

# LDO Regulator - Ultra-Low Quiescent Current, $I_Q$ 13 $\mu$ A, Ultra-Low Noise 500 mA

## NCV8705

The NCV8705 is a low noise, low power consumption and low dropout Linear Voltage Regulator. With its excellent noise and PSRR specifications, the device is ideal for use in products utilizing RF receivers, imaging sensors, audio processors or any component requiring an extremely clean power supply. The NCV8705 uses an innovative Adaptive Ground Current circuit to ensure ultra low ground current during light load conditions.

### Features

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Available – Fixed Voltage Option: 0.8 V to 3.5 V  
Available – Adjustable Voltage Option: 0.8 V to 5.5 V–V<sub>DROP</sub>
- Reference Voltage 0.8 V
- Ultra-Low Quiescent Current of Typ. 13  $\mu$ A
- Ultra-Low Noise: 12  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> from 100 Hz to 100 kHz
- Very Low Dropout: 230 mV Typical at 500 mA
- $\pm 2\%$  Accuracy Over Load/Line/Temperature
- High PSRR: 71 dB at 1 kHz
- Internal Soft-Start to Limit the Turn-On Inrush Current
- Thermal Shutdown and Current Limit Protections
- Stable with a 1  $\mu$ F Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Active Output Discharge for Fast Turn-Off
- Wettable Flank Package Option Available
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

### Typical Applications

- ADAS, Infotainment & Cluster, and Telematics
- General Purpose Automotive & Industrial
- Building & Factory Automation, Smart Meters

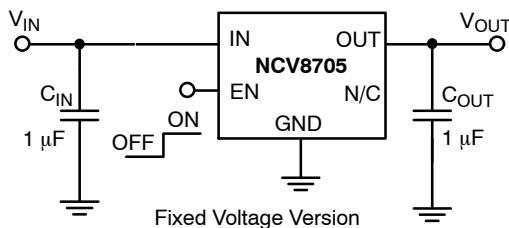
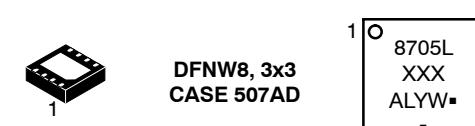
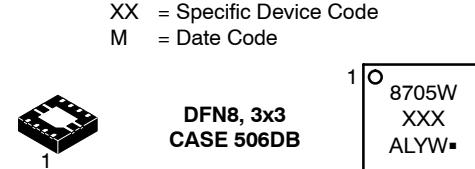


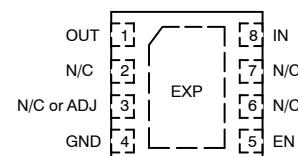
Figure 1. Typical Application Schematic



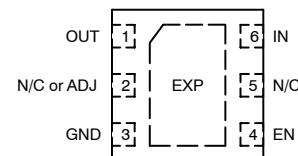
A = Assembly Location  
 L = Wafer Lot  
 Y = Year  
 W = Work Week  
 ■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

### PIN CONNECTIONS



DFN8/DFNW8 3x3 mm  
(Top View)

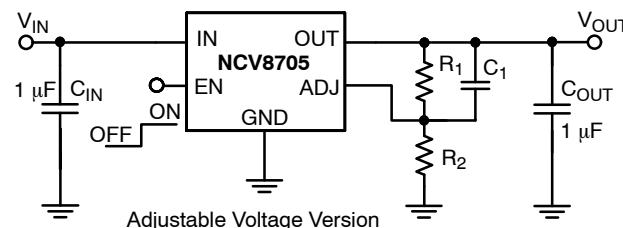


WDFN6 2x2 mm  
(Top View)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 20 of this data sheet.

NOTE: Some of the devices on this data sheet have been DISCONTINUED. Please refer to the table on page 20.



## NCV8705

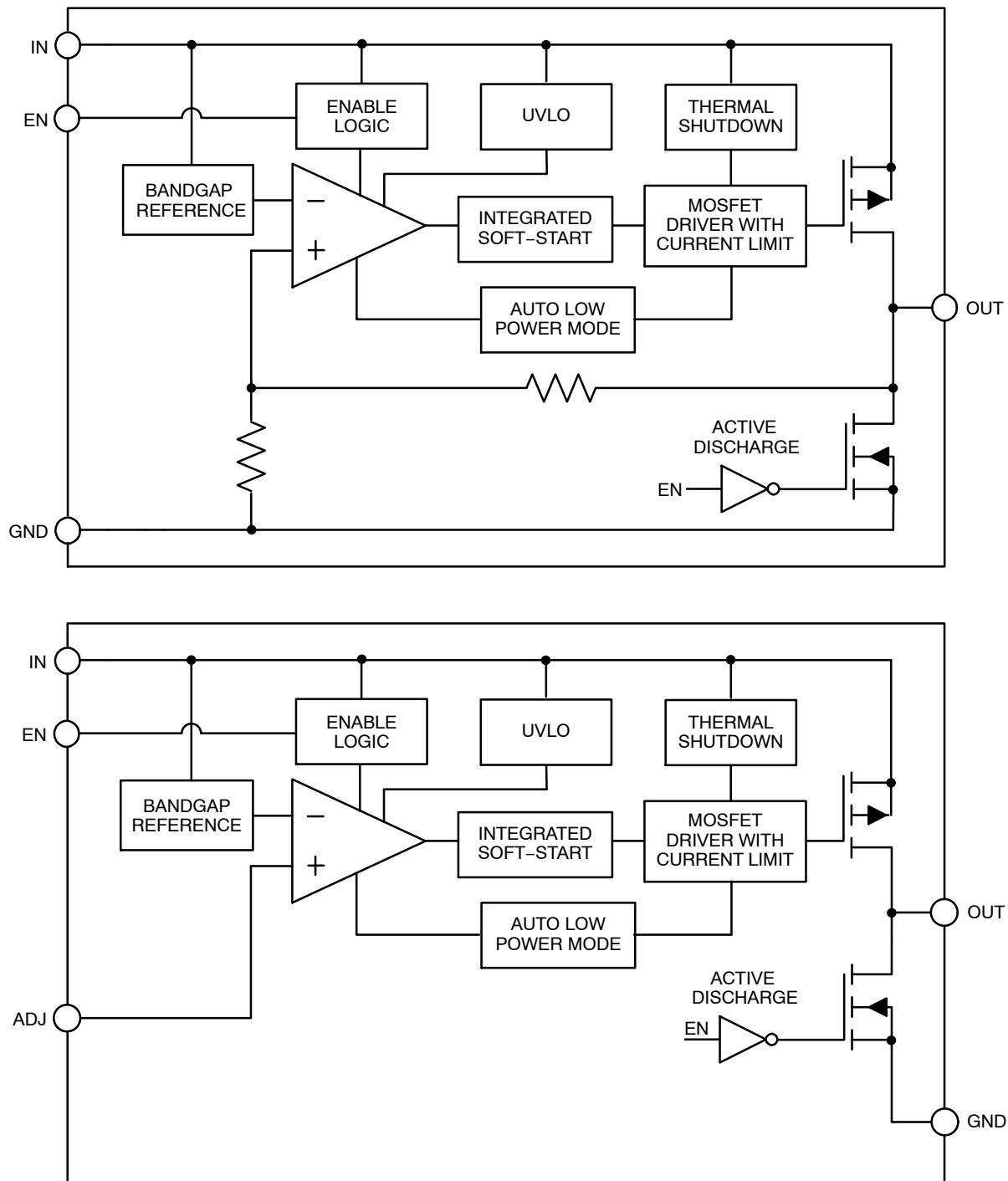


Figure 2. Simplified Schematic Block Diagrams

**Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION**

| Pin Name | Pin No. – Fixed DFN8/DFNW8 | Pin No. – Adjustable DFN8/DFNW8 | Pin No. – Fixed WDFN6 | Pin No. – Adjustable WDFN6 | Description  |
|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| OUT      | 1                          | 1                               | 1                     | 1                          | Regulated output voltage pin. A small 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability.       |
| GND      | 4                          | 4                               | 3                     | 3                          | Power supply ground. Expose pad must be tied with GND pin. Soldered to the copper plane allows for effective heat dissipation. |
| EN       | 5                          | 5                               | 4                     | 4                          | Enable pin. Driving EN over 0.9 V turns on the regulator. Driving EN below 0.4 V puts the regulator into shutdown mode.        |
| IN       | 8                          | 8                               | 6                     | 6                          | Input pin. A small capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability.  |
| ADJ      | –                          | 3                               | –                     | 2                          | Feedback pin for set-up output voltage. Use resistor divider for voltage selection.  |
| N/C      | 2, 3, 6, 7                 | 2, 6, 7                         | 2, 5                  | 5                          | Not connected. This pin can be tied to ground to improve thermal dissipation.  |

**Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Rating                                    | Symbol             | Value                      | Unit |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|------|
| Input Voltage (Note 1)                    | $V_{IN}$           | –0.3 V to 6 V              | V    |
| Output Voltage                            | $V_{OUT}$          | –0.3 V to $V_{IN}$ + 0.3 V | V    |
| Enable Input                              | $V_{EN}$           | –0.3 V to $V_{IN}$ + 0.3 V | V    |
| Adjustable Input                          | $V_{ADJ}$          | –0.3 V to $V_{IN}$ + 0.3 V | V    |
| Output Short Circuit Duration             | $t_{SC}$           | Indefinite                 | s    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature              | $T_{J(MAX)}$       | 125                        | °C   |
| Storage Temperature                       | $T_{STG}$          | –55 to 150                 | °C   |
| ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2) | ESD <sub>HBM</sub> | 2000                       | V    |
| ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)    | ESD <sub>MM</sub>  | 200                        | V    |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
  - ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)
  - ESD Machine Model tested per AEC-Q100-003 (EIA/JESD22-A115)
  - Latchup Current Maximum Rating tested per JEDEC standard: JESD78.

**Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 3)**

| Rating  | Symbol                       | Value        | Unit |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|------|
| Thermal Characteristics, WDFN6 2x2 mm<br>Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air<br>Thermal Resistance Parameter, Junction-to-Board               | $\theta_{JA}$<br>$\Psi_{JB}$ | 116.5<br>30  | °C/W |
| Thermal Characteristics, DFN8 3x3 mm / DFNW8 3x3 mm<br>Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air<br>Thermal Resistance Parameter, Junction-to-Board | $\theta_{JA}$<br>$\Psi_{JB}$ | 92.6<br>35.1 | °C/W |

3. Single component mounted on 1 oz, FR 4 PCB with 645 mm<sup>2</sup> Cu area.

**Table 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

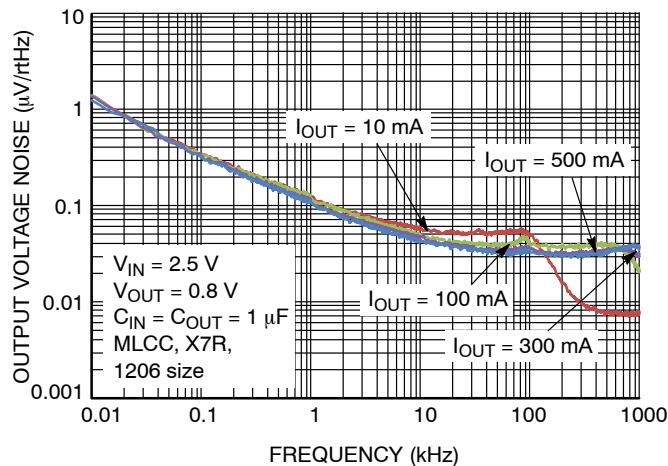
$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(\text{NOM})} + 0.5 \text{ V}$  or  $2.5 \text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  $V_{EN} = 0.9 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$  unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . (Note 4)

