











TPS22932B

SLVS802C -AUGUST 2009-REVISED MAY 2015

TPS22932B Low Input Voltage, Ultralow rON Load Switch With Configurable Enable Logic and Controlled Slew-Rate

1 Features

- Input Voltage: 1.1 V to 3.6 V
- Ultralow ON-Resistance
 - $r_{ON} = 55 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$
 - $r_{ON} = 65 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ at } V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}$
 - r_{ON} = 75 $m\Omega$ at V_{IN} = 1.8 V
 - r_{ON} = 115 m Ω at V_{IN} = 1.2 V
- 500-mA Maximum Continuous Switch Current
- Quiescent Current < 1 μA
- Shutdown Current < 1 μA
- Low Control Threshold Allows Use of 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V Logic
- Configurable Enable Logic
- Controlled Slew Rate to Avoid Inrush Currents: 165 μs at 1.8 V
- Six-Terminal Wafer Chip Scale Package (DSBGA)
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- PDAs
- Cell Phones
- GPS Devices
- MP3 Players
- Digital Cameras
- Peripheral Ports
- Portable Instrumentation

3 Description

The TPS22932B device is a low r_{ON} load switch with controlled turnon. The device contains a P-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1.1 V to 3.6 V.

The switch is controlled by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to $V_{\rm IN}$ or GND. The control pins can be connected to low-voltage GPIOs allowing the switch to be controlled by either 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V logic signals while keeping extremely low quiescent current.

A 120- Ω on-chip load resistor is available for output quick discharge when the switch is turned off. The rise time (slew rate) of the device is internally controlled to avoid inrush current: the rise time of TPS22932B is 165 μ s.

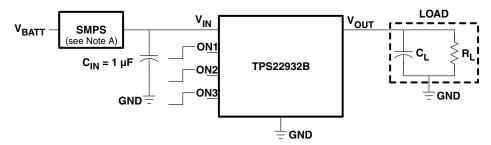
TPS22932B is available in a space-saving 6-pin DSBGA (YFP with 0.4-mm pitch). The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to 85°C.

Device Information(1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22932B	DSBGA (6)	0.80 mm × 1.20 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application



A. Switched-mode power supply



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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision B (August 2013) to Revision C

Page

- Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section
- Moved Operating free-air temperature values in Absolute Maximum Ratings to the Recommended Operating Conditions 4

Product Folder Links: TPS22932B

Changes from Revision A (November 2009) to Revision B

Page

Aligned package description throughout data sheet.

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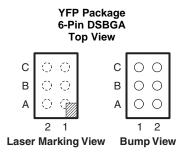


Device Comparison Table

DEVICE	r _{ON} at 1.8 V (TYP)	SLEW RATE (TYP at 3.3 V)	QUICK OUTPUT DISCHARGE ⁽¹⁾	MAX OUTPUT CURRENT	ENABLE
TPS22932B	75 mΩ	165 µs	Yes	500 mA	Active High

This feature discharges the output of the switch to ground through a 120-Ω resistor, preventing the output from floating.

Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
A1	V _{OUT}	0	Switch output
A2	V _{IN}		Switch input, bypass this input with a ceramic capacitor to ground
B1	GND		Ground
B2	ON1		
C2	ON2	I	Switch control input, active high - Do not leave floating
C1	ON3		

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage	-0.3	4	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage		V _{IN} + 0.3	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum continuous switch current		500	mA
T _{lead}	Maximum lead temperature (10-s soldering time)		300	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

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			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000		
	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
I _{OUT}	Output current		500	mA
V_{IN}	Input voltage	1.1	3.6	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage		V _{IN}	
C _{IN}	Input capacitor	1 ⁽¹⁾		μF
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C

⁽¹⁾ See Application Information.

