# **BGA711L7**

Single-Band UMTS LNA (2100, 1900 MHz)

**RF & Protection Devices** 



Edition 2009-05-27

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# **BGA711L7 - Low Power Single-Band UMTS LNA**

	BGA711L7 Revision History: 2009-05-27, V3.2					
Previous Version: 2008-11-05, V3.1						
Page	Subjects (major changes since last revision)					
7	Updated DC Characteristics (added limits)					
9, 10, 11	Updated footnotes					
18	Updated value of C4 at Application Circuit Schematic for band II					

Data Sheet 3 V3.2, 2009-05-27



# **Table of Contents**

	Table of Contents	. 4
1	Description	. 5
2	Electrical Characteristics	. 6
2.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings	. 6
2.2	Thermal Resistance	. 6
2.3	ESD Integrity	. 6
2.4	DC Characteristics	
2.5	Gain Mode Select Truth Table	
2.6	Switching Times	
2.7	Supply current and Power gain characteristics; $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C	
2.8	Logic Signal Characteristics; $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C	
2.9	Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (with reference resistor)	
2.10	Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (without reference resistor)	
2.11	Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Band II (with reference resistor)	
2.12	Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Frequency	
2.13	Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Temperature	
2.14	Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Frequency	
2.15	Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Temperature	16
3	Application Circuit and Block Diagram	17
3.1	UMTS bands I, IV and X Application Circuit Schematic	
3.2	UMTS band II Application Circuit Schematic	17
3.3	Pin Definition	18
3.4	Application Board	19
4	Physical Characteristics	21
4.1	Package Dimensions	



# 1 Description

The BGA711L7 is a low current single-band low noise amplifier MMIC for UMTS bands I, IV and X. The LNA is based upon Infineon's proprietary and cost-effective SiGe:C technology and comes in a low profile TSLP-7-1 leadless green package. Because the matching is off chip, the 2100 MHz path can be easily converted into a 1900 MHz path by optimizing the input and output matching network. This document specifies the electrical parameters, pinout, application circuit and packaging of the chip.

#### **Features**

- Gain: 17 / -8 dB in high / low gain mode
- · Noise figure: 1.1 dB in high gain mode
- Supply current: 3.6 / 0.5 mA in high / low gain mode
- Standby mode (< 2 μA typ.)</li>
- Output internally matched to 50  $\Omega$
- Inputs pre-matched to 50  $\Omega$
- 2 kV HBM ESD protection
- · Low external component count
- Small leadless TSLP-7-1 package (2.0 x 1.3 x 0.39 mm)
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package



TSLP-7-1 package



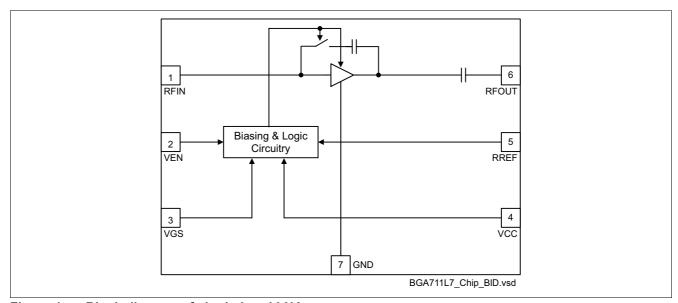


Figure 1 Block diagram of single-band LNA

Type	Package	Marking	Chip
BGA711L7	TSLP-7-1	B1	T1531

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

# **2** Electrical Characteristics

# 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Max.		
Supply voltage	$V_{\sf CC}$	-0.3	3.6	V	
Supply current	$I_{CC}$		10	mA	
Pin voltage	$V_{PIN}$	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V	All pins except RF input pin
Pin voltage RF Input Pin	$V_{RFIN}$	-0.3	0.9	V	
RF input power	$P_{RFIN}$		4	dBm	
Junction temperature	$T_{i}$		150	°C	
Ambient temperature range	$T_{A}$	-30	85	°C	
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-65	150	°C	

#### 2.2 Thermal Resistance

Table 2 Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note / Test Conditions
Thermal resistance junction	$R_{thJS}$	240	K/W	
to soldering point				