| Parameter   | Test Conditions  | Symbol  | Min  | Typ            | Max            | Unit                       |
|---|--|---|------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Operating Input Voltage                                     |  | $V_{IN}$  | 2.5  |                | 5.5            | V                          |
| Output Voltage Range (Adjustable)                           |  | $V_{OUT}$   | 0.8  |                | $5.5 - V_{DO}$ | V                          |
| Undervoltage Lock-out                                       | $V_{IN}$ rising  | UVLO  | 1.2  | 1.6            | 1.9            | V                          |
| Output Voltage Accuracy                                     | $V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0 - 500 \text{ mA}$  | $V_{OUT}$   | -2   |                | +2             | %                          |
| Reference Voltage   |  | $V_{REF}$   |      | 0.8            |                | V                          |
| Reference Voltage Accuracy                                  | $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$  | $V_{REF}$   | -2   |                | +2             | %                          |
| Line Regulation   | $V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$<br>$V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ | Reg <sub>LINE</sub>   |      | 550<br>750     |                | $\mu\text{V/V}$            |
| Load Regulation   | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$   | Reg <sub>LOAD</sub>   |      | 12             |                | $\mu\text{V/mA}$           |
| Load Transient  | $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$ to $500 \text{ mA}$ or $500 \text{ mA}$ to $1 \text{ mA}$ in $1 \mu\text{s}$ , $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$  | Tran <sub>LOAD</sub>  |      | $\pm 120$      |                | mV                         |
| Dropout Voltage (Note 5)                                    | $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{OUT(\text{nom})} = 2.8 \text{ V}$   | $V_{DO}$  |      | 230            | 350            | mV                         |
| Output Current Limit  | $V_{OUT} = 90\% V_{OUT(\text{nom})}$   | $I_{CL}$  | 510  | 750            | 950            | mA                         |
| Quiescent Current   | $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$   | $I_Q$   |      | 13             | 25             | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| Ground Current  | $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$   | $I_{GND}$   |      | 260            |                | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| Shutdown Current  | $V_{EN} \leq 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>$V_{EN} \leq 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = 2.0$ to $4.5 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$            | $I_{DIS}$   |      | 0.12<br>0.55   | 2              | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| EN Pin Threshold Voltage<br>High Threshold<br>Low Threshold | $V_{EN}$ Voltage increasing<br>$V_{EN}$ Voltage decreasing   | $V_{EN\_HI}$<br>$V_{EN\_LO}$  | 0.9  |                | 0.4            | V                          |
| EN Pin Input Current  | $V_{EN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$   | $I_{EN}$  |      | 100            | 500            | nA                         |
| ADJ Pin Current   | $V_{ADJ} = 0.8 \text{ V}$  |   |      | 1              |                | nA                         |
| Turn-On Time  | $C_{OUT} = 1.0 \mu\text{F}$ , from assertion EN pin to 98% $V_{OUT(\text{nom})}$   | $t_{ON}$  |      | 150            |                | $\mu\text{s}$              |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                                | $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.8 \text{ V}$ (Fixed), $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$   | $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$<br>$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$<br>$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ | PSRR | 73<br>71<br>56 |                | dB                         |
| Output Noise Voltage  | $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ (Fixed), $V_{IN} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$<br>$f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ to $100 \text{ kHz}$  | $V_N$   |      | 12             |                | $\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$ |
| Thermal Shutdown Temperature                                | Temperature increasing from $T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  | $T_{SD}$  |      | 160            |                | °C                         |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis                                 | Temperature falling from $T_{SD}$  | $T_{SDH}$   | -    | 20             | -              | °C                         |

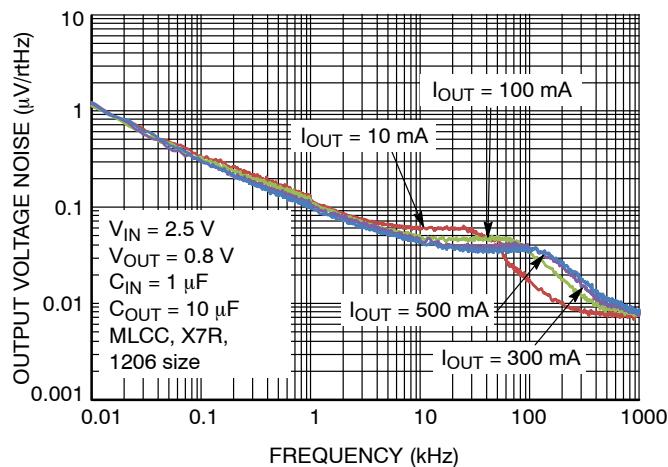
Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

- Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at  $T_J = T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
- Characterized when  $V_{OUT}$  falls 100 mV below the regulated voltage at  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(\text{NOM})} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ .

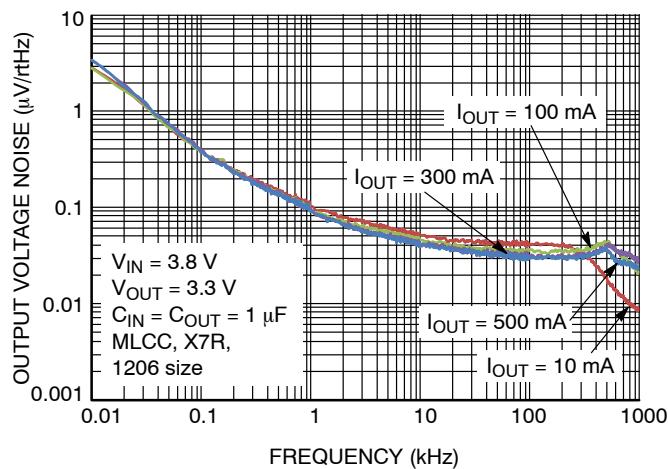
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



| I <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| 10 mA            | 19.06                 | 18.21            |
| 100 mA           | 15.99                 | 15.04            |
| 300 mA           | 14.42                 | 13.39            |
| 500 mA           | 13.70                 | 12.60            |

Figure 3. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ 

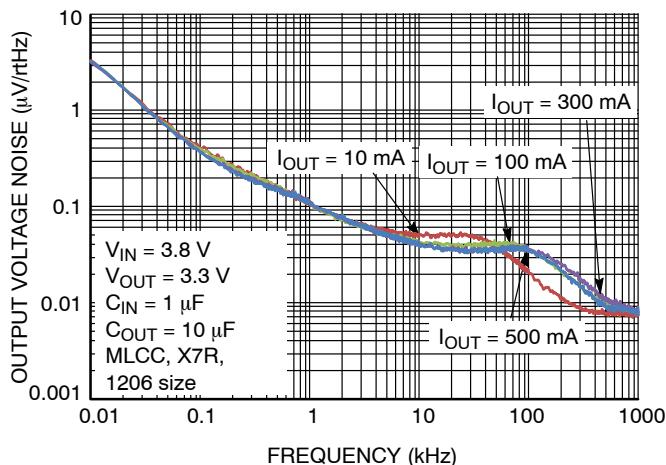
| I <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| 10 mA            | 16.17                 | 15.28            |
| 100 mA           | 16.41                 | 15.65            |
| 300 mA           | 14.94                 | 14.10            |
| 500 mA           | 14.08                 | 13.11            |

Figure 4. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$ 

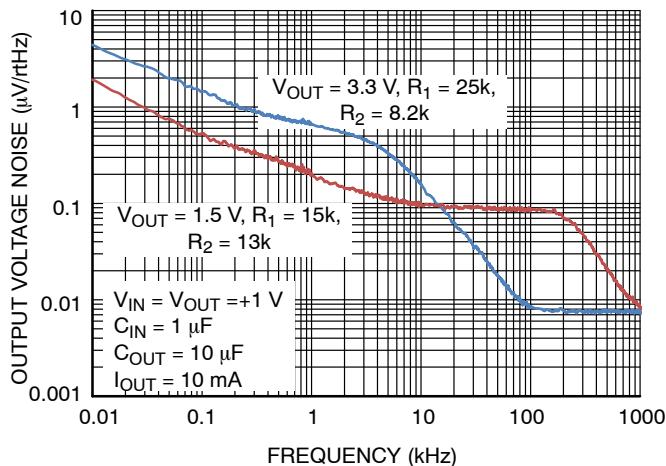
| I <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| 10 mA            | 18.12                 | 15.39            |
| 100 mA           | 16.42                 | 13.50            |
| 300 mA           | 16.35                 | 12.47            |
| 500 mA           | 16.00                 | 12.10            |

Figure 5. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

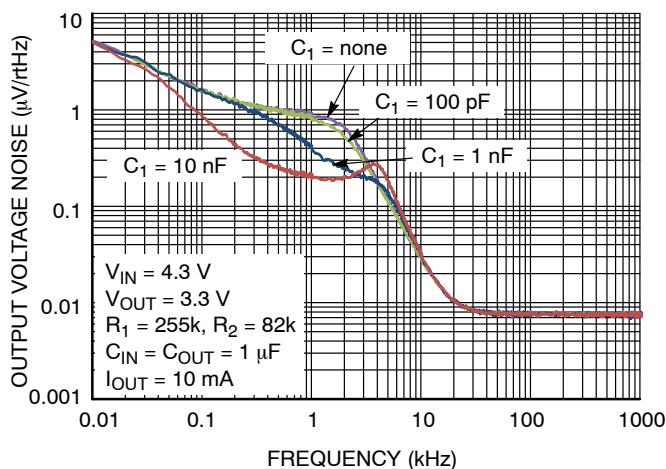


| I <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| 1 mA             | 17.35                 | 14.07            |
| 100 mA           | 17.43                 | 14.29            |
| 300 mA           | 16.55                 | 13.33            |
| 500 mA           | 16.48                 | 13.20            |

Figure 6. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$ 

| V <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| 1.5 V            | 31.40                 | 30.33            |
| 3.3 V            | 49.14                 | 44.30            |

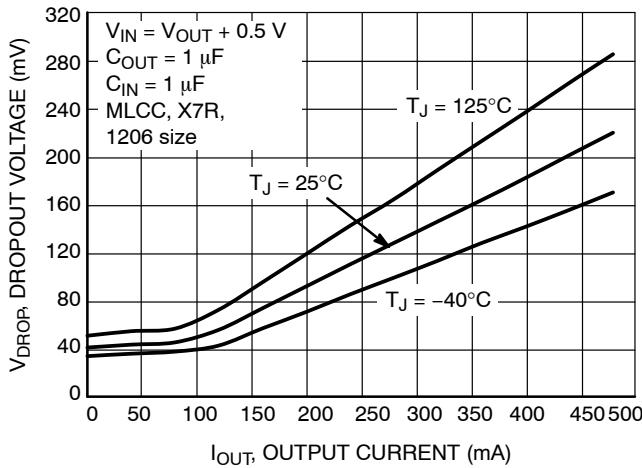
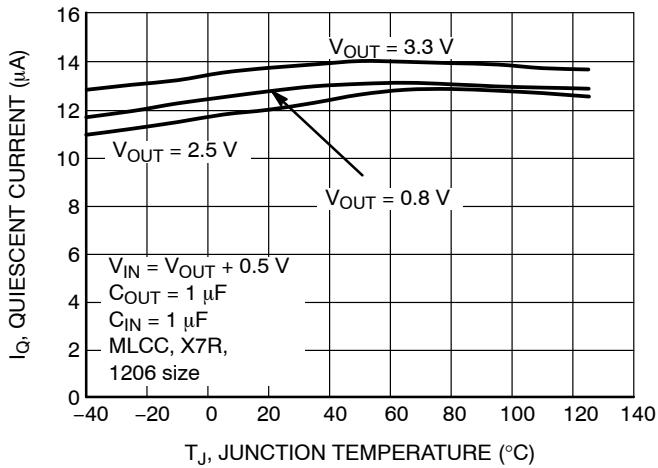
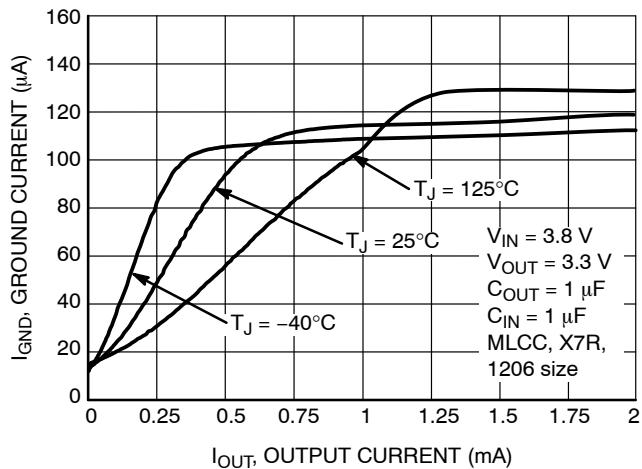
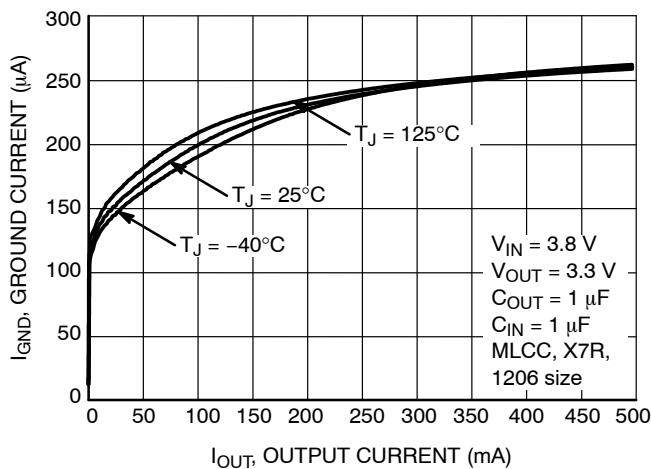
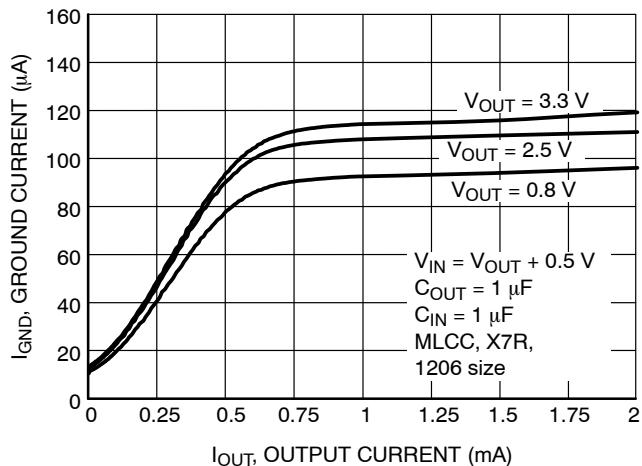
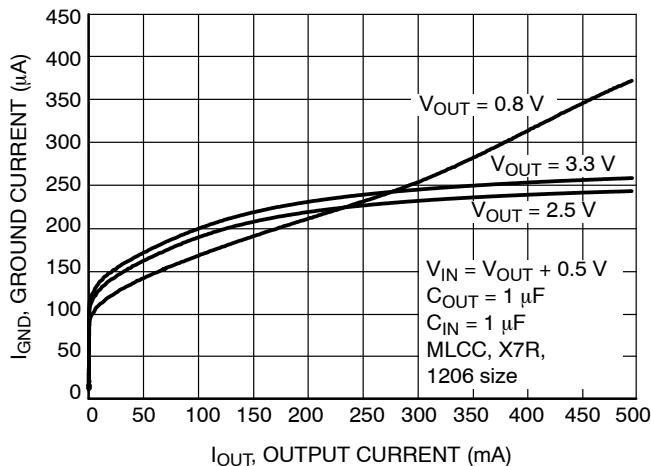
Figure 7. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for Adjustable Version – Different Output Voltage