7.4 Thermal Information

		TPS22932B	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	YFP (DSBGA)	UNIT
		6 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	125.1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	1.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	26	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	26	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

 V_{IN} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A	MIN TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
			V _{IN} = 1.1 V		140	275	
I _{IN}	Quiescent current	$I_{OUT} = 0$	V _{IN} = 1.8 V	Full	280	500	nA
			V _{IN} = 3.6 V		860	920	
			V _{IN} = 1.1 V		80	225	
I _{IN(OFF)}	OFF-state supply current	V _{ON} = GND, OUT = Open	V _{IN} = 1.8 V	Full	125	300	nA
			V _{IN} = 3.6 V		340	650	
			V _{IN} = 1.1 V		80	225	
I _{IN(LEAKAGE)}	OFF-state switch current	$V_{ON} = GND, V_{OUT} = 0$	V _{IN} = 1.8 V	Full	125	300	nA
			V _{IN} = 3.6 V		340	650	
		I _{OUT} = -200 mA	V 0.0.V	25°C	55	70	mΩ
			$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	Full		85	
			V 0.5.V	25°C	65	80	
			$V_{IN} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	Full		100	
_			V 4.0.V	25°C	75	90	
r _{ON}	ON-state resistance		V _{IN} = 1.8 V	Full		110	
			V 4.0.V	25°C	115	130	
			V _{IN} = 1.2 V	Full		155	
			V 44V	25°C	135	150	
			V _{IN} = 1.1 V	Full		170	
r _{PD}	Output pulldown resistance	$V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{ON} = 0, I_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	30 mA	25°C	75	120	Ω
I _{ON}	ON-state input leakage current	V _{ON} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V or GND	Full		1	μA	
Control Inpu	ts (ON1, ON2, ON3)						

⁽¹⁾ Typical values are at the specified V_{IN} and T_A = 25°C.

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 V_{IN} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V, T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	т	MIN TYP(1) MAX	UNIT
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	IVIIN ITP	' WAX	UNII
	Input leakage current	$V_{IN} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V or GND}$	Full		1	μΑ
V_{ON}	Control input voltage		Full		3.6	V
V _{T+}	Positive-going input voltage	V _{IN} = 1.1 V to 1.8 V	Full	0.5	0.8	V
	threshold	$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.6	0.9	
V _{T-}	Negative-going input voltage	$V_{IN} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.8 \text{ V}$	EII	0.2	0.6	V
	threshold	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 3.6 V	Full	0.3	0.7	V
ΔV_{T}	Hysteresis ($V_{T+} - V_{T-}$)	V _{IN} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	Full	0.2	0.6	V

7.6 Switching Characteristics, 1.2 V

 V_{IN} = 1.2 V, $R_{L CHIP}$ = 120 Ω , T_{A} = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	350		
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	390		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	450		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	30		
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	R _L = 500 Ω	C _L = 1 μF	70		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	160		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	240		μs
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	C _L = 1 μF	240		
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	260		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	20		μs
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	150		
			C _L = 3 μF	450		

7.7 Switching Characteristics, 1.5 V

 V_{IN} = 1.5 V, R_{L_CHIP} = 120 Ω , T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	290		
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	320		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	350		<u> </u>
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	30		l
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	R _L = 500 Ω	C _L = 1 μF	70		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	150		
			$C_L = 0.1 \mu F$	205		l
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	205		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	220		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	18		l
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	145		μs
			C _L = 3 μF	445		



7.8 Switching Characteristics, 1.8 V

 V_{IN} = 1.8 V, R_{L_CHIP} = 120 Ω , T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	215		
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	240		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	260		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	24		
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	C _L = 1 μF	60		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	142		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	165		
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 500	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	165		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	175		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	18		
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	145		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	440		

7.9 Switching Characteristics, 2.5 V

 V_{IN} = 2.5 V, R_{L_CHIP} = 120 Ω , T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			$C_L = 0.1 \mu F$		185			
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$		205		μs	
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$		225			
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$		2			
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$		60		μs	
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$		140			
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$		145			
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$		150		μs	
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$		160			
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$		18		μs	
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$		147			
			C _L = 3 μF		445			

7.10 Switching Characteristics, 3 V

 $V_{IN} = 3 \text{ V}, R_{L \text{ CHIP}} = 120 \Omega, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	170		
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	190		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	210		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	2		
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	60		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	140		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	140		
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	C _L = 1 μF	140		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	150		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	17		
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	C _L = 1 μF	148		μs
			C _L = 3 μF	450		