# 2.3 ESD Integrity

Table 3 ESD Integrity

Parameter	Symbol	Value (typ.)	Unit	Note / Test Conditions
ESD hardness HBM <sup>1)</sup>	$V_{\rm ESD\text{-}HBM}$	2000	V	All pins

<sup>1)</sup> According to JESD22-A114



**DC Characteristics** 

#### 2.4 DC Characteristics

Table 4 DC Characteristics,  $T_A = 25$  °C

Parameter	Symbol		Value	s	Unit	Note / Test Condition	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Supply voltage	$V_{\sf CC}$	2.6	2.8	3.0	V		
Supply current high gain mode	$I_{CCHG}$		3.6		mA		
Supply current low gain mode	$I_{CCLG}$		500		μА		
Supply current standby mode	$I_{CCOFF}$		0.1	2.0	μА		
Logic level high	$V_{HI}$	1.5	2.8		V	VEN and VGS	
Logic level low	$V_{LO}$	-0.2	0.0	0.5	V		
Logic currents VEN	$I_{ENL}$			0.1	μΑ	VEN	
	$I_{ENH}$		5.0	6.0	μΑ		
Logic currents VGS	$I_{GSL}$			0.1	μΑ	VGS	
	$I_{GSH}$		5.0	6.0	μΑ		

#### 2.5 Gain Mode Select Truth Table

Table 5 Truth Table

Control Voltage		State				
		Bands I, II, IV and X				
VEN	VGS	HG	LG			
Н	L	OFF	ON			
Н	Н	ON	OFF			
L	L	STANDBY <sup>1)</sup>				
L	Н					

<sup>1)</sup> In order to achieve minimum standby current it is encouraged to apply logic low-level at the VGS pin in standby mode although this is not mandatory. Details see section 2.4.

# 2.6 Switching Times

Table 6 Typical switching times;  $T_A = -30 \dots 85 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note / Test Condition	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Settling time gainstep	$t_{\rm GS}$		1		μS	Switching LG ↔ HG

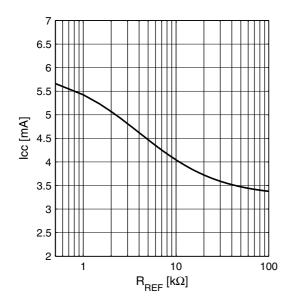


Supply current and Power gain characteristics;  $T_A = 25$  °C

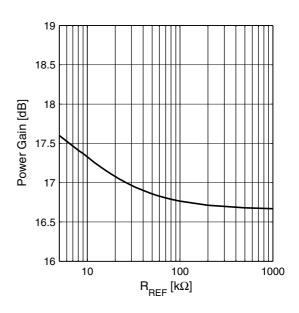
# 2.7 Supply current and Power gain characteristics; $T_A = 25$ °C

Supply current and Power gain high gain mode versus reference resistor  $R_{REF}$  (see Figure 2 on page 17 for reference resistor; low gain mode supply current is independent of reference resistor).

Supply Current 
$$I_{\rm CC}\,$$
 = f ( $R_{\rm REF})$   $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V

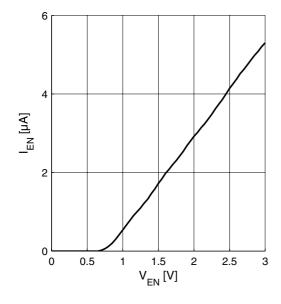


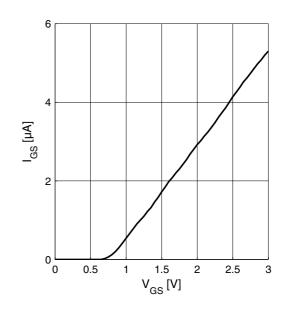
Power Gain 
$$|S_{21}|$$
 = f  $(R_{\rm REF})$   $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V



# 2.8 Logic Signal Characteristics; $T_A = 25$ °C

Current consumption of logic inputs VEN, VGS







Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (with reference resistor)

#### 2.9 Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (with reference resistor)

Table 7 Typical Characteristics 2100 MHz Band  $T_A$  = 25 °C,  $V_{CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $R_{REF}$  = 27 k $\Omega$ 

