







TMAG5231 SLYS042D - AUGUST 2021 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2022

TMAG5231 Low-Power, Hall Effect Switch

1 Features

- Low power consumption:
 - 10-Hz versions: 1.3 µA at 3 V
 - 20-Hz versions: 2 μA at 3 V
 - 216-Hz versions: 16 μA at 3 V
- 1.65-V to 5.5-V operating V_{CC} range
- Magnetic threshold option (typical B_{OP}):
 - 1.8 mT with 0.6-mT hysteresis
 - 2.85 mT with 1.35-mT hysteresis
 - 3 mT with 0.8-mT hysteresis
 - 40 mT with 6.5-mT hysteresis
- Omnipolar response
- Push-pull output
- Industry-standard package and pinout
 - SOT-23 package
 - X2SON package
- Operating temperature range: -40°C to +125°C

2 Applications

- Cell phones, laptops, or tablet case sensing
- Electricity meter tamper detection
- E-locks
- Smoke detectors
- Home appliance open/close detection
- Medical devices
- IoT systems
- Valve and solenoid position detection
- Contactless diagnostics or activation

3 Description

The TMAG5231 is a 2nd-generation, low-power Halleffect switch sensor, specifically designed to optimize the total system cost for compact, battery-operated consumer and industrial applications.

When the applied magnetic flux density exceeds the operating point (BOP) threshold, the device outputs a low voltage. The output stays low until the flux density decreases to less than the release point (B_{RP}), and then the device outputs a high voltage. Omnipolar magnetic response allows the output to be sensitive to both north and south magnetic fields.

The TMAG5231 is able to operate at very low current consumption. To achieve 2 µA of current consumption the device is internally power cycled at a 20-Hz rate.

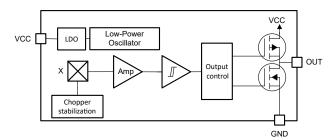
The TMAG5231 is available in the industry-standard package and pinout SOT-23 as well as X2SON.

The device operates at a V_{CC} range of 1.65 V to 5.5 V as well as an extended temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.

Package Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TMAG5231	SOT-23 (3)	2.92 mm × 1.30 mm
TWAG3231	X2SON (4)	1.10 mm × 1.40 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Block Diagram



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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision C (June 2022) to Revision D (September 2022)	Page
Changed Device Information table to Package Information	1
Changed the package information in <i>Device Comparison</i> table	
 Moved the Power Supply Recommendations and Layout sections to the Application 	on and Implementation
section	19
Changes from Revision B (March 2022) to Revision C (June 2022)	Page
Changes from Revision B (March 2022) to Revision C (June 2022) Changed data sheet status from Production Mixed to Production Data	Page
Changed data sheet status from Production Mixed to Production Data	1
 Changed data sheet status from Production Mixed to Production Data Added Additional Magnetic Threshold option to Features section 	1
Changed data sheet status from Production Mixed to Production Data	1 3000 table

С	hanges from Revision A (November 2021) to Revision B (March 2022)	Page
•	Changed data sheet status from Production Data to Production Mixed	
	Added Advanced Information DMR (X2SON) package to the data sheet	
•	Changed the Device Comparison table	

С	hanges from Revision * (August 2021) to Revision A (November 2021)	Pag
•	Changed data sheet status from Advanced Information to Production Data	
•	Added the FA and FD device versions	

Product Folder Links: TMAG5231

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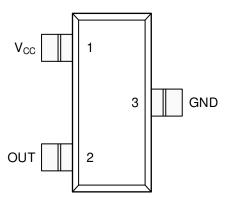


5 Device Comparison

Table 5-1. Device Comparison

VERSION	TYPICAL THRESHOLD	TYPICAL HYSTERESIS	MAGNETIC RESPONSE	OUTPUT TYPE	SENSOR ORIENTATION	SAMPLING RATE	PACKAGES AVAILABLE
TMAG5231A1C	1.8 mT	0.6 mT	Omnipolar active Low	Push-pull	Z	10 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON
TMAG5231A2D	1.8 mT	0.6 mT	Omnipolar active High	Push-pull	Z	20 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON
TMAG5231B1D	2.85 mT	1.35 mT	Omnipolar active Low	Push-pull	Z	20 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON
TMAG5231C1D	3 mT	0.8 mT	Omnipolar active Low	Push-pull	Z	20 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON
TMAG5231C1G	3 mT	0.8 mT	Omnipolar active Low	Push-pull	Z	216 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON
TMAG5231H1D	40 mT	6.5 mT	Omnipolar active Low	Push-pull	Z	20 Hz	SOT-23 X2SON

6 Pin Configuration and Functions



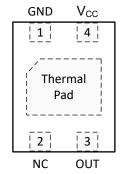


Figure 6-2. DMR Package 4-Pin X2SON Top View

Figure 6-1. DBZ Package 3-Pin SOT-23 Top View

Table 6-1. Pin Functions

PIN		- I/O	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	SOT-23 (3)	X2SON (4)	1/0	DESCRIPTION
GND	3	1	_	Ground reference
ОИТ	2	3	0	Omnipolar output that responds to north and south magnetic poles
V _{CC}	1	4	_	1.65-V to 5.5-V power supply. TI recommends connecting this pin to a ceramic capacitor to ground with a value of at least 0.1 µF.
NC	_	2	_	No connect. This pin is not connected to the silicon. It should be left floating or tied to ground. It should be soldered to the board for mechanical support.
Thermal Pad	_	PAD	_	No connect. This pin should be left floating or tied to ground. It should be soldered to the board for mechanical support.

