

TWO OUTPUTS FACTORY PROGRAMMABLE CLOCK GENERATOR

Features

- Generates up to 2 CMOS clock outputs from 3 to 133 MHz
- Accepts crystal or reference clock input
 - 3 to 166 MHz reference clock input
 - 8 to 48 MHz crystal input
- Programmable FSEL, SSEL, SSON, PD, and OE input functions
- Low power dissipation
- 1.8 V voltage supply range
- 0.25% to 1.0% Spread Spectrum (Center Spread)
- Low cycle-cycle jitter
- Programmable output rise and fall times
- Ultra small 6-pin TDFN package (1.2 mmx1.4 mm)

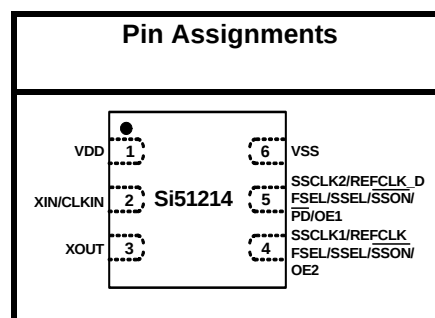
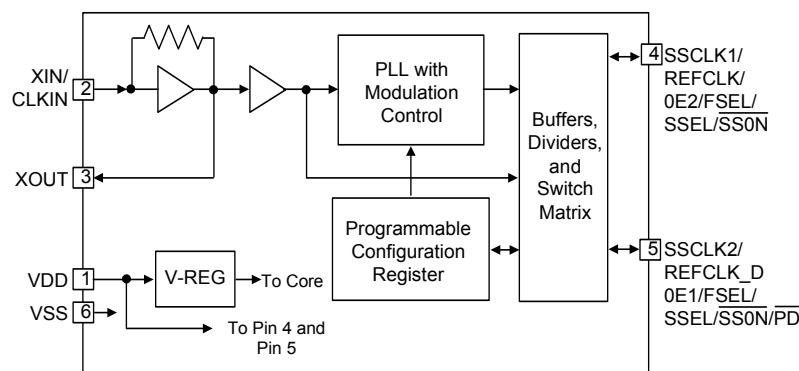
Applications

- Crystal/XO replacement
- EMI reduction
- Portable devices
- Digital still camera
- IP phone
- Smart meter

Description

The factory programmable Si51214 is industry's lowest power, smallest footprint and frequency flexible programmable clock generator targeting low power, low cost and high volume consumer and embedded applications. The device operates from a single crystal or an external clock source and generates 1 to 2 outputs up to 133 MHz. They are factory programmed to provide customized output frequencies, control inputs and ac parameter tuning like output drive strength that are optimized for customer board condition and application requirements.

Functional Block Diagram



Patents pending

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
1. Electrical Specifications	4
2. Design Considerations	6
2.1. Typical Application Schematic	6
2.2. Comments and Recommendations	6
3. Functional Descriptions	7
3.1. Input Frequency Range	7
3.2. Output Frequency Range and Outputs	7
3.3. Programmable Modulation Frequency	7
3.4. Programmable Spread Percent (%)	7
3.5. SSON or Frequency Select (FSEL)	7
3.6. Power Down (PD) or Output Enable (OE)	7
4. Pin Descriptions: 6-Pin TDFN	8
5. Ordering Information	9
6. Package Outline: 6-pin TDFN	10
Contact Information	12

1. Electrical Specifications

Table 1. DC Electrical Specifications

($V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Voltage	V_{DD}	$V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%$	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	—	V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	—	—	0.3	V
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	CMOS Level	$0.7V_{DD}$	—	—	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	CMOS Level	0	—	$0.3V_{DD}$	V
Operating Supply Current	I_{DD}	$F_{IN} = 12 \text{ MHz}$, SSCLK1 = 12 MHz, SSCLK2 = 24 MHz, $C_L = 0$, $V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	—	3.5	—	mA
Nominal Output Impedance	Z_O		—	30	—	Ω
Internal Pull-up/Pull-down Resistor	R_{PUP}/R_{PD}	Pin 5	—	150k	—	Ω
Input Pin Capacitance	C_{IN}	Input pin capacitance	—	3	5	pF
Load Capacitance	C_L	Clock outputs	—	—	15	pF