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Min. Typ.			
Pass band range band I / X		2110		2170	MHz	
Pass band range band IV		2110		2155	MHz	
Current consumption	$I_{CCHG}$		3.6		mA	High gain mode
	$I_{CCLG}$		0.5		mA	Low gain mode
Gain	$S_{ m 21HG}$		17.0		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{ m 21LG}$		-7.6		dB	Low gain mode
Reverse Isolation <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{ ext{12HG}}$		-36		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{ m 12LG}$		-8		dB	Low gain mode
Noise figure	$NF_{HG}$		1.1		dB	High gain mode
	$NF_{LG}$		7.8		dB	Low gain mode
Input return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{11HG}$		-20		dB	50 $\Omega$ , high gain mode
	$S_{11LG}$		-15		dB	50 Ω, low gain mode
Output return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{ m 22HG}$		-19		dB	50 $\Omega$ , high gain mode
	$S_{ m 22LG}$		-17		dB	50 $\Omega$ , low gain mode
Stability factor <sup>2)</sup>	k		>2.3			DC to 10 GHz; all gain modes
Input compression point <sup>1)</sup>	$IP_{1dBHG}$		-8		dBm	High gain mode
	$\mathit{IP}_{1dBLG}$		-2		dBm	Low gain mode
Inband IIP3 <sup>1)</sup>	IIP3 <sub>HG</sub>		-2		dBm	High gain mode
$f_1 - f_2 = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -37 \text{ dBm}$	IIP3 <sub>LG</sub>		7			Low gain mode

<sup>1)</sup> Verification based on AQL; not 100% tested in production

<sup>2)</sup> Guaranteed by device design; not tested in production



Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (without ref. resistor)

# 2.10 Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Bands I / IV / X (without ref. resistor)

Table 8 Typical Characteristics 2100 MHz Band  $T_A$  = 25 °C,  $V_{CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $R_{REF}$  = n/c

Parameter	Symbol		Values	S	Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Pass band range band I / X		2110		2170	MHz	
Pass band range band IV		2110		2155	MHz	
Current consumption	$I_{CCHG}$		3.3		mA	High gain mode
	$I_{\mathtt{CCLG}}$		0.5		mA	Low gain mode
Gain	$S_{ m 21HG}$		16.7		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{21LG}$		-7.7		dB	Low gain mode
Reverse Isolation <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{12\rm HG}$		-36		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{12LG}$		-8		dB	Low gain mode
Noise figure	$NF_{HG}$		1.1		dB	High gain mode
	$NF_{LG}$		8.1		dB	Low gain mode
Input return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{11HG}$		-21		dB	50 $\Omega$ , high gain mode
	$S_{11LG}$		-14		dB	50 $\Omega$ , low gain mode
Output return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{ m 22HG}$		-19		dB	50 $\Omega$ , high gain mode
	$S_{ m 22LG}$		-18		dB	50 $\Omega$ , low gain mode
Stability factor <sup>2)</sup>	k		>2.3			DC to 10 GHz; all gain modes
Input compression point <sup>1)</sup>	$IP_{1dBHG}$		-8		dBm	High gain mode
	$IP_{1dBLG}$		-2		dBm	Low gain mode
Inband IIP3 <sup>1)</sup>	IIP3 <sub>HG</sub>		-2		dBm	High gain mode
$f_1 - f_2 = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -37 \text{ dBm}$	IIP3 <sub>LG</sub>		7			Low gain mode

<sup>1)</sup> Verification based on AQL; not 100% tested in production

<sup>2)</sup> Guaranteed by device design; not tested in production



Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Band II (with reference resistor)

# 2.11 Measured RF Characteristics UMTS Band II (with reference resistor)

Table 9 Typical Characteristics 1900 MHz Band  $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $R_{\rm REF}$  = 27 k $\Omega$ 