Product Folder Links: TMAG5231



7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	5.5	V
Output Pin Voltage	OUT	GND – 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Output Pin current	OUT	-5	5	mA
Magnetic Flux Density, BMAX		Unlimited		Т
Junction temperature, T _J	Junction temperature, T _J		150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-65	150	°C

(1) Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatio discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±5500	\/
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-002, all pins ⁽²⁾	± 500	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Power supply voltage	1.65	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage	0	5.5	V
lo	Output current	-5	5	mA
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

7.4 Thermal Information

		TMAG5231	TMAG5231	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	SOT-23 (DBZ)	X2SON (DMR)	UNIT
		3 PINS	4 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	227.4	218.4	
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	122.7	174.1	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	61.2	172.4	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	21.3	11.9	- C/VV
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	60.8	167.2	
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	144.9	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

for VCC = 1.65 V to 5.5 V, over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
PUSH-P	ULL OUTPUT DRIVER	,	-			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _{OUT} = -0.5 mA	Vcc-0.35	Vcc-0.1		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _{OUT} = 0.5 mA		0.1	0.3	V
TMAG52	31xxG					
fs	Frequency of magnetic sampling		136	216	374	Hz
ts	Period of magnetic sampling		2.67	4.63	7.35	ms
I _{CC(AVG)}	Average current consumption	Vcc = 3 V over temperature		16		μA
TMAG52	31xxD					
fs	Frequency of magnetic sampling		13	20	29	Hz
ts	Period of magnetic sampling			50		ms
I _{CC(AVG)}	Average current consumption	Vcc = 3 V over temperature		2	3	μA
TMAG52	31xxC					
fs	Frequency of magnetic sampling		7	10	14.5	Hz
ts	Period of magnetic sampling		77	100	143	ms
I _{CC(AVG)}	Average current consumption	Vcc = 3 V over temperature		1.3		μA
ALL VEF	RSIONS					
I _{CC(PK)}	Peak current consumption		0.8	1.25	2	mA
I _{CC(SLP)}	Sleep current consumption			0.8	1.4	μA
t _{ON}	Power-on time		65	140	425	
t _{ACTIVE}	Active time period		45	60	75	μs