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7.11 Switching Characteristics, 3.3 V

 V_{IN} = 3.3 V, R_{L_CHIP} = 120 Ω , T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

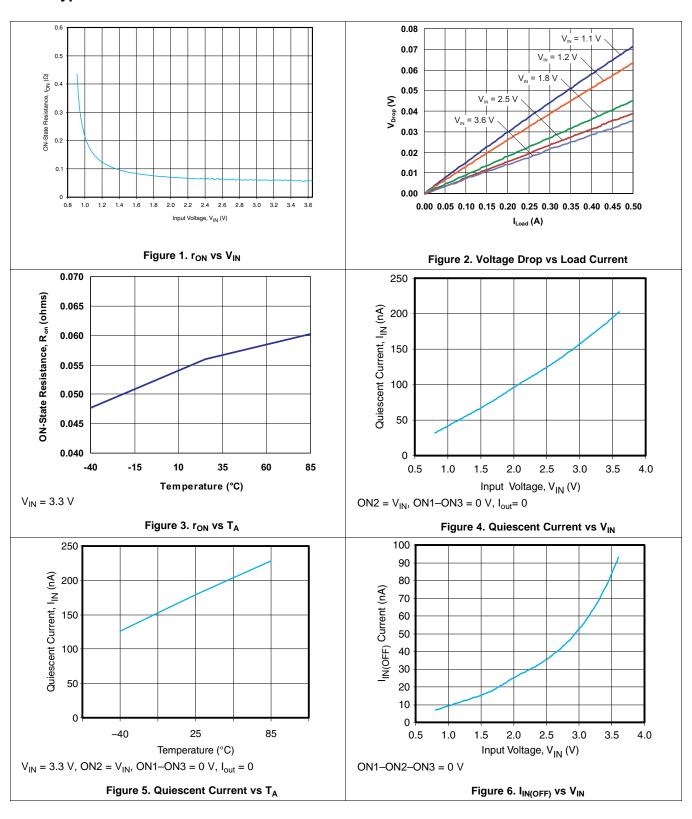
	PARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT	
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	160		
t _{ON}	Turnon time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	175		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	195		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	20		
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	C _L = 1 μF	55		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	135		
			$C_L = 0.1 \mu F$	135		
t _r	V _{OUT} rise time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	135		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	145		
			$C_L = 0.1 \ \mu F$	17		
t _f	V _{OUT} fall time	$R_L = 500 \Omega$	$C_L = 1 \mu F$	148		μs
			$C_L = 3 \mu F$	450		

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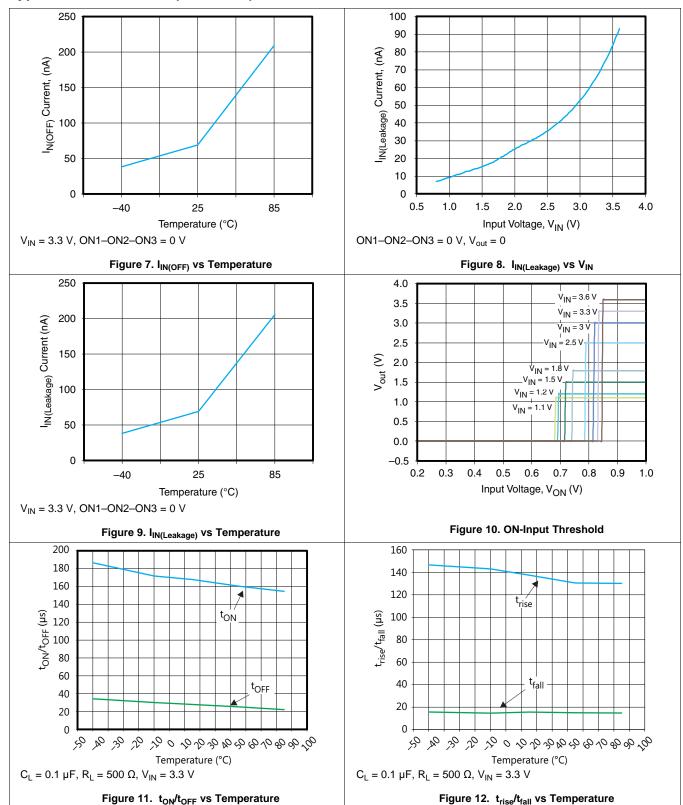
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7.12 Typical Characteristics