Parameter	Symbol		Values	Values		Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Pass band range band II		1930		1990	MHz	
Current consumption	$I_{CCHG}$		3.6		mA	High gain mode
	$I_{CCLG}$		0.5		mA	Low gain mode
Gain	$S_{ m 21HG}$		17.2		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{ m 21LG}$		-9.2		dB	Low gain mode
Reverse Isolation <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{ ext{12HG}}$		-38.6		dB	High gain mode
	$S_{ m 12LG}$		-9.2		dB	Low gain mode
Noise figure	$NF_{HG}$		1.1		dB	High gain mode
	$NF_{LG}$		9.4		dB	Low gain mode
Input return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{11HG}$		-14		dB	50 Ω, high gain mode
	$S_{\sf 11LG}$		-15		dB	50 Ω, low gain mode
Output return loss <sup>1)</sup>	$S_{ m 22HG}$		-15		dB	50 Ω, high gain mode
	$S_{ m 22LG}$		-18		dB	50 Ω, low gain mode
Stability factor <sup>2)</sup>	k		>2.2			DC to 10 GHz; all gain modes
Input compression point <sup>1)</sup>	$IP_{1dBHG}$		-7		dBm	High gain mode
	$IP_{1dBLG}$		-3		dBm	Low gain mode
Inband IIP31)	IIP3 <sub>HG</sub>		-3		dBm	High gain mode
$f_1 - f_2 = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -37 \text{ dBm}$	IIP3 <sub>LG</sub>		2			Low gain mode

<sup>1)</sup> Verification based on AQL; not 100% tested in production

<sup>2)</sup> Guaranteed by device design; not tested in production

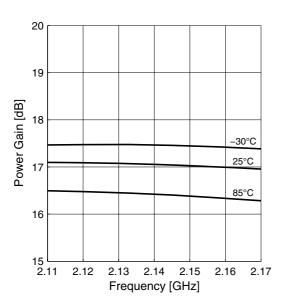


Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Frequency

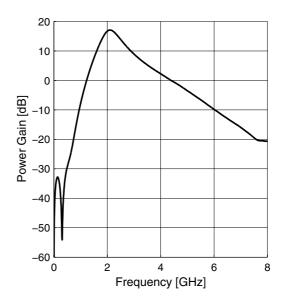
# 2.12 Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Frequency

 $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $V_{\rm GS}$  = 2.8 V,  $V_{\rm EN}$  = 2.8 V,  $R_{\rm REF}$  = 27 k $\Omega$ 

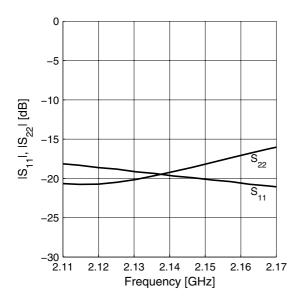
Power Gain  $|S_{21}| = f(f)$ 



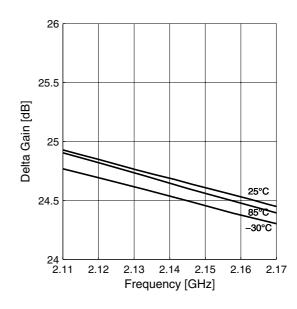
# Power Gain wideband $|S_{21}| = f(f)$



**Matching**  $|S_{11}| = f(f), |S_{22}| = f(f)$ 



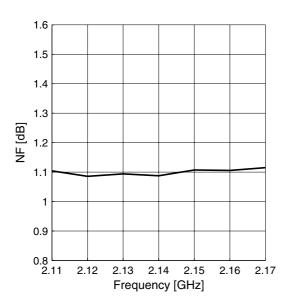
#### **Gainstep** HG-LG $|\Delta S_{21}|$ = f (f)



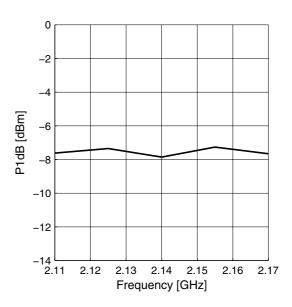


#### Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Temperature

Noise Figure NF = f(f)

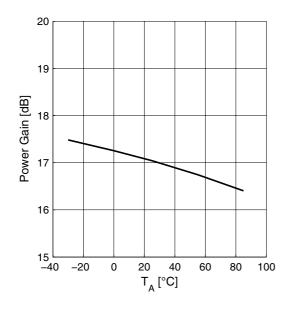


Input Compression P1dB = f(f)

