disconnect Ah = L1 -device has received CM.FS/CM.L1,has stopped repeating and is waiting for wake/resume Bh = L2 - device has received CM.L2, has stopped repeating and is waiting for wake/resume. Ch = GPIO0_HS_TEST - in host repeater in L0 mode, received CM.TEST Dh = HIGH_OUTPUT - output is forced static high Eh = LOW_OUTPUT - output is forced static low Fh = OVP - over voltage (DP/DN voltage > VOVP_TH) detected on the USB DP/DN

9.1.2 LOPWR_N_UART_P0 Register (Offset = 10h) [Reset = 50h]

LOPWR_N_UART_P0 is shown in Table 9-4.

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Table 9-4. LOPWR_N_UART_P0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7	RESERVED	R	0h		Reserved
6	HOST_FRAME_LP_EN _P0	RH/W	1h	Y	Host repeater frame-based Low Power enable Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
5	DEVICE_FRAME_LP_E N_P0	RH/W	Oh	Y	Peripheral repeater frame-based Low Power enable Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
4	IDLE_LP_EN_P0	RH/W	1h	Y	enable response-based Low Power mode Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
3	UART_GPI_POLARITY _P0	RH/W	Oh	Y	Select polarity of pin to enable UART mode Default through OTP 0h = GPIO0 pin enables UART mode when 1 1h = GPIO0 pin enables UART mode when 0
2	UART_DP_PU_EN_P0	RH/W	0h	Υ	Select whether DP pullup is enabled during UART mode Default through OTP 0h = disable DP pullup during UART mode 1h = enable DP pullup during UART mode

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Table 9-4. LOPWR_N_UART_P0 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
1	UART_en_by_reg_not_ pin_P0	RH/W	Oh	Υ	Select whether UART mode is enabled by register or by GPIO0 pin Default through OTP 0h = select UART_mode_en_P0 register to enable UART mode 1h = select GPIO0 pin to enable UART mode
0	UART_mode_en_P0	RH/W	Oh	Y	If GPIO0 is not selected to enable UART mode, this register enables UART mode. Default through OTP 0h = disable UART mode between eUSB2 and USB 2.0 pins 1h = enable UART mode between eUSB2 and USB 2.0 pins

9.1.3 CONFIG_PORT0 Register (Offset = 20h) [Reset = 00h]

CONFIG_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-5.

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Table 9-5. CONFIG_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved
6-5	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
4-3	HOST_DEVICE_P0	RH	Oh	Port0 is configured as a Host repeater or a Device repeater 0h = Not configured 1h = Host repeater 2h = Device repeater 3h = Reserved
2-1	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
0	CDP_2_STATUS_P0	RH	0h	Primary detection detected on port0 if CDP_2_EN_P0=1 0h = CDP primary detection detected 1h = CDP primary detection not detected

9.1.4 U_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register (Offset = 30h) [Reset = 77h]

U_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-6.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-6. U_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре		Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	U_HS_TERM_P0	RH/W	1h	Y	$Z_{HSTERM} \ adjustment \\ USB \ HS \ Termination \ Adjustment \ (-5\% \ to \ 10\% \ in \ 5\% \ steps) \\ Default \ through \ OTP \\ 0h = 42.75 \ \Omega \ (typical) \\ 1h = 45 \ \Omega \ (typical) \ (hw \ default) \\ 2h = 47.25 \ \Omega \ (typical) \\ 3h = 49.5 \ \Omega \ (typical) \\ \end{cases}$

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Table 9-6. U_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

	Table 5-6. 0_17_ADJ051_FORTO register Field Descriptions (continued)						
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description		
5-4	U_HS_TX_SLEW_RAT E_P0	RH/W	3h	Υ	T _{HSR} adjustment USB HS TX Slew Rate (350ps - 575ps) Default through OTP 0h = 350ps (typical) 1h = 425ps (typical) 2h = 500ps (typical) 3h = 575ps (typical) (hw default)		
3-0	U_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE _P0	RH/W	7h	Y	V _{EHSOD} adjustment USB HS TX Amplitude, measured p-p USB 2.0 spec nominal is 800mV (-7.5% to 30% in 2.5% steps) Default through OTP This setting has no effect on amplitude during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = 800mV - 7.5% , 740mV (typical) 1h = 800mV - 5.0% , 760mV (typical) 2h = 800mV - 2.5% , 780mV (typical) 3h = 800mV (USB 2.0 spec nominal) , 800mV (typical) (hw default) 4h = 800mV + 2.5% , 820mV (typical) 5h = 800mV + 5.0% , 840mV (typical) 6h = 800mV + 7.5% , 860mV (typical) 7h = 800mV + 10% , 880mV (typical) 8h = 800mV + 12.5% , 900mV (typical) 9h = 800mV + 17.5% , 900mV (typical) Ah = 800mV + 17.5% , 940mV (typical) Ch = 800mV + 20% , 960mV (typical) Ch = 800mV + 22.5% , 980mV (typical) Dh = 800mV + 25% , 1000mV (typical) Eh = 800mV + 27.5% , 1020mV (typical) Fh = 800mV + 30% , 1040mV (typical)		

9.1.5 U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 Register (Offset = 31h) [Reset = 39h]

U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 is shown in Table 9-7.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-7. U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
6	CDP_1_EN_P0	RH/W	0h	Y	Enables CDP using method 1 on port0 Default through OTP 0h = CDP using method 1 not enabled (hw default) 1h = CDP using method 1 enabled
5-4	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_ P0	RH/W	3h	Y	U2_TXPE_UI Adjustment USB HS TX Pre-emphasis Width Default through OTP 0h = 0.35 UI (typical) 1h = 0.45 UI (typical) 2h = 0.55 UI (typical) 3h = 0.65 UI (typical) (hw default)

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Table 9-7. U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Table 3-7. 0_110_17_1 NC_CMI TIAGIO_1 V Register Field Descriptions (continued)								
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description			
3	U_HS_TX_PE_ENABL E_P0	RH/W	1h	Υ	USB HS TX Pre-emphasis Enable Default through OTP PE is disabled during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = Disabled (hw default) 1h = Enabled			
2-0	U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPH ASIS_P0	RH/W	1h	Y	U2_TXPE Adjustment USB HS TX Pre-emphasis (0.5dB-4.0dB) Default through OTP PE is disabled during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = 0.5dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.9dB (typical) 2h = 1.2dB (typical) 3h = 1.7dB (typical) 4h = 2.1dB (typical) 5h = 2.5dB (typical) 6h = 3.2dB (typical) 7h = 4.0dB (typical)			

9.1.6 U_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register (Offset = 32h) [Reset = D2h]

U_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-8.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-8. U_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	i2c_ds_config	RH/W	3h	Y	I ² C open-drain output drive strength selection This is intended to be set through I ² C. (The pin can be set through RAP only if repeater 0 is enabled) Default through OTP 0h = approximately 1mA (typical) 1h = approximately 2mA (typical) 2h = approximately 4mA (typical) 3h = approximately 8mA (typical) (hw default)
5-4	RESERVED	RH/W	1h		Reserved
3	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
2-0	U_EQ_P0	RH/W	2h	Y	EQ UHS Adjustment USB RX Equalizer Control (0-3.35dB) Default through OTP 0h = 0.06dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.58dB (typical) 2h = 1.09dB (typical) 3h = 1.56dB (typical) 4h = 2.26dB (typical) 5h = 2.67dB (typical) 6h = 3.03dB (typical) 7h = 3.35dB (typical)

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9.1.7 U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT0 Register (Offset = 33h) [Reset = 74h]

U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-9.



Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-9. U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-4	U_DISCONNECT_THR ESHOLD_P0	RH/W	7h	Y	V _{HSDSC} Adjustment USB Minimum HS HOST Disconnect Threshold (0% to +57% in approximately 3.7% steps) Default through OTP 0h = 525mV (minimum), 0% (hw default) 1h = 545mV (minimum), +4% 2h = 565mV (minimum), +8% 3h = 585mV (minimum), +11% 4h = 605mV (minimum), +15% 5h = 625mV (minimum), +19% 6h = 645mV (minimum), +23% 7h = 665mV (minimum), +23% 7h = 665mV (minimum), +31% 9h = 705mV (minimum), +31% 9h = 705mV (minimum), +38% Bh = 745mV (minimum), +48% Ch = 765mV (minimum), +46% Dh = 785mV (minimum), +50% Eh = 805mV (minimum), +53% Fh = 825mV (minimum), +57%
3	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
2-0	U_SQUELCH_THRESH OLD_P0	RH/W	4h	Y	V _{HSSQ} Adjustment USB Squelch Detection Min Threshold (+30% to -15% in approximately 6.5% steps) Default through OTP 0h = 130mV (minimum), +30% 1h = 124mV (minimum), +24% 2h = 117mV (minimum), +17% 3h = 111mV (minimum), +11% 4h = 104mV (minimum), +4% (hw default) 5h = 98mV (minimum), -2% 6h = 91mV (minimum), -9% 7h = 85mV (minimum), -15%

9.1.8 E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 Register (Offset = 37h) [Reset = 40h]

E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 is shown in Table 9-10.

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Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

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Table 9-10. E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P0 Register Field Descriptions

	Table 3-10.	<u></u>	Pu Register Field Descriptions		
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-5	E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPH ASIS_P0	RH/W	2h	Υ	E_TXPE adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Pre-emphasis 0dB-3.86dB Default through OTP 0h = 0dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.67dB (typical) 2h = 1.29dB (typical) 3h = 1.87dB (typical) 4h = 2.41dB (typical) 5h = 2.92dB (typical) 6h = 3.41dB (typical) 7h = 3.86dB (typical)
4-3	E_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_ P0	RH/W	Oh	Y	E _TXPE_UI adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Pre-emphasis Width Default through OTP 0h = 0.35 UI (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.45 UI (typical) 2h = 0.55 UI (typical) 3h = 0.65 UI (typical)
2	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
1	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
0	RESERVED	R	0h		

9.1.9 E_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register (Offset = 38h) [Reset = 0Ch]

E_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-11.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-11. E_TX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
5	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
4-3	E_HS_TX_SLEW_RAT E_P0	RH/W	1h	Y	T _{EHSRF} Adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Slew Rate 390ps - 540ps Default through OTP 0h = 390ps (typical) 1h = 440ps (typical) (hw default) 2h = 490ps (typical) 3h = 540ps (typical)
2-0	E_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE _P0	RH/W	4h	Y	V _{EHSOD} Adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Amplitude 360mV to 500mV (p-2-p) Default through OTP 0h = 360mV (typical) 1h = 380mV (typical) 2h = 400mV (typical) 3h = 420mV (typical) (hw default) 4h = 440mV (typical) 5h = 460mV (typical) 6h = 480mV (typical) 7h = 500mV (typical)

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9.1.10 E_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register (Offset = 39h) [Reset = 62h]

E_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 is shown in Table 9-12.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-12. E_RX_ADJUST_PORT0 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
6-4	E_SQUELCH_THRESH OLD_P0	RH/W	6h	Y	V _{EHSSQ} Adjustment eUSB2 HS Squelch Detection Threshold Default through OTP 0h = 104mV (typical) 1h = 101mV (typical) 2h = 98mV (typical) 3h = 90mV (typical) 4h = 81mV (typical) 5h = 73mV (typical) 6h = 67mV (typical) (hw default) 7h = 60mV (typical)
3-0	E_EQ_P0	RH/W	2h	Y	EQ EHS Adjustment eUSB2 RX Equalizer Control Default through OTP 0h = 0.34dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.71dB (typical) 2h = 1.02dB (typical) 3h = 1.36dB (typical) 4h = 1.64dB (typical) 5h = 1.94dB (typical) 6h = 2.19dB (typical) 7h = 2.45dB (typical) 8h = 2.69dB (typical) 9h = 2.93dB (typical) 9h = 3.13dB (typical) Ah = 3.13dB (typical) Ch = 3.53dB (typical) Dh = 3.72dB (typical) Eh = 3.89dB (typical) Fh = 4.07dB (typical)

9.1.11 GPIO1_CONFIG Register (Offset = 40h) [Reset = 00h]

GPIO1_CONFIG is shown in Table 9-13.

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Table 9-13. GPIO1_CONFIG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	GPIO1_OD_PP	R/W	Oh	GPIO1 Output Type selection 0h = Open drain output 1h = Push pull output
6	GPIO1_IN_TRIGGER_TY PE	R/W	Oh	GPIO1 Input Trigger Type selection for Interrupt 0h = Edge trigger input 1h = Level trigger input (INT output reflects the input level state)
5	GPIO1_DIRECTION	R/W	Oh	GPIO1 Direction selection 0h = Input 1h = Output

