DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 2259A is a Daisy Chain isoSPI Battery-Stack Monitor featuring the LTC6811-1. Multiple boards can be linked through a 2-wire isolated serial interface to monitor any number of cells on a stack.

Communication to a PC uses a DC2026 Linduino® One as a USB interface. The DC2026 comes preloaded with a legacy DC590 emulator function (an actual DC590 can still be used¹). A control program for up to ten stacked boards has a Graphical User Interface (GUI) to implement the device command set.

To control more than one DC2259A, RJ45 (Ethernet) patch cables are also required.

HARDWARE SETUP

When connected to a battery stack, power for the DC2259A is provided by the cell group being monitored. Separate the screw-terminal section from J1 and wire cell voltage connections or resistors into the clamping contacts to provide the power and input stimulus for the ADC.

Cell voltages are wired from position 4 (most negative potential of the group) with increasing potentials up to position 16 (most positive potential).

Alternatively, for a simple demo, connect twelve 100Ω resistors between each contact from position 4 to position 16 as shown in Figure 1. Then, provide a “stack-equivalent” power supply connection to position 16 (positive) and position 4 (return). The supply may be adjusted to provide the desired nominal cell voltage (e.g., 43.2V will be 3.6V/cell). Note that cell discharge cannot be demonstrated properly with a resistor string stimulus.

Photo 1 shows the following connections for two boards on a stack interfaced to a PC:

1. Connect a USB cable from the PC USB port to DC2026.
2. Connect a 14-pin ribbon from DC2026 to the SPI BOT-TOM connector (J2) on the bottom DC2259A board.
3. Connect an RJ45 cable from the bottom DC2259A isoSPI B RJ45 connector (J4) to the next (or top) DC2259A isoSPI A RJ45 connector (J3).
4. Set the jumpers on each DC2259A as indicated in Photo 2.
5. Mate the J1 cell-voltage connectors.

Design files for this circuit board are available at http://www.linear.com/demo/DC2259A

¹ A DC590 is a USB data acquisition board that serves to interface the DC2259 to a PC’s USB port. This board is not necessary with a DC2026.
DESCRIPTION

Photo 2. Connections and Jumpers

J1: CELL-VOLTAGE CONNECTOR

J2: 14-PIN SPI

J3: ISOLATED SPI CONNECTION TO A LOWER BOARD ON STACK

J4: ISOLATED SPI CONNECTION TO A HIGHER BOARD ON STACK

CELLS (12 MAX)

JUMPER SETTINGS FOR FIRST BOARD:
JP4 (SWREN) SET TO 0,
JP1, JP2, JP3 (ISGMD) SET TO 0

JUMPER SETTINGS FOR OTHER BOARDS:
JP4 (SWREN) SET TO 0,
JP1, JP2, JP3 (ISGMD) SET TO 1

Downloaded from Arrow.com.
Figure 1. Simple Cell Simulator Using Resistors
ISOLATING THE HOST

The isoSPI facility may also be used to provide isolated communication with the host controller, instead of the conventional SPI ribbon connection. To operate with isoSPI, the following is necessary:

- A DC1941 isoSPI adapter board (to provide the LTC6820 interface IC) that provides the conversion between the DC2026 (with the 14-contact ribbon) and the first DC2259A isoSPI A port (J3, by using an RJ45 patch cable). J2 of the DC2259A is then not used.

- Reconfiguration of the first DC2259A to have ISOMD jumpers JP1, JP2, and JP3 changed to the 1 position like the other boards.

SOFTWARE SETUP

To use the DC2026 USB interface board, download the free program called QuikEval™ from http://www.linear.com/designtools/software.

The GUI program is provided in a zipped file (LTC6804/6811_GUI_Vxx.zip):

1. Unzip this folder
2. Run the setup.exe file to start installation
3. Ignore the Security Warning by selecting Install

The GUI control panel appears immediately after installation. Subsequent starts of the GUI are done through the Windows Start menu or the optional Windows Desktop shortcut icon.

Figure 2. GUI Control Panel Start-Up Screen
GUI STARTUP

Figure 2 is the initial start-up screen that appears when the program is launched. Once power is supplied to the board from a stack of cells or a power supply, the communication between the PC and the board can be checked.

