



ON Semiconductor®

<http://onsemi.com>

LB11961

Monolithic Digital IC

Single-Phase Full-Wave Fan Motor Driver

Overview

The LB11961 is a single-phase bipolar drive motor driver that easily implements direct PWM motor drive systems with excellent efficiency. The LB11961 is optimal for fan motor drive in personal computer power supply systems and CPU cooling fan systems.

Features

- Single-phase full-wave drive (16V, 1.0A transistors are built in)
- Built-in variable speed function controlled by a thermistor input
The LB11961 can implement quiet, low-vibration variable speed control using externally clocked high side transistor direct PWM drive.
- Built-in regenerative diode (Di); only requires a minimal number of external components.
- Built-in HB
- Minimum speed setting pin (allows full-speed mode operation at startup)
- Operates in full-speed mode when the thermistor is removed.
- Built-in lock protection and automatic recovery circuits
- FG (speed detection) and RD (lock detection) outputs
- Built-in thermal shutdown circuit

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| V_{CC} maximum output voltage | $V_{CC\text{ max}}$ | | 18 | V |
| OUT pin maximum output current | $I_{OUT\text{ max}}$ | | 1.0 | A |
| OUT pin output voltage | $V_{OUT\text{ max}}$ | | 18 | V |
| HB maximum output current | $I_{HB\text{ max}}$ | | 10 | mA |
| VTH input pin voltage | $V_{TH\text{ max}}$ | | 6 | V |
| RD/FG output pin output voltage | $V_{RD/FG\text{ max}}$ | | 18 | V |
| RD/FG output current | $I_{RD/FG\text{ max}}$ | | 10 | mA |
| Allowable power dissipation | $P_d\text{ max}$ | When mounted on a circuit board *1 | 1.1 | W |
| Operating temperature | T_{opr} | | -30 to +90 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | | -55 to +150 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

*1 Specified circuit board : $114.3 \times 76.1 \times 1.6\text{mm}^3$, glass epoxy.

Caution 1) Absolute maximum ratings represent the value which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.

Caution 2) Even when the device is used within the range of absolute maximum ratings, as a result of continuous usage under high temperature, high current, high voltage, or drastic temperature change, the reliability of the IC may be degraded. Please contact us for the further details.

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|---|-----------|------------|-----------|------|
| V_{CC} supply voltage | V_{CC} | | 4.5 to 16 | V |
| VTH input level voltage range | V_{TH} | | 0 to 9 | V |
| Hall sensor input common-mode input voltage range | V_{ICM} | | 0.2 to 3 | V |