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Table 9-13. GPIO1_CONFIG Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Rit Field Type Reset Description							
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description			
4	GPIO1_INPUT_STATUS	RH	Oh	Logical Value of GPIO1 pin input status (0=Low, 1=High) 0h = Input is low 1h = Input is high			
3-0	GPIO1_OUTPUT_SELEC	R/W	Oh	GPIO1 Output Selection Oh = Remote Wakeup - host repeater is receiving remote wake but has not seen start of resume 1h = USB disconnect - host repeater is actively forwarding LS/FS disconnect. 2h = USB_HS_Unsquelched - host repeater in L0 seeing USB HS or in reset seeing Chirp 3h = PVTB - HOST repeater is actively transmitting ESE1 due to HS disconnect. 4h = DEFAULT - waiting to be configured host/peripheral 5h = HOST - in host repeater mode 6h = PERIPHERAL - in peripheral repeater mode 7h = CONNECTED - repeater is connected, connection seen acknowledged by start of reset 8h = RESET - reset in progress, reset is detected is high, L0 is low 9h = L0 - fully configured and repeating data, keep-alive and reset/disconnect Ah = L1 -device has received CM.FS/CM.L1,has stopped repeating and is waiting for wake/resume Bh = L2 - device has received CM.L2, has stopped repeating and is waiting for wake/resume. Ch = GPIO1_HS_TEST - in host repeater in L0 mode, received CM.TEST Dh = HIGH_OUTPUT - output is forced static high Eh = LOW_OUTPUT - output is forced static low Fh = OVP - over voltage (DP/DN voltage > VOVP_TH) detected on the USB DP/DN			

9.1.12 LOPWR_N_UART_P1 Register (Offset = 50h) [Reset = 50h]

LOPWR_N_UART_P1 is shown in Table 9-14.

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Table 9-14. LOPWR_N_UART_P1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7	RESERVED	R	0h		
6	HOST_FRAME_LP_EN _P1	RH/W	1h	Y	Host repeater frame-based Low Power enable Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
5	DEVICE_FRAME_LP_E N_P1	RH/W	Oh	Y	Peripheral repeater frame-based Low Power enable Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
4	IDLE_LP_EN_P1	RH/W	1h	Y	enable response-based Low Power mode Default through OTP 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
3	UART_GPI_POLARITY _P1	RH/W	Oh	Y	Select polarity of pin to enable UART mode Default through OTP 0h = GPIO1 pin enables UART mode when 1 1h = GPIO1 pin enables UART mode when 0

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Table 9-14. LOPWR_N_UART_P1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
2	UART_DP_PU_EN_P1	RH/W	Oh	Y	Select whether DP pullup is enabled during UART mode Default through OTP 0h = disable DP pullup during UART mode 1h = enable DP pullup during UART mode
1	UART_en_by_reg_not_ pin_P1	RH/W	Oh	Y	Select whether UART mode is enabled by register or by GPIO1 pin Default through OTP 0h = select UART_mode_en_P1 register to enable UART mode 1h = select GPIO1 pin to enable UART mode
0	UART_mode_en_P1	RH/W	0h	Y	If GPIO1 is not selected to enable UART mode, this register enables UART mode. Default through OTP 0h = disable UART mode between eUSB2 and USB 2.0 pins 1h = enable UART mode between eUSB2 and USB 2.0 pins

9.1.13 CONFIG_PORT1 Register (Offset = 60h) [Reset = 00h]

CONFIG_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-15.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-15. CONFIG_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

	Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
İ	7	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved
Ī	6-5	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
	4-3	HOST_DEVICE_P1	RH	0h	Port1 is configured as a Host repeater or a Device repeater 0h = Not configured 1h = Host repeater 2h = Device repeater 3h = Reserved
Ī	2-1	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
	0	CDP_2_STATUS_P1	RH	0h	Primary detection detected on port1 if CDP_2_EN_P1=1 0h = CDP primary detection detected 1h = CDP primary detection not detected

9.1.14 U_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register (Offset = 70h) [Reset = 77h]

U_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-16.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-16. U_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	U_HS_TERM_P1	RH/W	1h	Y	$Z_{\text{HSTERM}} \ \text{adjustment} \\ \text{USB HS Termination Adjustment (-5% to 10% in 5% steps)} \\ \text{Default through OTP} \\ \text{0h} = 42.75 \ \Omega \ \text{(typical)} \\ \text{1h} = 45 \ \Omega \ \text{(typical)} \ \text{(hw default)} \\ \text{2h} = 47.25 \ \Omega \ \text{(typical)} \\ \text{3h} = 49.5 \ \Omega \ \text{(typical)} \\ $

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Table 9-16. U_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

	lable 9-16. U_IX_ADJUSI_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)									
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description					
5-4	U_HS_TX_SLEW_RAT E_P1	RH/W	3h	Υ	T _{HSR} adjustment USB HS TX Slew Rate (350ps - 575ps) Default through OTP 0h = 350ps (typical) 1h = 425ps (typical) 2h = 500ps (typical) 3h = 575ps (typical) (hw default)					
3-0	U_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE _P1	RH/W	7h	Y	V _{EHSOD} adjustment USB HS TX Amplitude, measured p-p USB 2.0 spec nominal is 800mV (-7.5% to 30% in 2.5% steps) Default through OTP This setting has no effect on amplitude during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = 800mV - 7.5% , 740mV (typical) 1h = 800mV - 5.0% , 760mV (typical) 2h = 800mV - 2.5% , 780mV (typical) 3h = 800mV (USB 2.0 spec nominal) , 800mV (typical) (hw default) 4h = 800mV + 5.0% , 820mV (typical) 5h = 800mV + 5.0% , 860mV (typical) 6h = 800mV + 7.5% , 860mV (typical) 7h = 800mV + 10% , 880mV (typical) 8h = 800mV + 12.5% , 900mV (typical) 9h = 800mV + 15% , 920mV (typical) Ah = 800mV + 2.5% , 940mV (typical) Bh = 800mV + 20% , 960mV (typical) Ch = 800mV + 22.5% , 980mV (typical) Dh = 800mV + 25% , 1000mV (typical) Eh = 800mV + 27.5% , 1020mV (typical) Fh = 800mV + 30% , 1040mV (typical)					

9.1.15 U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 Register (Offset = 71h) [Reset = 39h]

U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 is shown in Table 9-17.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-17. U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
6	CDP_1_EN_P1	RH/W	0h	Y	Enables CDP using method 1 on port1 Default through OTP 0h = CDP using method 1 not enabled (hw default) 1h = CDP using method 1 enabled
5-4	U_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_ P1	RH/W	3h	Y	U2 _TXPE_UI USB HS TX Pre-emphasis Width Default through OTP 0h = 0.35 UI (typical) 1h = 0.45 UI (typical) 2h = 0.55 UI (typical) 3h = 0.65 UI (typical) (hw default)

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Table 9-17. U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
3	U_HS_TX_PE_ENABL E_P1	RH/W	1h	Υ	USB HS TX Pre-emphasis Enable Default through OTP PE is disabled during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = Disabled (hw default) 1h = Enabled
2-0	U_HS_TX_PRE_EMPH ASIS_P1	RH/W	1h	Y	U2_TXPE USB HS TX Pre-emphasis (0.5dB-4.0dB) Default through OTP PE is disabled during chirp J (VCHIRPJ) or chirp K (VCHIRPK) 0h = 0.5dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.9dB (typical) 2h = 1.2dB (typical) 3h = 1.7dB (typical) 4h = 2.1dB (typical) 5h = 2.5dB (typical) 6h = 3.2dB (typical) 7h = 4.0dB (typical)

