Phase out

Standard Rectifier Module

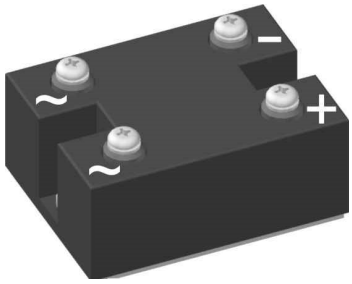
PHASE OUT

1~ Rectifier		
V_{RRM}	=	1200 V
I_{DAV}	=	100 A
I_{FSM}	=	1500 A

1~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

VBO105-12NO7



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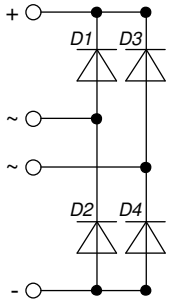

Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For one phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: PWS-C

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Recommended replacement: VBO130-12NO7

Disclaimer Notice

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Rectifier

Symbol	Definition	Conditions		Ratings min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	*max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage*		T_{VJ} = 25°C			1300	V
V_{RRM}	*max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage*		T_{VJ} = 25°C			1200	V
I_R	*reverse current*	V_R = 1200 V	T_{VJ} = 25°C			100	µA
		V_R = 1200 V	T_{VJ} = 150°C			2	mA
V_F	*forward voltage drop*	I_F = 40 A	T_{VJ} = 25°C			1.09	V
		I_F = 80 A				1.24	V
		I_F = 40 A	T_{VJ} = 125°C			1.00	V
		I_F = 80 A				1.19	V
I_{DAV}	*bridge output current*	T_C = 100°C	T_{VJ} = 150°C			100	A
		rectangular d = 0.5					
V_{F0}	*threshold voltage* } *for power loss calculation only*		T_{VJ} = 150°C			0.78	V
r_F	*slope resistance* }					4.8	mΩ
R_{thJC}	*thermal resistance junction to case*					0.8	K/W
R_{thCH}	*thermal resistance case to heatsink*				0.3		K/W
P_{tot}	*total power dissipation*		T_C = 25°C			155	W
I_{FSM}	*max. forward surge current*	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 45°C			1.50	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			1.62	kA
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 150°C			1.28	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			1.38	kA
I^2t	*value for fusing*	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 45°C			11.3	kA²s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			10.9	kA²s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T_{VJ} = 150°C			8.13	kA²s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V_R = 0 V			7.87	kA²s
C_J	*junction capacitance*	V_R = 400 V; f = 1 MHz	T_{VJ} = 25°C		58		pF

PHASE OUT

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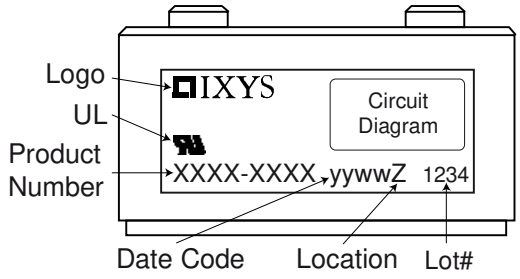
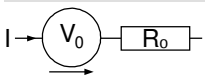
Package PWS-C				Ratings			
Symbol	**Definition**	**Conditions**		**min.**	**typ.**	**max.**	**Unit**
I_{RMS}	*RMS current*	per terminal				150	A
T_{VJ}	*virtual junction temperature*			-40		150	°C
T_{op}	*operation temperature*			-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	*storage temperature*			-40		125	°C
Weight					237		g
M_D	*mounting torque*			4.25		5.75	Nm
M_T	*terminal torque*			4.25		5.75	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	*creepage distance on surface | striking distance through air*		*terminal to terminal*	26.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$			*terminal to backside*	14.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	*isolation voltage*	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; I_{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA	3000			V
		t = 1 minute		2500			V



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VBO105-12NO7	VBO105-12NO7	Box	10	470783