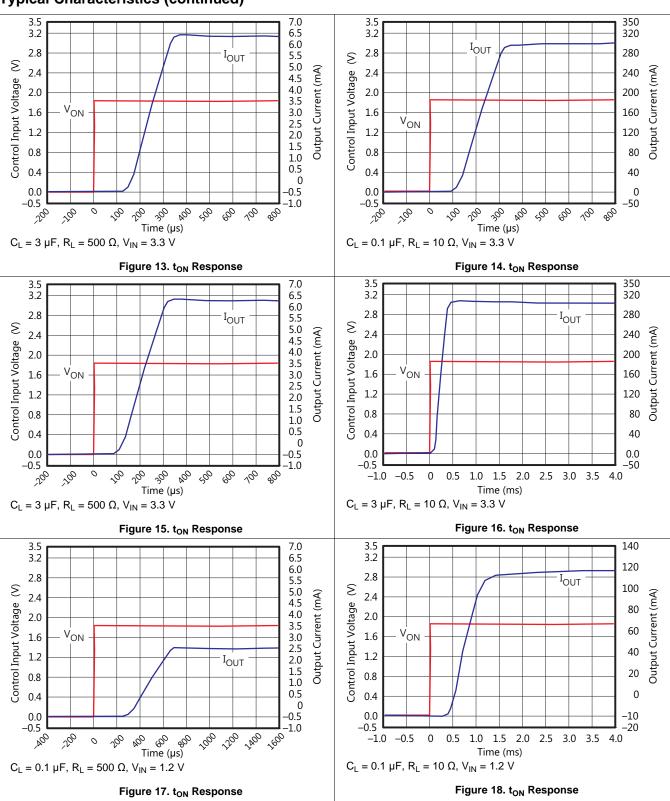


Typical Characteristics (continued)



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Typical Characteristics (continued)



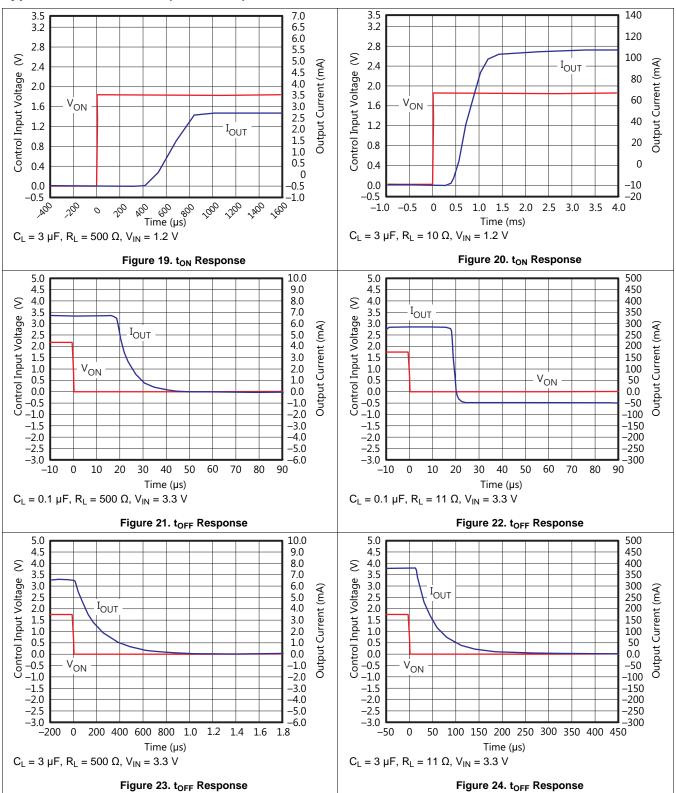
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Typical Characteristics (continued)