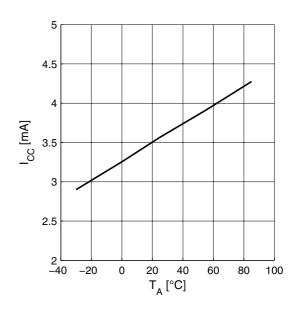


# 2.13 Measured Performance High Band (Band I) High Gain Mode vs. Temperature $V_{\rm CC}$ = 2.8 V, $V_{\rm GS}$ = 2.8 V, $V_{\rm EN}$ = 2.8 V, f = 2140 MHz, $R_{\rm REF}$ = 27 k $\Omega$

Power Gain  $|S_{21}| = f(T_A)$ 



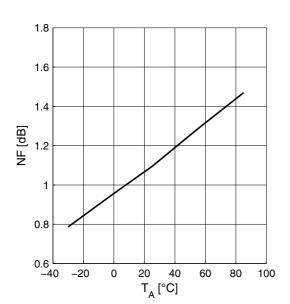
Supply Current  $I_{CC}$  = f  $(T_A)$ 



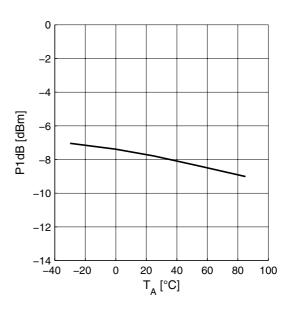


#### Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Frequency

Noise Figure  $NF = f(T_A)$ 



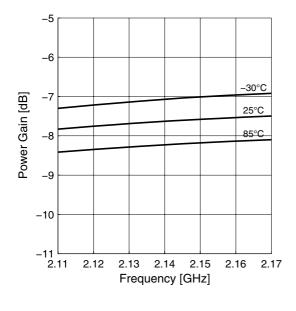
Input Compression  $P1dB = f(T_A)$ 



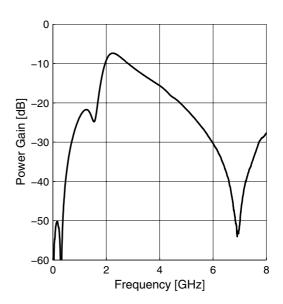
# 2.14 Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Frequency

 $T_{\rm A}$  = 25 °C,  $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $V_{\rm GS}$  = 0 V,  $V_{\rm EN}$  = 2.8 V,  $R_{\rm REF}$  = 27 k $\Omega$ 

Power Gain  $|S_{21}| = f(f)$ 



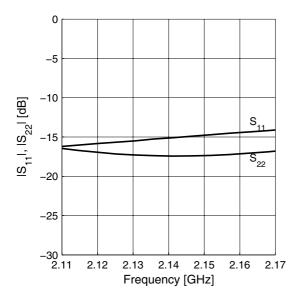
Power Gain wideband  $|S_{21}| = f(f)$ 





Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Frequency

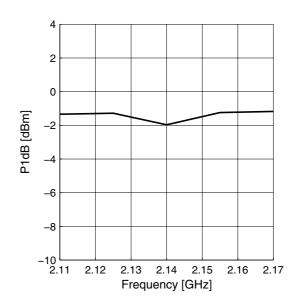
#### **Matching** $|S_{11}| = f(f), |S_{22}| = f(f)$



#### Noise Figure NF = f(f)

# 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 2.11 2.12 2.13 2.14 2.15 2.16 2.17 Frequency [GHz]

#### Input Compression PIdB = f(f)



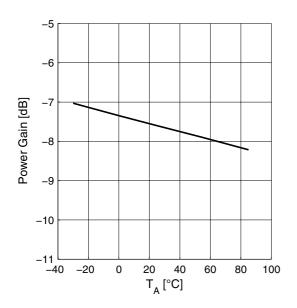


Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Temperature

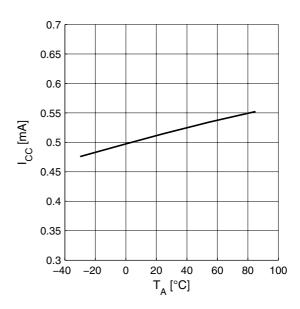
# 2.15 Measured Performance High Band (Band I) Low Gain Mode vs. Temperature