9.1.16 U_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register (Offset = 72h) [Reset = 92h]

U_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-18.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-18. U_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	gpio_ds_config	RH/W	2h	Y	GPIOx and INT open-drain output drive strength selection This is intended to be set through I ² C. (The pin can be set through RAP only if repeater 1 is enabled) Default through OTP 0h = approximately 1mA (typical) 1h = approximately 2mA (typical) 2h = approximately 4mA (typical) (hw default) 3h = approximately 8mA (typical)
5-4	RESERVED	RH/W	1h		Reserved
3	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
2-0	U_EQ_P1	RH/W	2h	Y	EQ UHS Adjustment USB RX Equalizer Control (0-3.35dB) Default through OTP 0h = 0.06dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.58dB (typical) 2h = 1.09dB (typical) 3h = 1.56dB (typical) 4h = 2.26dB (typical) 5h = 2.67dB (typical) 6h = 3.03dB (typical) 7h = 3.35dB (typical)

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9.1.17 U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT1 Register (Offset = 73h) [Reset = 74h]

U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-19.



Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-19. U_DISCONNECT_SQUELCH_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	_	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-4	U_DISCONNECT_THR ESHOLD_P1	RH/W	7h	Y	V _{HSDSC} adjustment USB Minimum HS HOST Disconnect Threshold (0% to +57% in approximately 3.7% steps) Default through OTP 0h = 525mV (minimum), 0% (hw default) 1h = 545mV (minimum), +4% 2h = 565mV (minimum), +8% 3h = 585mV (minimum), +11% 4h = 605mV (minimum), +15% 5h = 625mV (minimum), +19% 6h = 645mV (minimum), +23% 7h = 665mV (minimum), +27% 8h = 685mV (minimum), +31% 9h = 705mV (minimum), +34% Ah = 725mV (minimum), +38% Bh = 745mV (minimum), +42% Ch = 765mV (minimum), +46% Dh = 785mV (minimum), +50% Eh = 805mV (minimum), +53% Fh = 825mV (minimum), +57%
3	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
2-0	U_SQUELCH_THRESH OLD_P1	RH/W	4h	Y	V _{HSSQ} Adjustment USB Squelch Detection Min Threshold (+30% to -15% in approximately 6.5% steps) Default through OTP 0h = 130mV (minimum), +30% 1h = 124mV (minimum), +24% 2h = 117mV (minimum), +17% 3h = 111mV (minimum), +11% 4h = 104mV (minimum), +4% (hw default) 5h = 98mV (minimum), -2% 6h = 91mV (minimum), -9% 7h = 85mV (minimum), -15%

9.1.18 E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 Register (Offset = 77h) [Reset = 40h]

E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 is shown in Table 9-20.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

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Table 9-20. E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPHASIS_P1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-5	E_HS_TX_PRE_EMPH ASIS_P1	RH/W	2h	Υ	E _TXPE adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Pre-emphasis 0dB-3.86dB Default through OTP 0h = 0dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.67dB (typical) 2h = 1.29dB (typical) 3h = 1.87dB (typical) 4h = 2.41dB (typical) 5h = 2.92dB (typical) 6h = 3.41dB (typical) 7h = 3.86dB (typical)
4-3	E_HS_TX_PE_WIDTH_ P1	RH/W	Oh	Y	E _TXPE_UI adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Pre-emphasis Width Default through OTP 0h = 0.35 UI (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.45 UI (typical) 2h = 0.55 UI (typical) 3h = 0.65 UI (typical)
2	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
1	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
0	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
0	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved

9.1.19 E_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register (Offset = 78h) [Reset = 0Ch]

E_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-21.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-21. E_TX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description
7-6	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
5	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved
4-3	E_HS_TX_SLEW_RAT E_P1	RH/W	1h	Y	T _{EHSRF} Adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Slew Rate 390ps - 540ps Default through OTP 0h = 390ps (typical) 1h = 440ps (typical) (hw default) 2h = 490ps (typical) 3h = 540ps (typical)
2-0	E_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE _P1	RH/W	4h	Y	V _{EHSOD} Adjustment eUSB2 HS TX Amplitude 360mV to 500mV (p-2-p) Default through OTP 0h = 360mV (typical) 1h = 380mV (typical) 2h = 400mV (typical) 3h = 420mV (typical) (hw default) 4h = 440mV (typical) 5h = 460mV (typical) 6h = 480mV (typical) 7h = 500mV (typical)

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9.1.20 E_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register (Offset = 79h) [Reset = 62h]

E_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 is shown in Table 9-22.

Return to the Summary Table.

Hardware default value can be overridden through factory programmable OTP for this register.

Table 9-22. E_RX_ADJUST_PORT1 Register Field Descriptions

			_	_FORT Register Fleid Descriptions		
Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Default from OTP (Y/N)	Description	
7	RESERVED	RH/W	0h		Reserved	
6-4	E_SQUELCH_THRESH OLD_P1	RH/W	6h	Υ	V _{EHSSQ} Adjustment eUSB2 HS Squelch Detection Threshold Default through OTP 0h = 104mV (typical) 1h = 101mV (typical) 2h = 98mV (typical) 3h = 90mV (typical) 4h = 81mV (typical) 5h = 73mV (typical) 6h = 67mV (typical) (hw default) 7h = 60mV (typical)	
3-0	E_EQ_P1	RH/W	2h	Y	EQ EHS Adjustment eUSB2 RX Equalizer Control Default through OTP 0h = 0.34dB (typical) (hw default) 1h = 0.71dB (typical) 2h = 1.02dB (typical) 3h = 1.36dB (typical) 4h = 1.64dB (typical) 5h = 1.94dB (typical) 6h = 2.19dB (typical) 7h = 2.45dB (typical) 8h = 2.69dB (typical) 9h = 2.93dB (typical) 9h = 3.13dB (typical) Ah = 3.13dB (typical) Ch = 3.53dB (typical) Dh = 3.72dB (typical) Eh = 3.89dB (typical) Fh = 4.07dB (typical)	

9.1.21 INT_STATUS_1 Register (Offset = A3h) [Reset = 00h]

INT_STATUS_1 is shown in Table 9-23.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-23. INT_STATUS_1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	INT_GPIO1_RISING_ED GE	R/W1C	0h	GPIO1 Rising Edge enable 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
6	INT_GPIO1_FALLING_ED GE	R/W1C	0h	GPIO1 Falling Edge enable 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
5	INT_GPIO0_RISING_ED GE	R/W1C	Oh	GPIO0 Rising Edge enable 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt

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Table 9-23. INT_STATUS_1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
4	INT_GPIO0_FALLING_ED GE	R/W1C	0h	GPIO0 Falling Edge enable 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
3	INT_USB_REMOTE_WAK E_P1	R/W1C	0h	Remote Wake Event Detect on USB Port 1 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
2	INT_USB_DISCONNECT _P1	R/W1C	0h	Disconnect event has occurred on Port 1 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
1	INT_USB_REMOTE_WAK E_P0	R/W1C	0h	Remote Wake Event Detect on USB Port 0 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
0	INT_USB_DISCONNECT _P0	R/W1C	0h	Disconnect event has occurred on Port 0 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt

9.1.22 INT_STATUS_2 Register (Offset = A4h) [Reset = 00h]

INT_STATUS_2 is shown in Table 9-24.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-24. INT_STATUS_2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7-4	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
3	INT_USB_DET_ATTACH_ P1	R/W1C	Oh	Device Attach event has occurred on Port 1 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
2	INT_USB_DET_ATTACH_ P0	R/W1C	Oh	Device Attach event has occurred on Port 0 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
1	INT_USB_OVP_P1	R/W1C	0h	Over voltage condition (DP/DN voltage > V _{OVP_TH}) has occurred port 1 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt
0	INT_USB_OVP_P0	R/W1C	0h	Over voltage condition (DP/DN voltage > V _{OVP_TH}) has occurred port 0 0h = No Interrupt 1h = Interrupt

9.1.23 REV_ID Register (Offset = B0h) [Reset = 03h]

REV_ID is shown in Table 9-25.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-25. REV ID Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7-0	REV_ID	RH	3h	Device revision. 4h = Device Revision 4

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9.1.24 GLOBAL_CONFIG Register (Offset = B2h) [Reset = 00h]

GLOBAL_CONFIG is shown in Table 9-26.

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Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-26. GLOBAL_CONFIG Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	SOFT_RST	WtoPH	0h	Writing a 1 to this field is equivalent to pulsing RESETB low
6	DISABLE_P1	R/W	0h	Disabled Mode Repeater 1 (I ² C remains Active) (If port is not disconnected, wait until disconnect event to disable the repeater) 0h = Repeater Enabled 1h = Repeater Disabled
5	DISABLE_P0	R/W	Oh	Disabled Mode Repeater 0 (I ² C remains Active) (If port is not disconnected, wait until disconnect event to disable the repeater) 0h = Repeater Enabled 1h = Repeater Disabled
4	INT_OUT_TYPE	R/W	0h	INT Output Type INT output drive strength in open-drain mode is the same as GPIO setting 0h = Open Drain 1h = push pull
3	INT_POLARITY	R/W	Oh	INT pin polarity in push-pull mode only (open-drain mode is always Active low) 0h = Active High (only for push-pull) 1h = Active Low (only for push-pull, open-drain is always active low)
2	RESERVED	R/W	0h	Reserved
1-0	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved

9.1.25 INT_ENABLE_1 Register (Offset = B3h) [Reset = 00h]

INT_ENABLE_1 is shown in Table 9-27.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-27. INT_ENABLE_1 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	GPIO1_RISING_EDGE	R/W	Oh	INT_GPIO1_RISING_EDGE enable. When GPIO1_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 0 (Edge), this enables interrupt on Rising Edge of GPIO1. When GPIO1_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 1 (Level), this enables Interrupt when GPIO1 = High. 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
6	GPIO1_FALLING_EDGE	R/W	Oh	INT_GPIO1_FALLING_EDGE enable. When GPIO1_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 0 (Edge), this enables interrupt on Falling Edge of GPIO1. When GPIO1_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 1 (Level), this enables Interrupt when GPIO1 = Low. 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
5	GPIO0_RISING_EDGE	R/W	0h	INT_GPIO0_RISING_EDGE enable. When GPIO0_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 0 (Edge), this enables interrupt on Rising Edge of GPIO0. When GPIO0_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 1 (Level), this enables Interrupt when GPIO0 = High. 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled

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Table 9-27. INT_ENABLE_1 Register Field Descriptions (continued)

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
4	GPIO0_FALLING_EDGE	R/W	Oh	INT_GPIO0_FALLING_EDGE enable. When GPIO0_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 0 (Edge), this enables interrupt on Falling Edge of GPIO0. When GPIO0_IN_TRIGGER_TYPE = 1 (Level), this enables Interrupt when GPIO0 = Low. 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
3	USB_REMOTE_WAKE_P	R/W	0h	INT_USB_REMOTE_WAKE_P1 enable. See L2 State Interrupt Modes 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
2	USB_DISCONNECT_P1	R/W	0h	INT_USB_DISCONNECT_P1 enable. See L2 State Interrupt Modes 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
1	USB_REMOTE_WAKE_P	R/W	0h	INT_USB_REMOTE_WAKE_P0 enable. See L2 State Interrupt Modes 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
0	USB_DISCONNECT_P0	R/W	0h	INT_USB_DISCONNECT_P0 enable. See L2 State Interrupt Modes 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled

9.1.26 INT_ENABLE_2 Register (Offset = B4h) [Reset = 00h]

INT_ENABLE_2 is shown in Table 9-28.

Return to the Summary Table.

Table 9-28. INT_ENABLE_2 Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Туре	Reset	Description
7	INT_OVERRIDE_EN	R/W	Oh	INT pin enable 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
6	INT_VALUE	R/W	Oh	Value to drive on INT when INT_OVERRIDE=1 INT output pin indicates the interrupt assertion. The pin follows the INT pin configuration. In open drain mode, the pin is active low to indicate interrupt assertion. In push-pull mode, the pin follows active low/high configuration to indicate INT assertion. Oh = output : interrupt not asserted 1h = output : interrupt asserted
5-4	RESERVED	R	0h	Reserved
3	USB_DETECT_ATTACH_ P1	R/W	0h	INT_USB_DET_ATTACH_P1 enable. Enable device attach detection while eDSP is powered down 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
2	USB_DETECT_ATTACH_ P0	R/W	0h	INT_USB_DET_ATTACH_P0 enable. Enable device attach detection while eDSP is powered down 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
1	USB_OVP_P1	R/W	Oh	Over Voltage Port 1 interrupt enable 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled
0	USB_OVP_P0	R/W	Oh	Over Voltage Port 0 interrupt enable 0h = Not Enabled 1h = Enabled

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10 Applications and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The TUSB2E221 can be used in either HOST or Peripheral implementation. The mode is configured by the eUSB2 SoC.