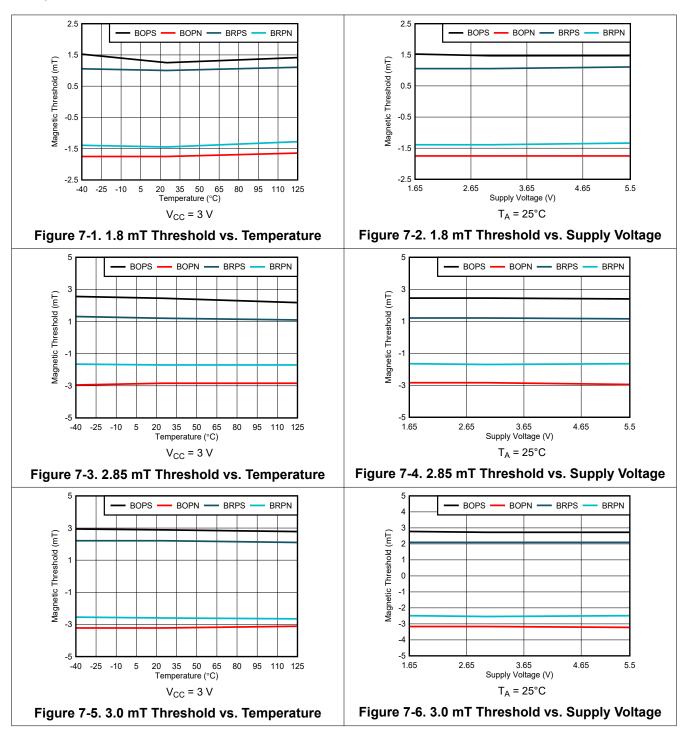
7.6 Magnetic Characteristics

for VCC = 1.65 V to 5.5 V

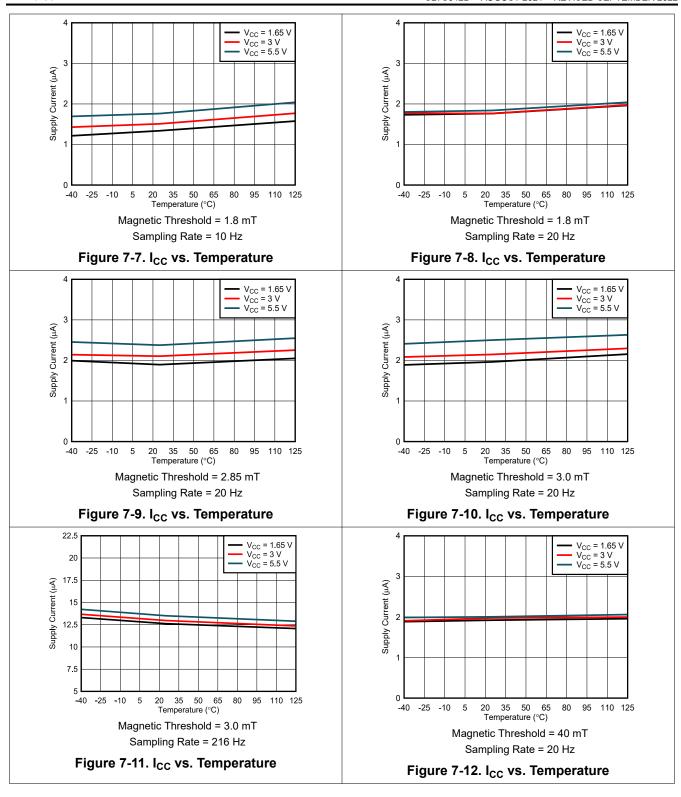
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
TMAG	5231Axx		'		<u> </u>	
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold operate point		±0.9	±1.8	±2.7	mT
B _{RP}	Magnetic release operate point	Temperature = 25 °C	±0.3	±1.2	±2.2	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis		±0.1	±0.6	±1.4	mT
TMAG	5231B1D				'	
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold operate point		±1.9	±2.85	±3.8	
B _{RP}	Magnetic release operate point	Temperature = 25 °C	±0.5	±1.5	±2.5	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis		±0.5	±1.35	±2.2	
TMAG	5231Cxx				'	
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold operate point		±2	±3	±4	
B _{RP}	Magnetic release operate point	Temperature = 25 °C	±1.2	±2.2	±3.2	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis		±0.3	±0.8	±1.5	
TMAG	5231H1D		'			
B _{OP}	Magnetic threshold operate point		±30	±40	±50	
B _{RP}	Magnetic release operate point	Temperature = 25 °C	±23.5	±33.5	±43.5	mT
B _{HYS}	Magnetic hysteresis		±4.5	±6.5	±8.5	



7.7 Typical Characteristics



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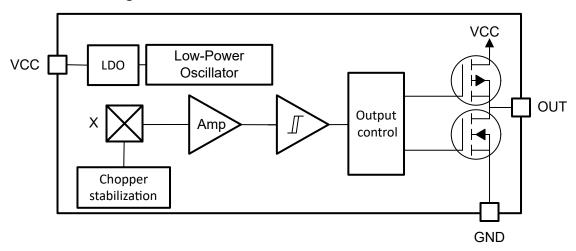


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TMAG5231 device is a magnetic sensor with a digital output that indicates when the magnetic flux density threshold has been crossed. The output consists of a push-pull turning low when a field is present or turning high when no field is present. As an omnipolar switch the output is sensitive to both the South and the North Pole. The device integrates a Hall Effect element, analog signal conditioning, and a low-frequency oscillator that enables ultra-low average power consumption. To achieve low-power consumption the device periodically measures magnetic flux density, updates the output, and enters into a low-power sleep state. With a supply range of 1.65 V to 5.5 V, this device is designed for battery-operated applications.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Magnetic Flux Direction

Figure 8-1 shows that the TMAG5231 device is sensitive to the magnetic field component that is perpendicular to the top of the package.

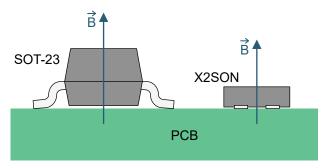


Figure 8-1. Direction of Sensitivity

Magnetic flux that travels from the bottom to the top of the package is considered positive in this data sheet. This condition exists when a south magnetic pole is near the top of the package. Magnetic flux that travels from the top to the bottom of the package results in negative millitesla values.

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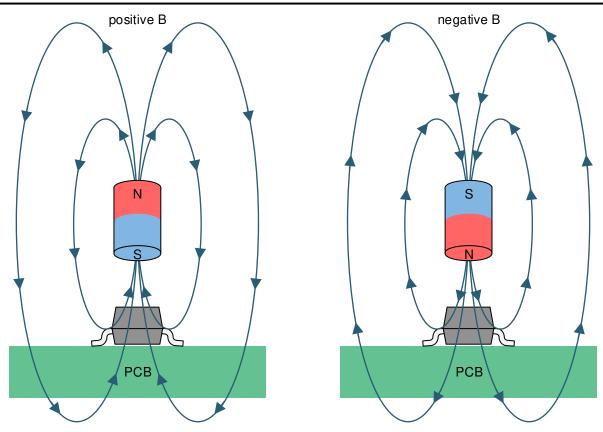


Figure 8-2. Flux Direction Polarity

8.3.2 Magnetic Response

The TMAG5231 is an omnipolar switch. Figure 8-3 shows the output responds to both north and south poles.

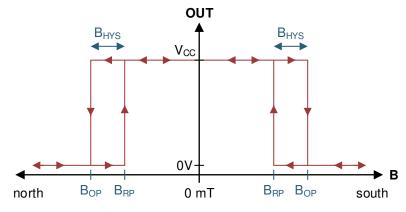


Figure 8-3. Omnipolar Functionality



8.3.3 Output Type

The TMAG5231 has a push-pull CMOS output that can drive the output voltage near V_{CC} or ground level.

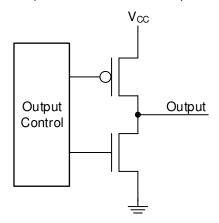


Figure 8-4. Push-Pull Output (Simplified)

8.3.4 Sampling Rate

When the TMAG5231 powers up, the device measures the first magnetic sample and sets the output within the t_{ON} time. The output is latched, and the device enters an ultra low power sleep state. After each t_{S} time has passed, the device measures a new sample and updates the output if necessary. If the magnetic field does not change between periods, the output also does not change.