 $V_{\rm CC}$  = 2.8 V,  $V_{\rm GS}$  = 0 V,  $V_{\rm EN}$  = 2.8 V, f = 2140 MHz,  $R_{\rm REF}$  = 27 k $\Omega$ 

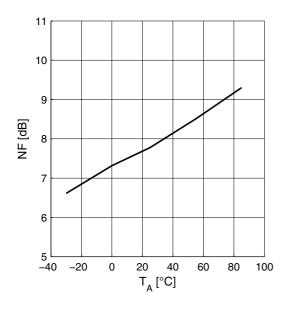
Power Gain  $|S_{21}| = f(T_A)$ 



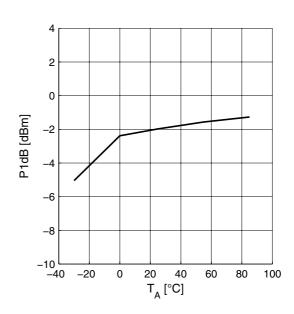
Supply Current  $I_{\rm CC}$  = f  $(T_{\rm A})$ 



Noise Figure  $NF = f(T_A)$ 



Input Compression  $P1dB = f(T_A)$ 





UMTS bands I, IV and X Application Circuit Schematic

# 3 Application Circuit and Block Diagram

#### 3.1 UMTS bands I, IV and X Application Circuit Schematic

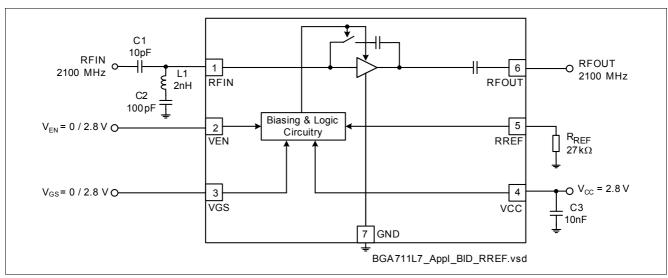


Figure 2 Application circuit with chip outline (top view)

Note: Package paddle (Pin 0) has to be RF grounded.

Table 10 Parts List

Part Number	Part Type	Manufacturer	Size	Comment
L1	Chip inductor	Various	0402	Wirewound, Q ≈ 50
C1 C3	Chip capacitor	Various	0402	
$R_{REF}$	Chip resistor	Various	0402	



**UMTS band II Application Circuit Schematic** 

## 3.2 UMTS band II Application Circuit Schematic

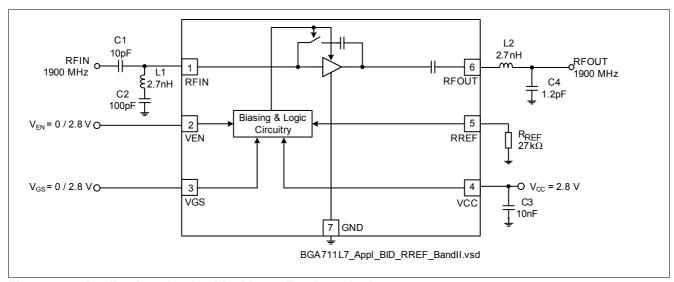


Figure 3 Application circuit with chip outline (top view)

Note: Package paddle (Pin 0) has to be RF grounded.

Table 11 Parts List

Part Number	Part Type	Manufacturer	Size	Comment
L1, L2	Chip inductor	Various	0402	Wirewound, Q ≈ 50
C1 C4	Chip capacitor	Various	0402	
$R_{REF}$	Chip resistor	Various	0402	

#### 3.3 Pin Definition

Table 12 Pin Definition and Function

Pin Number	Symbol	Function	
1	RFIN	LNA input (2100/1900 MHz)	
2	VEN	Band select control	
3	VGS	Gain step control	
4	VCC	Supply voltage	
5	RREF	Bias current reference resistor (high gain mode)	
6	RFOUT	LNA output (2100/1900 MHz)	
7	GND	Package paddle; ground connection for LNA and control circuitry	