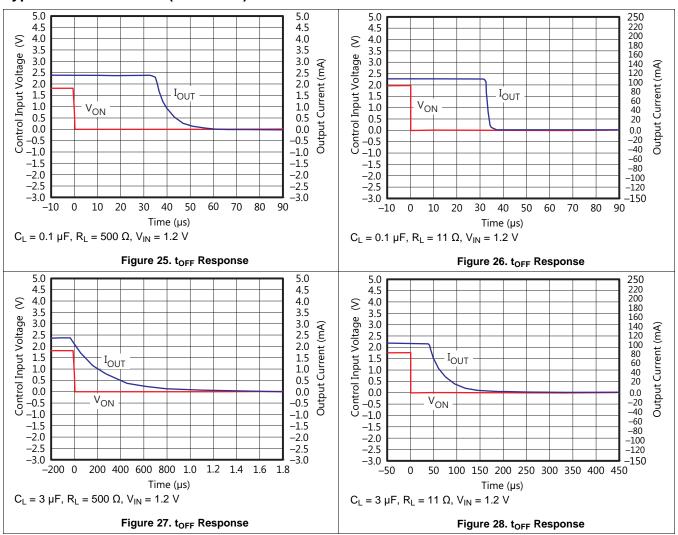
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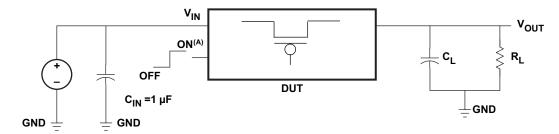
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Typical Characteristics (continued)



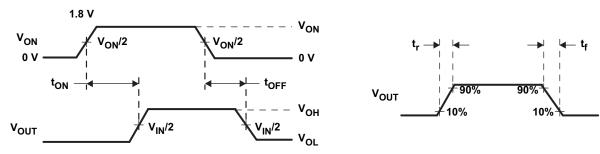


8 Parameter Measurement information



A. $\ t_{\text{rise}}$ and t_{fall} of the control signal is 100 ns.

Figure 29. Test Circuit



A. t_{rise} and t_{fall} of the control signal is 100 ns.

Figure 30. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Waveforms

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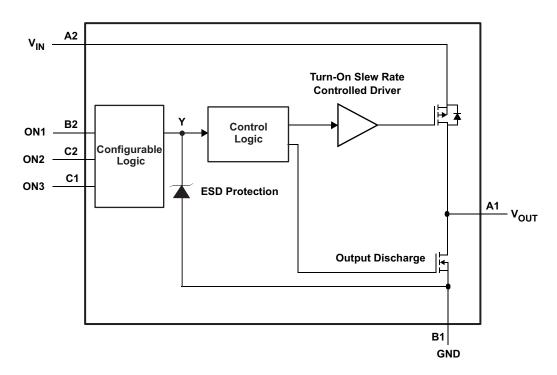


9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

TPS22932B is a single-channel, low r_{ON} load switch with controlled turnon. The device contains a low r_{ON} P-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1.1 V to 3.6 V. The switch is controlled by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to VIN or GND. The control pins can be connected to low-voltage GPIOs allowing it to be controlled by either 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V logic signals while keeping extremely low quiescent current. A 120- Ω on-chip load resistor is available for output quick discharge when the switch is turned off. The rise time (slew rate) of the device is internally controlled to avoid inrush current.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 Configurable Logic Function

The switch is controlled by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to VIN or GND. The control pins can be connected to low-voltage GPIOs allowing it to be controlled by either 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V logic signals while keeping extremely low quiescent current.

9.3.2 Quick Output Discharge

The TPS22932B includes the Quick Output Discharge (QOD) feature. When the switch is disabled, a discharge resistance with a typical value of 120 Ω is connected between the output and ground. This resistance pulls down the output and prevents it from floating when the device is disabled.