Table 2. AC Electrical Specifications(V_{DD} = 1.8 V ±5%, T_A = 0 to 70 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Frequency Range	F _{IN1}	Crystal input	8	—	48	MHz
Input Frequency Range	F _{IN2}	Reference clock Input	3	—	166	MHz
Output Frequency Range	F _{OUT}	SSCLK1/2, CL=15 pF	3	—	133	MHz
Frequency Accuracy	F _{ACC}	Configuration dependent	—	0	—	ppm
Output Duty Cycle	DC _{OUT}	Measured at V _{DD} /2	45	50	55	%
Input Duty Cycle	DC _{IN}	CLKIN, CLKOUT through PLL	30	50	70	%
Output Rise Time	t _r	C _L =5 pF, 20 to 80%	—	1	3.0	ns
Output Fall Time	t _f	C _L =5 pF, 20 to 80%	—	1	3.0	ns
Period Jitter	PJ ₁	SSCLK1/2, two clocks running, V _{DD} =1.8 V, CL=5 pF	—	160*	—	ps
Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	CCJ ₁	SSCLK1/2, two clocks running, V _{DD} =1.8 V, CL=5 pF	—	120*	—	ps
Power-up Time	t _{PU}	Time from 0.9 V _{DD} to valid frequencies at all clock outputs	—	1.2	5.0	ms
Output Enable Time	t _{OE}	Time from OE raising edge to active at output SSCLK (asynchronous)	—	15	—	ns
Output Disable Time	t _{OD}	Time from OE falling edge to active at output SSCLK (asynchronous)	—	15	—	ns

***Note:** Jitter performance depends on configuration and programming parameters.

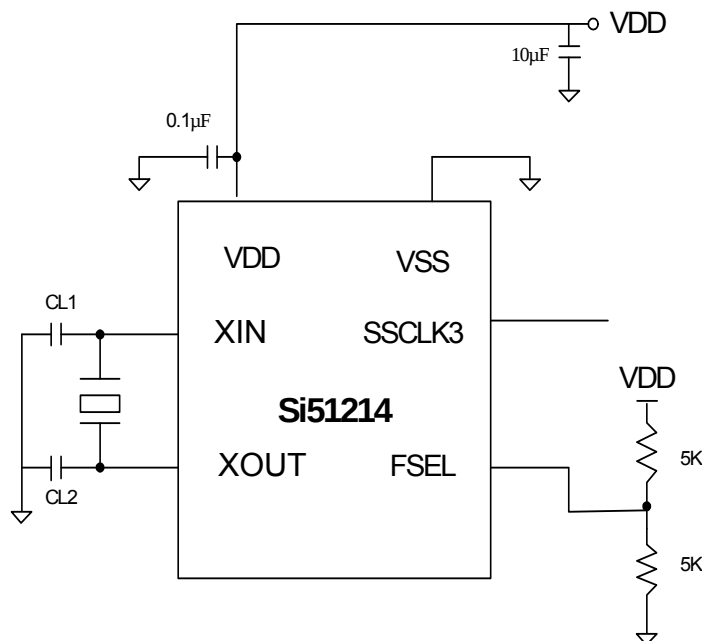
Table 3. Absolute Maximum Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Main Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		−0.5	—	2.4	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	Relative to V _{SS}	−0.5	—	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Temperature, Storage	T _S	Non-functional	−65	—	150	°C
Temperature, Operating Ambient	T _A	Functional, C-Grade	0	—	70	°C
ESD Protection (Human Body Model)	ESD _{HBM}	JEDEC (JESD 22-A114)	−4000	—	4000	V
ESD Protection (Charge Device Model)	ESD _{CDM}	JEDEC (JESD 22-C101)	−1500	—	1500	V
ESD Protection (Machine Model)	ESD _{MM}	JEDEC (JESD 22-A115)	−200	—	200	V
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	JEDEC (J-STD-020)	1			

Note: While using multiple power supplies, the Voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up. Power supply sequencing is not required.

2. Design Considerations

2.1. Typical Application Schematic



2.2. Comments and Recommendations

Decoupling Capacitor: A decoupling capacitor of 0.1 µF must be used between VDD and VSS on pin 1. Place the capacitor on the component side of the PCB as close to the VDD pin as possible. The PCB trace to the VDD pin and to the GND via should be kept as short as possible. Do not use vias between the decoupling capacitor and the VDD pin.