**Application Board** 

# 3.4 Application Board

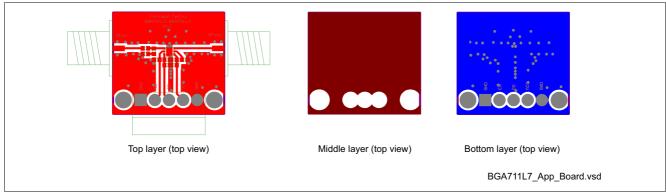


Figure 4 Application board layout on 3-layer FR4. Top layer thickness: 0.2 mm, bottom layer thickness: 0.8 mm, 17  $\mu$ m Cu metallization, gold plated. Board size: 21 x 19 mm

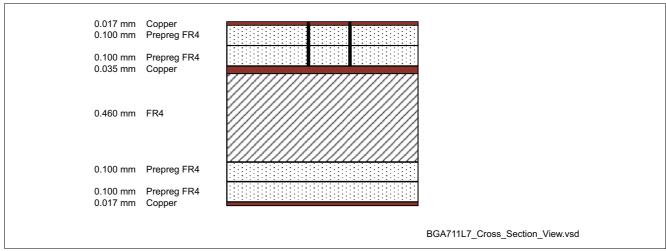


Figure 5 Cross-section view of application board



**Application Board** 

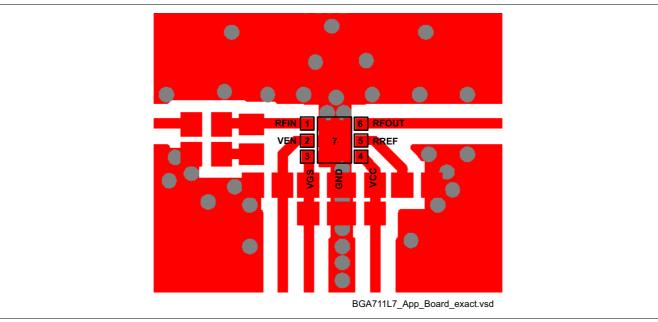


Figure 6 Detail of application board layout

Note: In order to achieve the same performance as given in this datasheet please follow the suggested PCB-layout as closely as possible. The position of the GND vias is critical for RF performance.



**Package Dimensions** 

# 4 Physical Characteristics

#### 4.1 Package Dimensions

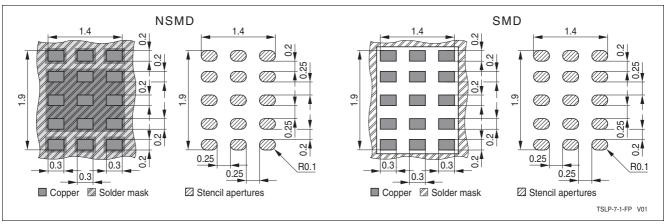


Figure 7 Recommended footprint and stencil layout for the TSLP-7-1 package

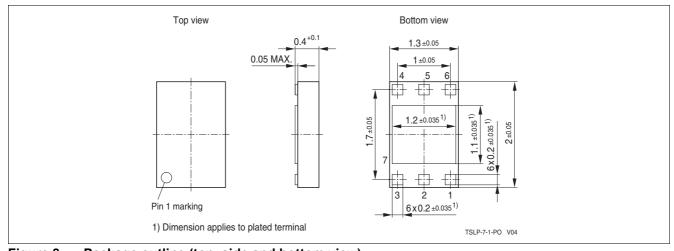


Figure 8 Package outline (top, side and bottom view)

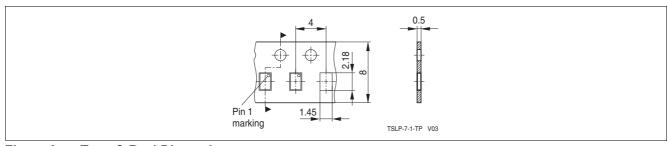


Figure 9 Tape & Reel Dimensions



**Physical Characteristics** 

#### **Package Dimensions**

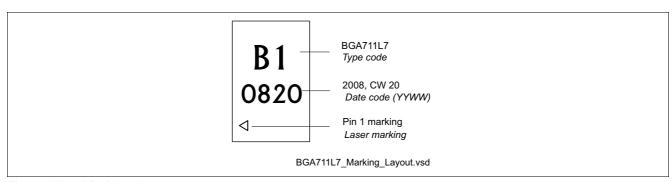


Figure 10 Marking Layout

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