| I <sub>OUT</sub> | RMS Output Noise (μV) |                  |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|                  | 10 Hz – 100 kHz       | 100 Hz – 100 kHz |
| none             | 50.17                 | 43.85            |
| 100 pF           | 46.90                 | 40.39            |
| 1 nF             | 36.92                 | 27.99            |
| 10 nF            | 27.02                 | 18.31            |

Figure 8. Output Voltage Noise Spectral Density for Adjustable Version for Various  $C_1$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

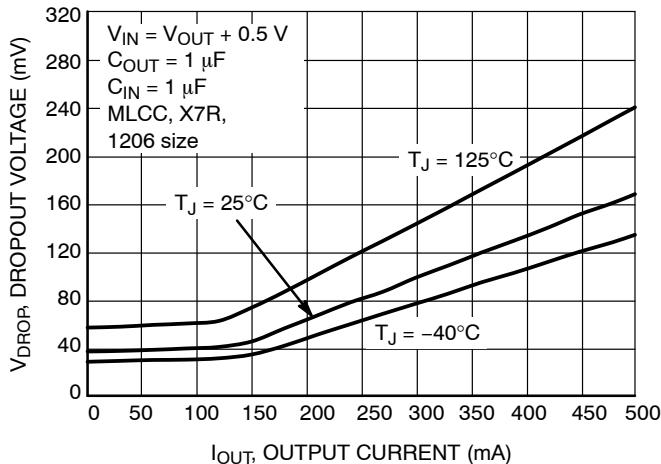


Figure 15. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current at Temperatures (3.3 V)

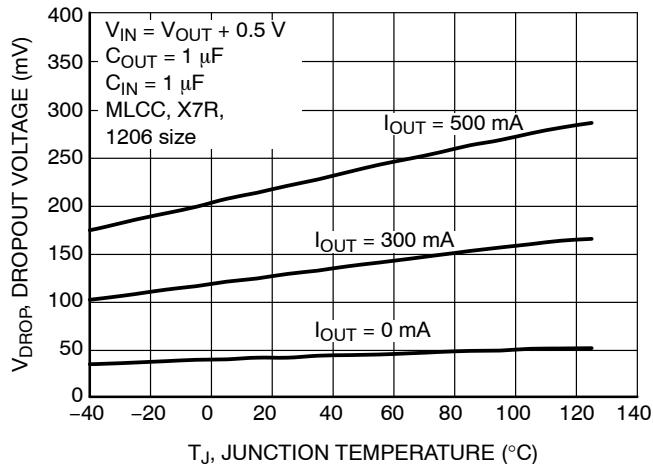


Figure 16. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature (2.5 V)

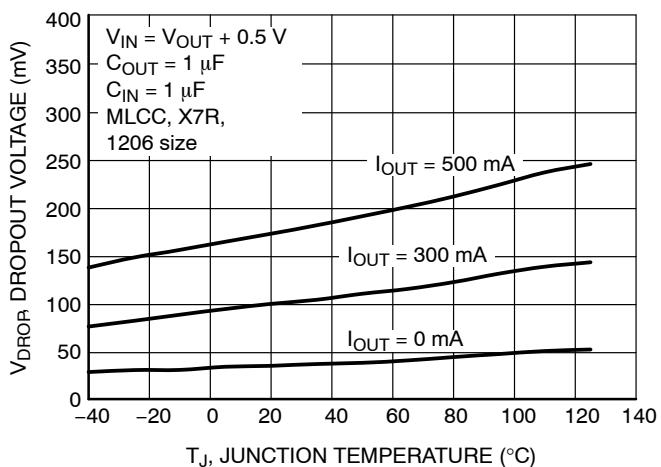


Figure 17. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature, (3.3 V)

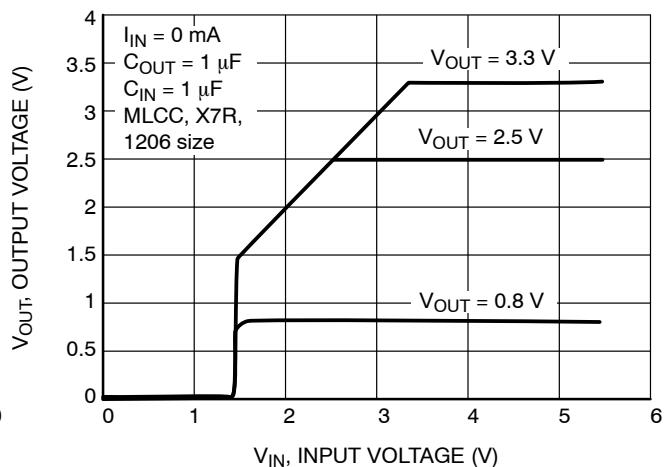


Figure 18. Input Voltage vs. Output Voltage

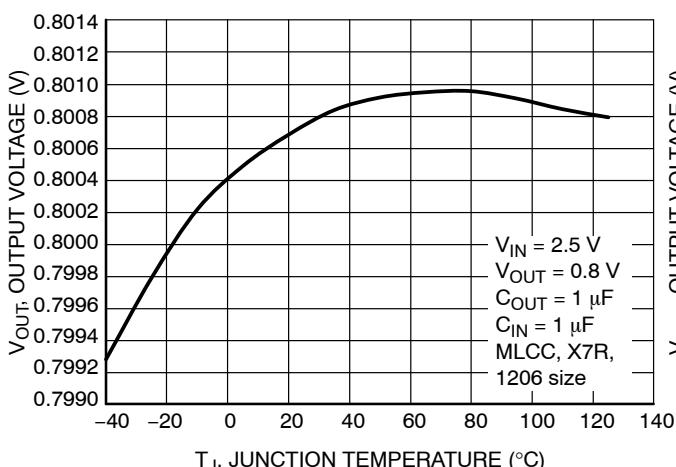


Figure 19. Output Voltage vs. Temperature, (0.8 V)

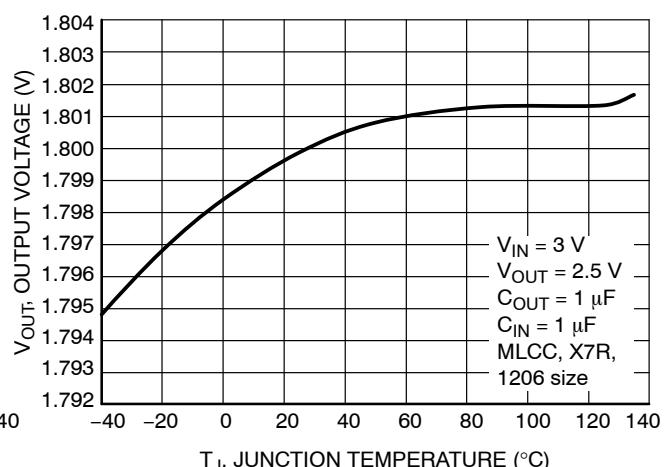


Figure 20. Output Voltage vs. Temperature, (2.5 V)

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

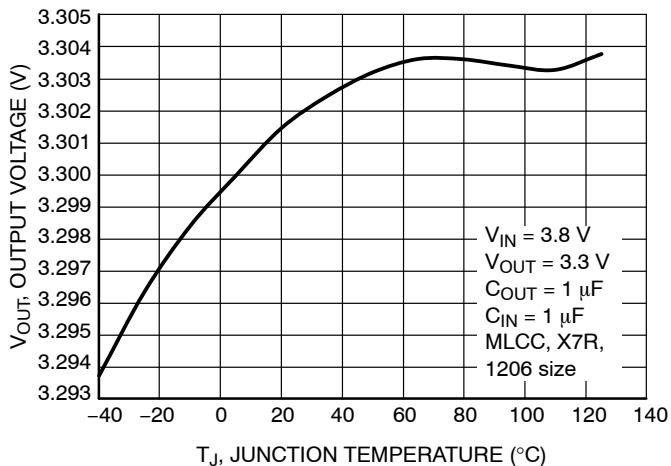


Figure 21. Output Voltage vs. Temperature,  
(3.3 V)

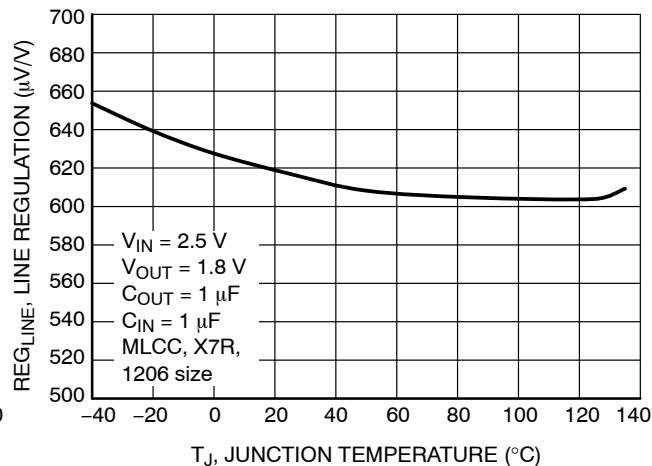


Figure 22. Line Regulation vs. Temperature,  
(1.8 V)

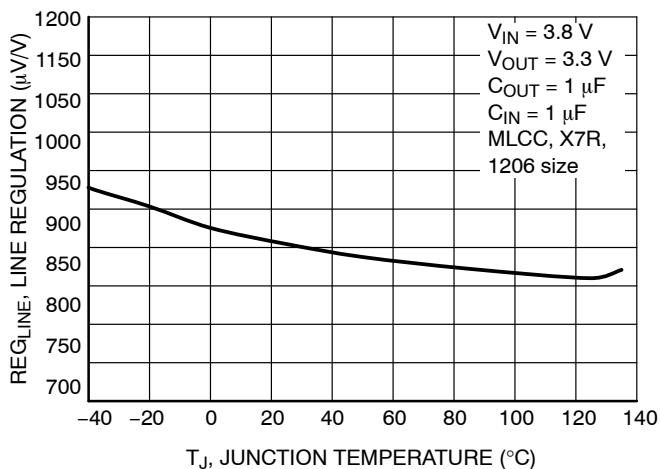


Figure 23. Line Regulation vs. Temperature,  
(3.3 V)

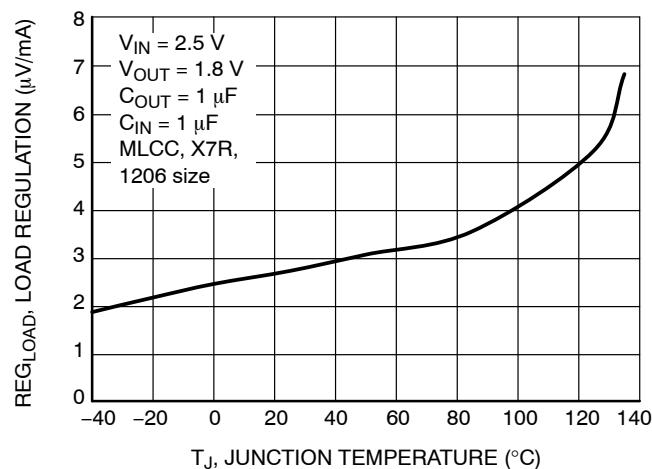


Figure 24. Load Regulation vs. Temperature,  
(1.8 V)