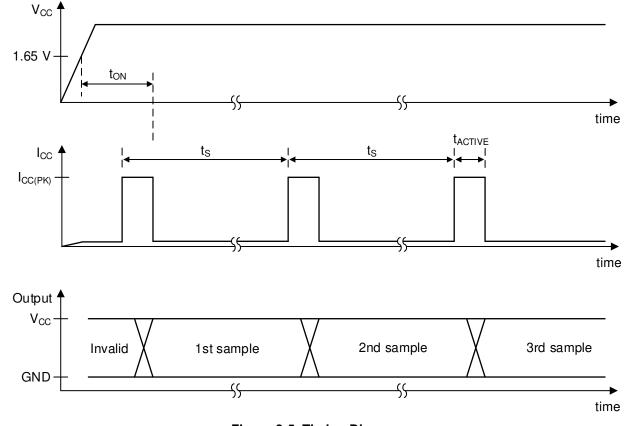


Figure 8-5. Timing Diagram

8.3.5 Hall Element Location

The sensing element inside the device is in the center of both packages when viewed from the top. Figure 8-6 shows the tolerances and side-view dimensions.

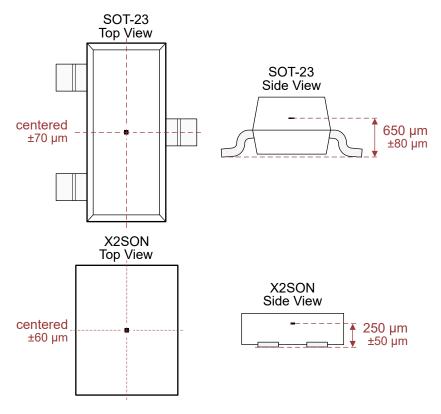


Figure 8-6. Hall Element Location

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TMAG5231 device has one mode of operation that applies when the *Recommended Operating Conditions* are met.



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TMAG5231 device is typically used to detect the proximity of a magnet. The magnet is often attached to a movable component in the system.

9.1.1 Defining the Design Implementation

The first step of design is identifying your general design implementation, which means you will define whether you are detecting a magnet sliding past the sensor, moving head-on toward the sensor, or swinging toward the sensor on a hinge. Figure 9-1 shows examples for each of the aforementioned design implementations.

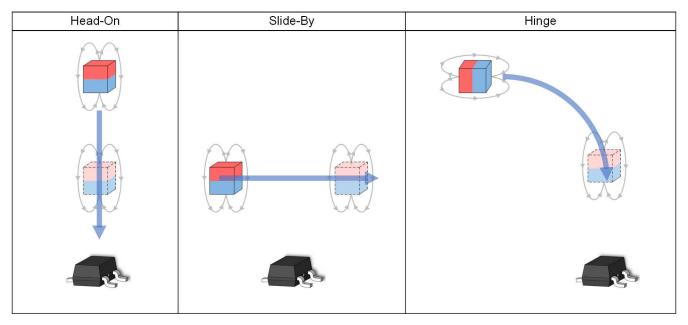


Figure 9-1. Design Implementations

With each implementation, the objective is to design the system such that the spatial coordinates of the transition region fall within the spatial coordinates associated with the B_{OP} maximum and B_{RP} minimum specifications. Figure 9-2 shows a head-on example that shows how the location corresponding to the device B_{OPMAX} and B_{RPMIN} fall within the desired transition region. To facilitate rapid design iteration, TI's Magnetic Sensing Proximity Tool is leveraged in the following design examples.

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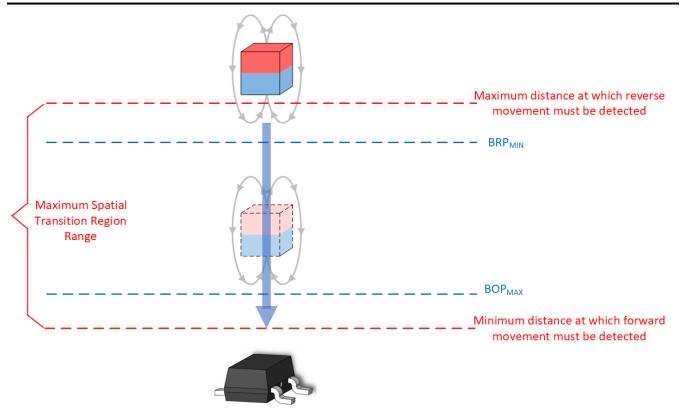


Figure 9-2. Head-On Example

Product Folder Links: TMAG5231



9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Hinge

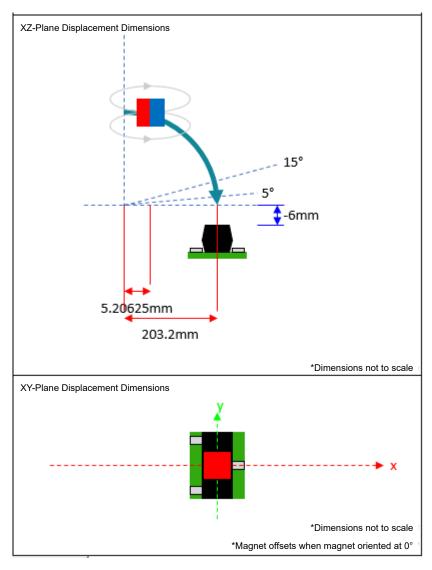


Figure 9-3. Typical Application Diagram

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

Table 9-1 lists the design parameters for this example.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE				
V _{CC}	3.3 V				
Switch Region	5° to 15°				
Max Magnet	1/4" (6.35 mm)				
Max Magnet Width or Length	1" (25.4 mm)				
Fixture Width	12" (304.8 mm)				
Fixture Length	9" (228.6 mm)				
Sensor Distance From Hing Origin	0.23622" (6 mm)				
Center Of Magnet Offset From Hinge Origin	≥(6 mm – Magnet Height/2)				