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

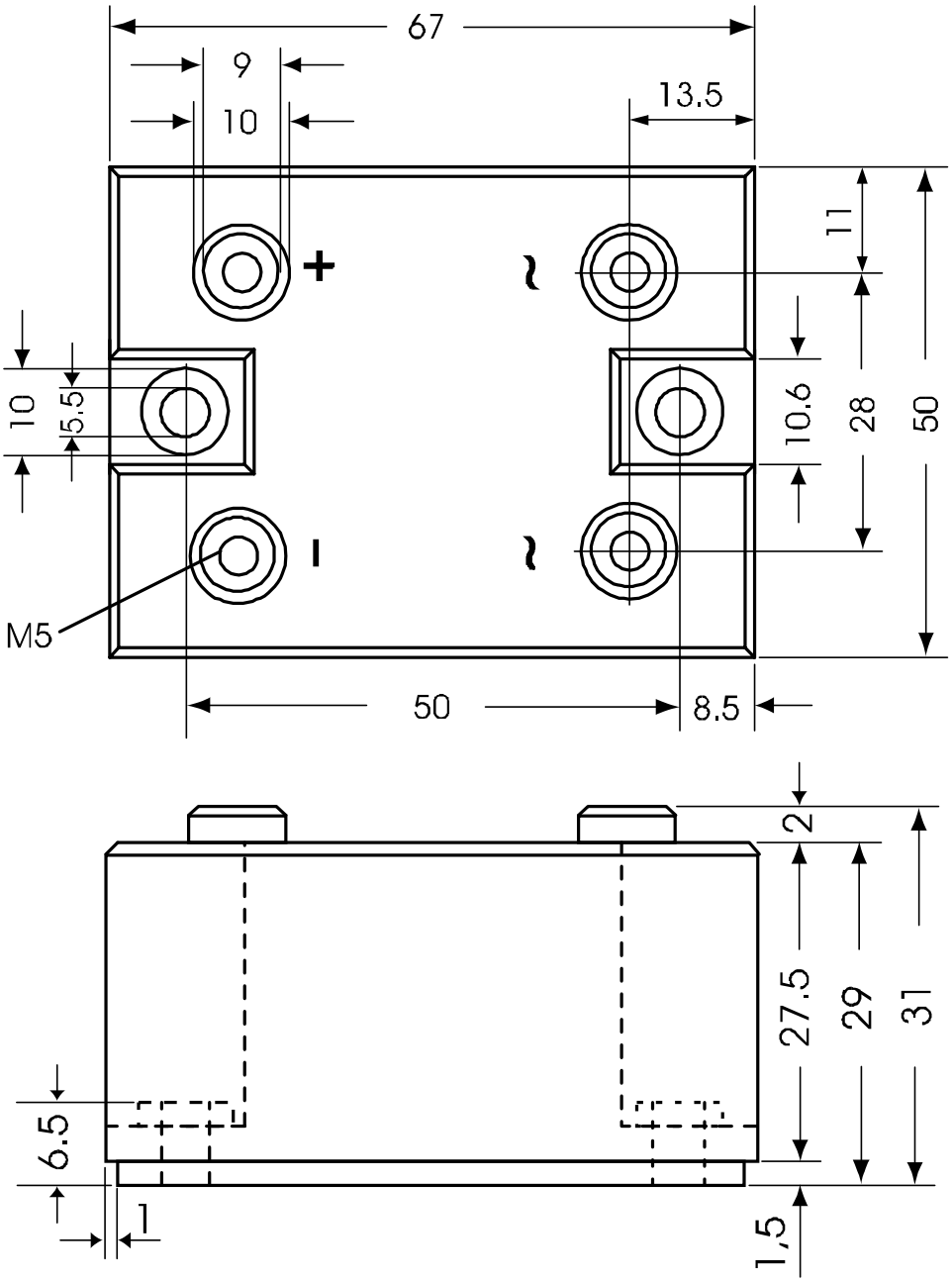
** on die level* T_{VJ} = 150°C

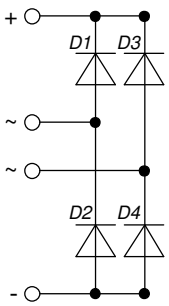


Rectifier

$V_{0\,max}$	*threshold voltage*	0.78	V
$R_{0\,max}$	*slope resistance **	3.6	mΩ

Outlines PWS-C





Rectifier

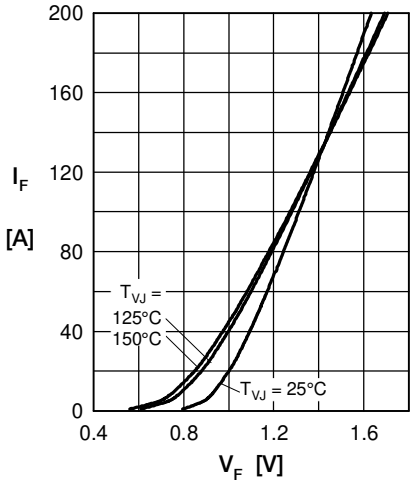


Fig. 1 Forward current versus voltage drop per diode

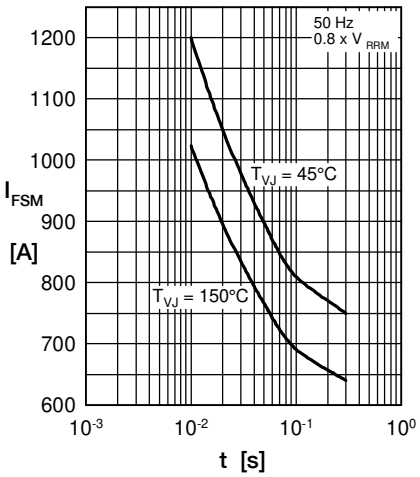


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