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9.4 Device Functional Modes

9.4.1 Logic Configurations

Table 1. Configurable Logic Function Table

	INPUTS		SWITCH CONTROL
ON3	ON2	ON1	Y
L	L	L	OFF
L	L	Н	OFF
L	Н	L	ON
L	Н	Н	ON
Н	L	L	OFF
Н	L	Н	ON
Н	Н	L	OFF
Н	Н	Н	ON

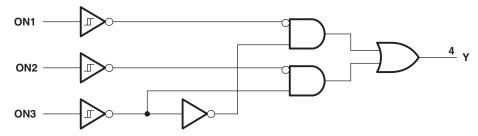


Figure 31. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)

Table 2. Function Selection Table

LOGIC FUNCTION	FIGURE NO.
2-to-1 data selector	Figure 32
2-input AND gate	Figure 33
2-input OR gate with one inverted input	Figure 34
2-input NAND gate with one inverted input	Figure 34
2-input AND gate with one inverted input	Figure 35
2-input NOR gate with one inverted input	Figure 35
2-input OR gate	Figure 36
Inverter	Figure 37
Noninverted buffer	Figure 38

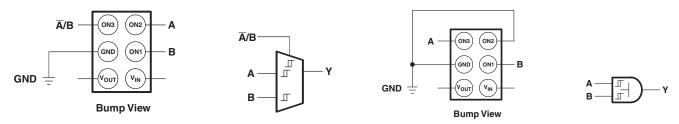
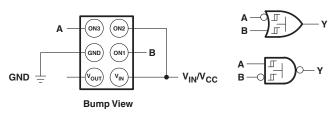


Figure 32. 2-to-1 Data Selector

Figure 33. 2-Input AND Gate



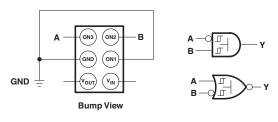


GND — V_{IN}/V_{CC}

Bump View

Figure 34. 2-Input OR Gate With One Inverted Input, 2-Input NAND Gate With One Inverted Input

Figure 36. 2-Input OR Gate



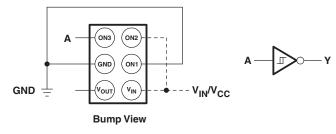


Figure 35. 2-Input AND Gate With One Inverted Input, 2-Input NOR Gate With One Inverted Input

Figure 37. Inverter

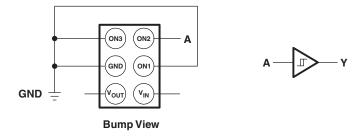


Figure 38. Noninverted Buffer

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10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

10.1.1 ON and OFF Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. Activating ON continuously holds the switch in the on state so long as there is no fault. ON is active HI and has a low threshold making it capable of interfacing with low voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V GPIOs.

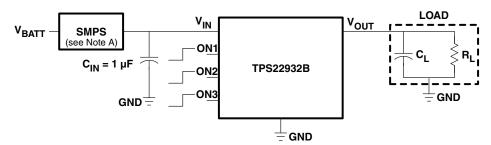
10.1.2 Input Capacitor

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient in-rush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor must be placed between V_{IN} and GND . A 1- μ F ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , placed close to the pins is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop during higher current application. When switching a heavy load, TI recommends to have an input capacitor about 10 or more times higher than the output capacitor to avoid any supply drop.

10.1.3 Output Capacitor

Due to the integral body diode in the PMOS switch, a C_{IN} greater than C_{L} is highly recommended. A C_{L} greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V_{OUT} to V_{IN} .

10.2 Typical Application



A. Switched-mode power supply

Figure 39. Typical Application

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this example, follow the design parameters listed in Table 3.

Table 3. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUE
V _{IN}	3.3 V
C _L	4.7 μF
Maximum Acceptable Inrush Current	150 mA

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10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.2.2.1 VIN to VOUT Voltage Drop

The VIN to VOUT voltage drop in the device is determined by the r_{ON} of the device and the load current. The r_{ON} of the device depends upon the VIN condition of the device. Refer to the r_{ON} specification of the device in the *Electrical Characteristics* table of this data sheet. When the r_{ON} of the device is determined based upon the VIN conditions, use Equation 1 to calculate the VIN to VOUT voltage drop:

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times r_{ON}$$

where

- ΔV = Voltage drop from VIN to VOUT
- I_{LOAD} = Load current
- r_{ON} = ON-resistance of the device for a specific V_{IN}
- An appropriate I_{LOAD} must be chosen such that the I_{MAX} specification of the device is not violated.