Series Termination Resistor: A series termination resistor is recommended if the distance between the outputs (SSCLK or REFCLK pins) and the load is over 1 ½ inch. The nominal impedance of the SSCLK output is about 30 Ω. Use 20 Ω resistor in series with the output to terminate 50 Ω trace impedance and place 20 Ω resistor as close to the SSCLK output as possible.

Crystal and Crystal Load: Only use a parallel resonant fundamental AT cut crystal. Do not use higher overtone crystals. To meet the crystal initial accuracy specification (in ppm) make sure that external crystal load capacitor is matched to crystal load specification. To determine the value of CL1 and CL2, use the following formula:

$$C1 = C2 = 2CL - (Cpin + Cp)$$

Where: CL is load capacitance stated by crystal manufacturer

Cpin is the Si51214 pin capacitance (4 pF).

Cp is the parasitic capacitance of the PCB traces.

Example: If a crystal with CL=18 pF is used and Cp=4 pF, by using the above formula, PCin=PCout=[(18 – (4/2)) x 2 = 32 pF. Programming PCin and PCout to 32 pF assures that this crystal sees an equivalent load of 18 pF and no other external crystal load capacitor is needed. Deviating from the crystal load specification could cause an increase in frequency accuracy in ppm.

3. Functional Descriptions

3.1. Input Frequency Range

The input frequency range is from 8.0 to 48.0 MHz for crystals and ceramic resonators. If an external clock is used, the input frequency range is from 8.0 to 166.0 MHz.

3.2. Output Frequency Range and Outputs

Up to two outputs can be programmed as SSCLK or REFCLK. SSCLK output can be synthesized to any value from 3 to 133 MHz with spread based on valid input frequency. The spread at SSCLK pins can be stopped by $\overline{\text{SSON}}$ input control pin. If $\overline{\text{SSON}}$ pin is high (VDD), the frequency at SSCLK pin is synthesized to the nominal value of the input frequency and there is no spread.

REFCLK is the buffered output of the oscillator and is the same frequency as the input frequency without spread. However, REFCLK_D output is divided by output dividers from 2 to 32. By using only low cost, fundamental mode crystals, the Si51214 can synthesize output frequency up to 133 MHz, eliminating the need for higher order crystals (Xtals) and crystal oscillators (XOs). This reduces the cost while improving the system clock accuracy, performance and reliability.

3.3. Programmable Modulation Frequency

The spread spectrum clock (SSC) modulation default value is 31.5 kHz. The higher values of up to 62 kHz can also be programmed. Less than 30 kHz modulation frequency is not recommended to stay out of the range audio frequency bandwidth since this frequency could be detected as a noise by the audio receivers within the vicinity.

3.4. Programmable Spread Percent (%)

The spread percent (%) value is programmable from $\pm 0.25\%$ to $\pm 1\%$ (center spread) for all SSCLK frequencies. It is possible to program smaller or larger non-standard values of spread percentage. Contact Silicon Labs if these non-standard spread percent values are required in the application.

3.5. $\overline{\text{SSON}}$ or Frequency Select (FSEL)

The Si51214 pin4 and 5 can be programmed as either $\overline{\text{SSON}}$ to enable or disable the programmed spread percent value or as frequency select (FSEL). If $\overline{\text{SSON}}$ is used, when this pin is pulled high (VDD), the spread is stopped and the frequency is the nominal value without spread. If low (GND), the frequency is the nominal value with the spread.

If FSEL function is used, the output pin can be programmed for different set of frequencies as selected by FSEL. SSCLK value can be any frequency from 3 to 133 MHz, but the spread % is the same percent value. REFCLK is the same frequency as the input reference clock and the REFCLK_D input clock is divided by 2 to 32 without spread. The set of frequencies in Table 4 is given as an example, using 48 MHz crystal.