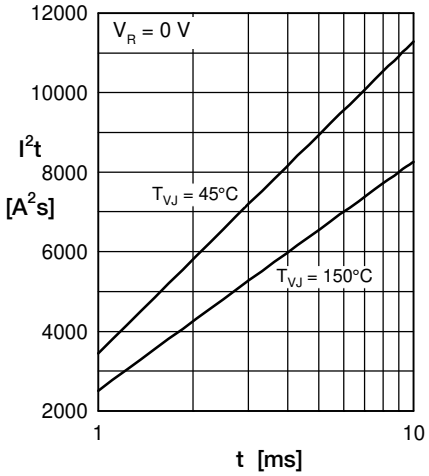


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time per diode

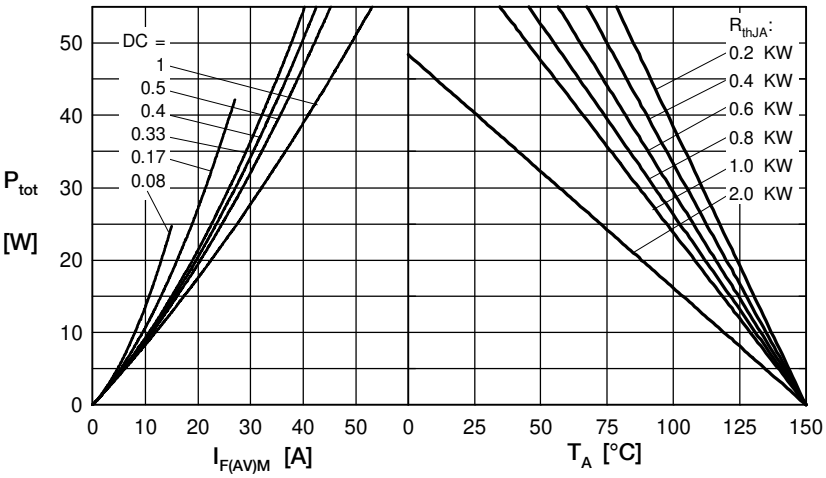


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

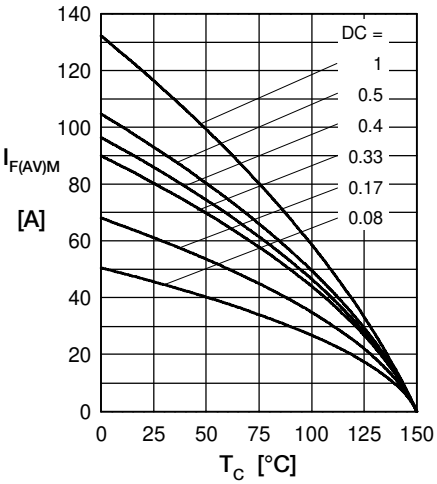


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

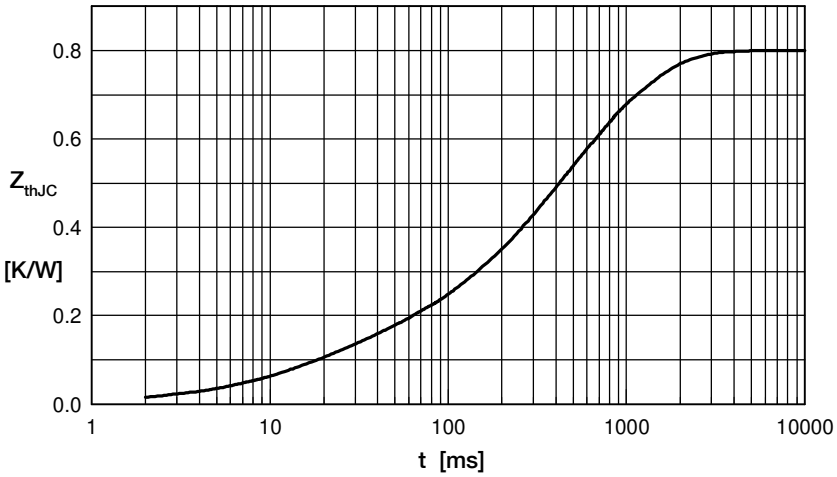


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{th} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.100	0.020
2	0.014	0.010
3	0.192	0.225
4	0.281	0.800
5	0.213	0.580