10.2.2.2 Managing Inrush Current

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0-V to V_{IN} . This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Inrush current can be calculated using the following equation:

Inrush Current =
$$C \times \frac{dv}{dt}$$

where

• C = Output capacitance

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \text{Output slew rate}$$
 (2)

The TPS22932B offers a very slow controlled rise time for minimizing inrush current. This device can be selected based upon the maximum acceptable slew rate which can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation. An output capacitance of 4.7 µF will be used because the amount of inrush increases with output capacitance:

$$150 \text{ mA} = 4.7 \,\mu\text{F} \times \frac{\text{dv}}{\text{dt}} \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 31.9 \text{ V/ms} \tag{4}$$

To ensure an inrush current of less than 150 mA, a device with a slew rate less than 31.9 V/ms must be used.

The TPS22932B has a typical rise time of 145 μ s at 3.3 V. This results in a slew rate of 22.8 V/ms which meets the requirement.

Product Folder Links: TPS22932B

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10.2.3 Application Curve

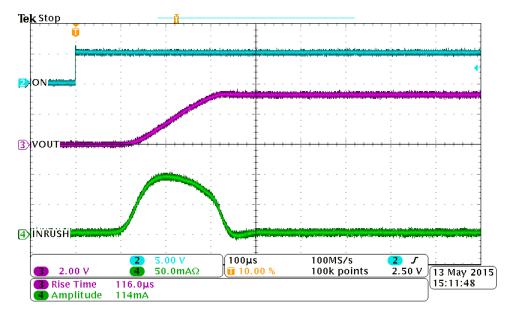


Figure 40. TPS22932B Inrush Current With 4.7-µF Output Capacitor

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate with a V_{IN} range of 1.1 V to 3.6 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible with the recommended 1- μ F bypass capacitor. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 10 μ F may be sufficient.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces should be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces for V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , and GND will help minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

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12.2 Layout Example

VIA to Power Ground Plane

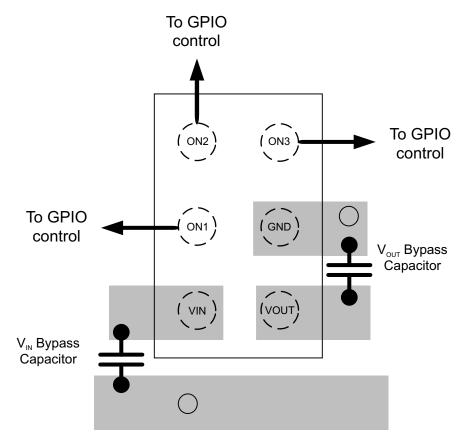


Figure 41. Layout Example



13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

13.2 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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Product Folder Links: *TPS22932B*

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22932BYFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(483, 485)	Samples
TPS22932BYFPT	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	6	250	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(483, 485)	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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10-Dec-2020

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 4-Jul-2020

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





Α0	<u> </u>
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22932BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22932BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	6	250	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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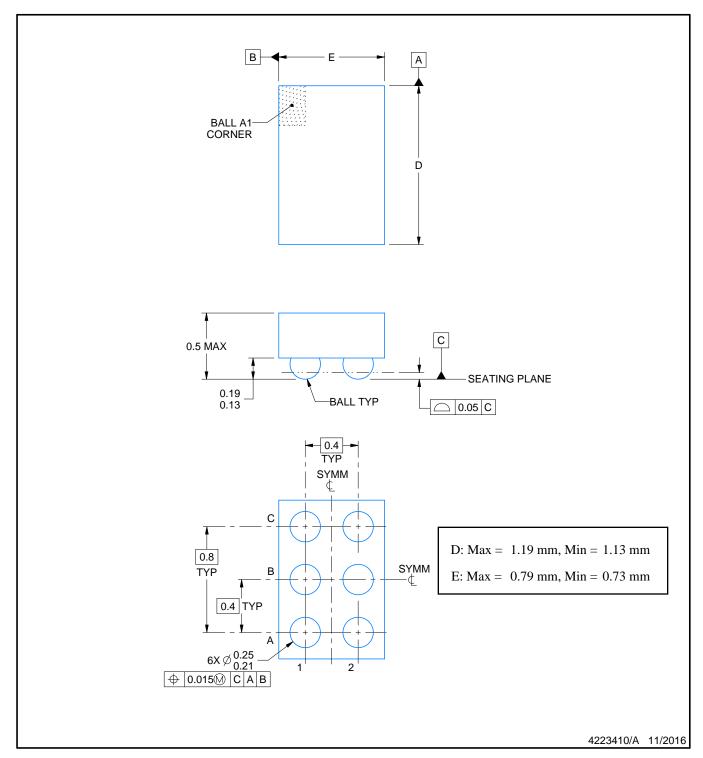