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9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Due to the complex non-linear behavior magnets and the number of variables that can influence it, some experimentation is required to solve for a design that will work. This application uses a simple axial, dipole, block magnet. Other shapes might be considered for different field strengths or prices. A neodymium type of magnet (N52) is used. At the time of this writing, N52 can be commonly found with heights of 1/16", 1/8", 3/16", and 1/4". As price often increases with size, the first design attempt will be with a 1/16" thick magnet, which has a width and length equal to 0.25". Based on the sensor distance from hinge origin and fixture dimension constraints, there is a lot of flexibility on where the sensor can be placed. Due to other hardware within the fixture, the TMAG5231B1DQDBZ sensor is placed 8" (203.2 mm) from the origin. From there, the user can assess a design with the following displacement dimensions.

Figure 9-4 shows that the b-field magnitude for the TMAG5231B1DQDBZ is not adequate for the spatial constraints of 5° and 15° , as the B_{Z} magnitude only surpasses the B_{RP} minimum. There are a few options on how to proceed. As the $B_{OP(Max)}$ does not fall within our range, the user must increase field strength. This can be accomplished with a thicker magnet or by adjusting sensor and magnet z-offsets. The magnet cannot get any closer due to enclosure constraints, therefore the only option allowed is to increase the magnet thickness. After a few more iterations with the tool, a $0.25'' \times 0.25''' \times 0.25'''$ magnet can work (see Figure 9-5 and Figure 9-6).

9.2.1.3 Application Curves

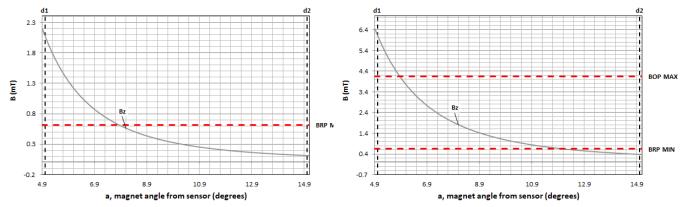


Figure 9-4. B-Field Hypothesis One

Figure 9-5. B-Field Hypothesis Two

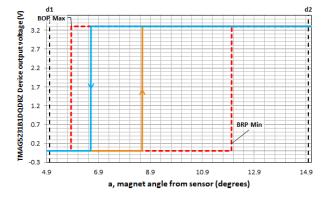


Figure 9-6. Thresholds



9.2.2 Head-On

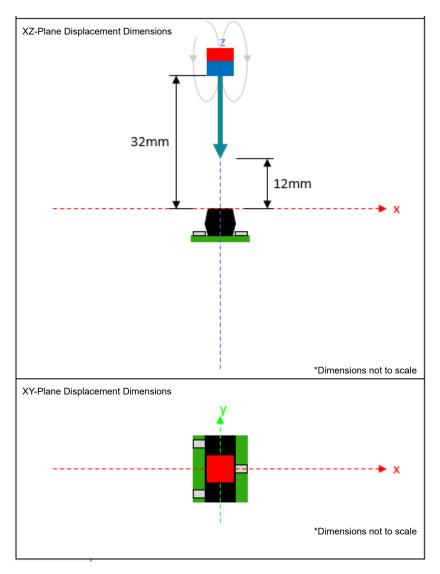


Figure 9-7. Typical Application Diagram

9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 9-1 lists the design parameters for this example.

Table 9-2. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE			
V _{CC}	3.3 V			
Switch Region	Between 10 mm and 30 mm from sensor fixture Surface			
Sensor Distance From Equipment Outer Surface	0.0787" (2 mm)			
Magnet Length	<1" (25.4 mm)			
Magnet Width	<1" (25.4 mm)			
Magnet Height	<1/4" (6.35 mm)			
Magnet Type	N42			

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9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

In this particular case, there are several N42 magnets available from other prior projects. As the desired transition region is where the magnet surface is at least 12 mm (10 mm + 2 mm) away from the sensor, we try an initial design with one of our larger magnets ($3/8" \times 3/16" \times 3/16"$). Figure 9-8 shows the respective curve for this magnet along the movement along with the magnetic thresholds of the TMAG5231B1DQDBZ.

While the B_z magnitude adequately exceeds the B_{OPMAX} , it does not quite reach the B_{RPMIN} . Therefore, the user must make some adjustments so that B_z falls below B_{RPMIN} within the desired operating range. To reduce B_z , there are a few options. The user can offset the magnet or choose a smaller magnet. After iterating through increasing x-offsets and y-offsets as well as decreasing magnet thicknesses, the user can eventually find a solution that works. In this case, a $3/8" \times 3/16" \times 1/16"$ N42 magnet with no x or y offset from the sensor center is used. Figure 9-9 and Figure 9-10 shows the curves corresponding to the final magnet parameters.