1. Read Configuration

Click the command button labeled READ CONFIG. If all is properly connected and operating the start-up default configuration of the LTC6811-1 will be read from the board. The Hex codes for the six bytes of configuration setting will appear in the CONFIGURATION REGISTERS section in the boxes labeled CONFIGURATION READ FROM LTC6804/6811-1. The initial configuration bytes should be 0xD8 for register 0 and 0x00 for the other five bytes. This default configuration is the sleep mode for the LTC6811-1 on DC2259A.

The LTC6811 calculates a 15-bit Packet Error Code, PEC15, as a 16-bit word and appends it to the data stream each time it sends out data. For the six bytes sent by this command and received by the GUI, the control program calculates a PEC15 in the same manner. This 16-bit word is compared with the appended received 16-bit word to check that the data transmission was properly executed. The received PEC15 word and the calculated PEC15 word from the received data are displayed in the top section labeled PACKET ERROR CODE 15-BIT and both words should match. The oval located at the top of the color-coded status panel for the one board will turn green if the PEC15 words match. Data transmission errors will produce red warning indications when the PEC15 words do not match. There is also a display of the PEC15 that was sent with the most recent command to the LTC6811.

2. Write Configuration

Nothing is changed within the LTC6811 until the write configuration command is executed. Clicking the WRITE CONFIG command button sends the command and then the six Hex bytes shown in the CONFIGURATION REGISTERS section in the boxes labeled CONFIGURATION WRITTEN TO LTC6804/6811-1 will become bold type. Software developers can note the exact hex values required by the LTC6811 for specific conditions in these boxes to facilitate their control program development.

Clicking the READ CONFIG button can give confirmation that the configuration change was actually made. Five of the six bytes read back should match the bytes sent and the PEC15/CRC15 check 16-bit words should be a match (green PEC oval on stack display).

When any configuration information is changed on the screen, the WRITE CONFIG command button will be illuminated, serving as a reminder that this command still needs to be executed.

Set REFUP to 1 followed by a WRITE CONFIG command. The Watchdog Timer (WDT) will now be prevented from expiring by issuing a repeating POLL ADC command, and the stack is ready to be monitored.

NOTE: No configuration changes take effect until the WRITE CONFIG button is clicked. Leaving REFUP at the default setting of 0, the WDT times out in 2 seconds and all configuration information is reset.
3. Program the Cell Monitoring Voltage Thresholds

The essential function of the LTC6811 is to measure and report the voltage on each battery cell when commanded. First click on the STARTCELL button. This commands an A/D conversion of all 12-cell voltages in the bit-resolution configured from the selected CONV MODE (Conversion Mode) in the ADC SETTINGS box. The actual cell voltage measurements are displayed in groups of 3 when each command button inside the READ CELLS box is clicked.

**NOTE:** The READ DISPLAY box has options to display Cell Voltages in VOLTS or HEXadecimal. First select VOLTS or HEX then click on one of the command buttons inside READ CELLS box. Every time a command button inside the READ CELLS box is clicked; new data is downloaded from the board and displayed as selected in VOLTS or HEX.

4. Read Cell Voltages

The LTC6811 includes the ability to remove energy from individual cells to help equalize the cell charges within a stack of batteries. DC2259A contains a P-channel MOSFET in series with a 33Ω resistor across each cell connection. When enabled, a cell is loaded and charge is pulled from the cell with energy dissipated in the switch and resistor.

A check box is provided for each cell to be discharged. Checking this box (Cell 6 in the above example screen shot) and then writing the new configuration with a WRITE CONFIG button click will load the cell.

The discharge transistors are automatically turned off momentarily while the A/D converter is measuring the cell voltage using the normal STARTCELL command.
 Prävent any voltage drop errors caused by the discharge current flowing through the cell interconnection wiring. An accurate indication of the true cell voltage is then obtained.

The LTC6811 offers the option of keeping the discharge transistors steadily on while measuring the cell voltages. This is done using the STARTCELL DCC command button. The command button is illuminated blue when this command has been executed. This lower voltage reading also includes $I_R$ errors introduced by cabling and connectors.

6. Other Control Features

Additional command buttons are provided on the control screen. The POLL ADC command button is used to test if the ADC is busy making conversions of any LTC6811 devices in a system. The result of this command can be observed by monitoring the serial data output line of the SPI interface to the Bottom Port, J2. There is no indication provided on the control screen.

The START OPEN (WIRE) command button connects the built-in open wire detection circuitry to all cells. This command must be followed by any command buttons inside the READ CELLS box click to see the result. The OPEN WIRE TEST CURRENT box provides options to use either PULLUP or PULLDOWN Open Wire Test Currents. An open wire connection to any cell will be indicated by an abnormally high voltage measurement for the cell above the open wire and a near zero measurement for the cell with the open wire in the PULLDOWN case.