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22932BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
TPS22932BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	6	250	220.0	220.0	35.0



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY

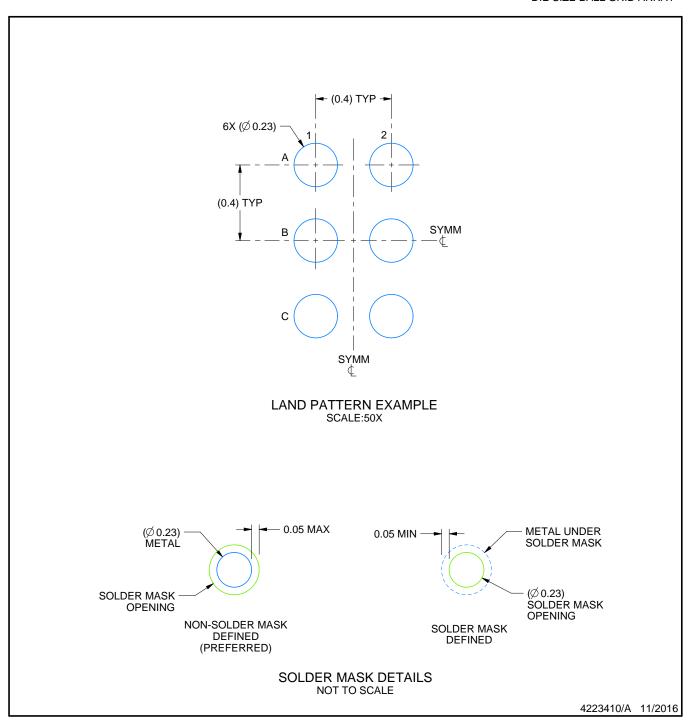


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



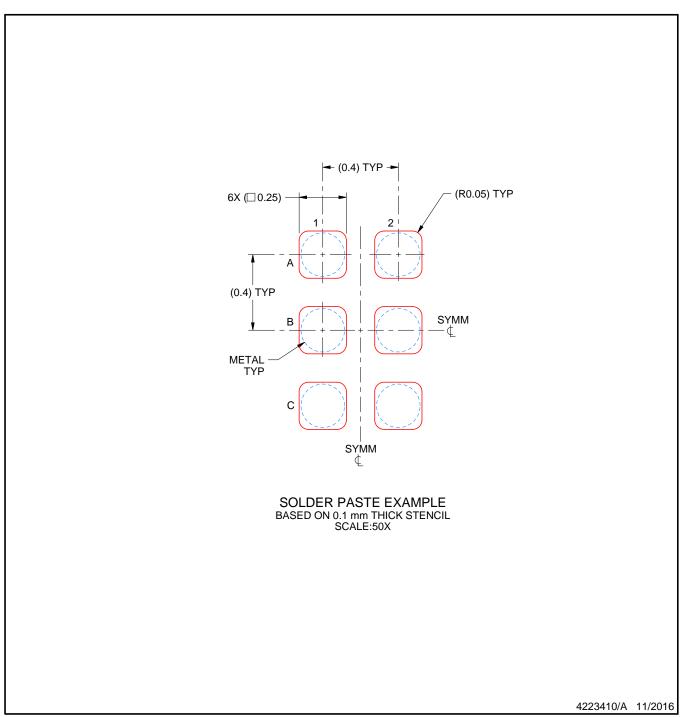
DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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