9.2.2.3 Application Curve

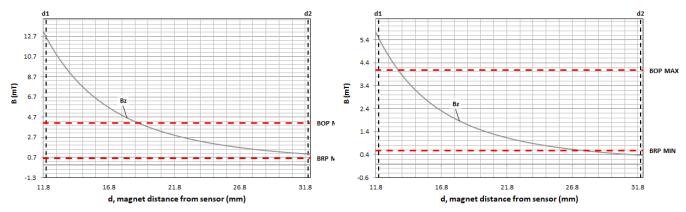


Figure 9-8. B-Field Hypothesis One

Figure 9-9. B-Field Hypothesis Two

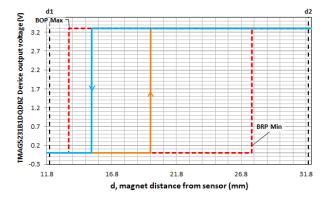


Figure 9-10. Thresholds



9.2.3 Slide-By

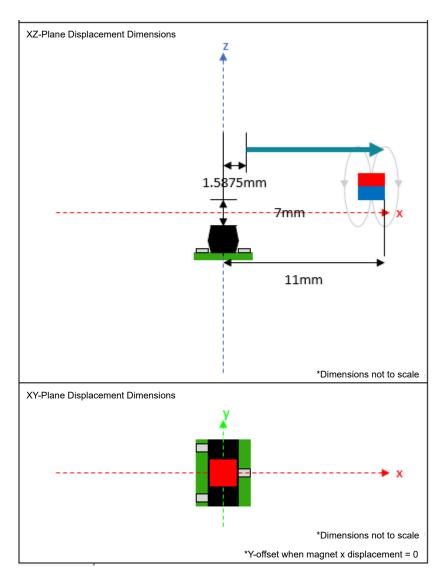


Figure 9-11. Typical Application Diagram

9.2.3.1 Design Requirements

Table 9-1 lists the design parameters for this example.

Table 9-3. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE			
Vcc	3.3 V			
Magnet Range Of Motion	<0.433" (11 mm)			
Sensor Distance From Equipment Outer Surface	>0.236" (6 mm)			
Magnet Length	<1/2" (12.7 mm)			
Magnet Width	<1/2" (12.7 mm)			
Magnet Height	<1/8" (3.175 mm)			
Magnet Type	N42			

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9.2.3.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For this particular case involving the TMAG5231B1DQDBZ, the user can arbitrarily start with a $1/8" \times 1/8" \times 1/16"$ magnet, a z-offset of 7 mm (>6 mm), and an initial displacement of one half of the magnet length (1/8"/2 = 1/16") and serendipitously get something that works (see Figure 9-12 and Figure 9-13). Had the B-field not exceeded B_{OPMAX}, the user could try moving the magnet closer on the z-axis, made the magnet larger, or changed the magnet to one with higher permeability. Alternatively, if the b-field was too large, the magnet can be moved further away in each axis or a smaller magnet can be used.

9.2.3.3 Application Curve

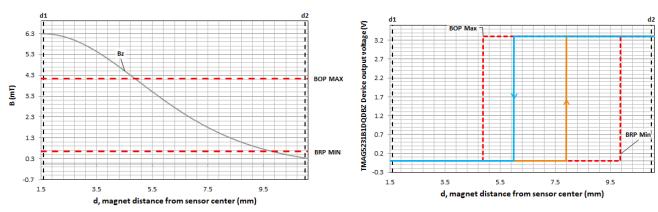


Figure 9-12. B-Field Hypothesis

Figure 9-13. Thresholds

9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TMAG5231 device is powered from 1.65-V to 5.5-V DC power supplies. A decoupling capacitor close to the device must be used to provide local energy with minimal inductance. TI recommends using a ceramic capacitor with a value of at least $0.1 \, \mu F$.

9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Magnetic fields pass through most non-ferromagnetic materials with no significant disturbance. Embedding Hall effect sensors within plastic or aluminum enclosures and sensing magnets on the outside is common practice. Magnetic fields also easily pass through most printed circuit boards (PCBs), which makes the placement of the magnet on the opposite side possible.

Product Folder Links: TMAG5231



9.4.2 Layout Examples

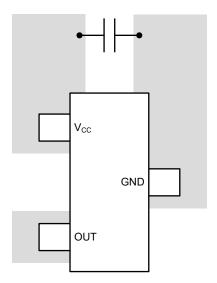


Figure 9-14. SOT-23 Layout Example

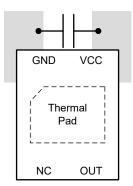


Figure 9-15. X2SON Layout Example

10 Device and Documentation Support

10.1 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

10.2 Trademarks

TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

10.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.4 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical and Packaging Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TMAG5231A1CQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1A1C	Samples
TMAG5231A1CQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	A1C	Samples
TMAG5231A2DQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1A2D	Samples
TMAG5231A2DQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	A2D	Samples
TMAG5231B1DQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1B1D	Samples
TMAG5231B1DQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	B1D	Samples
TMAG5231C1DQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1C1D	Samples
TMAG5231C1DQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C1D	Samples
TMAG5231C1GQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1C1G	Samples
TMAG5231C1GQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	C1G	Samples
TMAG5231H1DQDBZR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1H1D	Samples
TMAG5231H1DQDMRR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	H1D	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TMAG5231A1CQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231A1CQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1
TMAG5231A2DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231A2DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1
TMAG5231B1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	2.85	1.3	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231B1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1
TMAG5231C1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231C1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1
TMAG5231C1GQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231C1GQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1
TMAG5231H1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	178.0	9.0	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
TMAG5231H1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	179.0	8.4	1.27	1.57	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q1