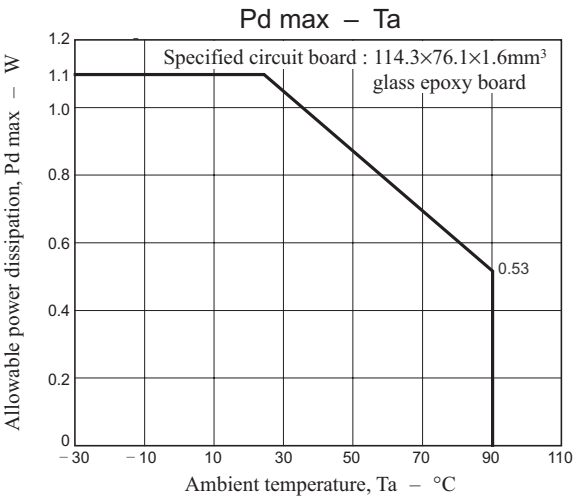
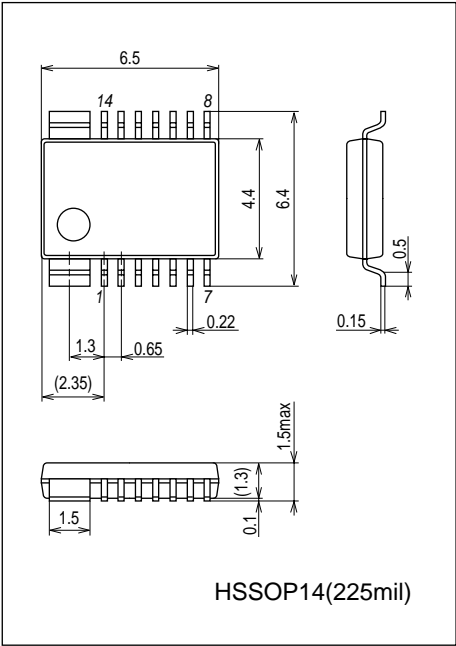
Electrical Characteristics Unless otherwise specified $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | | | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---|---------|------|------|---------------|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Circuit current | I_{CC1} | Drive mode | 12 | 18 | 24 | mA |
| | I_{CC2} | Lock protection mode | 8 | 11 | 16 | mA |
| 6VREG voltage | V_{6VREG} | $I_{6VREG} = 5\text{mA}$ | 5.8 | 6 | 6.2 | V |
| HB voltage | V_{HB} | $I_{HB} = 5\text{mA}$ | 1.10 | 1.25 | 1.40 | V |
| CPWM high-level voltage | V_{CRH} | | 3.45 | 3.6 | 3.75 | V |
| CPWM low-level voltage | V_{CRL} | | 1.95 | 2.05 | 2.15 | V |
| CPWM oscillator frequency | f_{PWM} | $C = 100\text{pF}$ | 18 | 25 | 32 | kHz |
| CT pin high-level voltage | V_{CTH} | | 3.45 | 3.6 | 3.75 | V |
| CT pin low-level voltage | V_{CTL} | | 1.55 | 1.7 | 1.85 | V |
| ICT charge current | I_{CT1} | | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | μA |
| ICT discharge current | I_{CT2} | | 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.25 | μA |
| ICT charge/discharge current ratio | R_{CT} | | 8.5 | 10 | 11.5 | |
| OUT output low saturation voltage | V_{OL} | $I_O = 200\text{mA}$ | | 0.2 | 0.3 | V |
| OUT output high saturation voltage | V_{OH} | $I_O = 200\text{mA}$ | | 0.9 | 1.1 | V |
| Hall sensor input sensitivity | V_{HN} | Zero peak value (including offset and hysteresis) | | 10 | 20 | mV |
| RD/FG output pin low-level voltage | $V_{RDL/FGL}$ | $I_{RD/FG} = 5\text{mA}$ | | 0.2 | 0.3 | V |
| RD/FG output pin leakage current | $I_{RDL/FGL}$ | $V_{RD/FG} = 7\text{V}$ | | | 30 | μA |

Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

3313



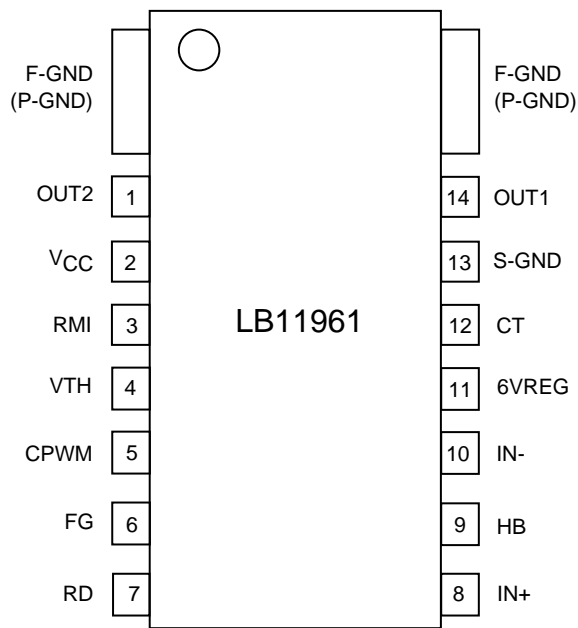
Truth Table

| VTH | IN- | IN+ | CPWM | CT | OUT1 | OUT2 | FG | RD | Mode |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|---|
| Low (open) | High | Low | High | Low | High | Low | Low | On | During rotation – drive (PWM off) |
| | Low | High | | | Low | High | Off | | |
| High | High | Low | Low | | Off | Low | Low | | During rotation – regeneration (PWM on) |
| | Low | High | | | Low | Off | Off | | |
| - | High | Low | - | High | High | Off | Low | Off | Lock protection |
| - | Low | High | | | Off | High | Off | | |

CPWM – High is the state where CPWM > VTH, and CPWM– Low is the state where CPWM < VTH.