Table 4. Example Frequencies

FSEL (Pin 4)	SSCLK1 (Pin 5)
0	66 MHz, $\pm 1\%$
1	33 MHz, $\pm 1\%$

3.6. Power Down ($\overline{\text{PD}}$) or Output Enable (OE)

The Si51214 pin 5 can be programmed as $\overline{\text{PD}}$ input. Pin 4 and pin 5 can be programmed as OE input. $\overline{\text{PD}}$ turns off both PLL and output buffers whereas OE only disables the output buffers to Hi-Z.

4. Pin Descriptions: 6-Pin TDFN

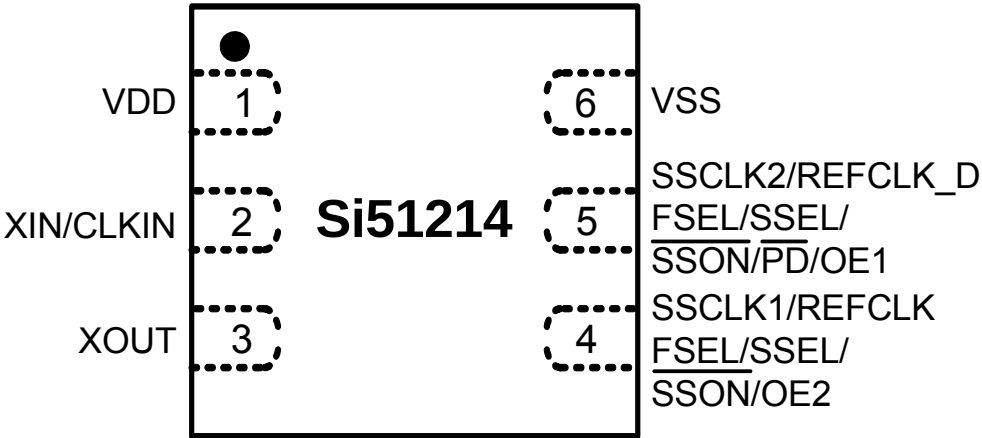
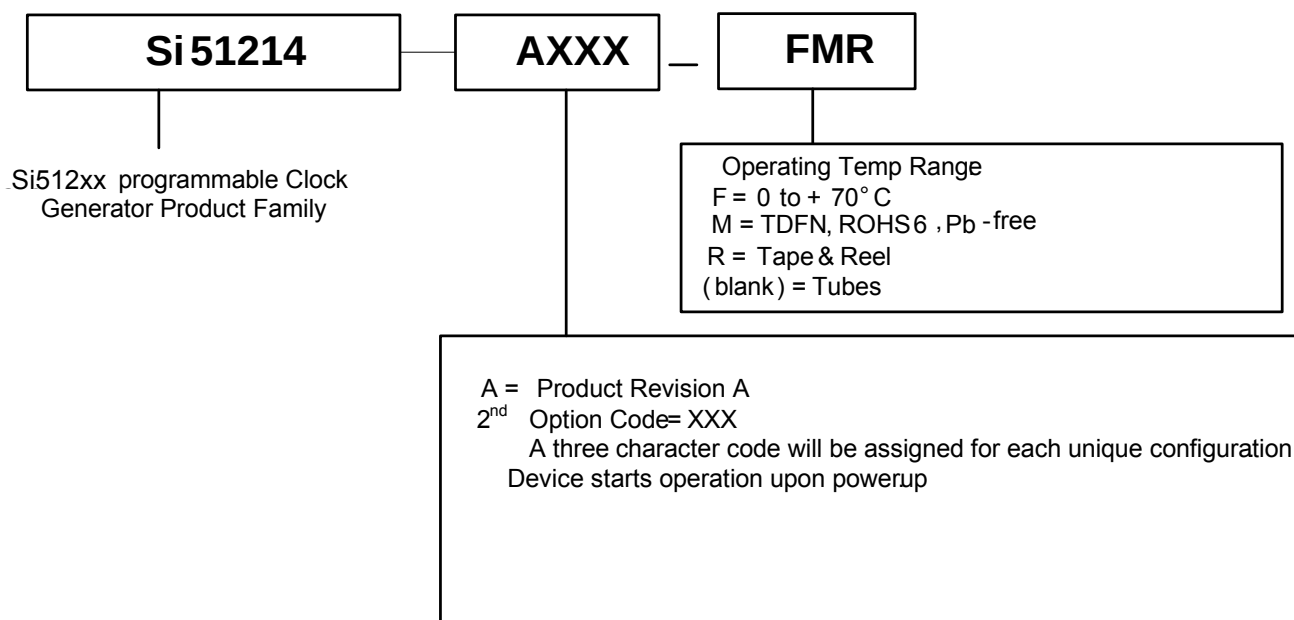