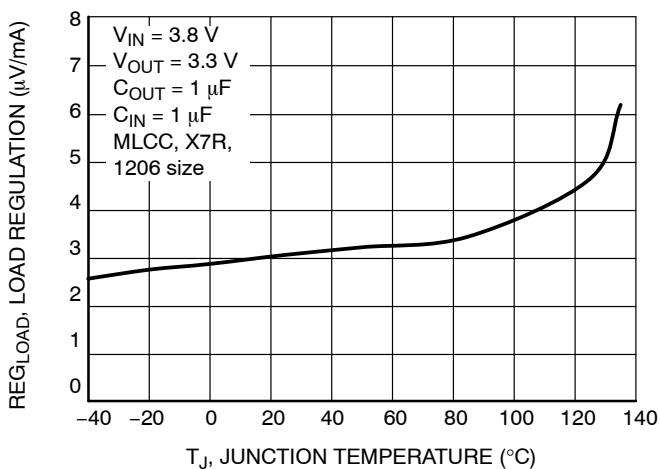


Figure 25. Load Regulation vs. Temperature,  
(3.3 V)

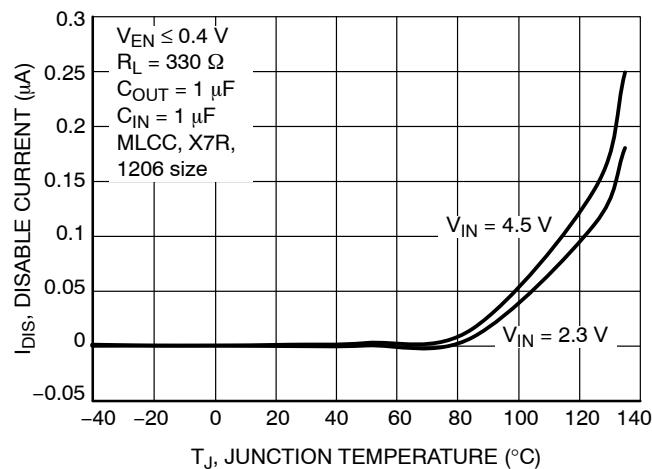


Figure 26. Disable Current vs. Temperature

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

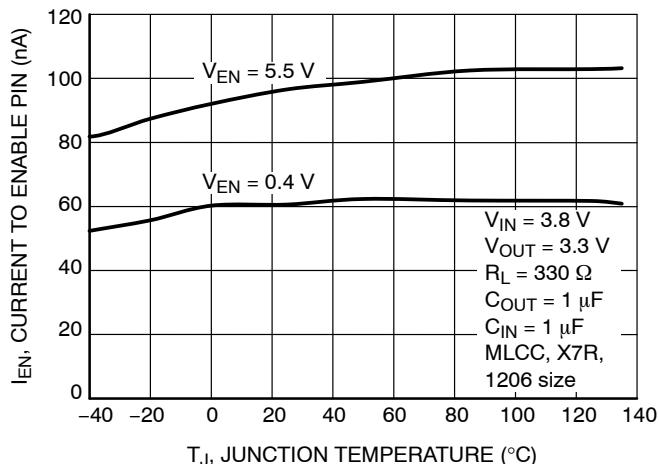


Figure 27. Enable Current vs. Temperature

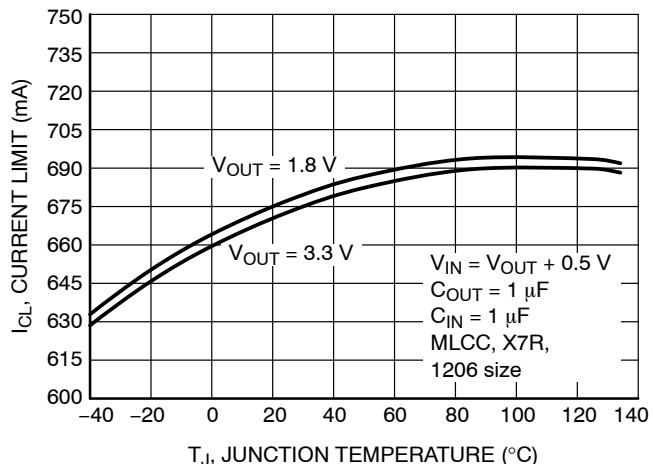


Figure 28. Current Limit vs. Temperature

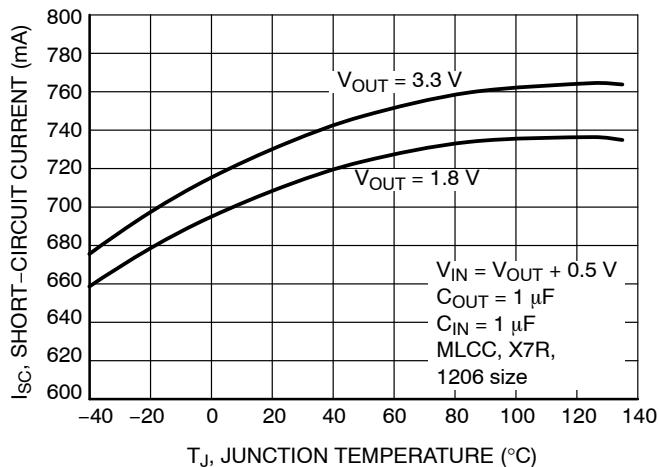


Figure 29. Short-Circuit vs. Temperature

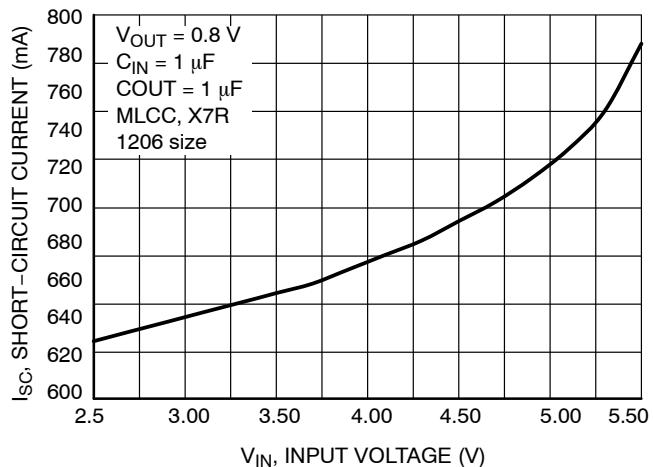


Figure 30. Short-Circuit Current vs. Temperature

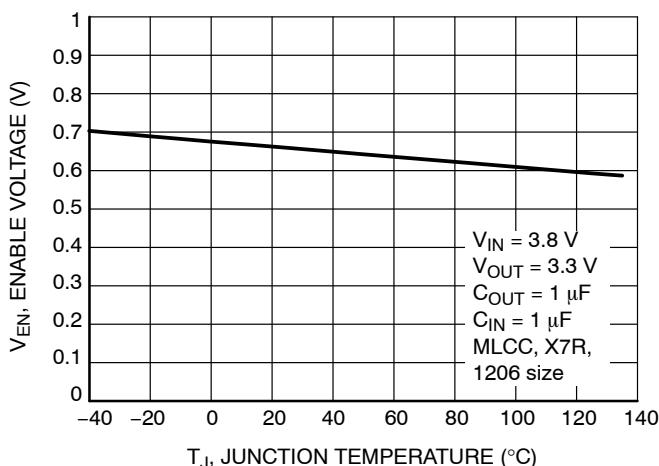


Figure 31. Enable Threshold (High)

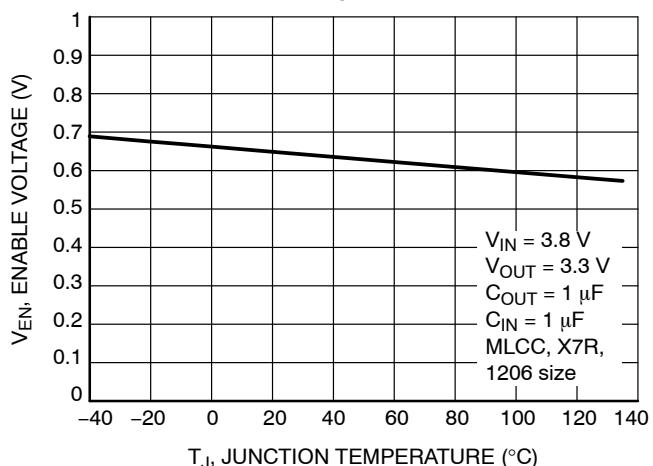


Figure 32. Enable Threshold (Low)

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

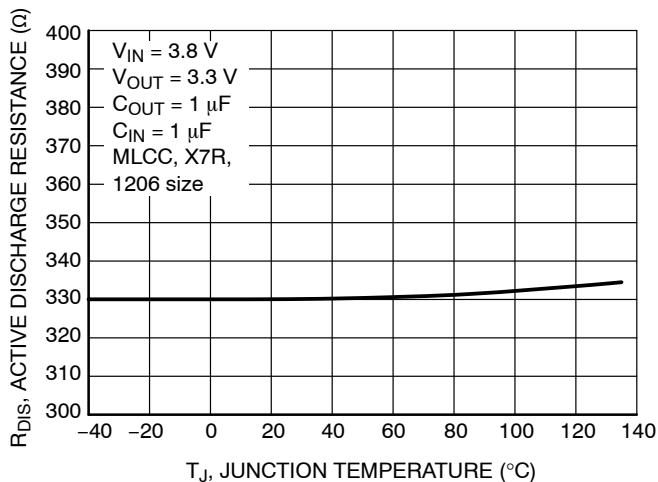


Figure 33. Discharge Resistance vs. Temperature

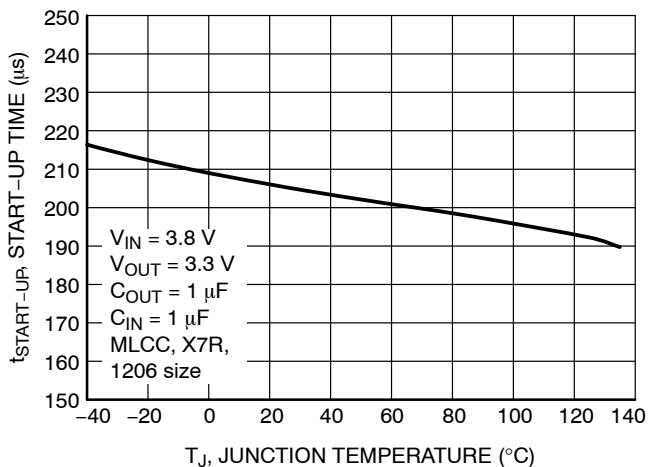


Figure 34. Start-up Time vs. Temperature

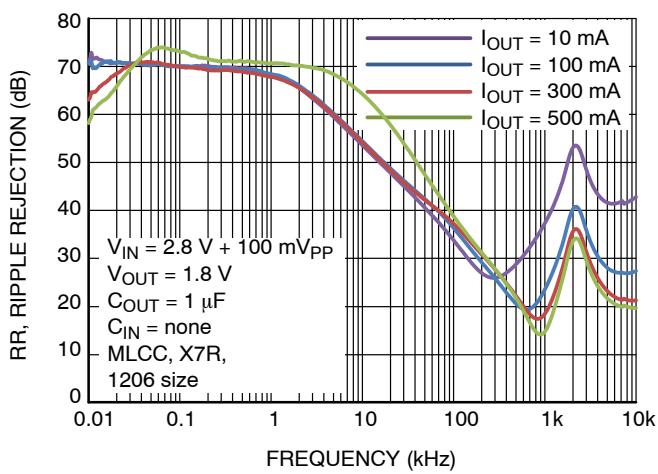


Figure 35. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  $V_{OUT} = 1.8$  V

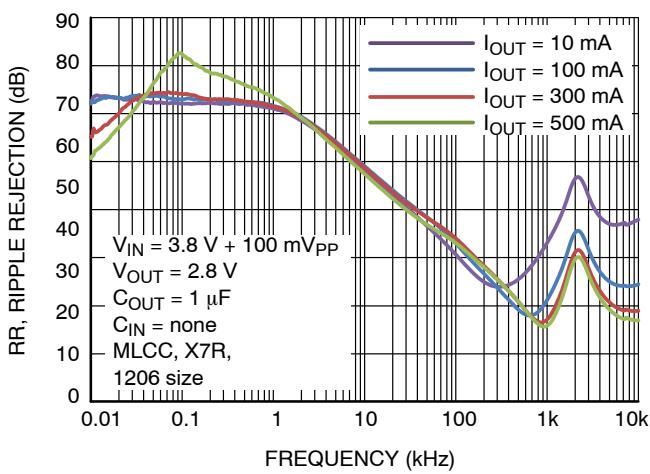


Figure 36. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  $V_{OUT} = 2.8$  V