Open : The LB11961 operates in full-speed mode when the thermistor is removed.

Pin Assignment

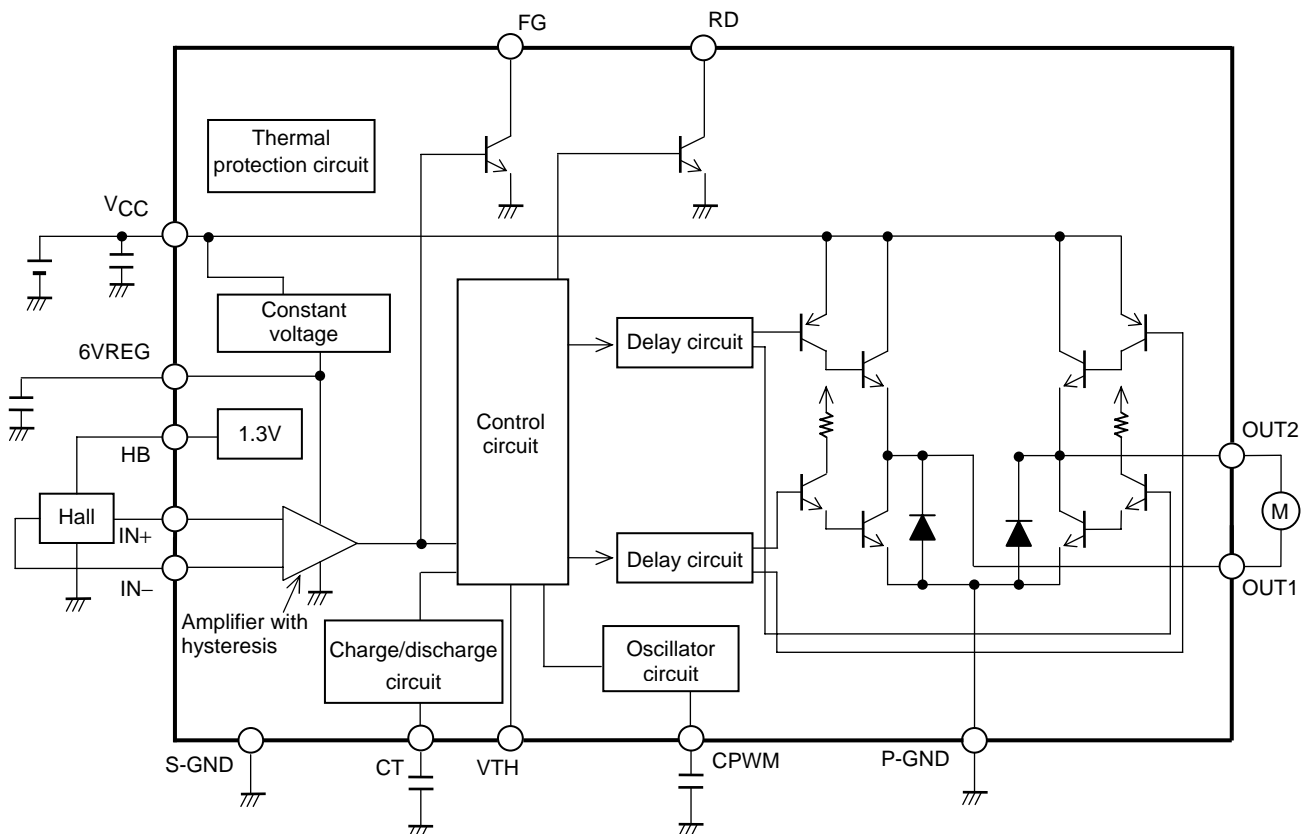


Top view

F-GND (P-GND) : The motor system ground and the heat sink. Since the heat generated by the chip is dissipated through F-GND, the thermal resistance is lowered by increasing the area of the copper foil and solder surface in the printed circuit pattern.