10.2 Typical Application: Dual Port System

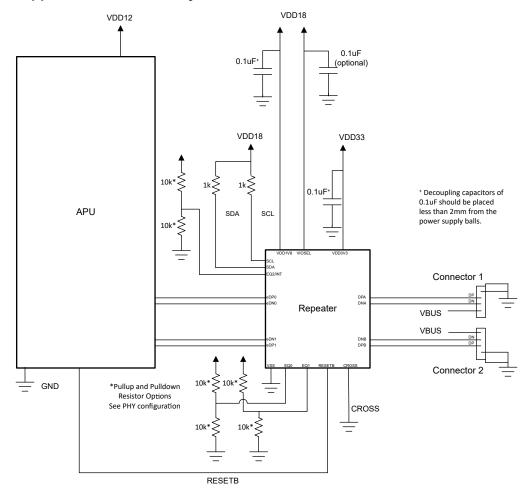


Figure 10-1. Typical Dual Port System Implementation with 1.8V and I²C

10.2.1 Design Requirements

The TUSB2E221 supports the eUSB2 specification. eUSB2 SoC must be compliant to the eUSB2 specification.

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The TUSB2E221 has multiple loss compensation settings for high-speed operation so make sure the selected settings match the system loss profile to optimize jitter performance. USB 2.0 high speed eye diagram measurements can be used as a guide to confirm the loss compensation is optimum for a given system.

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10.2.2.1 eUSB PHY Settings Recommendation

Table 10-1 shows the recommended eUSB PHY register settings for different eUSB lengths.

Table 10-1. Recommended eUSB PHY Settings based on FR4 length

eUSB PHY Register	2.5 inches	5 inches	7.5 inches	10 inches
E_EQ_Px	0	2	4	6
E_HS_TX_AMPLITUDE_Px	3	4	5	6
E_HS_PRE_EMPHASIS_Px	0	2	3	4

10.2.3 Application Curve

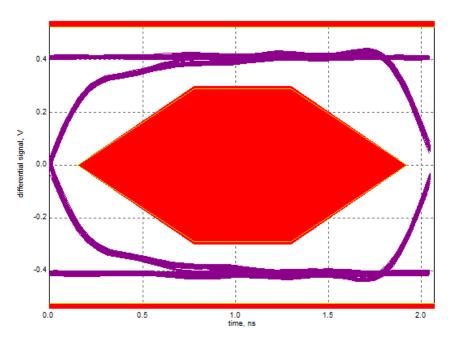


Figure 10-2. Typical USB 2.0 High-Speed Eye Diagram

10.3 Power Supply Recommendations

10.3.1 Power-Up Reset

The RESETB pin is an active-low reset pin that can also be used as a power-down pin.

The TUSB2E221 does not have power supply sequence requirements between VDD3V3 and VDD1V8.

Make sure the maximum VDD3V3 and VDD1V8 ramp time to reach minimum supply voltages is 2ms.

An internal power-on reset circuit along with the external RESETB input pin allows for proper initialization when RESETB is deasserted high prior to the power rails being valid. If RESETB deasserts high before the power supplies are stable, the internal power-on reset circuit can hold off internal reset until the supplies are stable.

After the RESETB deassertion, followed by internally generated reset signal and 1ms delay, CROSS pin is sampled and latched.

After the RESETB deassertion and after t_RH_READY, the TUSB2E221 is enabled and enters default state, ready to accept eUSB2 packets. Each repeater is either in host repeater mode or device repeater mode depending on the receipt of either host mode enable or peripheral mode enable.

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10.4 Layout

10.4.1 Layout Guidelines

- Place supply bypass capacitors as close to VDD1V8 and VDD3V3 pins as possible and avoid placing the bypass caps near the eDP/eDN and DP/DN traces.
- 2. Route the high-speed USB signals using a minimum of vias and corners which reduces signal reflections and impedance changes. When a via must be used, increase the clearance size around the via to minimize the capacitance. Each via introduces discontinuities in the transmission line of the signal and increases the chance of picking up interference from the other layers of the board. Be careful when designing test points on twisted pair lines; through-hole pins are not recommended.
- 3. When it becomes necessary to turn 90°, use two 45° turns or an arc instead of making a single 90° turn. This reduces reflections on the signal traces by minimizing impedance discontinuities.
- 4. Do not route USB traces under or near crystals, oscillators, clock signal generators, switching regulators, mounting holes, magnetic devices or ICs that use or duplicate clock signals.
- 5. Avoid stubs on the high-speed USB signals due to signal reflections. If a stub is unavoidable, then the stub must be less than 200 mil
- 6. Route all high-speed USB signal traces over continuous GND planes, with no interruptions.
- 7. Avoid crossing over anti-etch, commonly found with plane splits.
- 8. Due to high frequencies associated with the USB, a printed circuit board with at least four layers is recommended; two signal layers separated by a ground and power layer as shown in Figure 10-3.

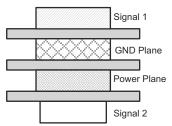


Figure 10-3. Four-Layer Board Stack-Up

Product Folder Links: TUSB2E221



10.4.2 Example Layout

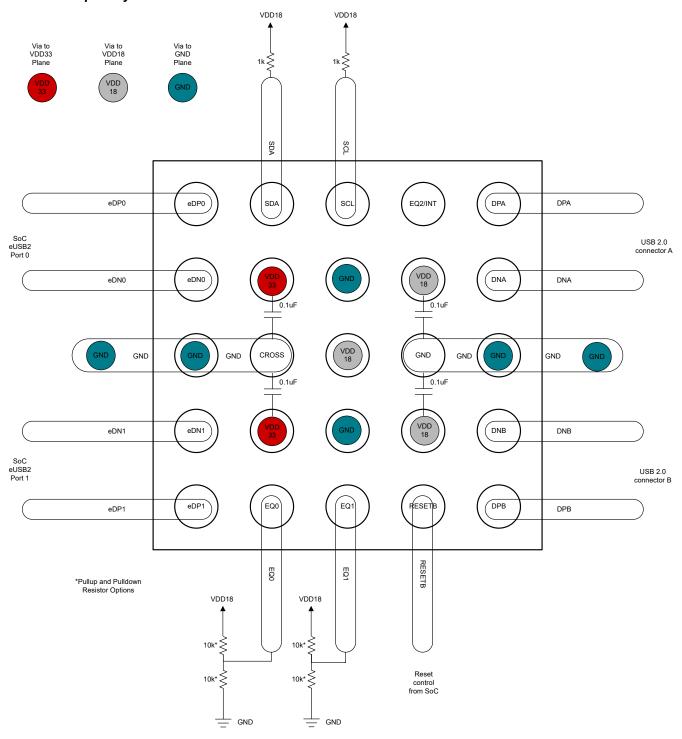


Figure 10-4. Example Layout for WCSP



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, USB 2.0 Board Design and Layout Guidelines
- Texas Instruments, High-Speed Layout Guidelines
- Texas Instruments, High-Speed Interface Layout Guidelines