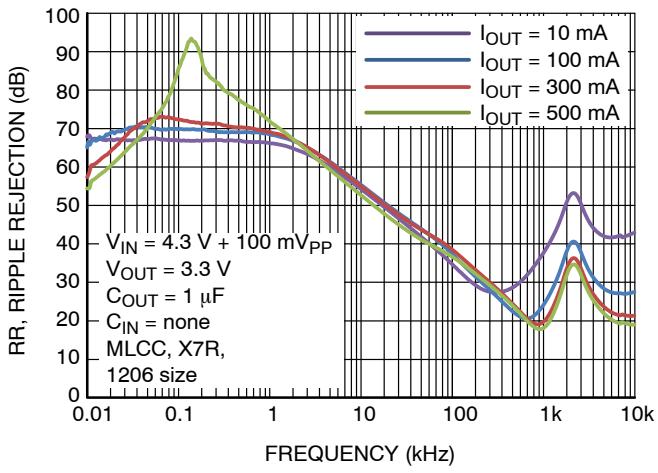


Figure 37. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V

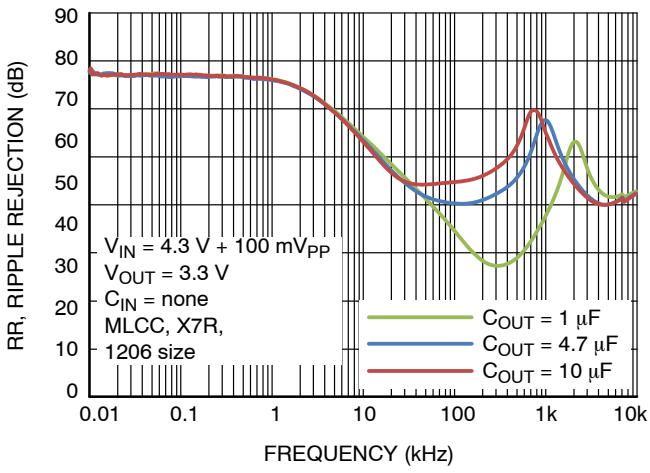


Figure 38. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA – Different  $C_{OUT}$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

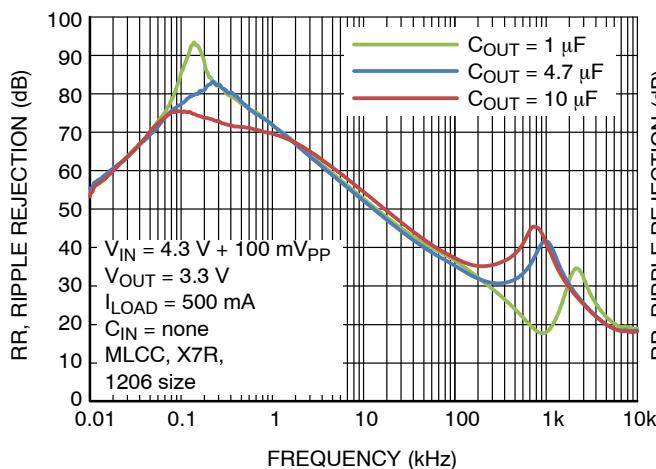


Figure 39. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  
 $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$  – Different  $C_{OUT}$

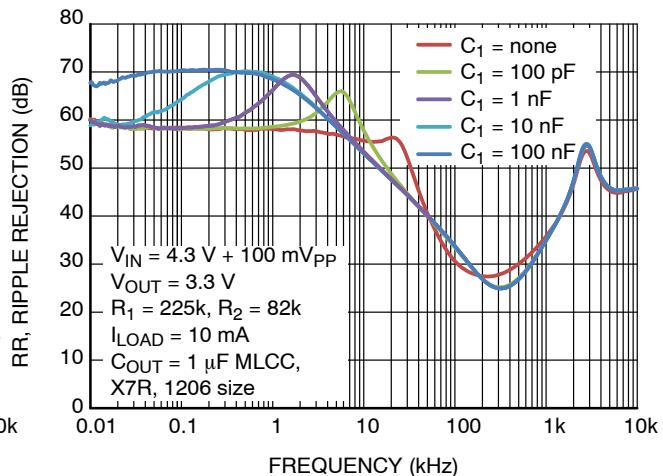


Figure 40. Power Supply Rejection Ratio,  
 $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$  – Different  $C_1$

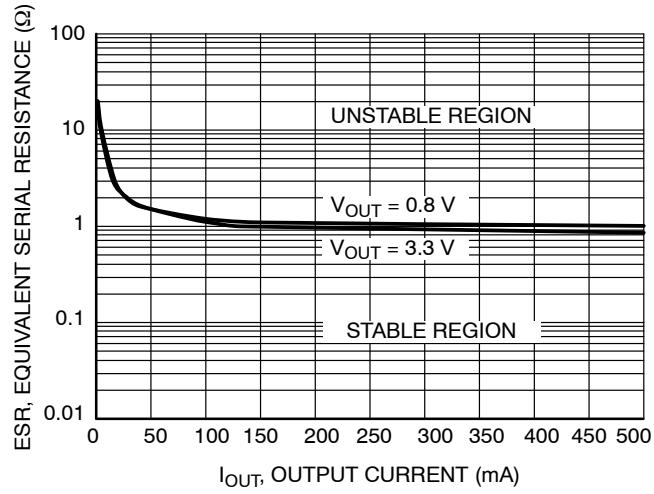


Figure 41. Output Capacitor ESR vs. Output Current

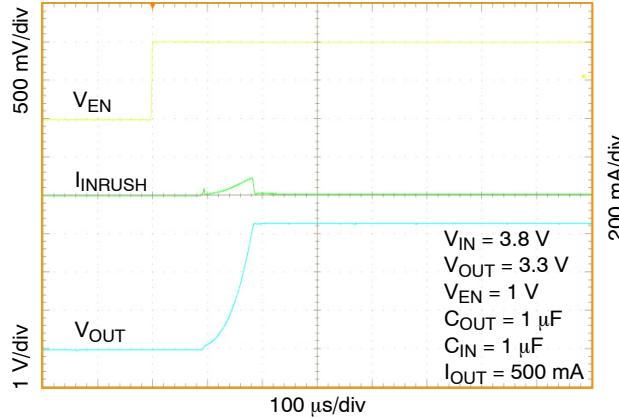


Figure 42. Enable Turn-on Response,  
 $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$

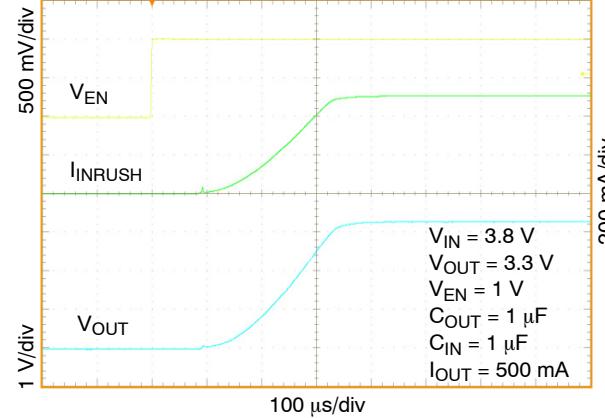


Figure 43. Enable Turn-on Response,  
 $C_{OUT} = 1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 500 \text{ mA}$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

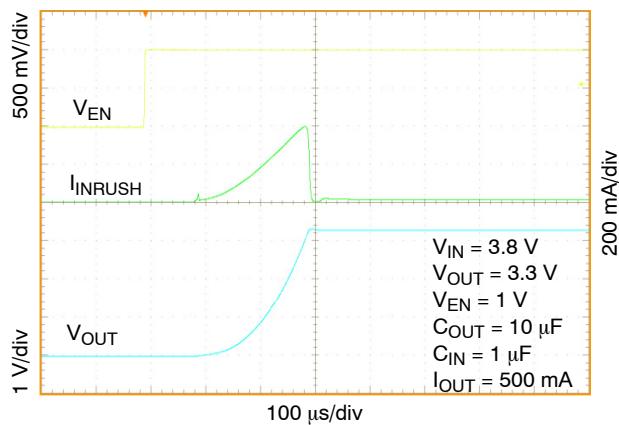


Figure 44. Enable Turn-on Response,  
 $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 mA$

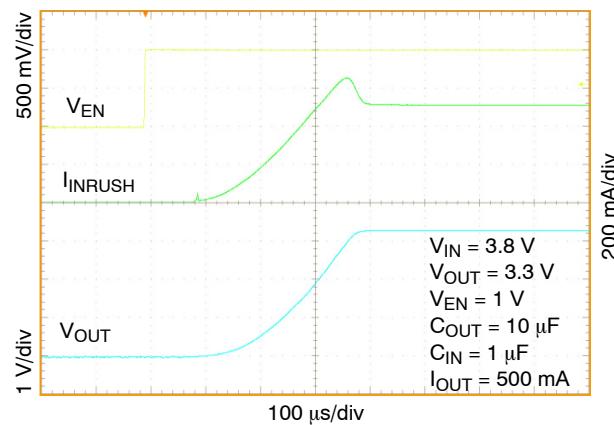


Figure 45. Enable Turn-on Response,  
 $C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 500 mA$

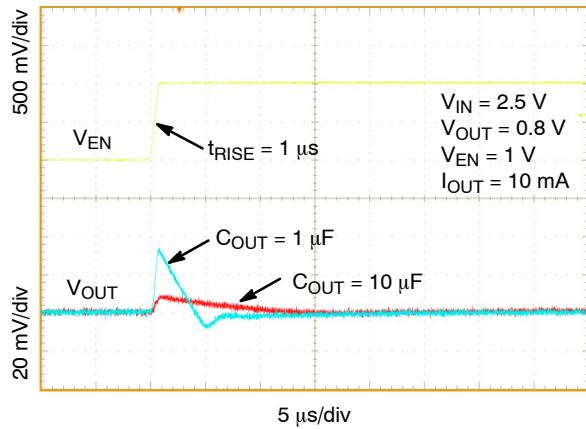


Figure 46. Line Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 mA$

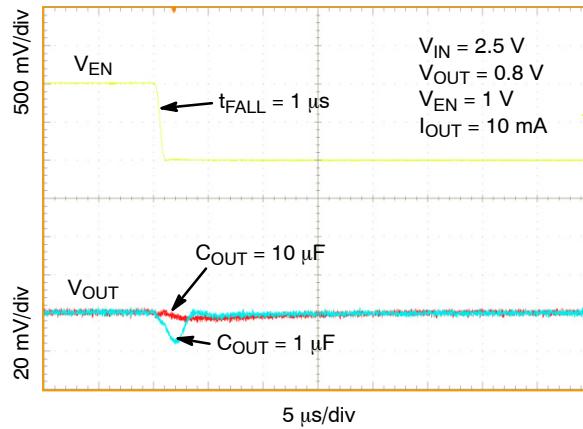


Figure 47. Line Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 mA$

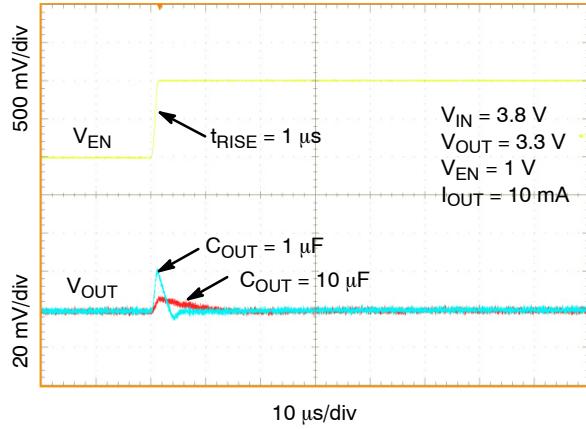


Figure 48. Line Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 mA$

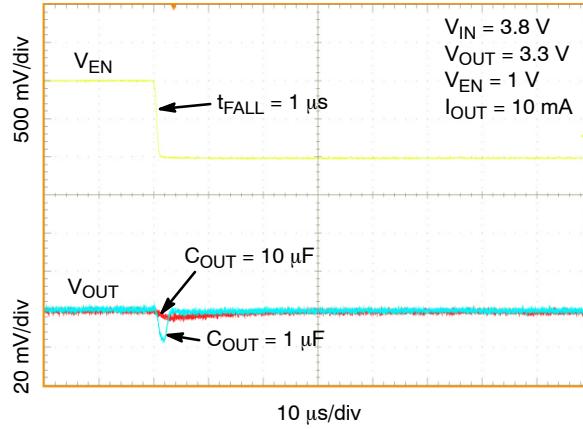


Figure 49. Line Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3 V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10 mA$