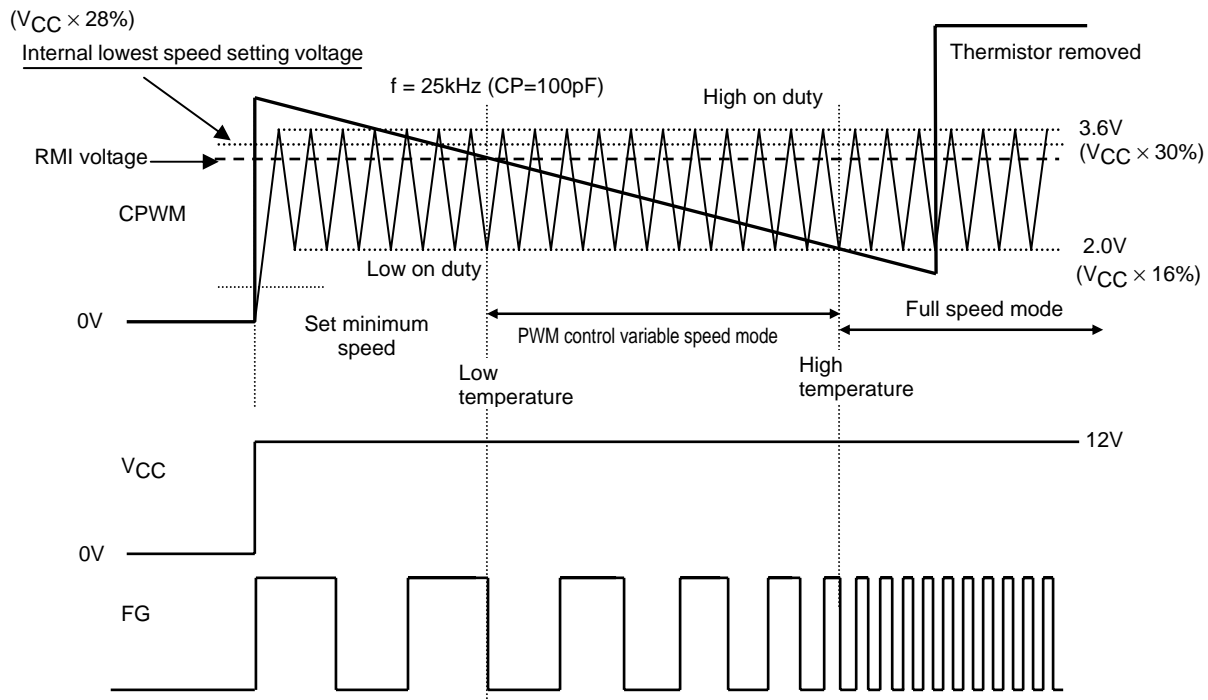
S-GND : Control system ground

Block Diagram





Control Timing Chart



1. Set minimum speed mode

A VTH voltage level is generated when the thermistor detects the set temperature. At low temperatures, the fan motor turns at the lowest speed, which is set with the RMI pin. The LB11961 compares the CPWM oscillator voltage with the RMI pin voltage and sets the duty for the lowest drive state.

2. High speed ↔ low speed mode

The PWM signal is controlled by comparing the CPWM oscillation voltage that cycles between 1.2V and 3.8V and the VTH voltage.

When the VTH voltage is lower, the high and low side transistors are turned on, and when the VTH voltage is higher, the high side transistor is turned off and the coil current is regenerated through the low side transistor. Thus the output on duty increases as the VTH voltage becomes lower, the coil current increases, and the motor speed increases.

Rotation speed feedback is provided by the FG output.

3. Full-speed mode

The LB11961 switches to full-speed mode above a certain temperature.

4. Thermistor removed mode

If the thermistor is removed, the VTH input voltage will rise. However, the output will go to full drive at 100% and the motor will run at full speed.

ON Semiconductor and the ON logo are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC owns the rights to a number of patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and other intellectual property. A listing of SCILLC's product/patent coverage may be accessed at www.onsemi.com/site/pdf/Patent-Marking.pdf. SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.