7. Continuous Operation

For convenience, the control panel allows for continuous operation of the DC2259A board. When the command button labeled START CONTINUOUS READ CELLS is selected, the GUI operates in a continuous loop executing the following command sequence automatically:

- Start cell voltage
- Read cell voltage groups A (1 – 3), B (4 – 6), C (7 – 9), and D (10 – 12)
- Read flags

Options available are the READ DISPLAY box, ADC SETTINGS box, OPEN WIRE TEST CURRENT box, and the CONTINUOUS box. The CONTINUOUS box allows the selection of STARTCELL, STARTOPEN, STARTCELL DCC, and STARTOPEN DCC commands to be executed during continuous operation. The options are useful for monitoring the cell voltage measurements under different ADC Test Conditions.

All values are updated continually (update rate is ~500ms). While running, the configuration can be changed on-the-fly. Simply changing a configuration item (discharge cells for example) and clicking the WRITE CONFIG button will implement the new configuration and return to continuous operation.

A green box with the label ON in the lower right corner of the GUI indicates that the system is running continuously. A red box with the label OFF means that the system is stopped and waiting for a new command to be sent.

DATALOGGING OPERATION

The GUI program can “datalog” or store cell voltage results in a CSV (Comma Separated Value *.csv) file. This feature is useful in characterizing cell voltages over time. Datalogging operates similarly to continuous operation but has the added functionality of storing results in a CSV file.

1. At the upper left of the GUI, click on the Datalog Menu then Enable Datalog.
OPERATING THE CONTROL SCREEN

Datalog Mode is enabled when a maroon box appears to the left of the START CONTINUOUS READ CELLS command button and the red box label changes from OFF to DATALOG OFF. Datalog Mode is disabled when the maroon box disappears and the red box label reverts to OFF.

**NOTE:** The *.csv filenames are based on the time created and are stored by default into the “C:\Data-log6804_6811\” folder.

More details are in the file “AboutCurrentVersion.txt” inside the GUI’s installation folder (normally “C:\Program Files\LTC\MultiCellBatteryMonitor\LTC6804”).

2. Click on the START CONTINUOUS READ CELLS command button to start datalogging onto a new CSV file.

Elapsed Time = Total time of Datalog from start to finish.
Total Data Points = Total data points of Datalog from start to finish.
Refresh = Time in seconds (S) between each Read Cells command; also known as Sample or Update Rate.

3. Click on the STOP CONTINUOUS READ CELLS command button to stop datalogging and close the CSV file.

4. The CSV file is ready to view. Go to “C:\Data-log6811\” folder and open file.

5. View the CSV file in a compatible spreadsheet software program such as MS Excel.

SOFTWARE ADJUSTMENTS

1. Select the number of boards on the stack by sliding the track bar up or down; located at the bottom left of the screen.

The GUI program can control up to ten boards on a stack.
OPERATING THE CONTROL SCREEN

2. A tab will appear on the left edge of the control panel for each board on the stack. Clicking on any of these tabs will transfer control commands and data to and from the display screen to that selected board.

3. Select whether the ADC’s Voltage Reference Powered State (Ref Up) and Over/Under voltage thresholds for each board are to be the same (GLOBAL) or different for each board (CUSTOM) and set the Ref Up and voltages accordingly.

COLOR CODED STATUS PANEL

The color-coded status panel will expand to include all boards connected in a stack. Each small square in this array represents an individual battery in the stack of boards. The intent of this display is to provide a way to see the status of all cells at a glance. The significance of the colors used is explained in the legend on the screen. Consult the data sheet for detailed information concerning the operation of the LTC6811-1.

COMMANDS SUPPORTED (V05 VERSION):

- POLLADC
- WRITE CONFIG (REFUP, VUV, VOV, Discharge selected cells)
- READ CONFIG
- START CELL and OPEN WIRE conversions with and without discharge connected (ADC Settings: Conversion Mode, Open Wire Test Current)
- READ CELL GROUPS (A, B, C and D read Volts/Hex)
- START CONTINUOUS reads all cells every ~500ms.
- READ FLAGS
- READ AUX

COMMANDS NOT SUPPORTED (V05 VERSION):

- SELFTEST
- GPIO Logic Functions

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