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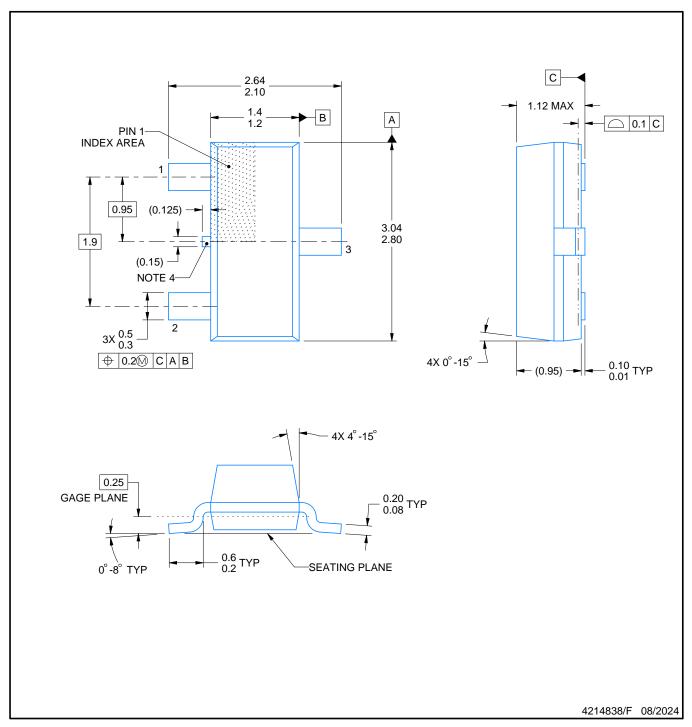


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TMAG5231A1CQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TMAG5231A1CQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TMAG5231A2DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TMAG5231A2DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TMAG5231B1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TMAG5231B1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TMAG5231C1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TMAG5231C1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TMAG5231C1GQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TMAG5231C1GQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0
TMAG5231H1DQDBZR	SOT-23	DBZ	3	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TMAG5231H1DQDMRR	X2SON	DMR	4	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



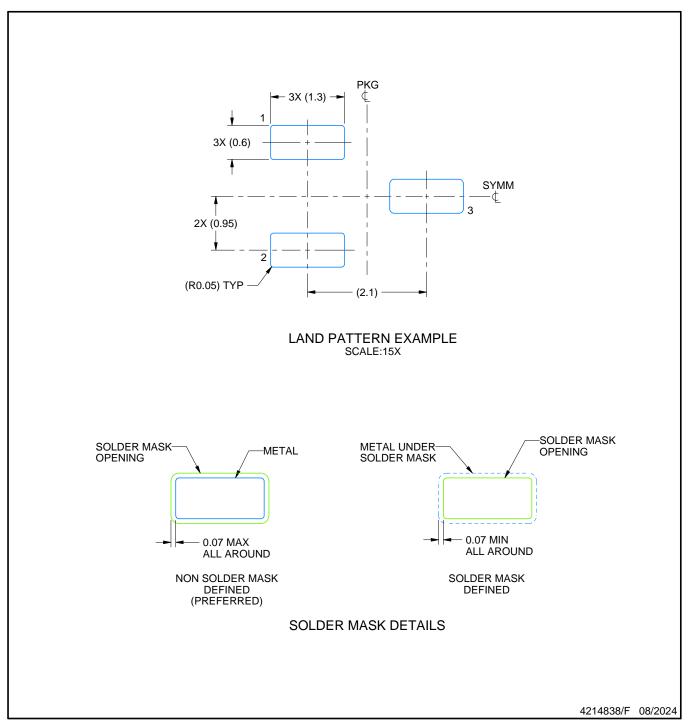
NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 Reference JEDEC registration TO-236, except minimum foot length.

- 4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.
- 5. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR

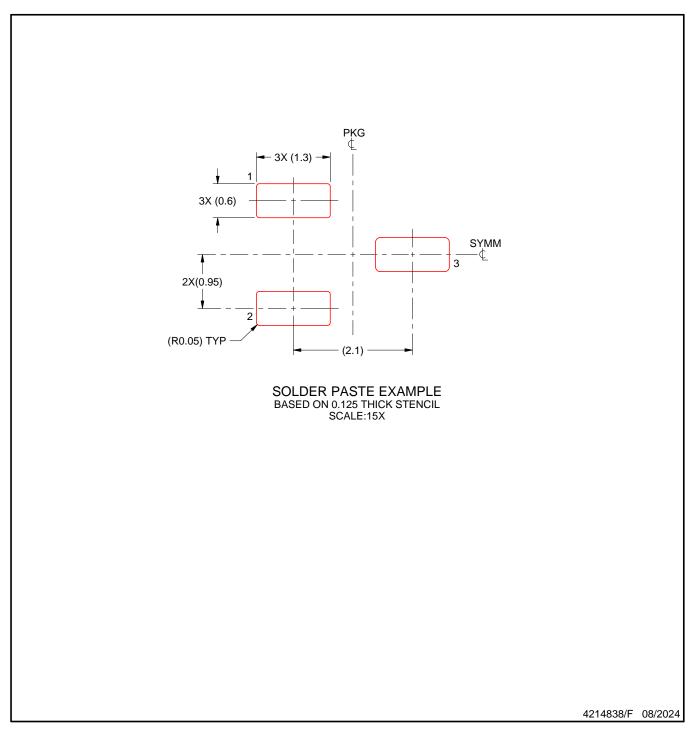


NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



1.1 x 1.4, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

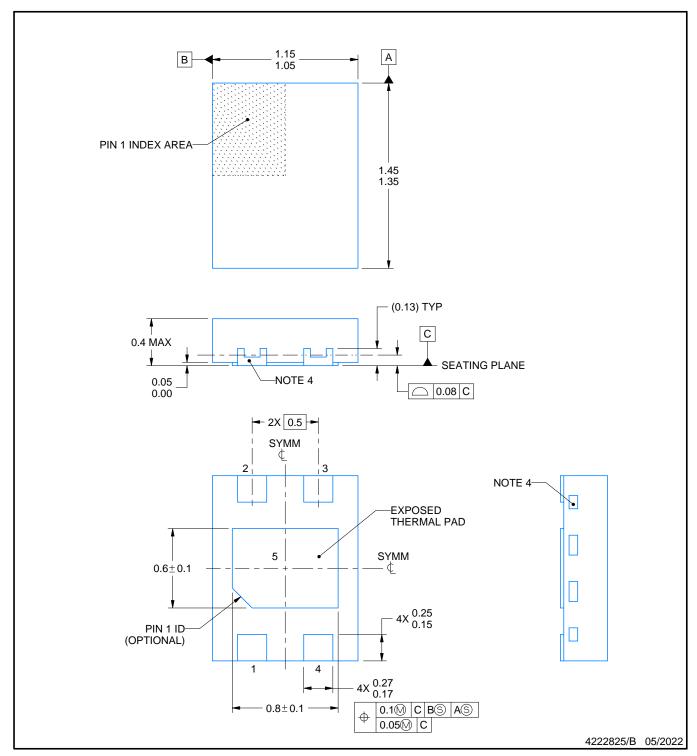


4229480/A





PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

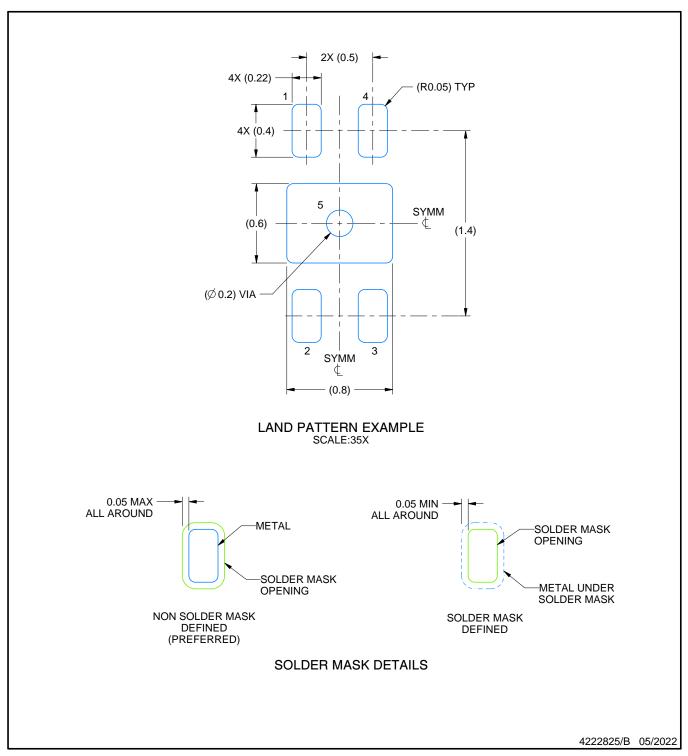
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

- 4. Quantity and shape of side wall metal may vary.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

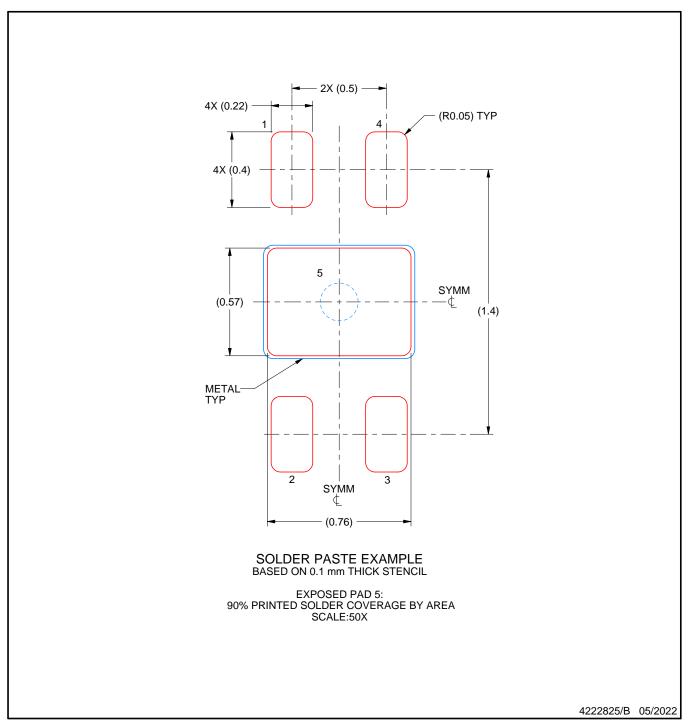


NOTES: (continued)

- 5. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 6. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If all or some are implemented, recommended via locations are shown. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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