11.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

11.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

11.4 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Revision History

Changes from Revision B (November 2024) to Revision C (March 2025)	Page
Changed VBW (WQFN, 20) package status from: preview to: active	1
Added device variant with Frame Base LP mode disabled	4
Changed orderable part number to match the appropriate variant	4
Changes from Revision A (October 2024) to Revision B (November 2024)	Page
Added RAP address for writes	32
Changes from Revision * (June 2024) to Revision A (October 2024)	Page
Changed data sheet status from: Advanced Information to: Production Mixed	1
Changed YCG (DSBGA, 25) package status from: preview to: active	1

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13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

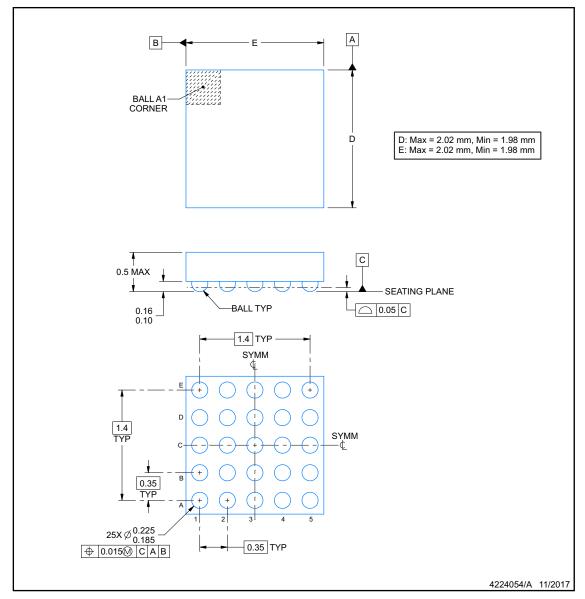
The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

YCG0025

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.



Product Folder Links: TUSB2E221

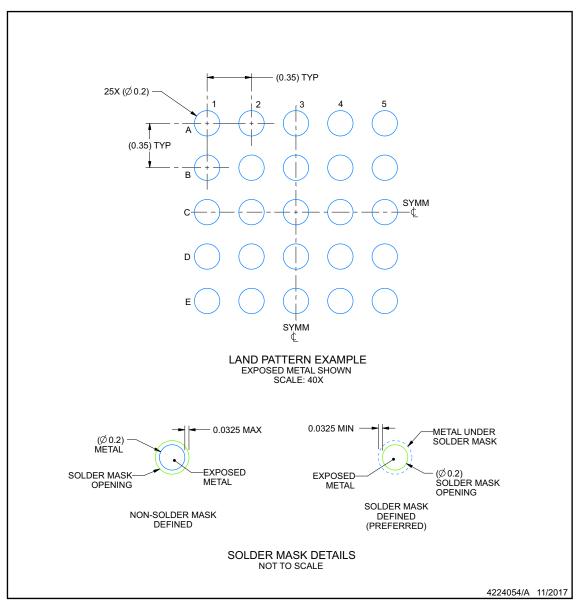


EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

YCG0025

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



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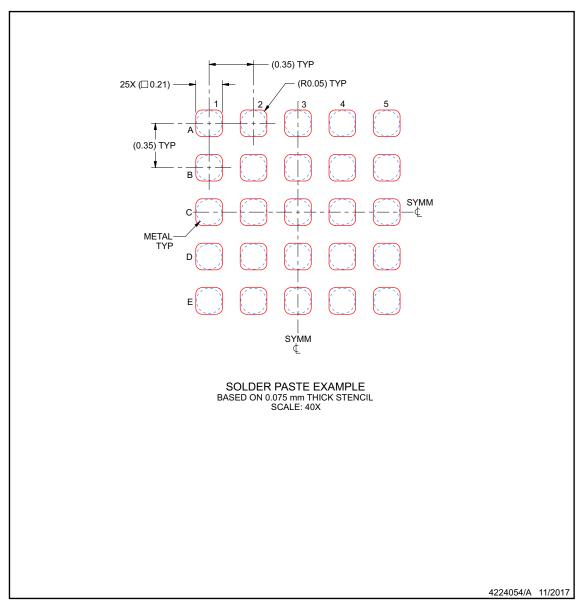


EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YCG0025

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



Product Folder Links: TUSB2E221



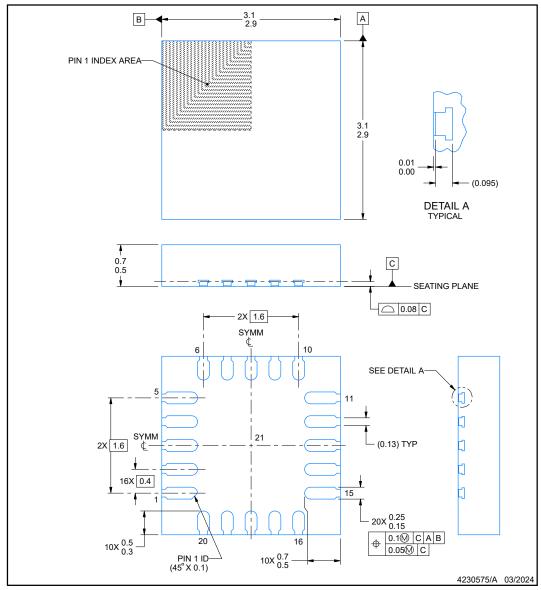
VBW0020A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

WQFN-FCRLF - 0.7 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



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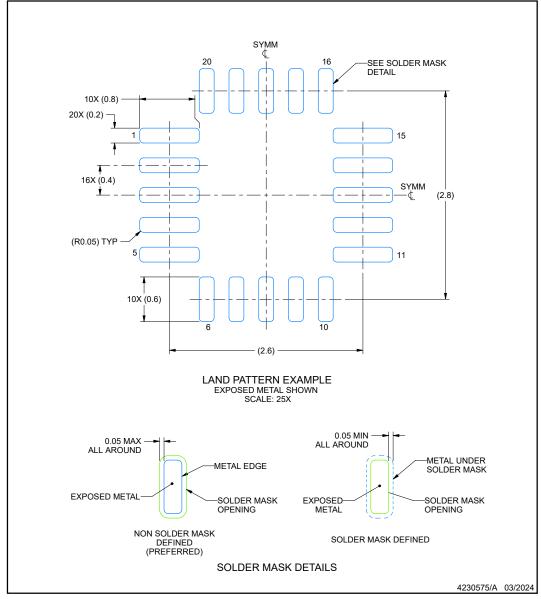


EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

VBW0020A

WQFN-FCRLF - 0.7 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



Product Folder Links: TUSB2E221

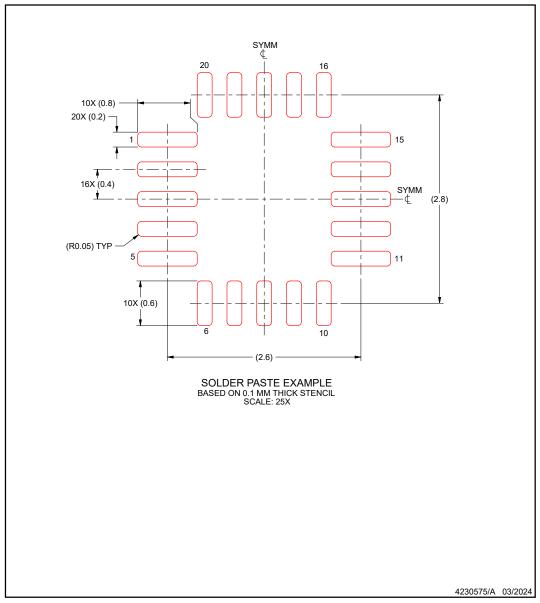


EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

VBW0020A

WQFN-FCRLF - 0.7 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



Product Folder Links: TUSB2E221

Submit Document Feedback

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
TUSB2E2211001YCGR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YCG) 25	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2E221W2
TUSB2E2211005VBWR	Active	Production	WQFN-FCRLF (VBW) 20	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	2E2216
TUSB2E221I1005VBWF	Active	Production	WQFN-FCRLF (VBW) 20	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	2E2216

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TUSB2E2211001YCGR	DSBGA	YCG	25	3000	180.0	8.4	2.14	2.14	0.7	4.0	8.0	Q1
TUSB2E2211005VBWR	WQFN- FCRLF	VBW	20	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	0.85	8.0	12.0	Q2
TUSB2E221I1005VBWR	WQFN- FCRLF	VBW	20	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	0.85	8.0	12.0	Q2





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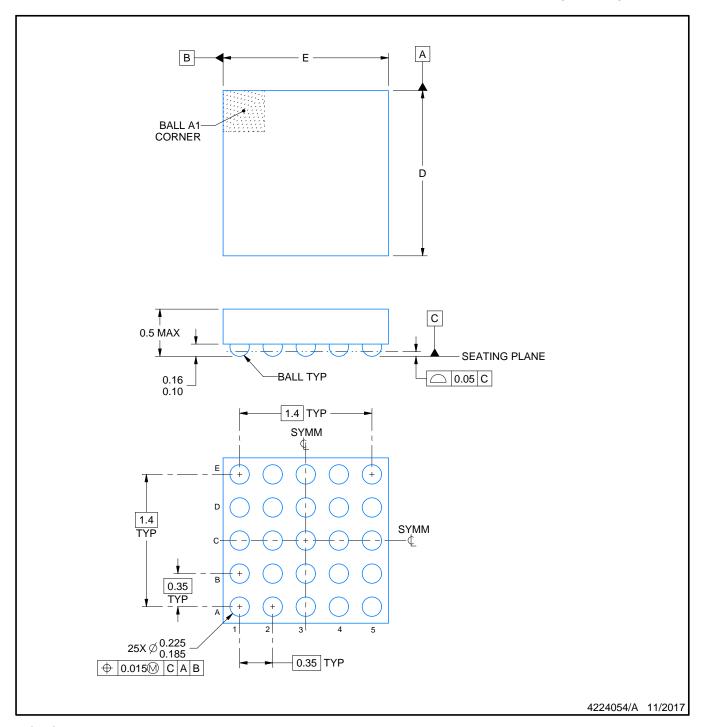


*All dimensions are nominal

Device Package Type		Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TUSB2E2211001YCGR	DSBGA	YCG	25	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TUSB2E2211005VBWR	WQFN-FCRLF	VBW	20	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TUSB2E221I1005VBWR	WQFN-FCRLF	VBW	20	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



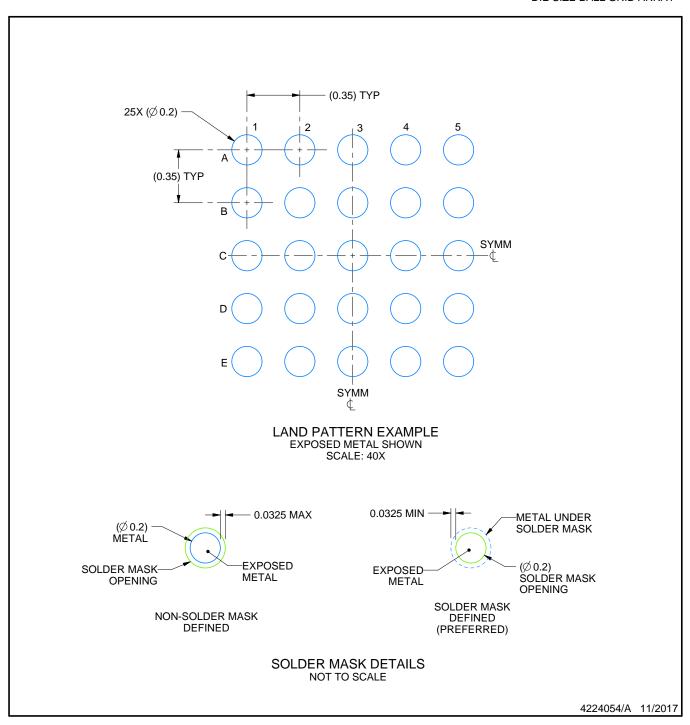
NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



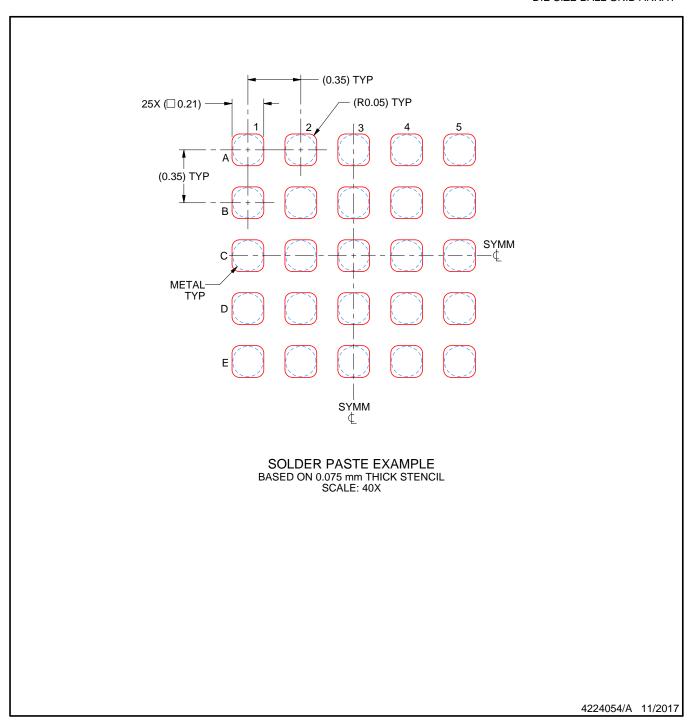
DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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