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

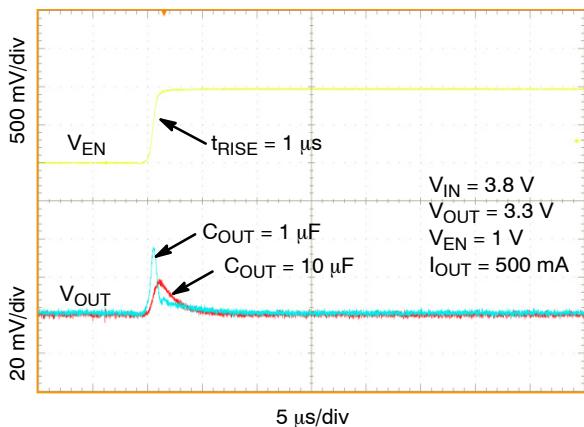


Figure 50. Line Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 500$  mA

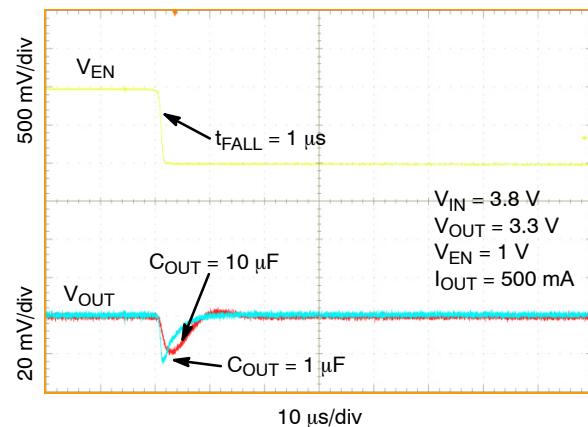


Figure 51. Line Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 500$  mA

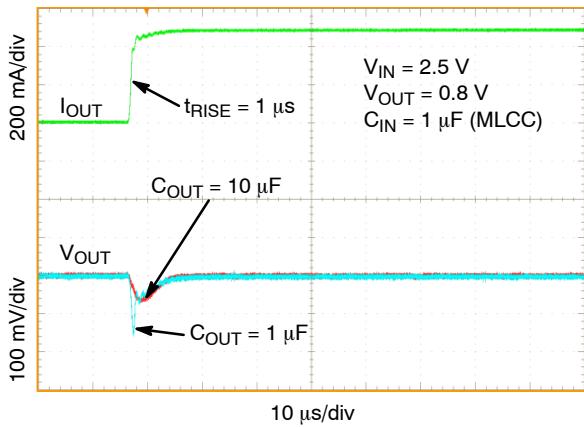


Figure 52. Load Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA to 500 mA,  $C_{OUT} = 1$  μF, 10 μF

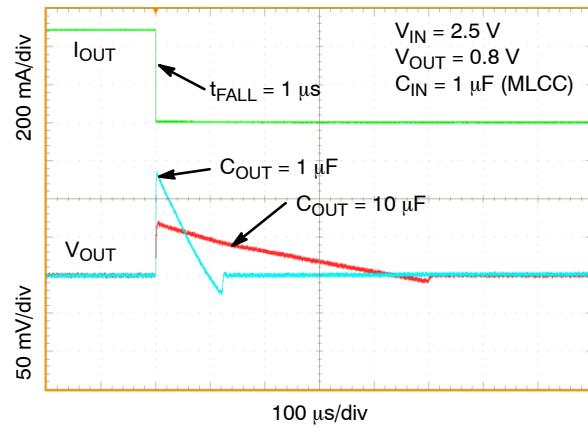


Figure 53. Load Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA to 500 mA,  $C_{OUT} = 1$  μF, 10 μF

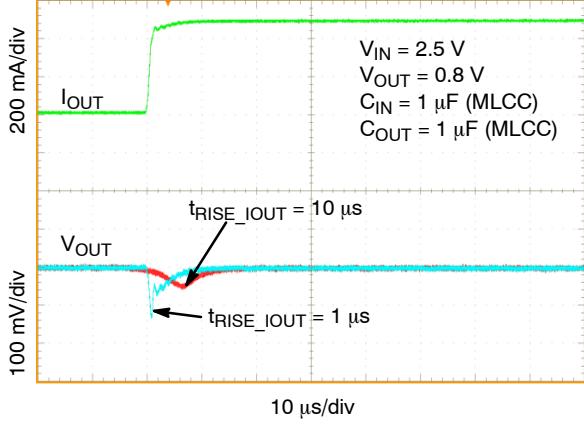


Figure 54. Load Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA to 500 mA,  $t_{RISE\_IOUT} = 1$  μs, 10 μs

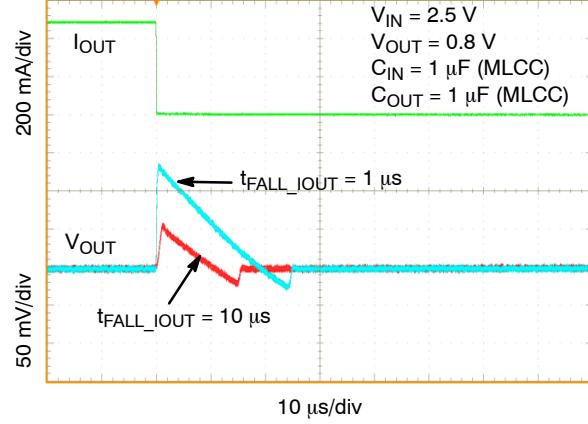
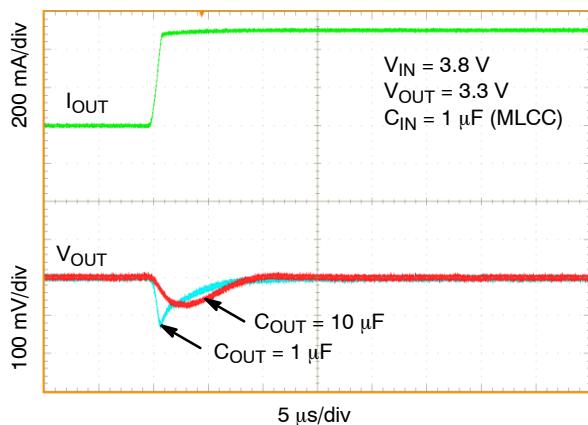
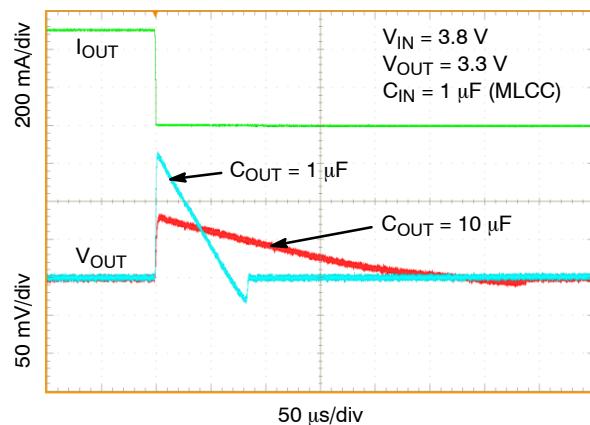


Figure 55. Load Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA to 500 mA,  $t_{FALL\_IOUT} = 1$  μs, 10 μs

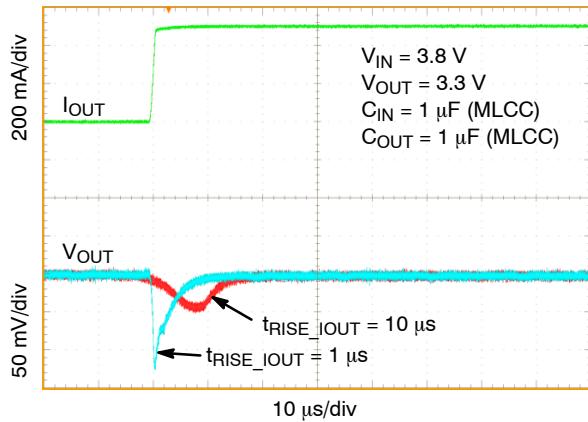
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



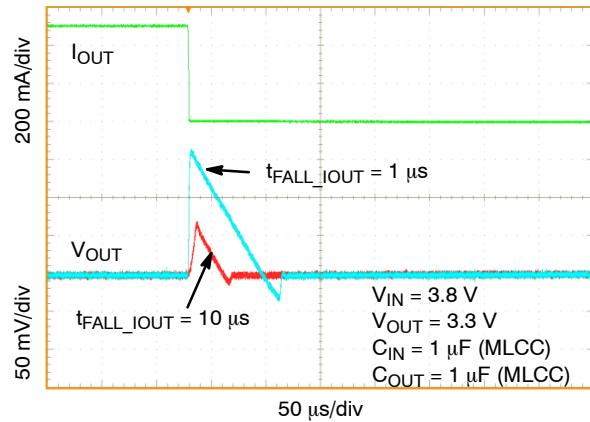
**Figure 56. Load Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 1 mA to 500 mA,  $C_{OUT}$  = 1  $\mu$ F, 10  $\mu$ F**



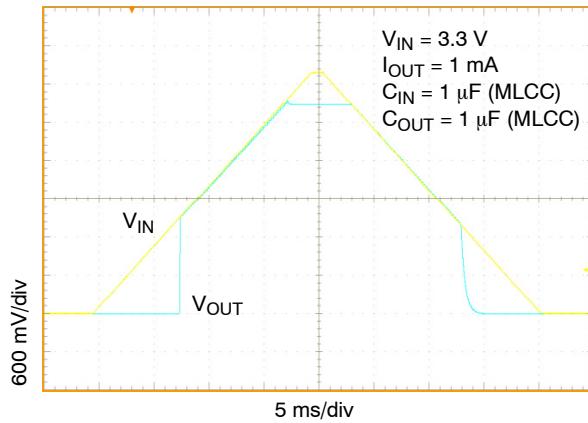
**Figure 57. Load Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 1 mA to 500 mA,  $C_{OUT}$  = 1  $\mu$ F, 10  $\mu$ F**



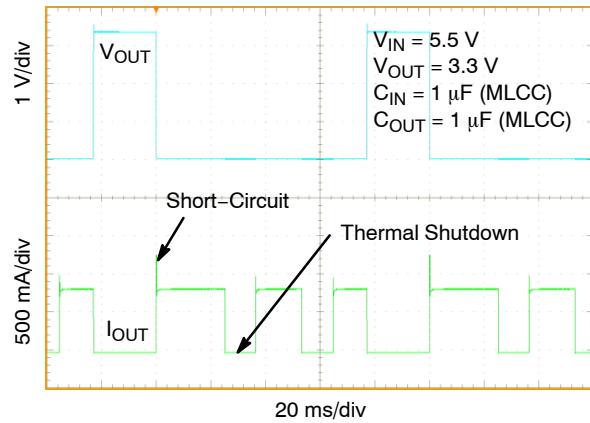
**Figure 58. Load Transient Response – Rising Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 1 mA to 500 mA,  $t_{RISE\_IOUT}$  = 1  $\mu$ s, 10  $\mu$ s**



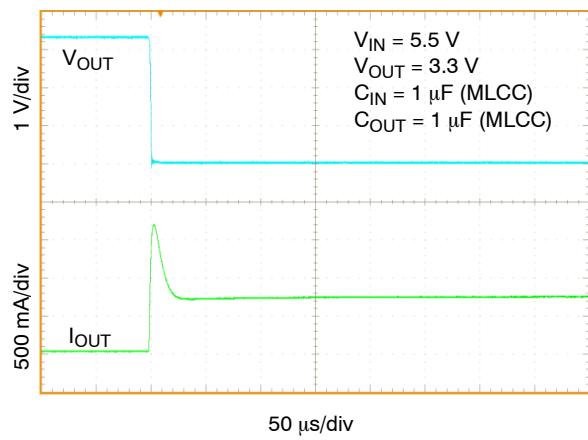
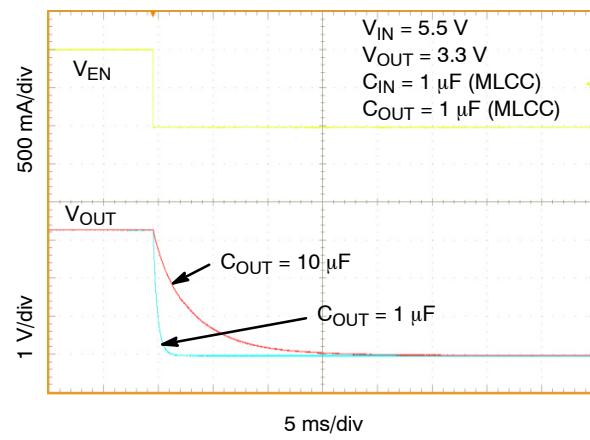
**Figure 59. Load Transient Response – Falling Edge,  $V_{OUT} = 3.3$  V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 1 mA to 500 mA,  $t_{FALL\_IOUT}$  = 1  $\mu$ s, 10  $\mu$ s**



**Figure 60. Turn-on/off, Slow Rising  $V_{IN}$**



**Figure 61. Short-Circuit and Thermal Shutdown**

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS****Figure 62. Short-Circuit Current Peak****Figure 63. Enable Turn-off**

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**General**

The NCV8705 is a high performance 500 mA Low Dropout Linear Regulator. This device delivers excellent noise and dynamic performance. Thanks to its adaptive ground current feature the device consumes only 13  $\mu$ A of quiescent current at no-load condition. The regulator features ultra-low noise of 12  $\mu$ VRMS, PSRR of 71 dB at 1 kHz and very good load/line transient performance. Such excellent dynamic parameters and small package size make the device an ideal choice for powering the precision analog and noise sensitive circuitry in portable applications. The LDO achieves this ultra low noise level output without the need for a noise bypass capacitor. A logic EN input provides ON/OFF control of the output voltage. When the EN is low the device consumes as low as typ. 10 nA from the IN pin. The device is fully protected in case of output overload, output short circuit condition and overheating, assuring a very robust design.