Table 5. Si51214 6-Pin Descriptions

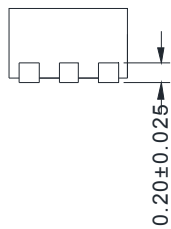
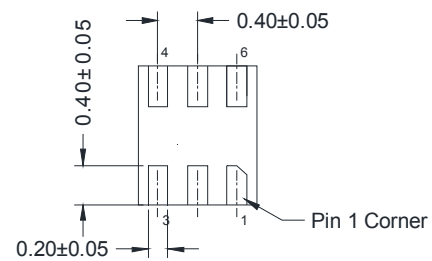
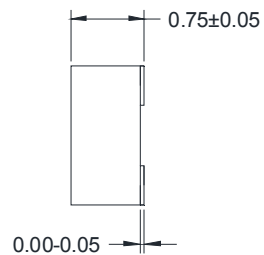
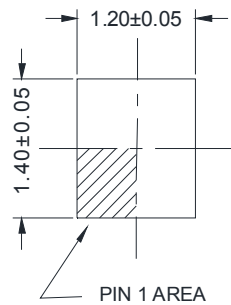
Pin #	Name	Type	Description
1	VDD	PWR	1.8 V power supply.
2	XIN/CLKIN	I	External crystal and clock input.
3	XOUT	O	Crystal output. Leave this pin unconnected (floating) if an external clock input is used.
4	SSCLK1/REFCLK/ FSEL/SSEL/SSON/ OE2	I/O	Programmable SSCLK1 or REFCLK output or MultiFunction control input. The frequency at this pin is synthesized by internal PLL if programmed as SSCLK1 with or without spread. If programmed as REFCLK, output clock is buffered output of crystal or reference clock input. If programmed as MultiFunction control input, it can be OE, FSEL, SSEL and SSON.
5	SSCLK2/REFCLK_D/ OE1/FSEL/SSEL/ SSON/PD	I/O	Programmable SSCLK2 or REFCLK_D output or MultiFunction control input. The frequency at this pin is synthesized by internal PLL if programmed as SSCLK2 with or without spread. If programmed as REFCLK_D, output clock is buffered output of crystal or reference clock input divided by 2 to 32. If programmed as MultiFunction control input, it can be OE, PD, FSEL, SSEL and SSON.
6	VSS	GND	Ground.

5. Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Temperature
Si51214-AxxxFM	6-pin TDFN	Commercial, 0 to 70 °C
Si51214-AxxxFMR	6-pin TDFN—Tape and Reel	Commercial, 0 to 70 °C



6. Package Outline: 6-pin TDFN



NOTE

1. JEDEC REFERENCE : NA
2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. COPLANARITY SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.08MM.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES

NOTES:



ClockBuilder Pro

One-click access to Timing tools, documentation, software, source code libraries & more. Available for Windows and iOS (CBGo only).

www.silabs.com/CBPro



Timing Portfolio
www.silabs.com/timing



SW/HW
www.silabs.com/CBPro



Quality
www.silabs.com/quality



Support and Community
community.silabs.com

Disclaimer

Silicon Laboratories intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Laboratories products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice and limitation to product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Silicon Laboratories shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied herein. This document does not imply or express copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products must not be used within any Life Support System without the specific written consent of Silicon Laboratories. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Laboratories products are generally not intended for military applications. Silicon Laboratories products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons.

Trademark Information

Silicon Laboratories Inc., Silicon Laboratories, Silicon Labs, SiLabs and the Silicon Labs logo, CMEMS®, EFM, EFM32, EFR, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember®, EZLink®, EZMac®, EZRadio®, EZRadioPRO®, DSPLL®, ISOmodem®, Precision32®, ProSLIC®, SiPHY®, USBXpress® and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Keil is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.



Silicon Laboratories Inc.
400 West Cesar Chavez
Austin, TX 78701
USA

<http://www.silabs.com>