**Input Capacitor Selection (CIN)**

It is recommended to connect a minimum of 1  $\mu$ F Ceramic X5R or X7R capacitor close to the IN pin of the device. This capacitor will provide a low impedance path for unwanted AC signals or noise modulated onto constant input voltage. There is no requirement for the min./max. ESR of the input capacitor but it is recommended to use ceramic capacitors for their low ESR and ESL. A good input capacitor will limit the influence of input trace inductance and source resistance during sudden load current changes. Larger input capacitor may be necessary if fast and large load transients are encountered in the application.

**Output Decoupling (COUT)**

The NCV8705 requires an output capacitor connected as close as possible to the output pin of the regulator. The minimal capacitor value is 1  $\mu$ F and X7R or X5R dielectric due to its low capacitance variations over the specified temperature range. The NCV8705 is designed to remain stable with minimum effective capacitance of 1  $\mu$ F to account for changes with temperature, DC bias and package size. Especially for small package size capacitors such as 0402 the effective capacitance drops rapidly with the applied DC bias. Refer to the Figure 64, for the capacitance vs. package size and DC bias voltage dependence.

There is no requirement for the minimum value of Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) for the  $C_{OUT}$  but the maximum value of ESR should be less than 900  $m\Omega$ . Larger output capacitors and lower ESR could improve the load transient response or high frequency PSRR as shown in typical characteristics. It is not recommended to use tantalum capacitors on the output due to their large ESR. The equivalent series resistance of tantalum capacitors is also strongly dependent on the temperature, increasing at low temperature. The tantalum capacitors are generally more costly than ceramic capacitors.

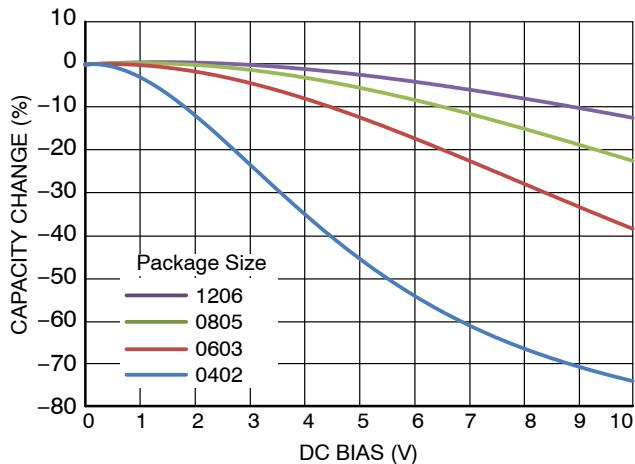


Figure 64. Capacitance Change vs. DC Bias

**No-load Operation**

The regulator remains stable and regulates the output voltage properly within the  $\pm 2\%$  tolerance limits even with no external load applied to the output.

**Adjustable Operation**

The output voltage range can be set from 0.8 V to 5.5 V- $V_{DO}$  by resistor divider network. Use Equations 1 and 2 to calculate appropriate values of resistors and output voltage. Typical current to ADJ pin is 1 nA. For output voltage 0.8 V ADJ pin can be tied directly to Vout pin.

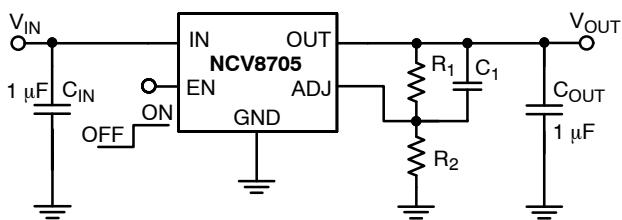
$$V_{OUT} = 0.8 \cdot \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) + R_1 \cdot I_{ADJ} \quad (\text{eq. 1})$$

$$R_2 \approx R_1 \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.8} - 1} \quad (\text{eq. 2})$$

The resistor divider should be designed carefully to achieve the best performance. Recommended current through divider is 10  $\mu$ A and more. Too high values of resistors ( $M\Omega$ ) cause increasing noise and longer start-up time. The suggested values of the resistors are in Table 5. To improve dynamic performance capacitor C1 should be at least 1 nF. Recommended range of capacity is between 10 nF and 100 nF. Higher value of capacitor C1 increasing start-up time.

Table 5. Proposal Resistor Values for Various  $V_{OUT}$

| $V_{OUT}$ | R1   | R2   |
|-----------|------|------|
| 1.5 V     | 130k | 150k |
| 3.3 V     | 256k | 82k  |
| 5.0 V     | 430k | 82k  |



**Figure 65. NCV8705 Adjustable with Noise Improvement Capacitor**

### Enable Operation

The NCV8705 uses the EN pin to enable/disable its device and to deactivate/activate the active discharge function.

If the EN pin voltage >0.9 V the device is guaranteed to be enabled. The NCV8705 regulates the output voltage and the active discharge transistor is turned-off.

The EN pin has internal pull-down current source with typ. value of 110 nA which assures that the device is turned-off when the EN pin is not connected. Build in 2 mV hysteresis into the EN prevents from periodic on/off oscillations that can occur due to noise.

In the case where the EN function isn't required the EN should be tied directly to IN.

### Undervoltage Lockout

The internal UVLO circuitry assures that the device becomes disabled when the V<sub>IN</sub> falls below typ. 1.5 V. When the V<sub>IN</sub> voltage ramps-up the NCV8705 becomes enabled, if V<sub>IN</sub> rises above typ. 1.6 V. The 100 mV hysteresis prevents from on/off oscillations that can occur due to noise on V<sub>IN</sub> line.

### Output Current Limit

Output Current is internally limited within the IC to a typical 750 mA. The NCV8705 will source this amount of current measured with a voltage drops on the 90% of the nominal V<sub>OUT</sub>. If the Output Voltage is directly shorted to ground (V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V), the short circuit protection will limit the output current to 800 mA (typ). The current limit and short circuit protection will work properly up to V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V at T<sub>A</sub> = 125°C. There is no limitation for the short circuit duration.

### Internal Soft-Start circuit

NCV8705 contains an internal soft-start circuitry to protect against large inrush currents which could otherwise flow during the start-up of the regulator. Soft-start feature protects against power bus disturbances and assures a controlled and monotonic rise of the output voltage.

### Thermal Shutdown

When the die temperature exceeds the Thermal Shutdown threshold (T<sub>SD</sub> – 160°C typical), Thermal Shutdown event is detected and the device is disabled. The IC will remain in this state until the die temperature decreases below the Thermal Shutdown Reset threshold (T<sub>SDU</sub> – 140°C typical). Once the IC temperature falls below the 140°C the LDO is enabled again. The thermal shutdown feature provides the protection from a catastrophic device failure due to accidental overheating. This protection is not intended to be used as a substitute for proper heat sinking.

### Power Dissipation

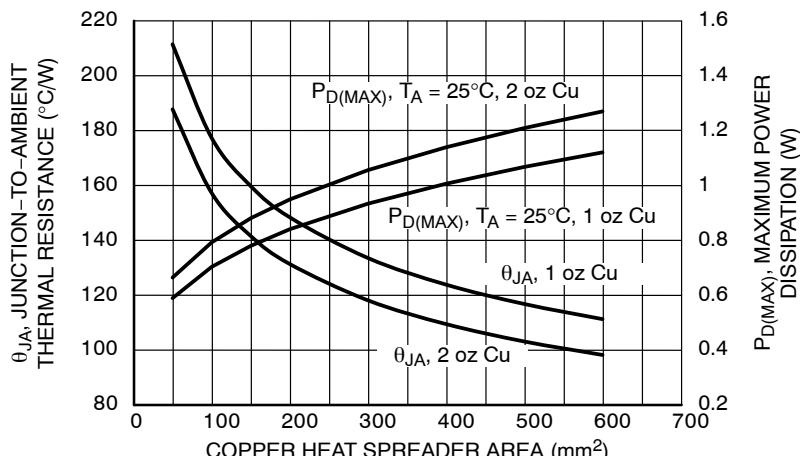
As power dissipated in the NCV8705 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part.

The maximum power dissipation the NCV8705 can handle is given by:

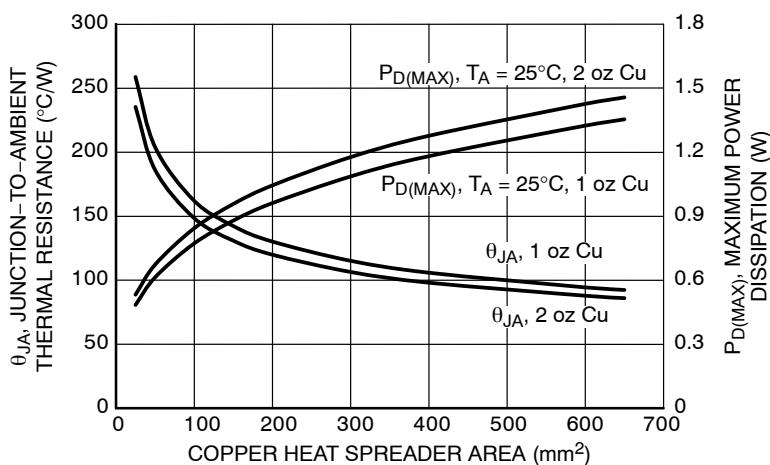
$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{[T_{J(MAX)} - T_A]}{\theta_{JA}} \quad (eq. 3)$$

The power dissipated by the NCV8705 for given application conditions can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN}(I_{GND}@I_{OUT}) + I_{OUT}(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \quad (eq. 4)$$



**Figure 66. θ<sub>JA</sub> and P<sub>D(MAX)</sub> vs. Copper Area (WDFN6)**

Figure 67.  $\theta_{JA}$  and  $P_{D(MAX)}$  vs. Copper Area (DFN8/DFNW8)

### Reverse Current

The PMOS pass transistor has an inherent body diode which will be forward biased in the case that  $V_{OUT} > V_{IN}$ . Due to this fact in cases, where the extended reverse current condition can be anticipated the device may require additional external protection.

### Load Regulation

The NCV8705 features very good load regulation of maximum 2 mV in 0 mA to 500 mA range. In order to achieve this very good load regulation a special attention to PCB design is necessary. The trace resistance from the OUT pin to the point of load can easily approach 100 mΩ which will cause 50 mV voltage drop at full load current, deteriorating the excellent load regulation.

### Line Regulation

The IC features very good line regulation of 0.75 mV/V measured from  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5$  V to 5.5V. For battery operated applications it may be important that the line regulation from  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5$  V up to 4.5 V is only 0.55 mV/V.

### Power Supply Rejection Ratio

The NCV8705 features very good Power Supply Rejection ratio. If desired the PSRR at higher frequencies in

the range 100 kHz – 10 MHz can be tuned by the selection of  $C_{OUT}$  capacitor and proper PCB layout.

### Output Noise

The IC is designed for ultra-low noise output voltage without external noise filter capacitor ( $C_{nr}$ ). Figures 3 – 6 shows NCV8705 noise performance. Generally the noise performance in the indicated frequency range improves with increasing output current.

### Turn-On Time

The turn-on time is defined as the time period from EN assertion to the point in which  $V_{OUT}$  will reach 98% of its nominal value. This time is dependent on various application conditions such as  $V_{OUT(NOM)}$ ,  $C_{OUT}$ ,  $T_A$ .

### PCB Layout Recommendations

To obtain good transient performance and good regulation characteristics place  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  capacitors close to the device pins and make the PCB traces wide. In order to minimize the solution size, use 0402 capacitors. Larger copper area connected to the pins will also improve the device thermal resistance. The actual power dissipation can be calculated from the equation above (Equation 4).

# NCV8705

## ORDERING INFORMATION

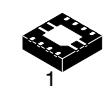
| Device          | Voltage Option | Marking      | Package            | Feature                        | Shipping <sup>†</sup> |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| NCV8705MT12TCG  | 1.2 V          | VF           | WDFN6<br>(Pb-Free) | Non-Wettable Flank             | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
| NCV8705MT18TCG  | 1.8 V          | VA           |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MT28TCG  | 2.8 V          | VC           |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MT33TCG  | 3.3 V          | VE           |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MTADJTCG | Adjustable     | VJ           |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MW18TCG  | 1.8 V          | 8705W<br>180 | DFN8<br>(Pb-Free)  | Wettable Flank,<br>SFS Process | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |
| NCV8705MW28TCG  | 2.8 V          | 8705W<br>280 |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MW30TCG  | 3.0 V          | 8705W<br>300 |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705MWADJTCG | Adjustable     | 8705W<br>ADJ |                    |                                |                       |
| NCV8705ML33TCG  | 3.3 V          | 8705L<br>330 | DFNW8<br>(Pb-Free) | Wettable Flank,<br>SLP Process | 3000 / Tape & Reel    |

## DISCONTINUED (Note 6)

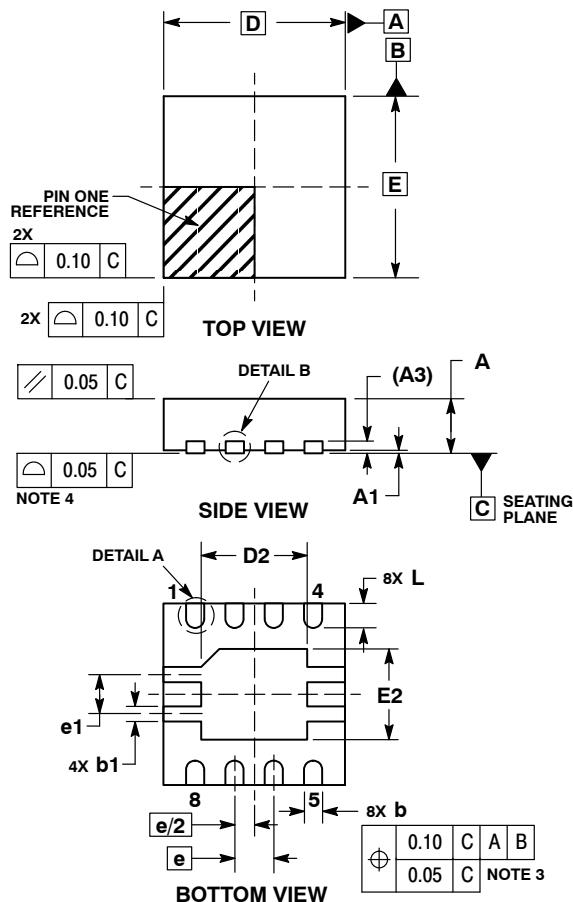
|                |       |              |                    |                                |                    |
|----------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| NCV8705MT30TCG | 3.0 V | VD           | WDFN6<br>(Pb-Free) | Non-Wettable Flank             | 3000 / Tape & Reel |
| NCV8705MW12TCG | 1.2 V | 8705W<br>120 | DFN8<br>(Pb-Free)  | Wettable Flank,<br>SFS Process | 3000 / Tape & Reel |
| NCV8705MW33TCG | 3.3 V | 8705W<br>330 | DFN8<br>(Pb-Free)  | Wettable Flank,<br>SFS Process | 3000 / Tape & Reel |

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

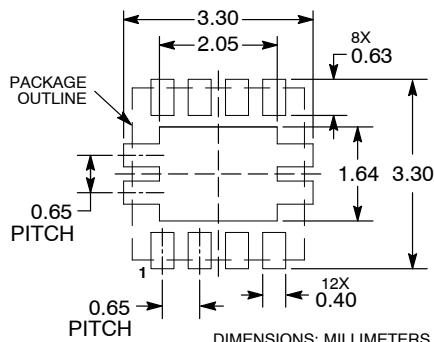
6. **DISCONTINUED:** These devices are not recommended for new design. Please contact your **onsemi** representative for information. The most current information on these devices may be available on [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com).



SCALE 2:1



**RECOMMENDED  
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

**DFN8, 3x3, 0.65P**  
CASE 506DB  
ISSUE A

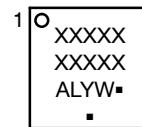
DATE 12 OCT 2016

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION *b* APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30mm FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

| MILLIMETERS |          |      |
|-------------|----------|------|
| DIM         | MIN      | MAX  |
| A           | 0.80     | 1.00 |
| A1          | 0.00     | 0.05 |
| A3          | 0.20 REF |      |
| b           | 0.25     | 0.35 |
| b1          | 0.20     | 0.30 |
| D           | 3.00 BSC |      |
| D2          | 1.65     | 1.85 |
| E           | 3.00 BSC |      |
| E2          | 1.40     | 1.60 |
| e           | 0.65 BSC |      |
| e1          | 0.65 REF |      |
| L           | 0.30     | 0.50 |
| L1          | 0.00     | 0.15 |

**GENERIC  
MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXXXX = Specific Device Code

A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot

Y = Year

W = Work Week

■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking.

Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present.

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| DESCRIPTION:     | DFN8, 3X3, 0.65P | PAGE 1 OF 1   |

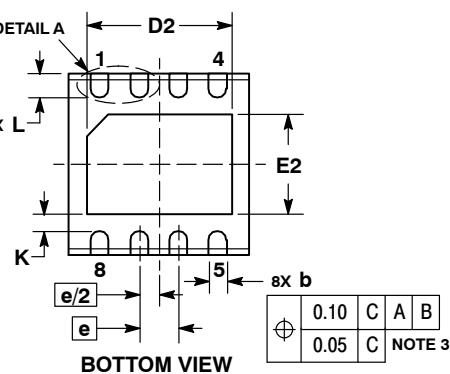
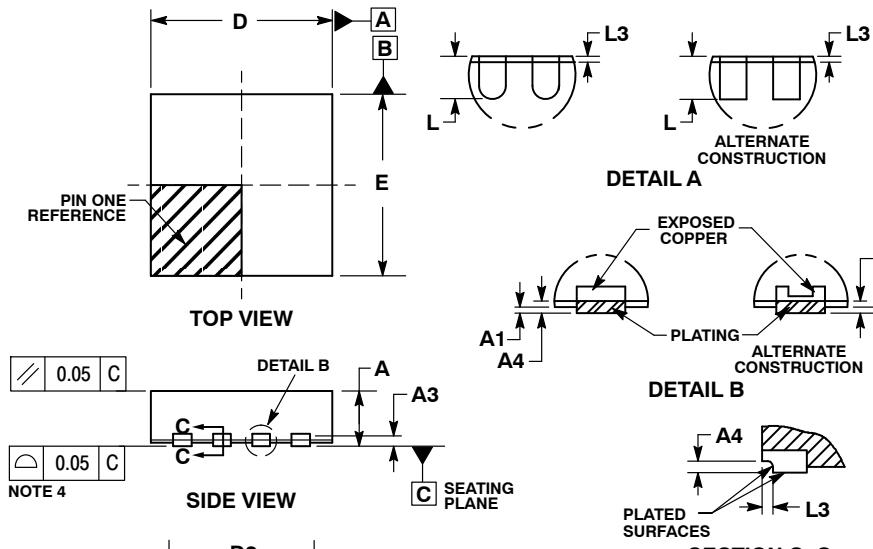
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**MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE**  
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

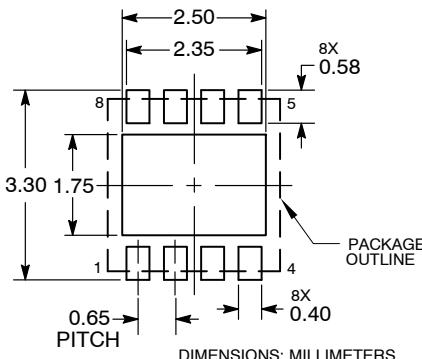
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SCALE 2:1



**RECOMMENDED  
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SODERRM/D.

**DFNW8 3x3, 0.65P**  
CASE 507AD  
ISSUE A

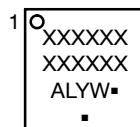
DATE 15 JUN 2018

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30mm FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
5. THIS DEVICE CONTAINS WETTABLE FLANK DESIGN FEATURE TO AID IN FILLET FORMATION ON THE LEADS DURING MOUNTING.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|-----|-------------|------|------|
|     | MIN         | NOM  | MAX  |
| A   | 0.80        | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| A1  | ---         | ---  | 0.05 |
| A3  | 0.20        | REF  |      |
| A4  | 0.10        | ---  | ---  |
| b   | 0.25        | 0.30 | 0.35 |
| D   | 2.90        | 3.00 | 3.10 |
| D2  | 2.30        | 2.40 | 2.50 |
| E   | 2.90        | 3.00 | 3.10 |
| E2  | 1.55        | 1.65 | 1.75 |
| e   | 0.65        | BSC  |      |
| K   | 0.28        | REF  |      |
| L   | 0.30        | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| L3  | 0.05        | REF  |      |

**GENERIC  
MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXXXXX = Specific Device Code

A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot

Y = Year

W = Work Week

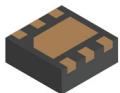
■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

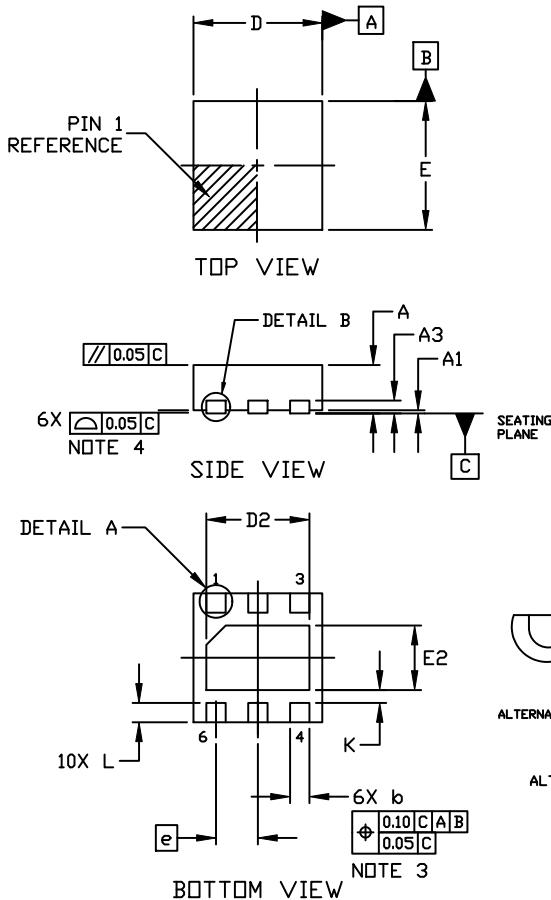
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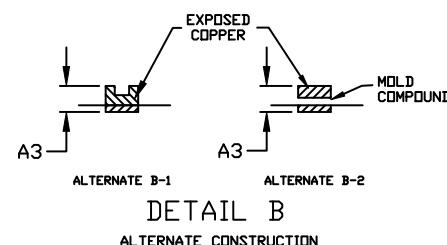
**WDFN6 2x2, 0.65P**  
CASE 511BR  
ISSUE C

DATE 01 DEC 2021

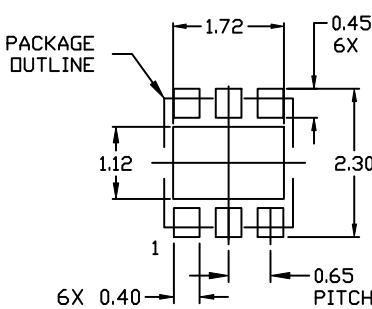
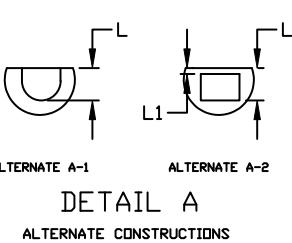


NOTES:

1. DIMENSION AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5, 2009.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. DIMENSION *b* APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.



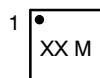
| DIM | MILLIMETERS |      |      |
|-----|-------------|------|------|
|     | MIN.        | NOM. | MAX. |
| A   | 0.70        | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| A1  | 0.00        | ---  | 0.05 |
| A3  | 0.20        | REF  |      |
| b   | 0.25        | 0.30 | 0.35 |
| D   | 1.90        | 2.00 | 2.10 |
| D2  | 1.50        | 1.60 | 1.70 |
| E   | 1.90        | 2.00 | 2.10 |
| E2  | 0.90        | 1.00 | 1.10 |
| e   | 0.65        | BSC  |      |
| K   | 0.20        | REF  |      |
| L   | 0.20        | 0.30 | 0.40 |
| L1  | ---         | ---  | 0.15 |



**RECOMMENDED  
MOUNTING FOOTPRINT**

For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D**.

**GENERIC  
MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XX = Specific Device Code  
M = Date Code

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "■", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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