

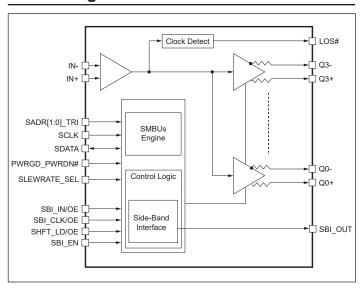


4-Output Low-Power Fanout Clock Buffer for PCle 6.0 Application

Description

The PI6CB332004A is a low-power PCIe* 5.0/6.0 clock buffer. It takes a reference input to fanout 4 low-power differential HCSL outputs up to 400MHz, with on-chip terminations for 85Ω output impedance. An individual OE pin for each output provides easier power management. The device also supports Power Down Tolerant (PDT), automatic output clock parking upon loss of input clock, and Flexible Startup Sequencing features.

Block Diagram



Features

- 4 Low-Power HCSL Outputs with On-Chip Termination
- 85Ω Output Impedance
- Individual Output Enable
- Supports I/O Power Down Tolerant
- Flexible Startup Power Sequencing
- Automatic Output Clock Parking Upon Loss of Input Clock
- Up to 9 Selectable SMBus Addresses
- Supports SBI OE# interface
- Differential Output-to-Output Skew <50ps
- Additive Phase Jitter
 - PCIe 5.0: Typical 5fs RMS
 - PCIe 6.0: Typical 3fs RMS
 - DB2000QL: Typical 10fs RMS
- 3.3V Supply Voltage
- Temperature Range: -40°C to 105°C
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green):
 - 28-pin, VQFN, 4mm x 4mm (ZLF)
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/104/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please contact us or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

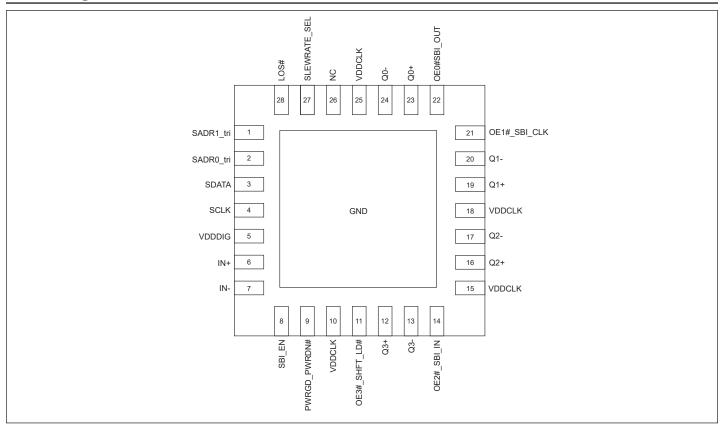
Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Ty	pe	Description
1	SADR1_tri	Input	Tri-level	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with SADR0_tri pin, to decode SMBus addresses. It has internal pull-up/down resistors to bias to VDD/2. See the SMBus Address Selection table.
2	SADR0_tri	Input	Tri-level	SMBus address bit. This is a tri-level input that works in conjunction with SADR1_tri pin, to decode SMBus addresses. It has internal pull-up/down resistors to bias to VDD/2. See the SMBus Address Selection table.
3	SDATA	I/O	CMOS	Data pin for SMBus interface.
4	SCLK	Input	CMOS	Clock pin of SMBus interface.
5	VDDDIG	Power		Digital power.
6	IN+	Input	Diff.	True clock input. PDT. Internal pull down.
7	IN-	Input	Diff.	Complementary clock input. Internal pull up.
8	SBI_EN	Input	CMOS	0 = SBI is disabled. 1 = SBI is enabled. Internal pull down, PDT.





Pin Number	Pin Name	Ту	pe	Description
9	PWRGD_PWRDN#	Input	CMOS	1 = power good mode. 0 = power down mode Internal pull up, PDT.
10	VDDCLK	Power		Clock power supply.
				SBI_EN=0: OE mode
				0 = Enable output 3, 1 = Disable Output 3
11	OE3#_SHFT_LD#	Input	CMOS	SBI_EN=1: SBI mode
				This pin becomes SHFT_LD pin
				For both OE mode and SBI mode, Internal pull up, PDT
12	Q3+	Output	Diff.	True clock output.
13	Q3-	Output	Diff.	Complementary clock output.
				SBI_EN=0: OE mode
				0 = Enable output 2, 1 = Disable Output 2
14	OE2#_SBI_IN	Input	CMOS	SBI_EN=1: SBI mode
				This pin becomes SBI_IN pin For both OE mode and SBI mode, Internal pull up, PDT
15	VDDCLK	Power		Clock power supply.
16	Q2+	Output	Diff.	True clock output.
17	Q2-	Output	Diff.	Complementary clock output.
18	VDDCLK	Power		Clock Power supply.
19	Q1+	Output	Diff.	True clock output.
20	Q1-	Output	Diff.	Complementary clock output. Internal pull up, PDT.
				SBI_EN=0: OE mode
				0 = Enable output 1, 1 = Disable Output 1
21	OE1#_SBI_CLK	Input	CMOS	SBI_EN=1: SBI mode
				This pin becomes SBI_CLK pin
				For both OE mode and SBI mode, Internal pull up, PDT
				SBI_EN=0: OE mode
				0 = Enable output 0, 1 = Disable Output 0
22	OE0#SBI_OUT	I/O	CMOS	SBI_EN=1: SBI mode
				This pin becomes SBI_OUT pin
				For both OE mode and SBI mode, Internal pull up, PDT
23	Q0+	Output	Diff.	True clock output.
24	Q0-	Output	Diff.	Complementary clock output.
25	VDDCLK	Power		Clock power supply.
26	NC			No connection
27	SLEWRATE_SEL	Input	CMOS	Input to select default slew rate of the outputs. 0 = Slow Slew Rate, 1 = Fast Slew Rate. Internal pull up.





Pin Number	Pin Name	Ту	pe	Description
28	LOS#	Output	Open Drain	Open drain output, needs external pull up, Low output indicates loss of input clock signal, PDT
EPAD	GND	Power		Connect ePad to ground.





Maximum Ratings

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential, V	DDxx0.5V to +3.9V
Input Voltage0.5	V to V_{DD} +0.3V, not exceed 3.9V
Input Voltage (PDT Pin)	0.5V to +3.9V
ESD Protection (HBM)	2000V
Iout (Output Current Continuous)	30mA
Iout (Output Current Surge)	60mA
Junction Temperature	150°C

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Operating Conditions

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{DDDIG} , V _{DDCLK}	Power Supply Voltage		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current	V _{DDDIG} + V _{DDCLK} , All outputs active @100MHz		60		mA
I _{DD_PD}	Power Supply Power Down ⁽¹⁾ Current	V _{DDDIG} + V _{DDCLK} , All outputs LOW/LOW		6	7.5	mA
I _{DDVD} - DCLK_PD	Power Supply Current Power Down(1) for Outputs	V _{DDCLK} , All outputs LOW/LOW		0.65	1.21	mA
T _A	Ambient Temperature	Industrial grade	-40		105	°C

Note:

- 1. Input clock is not running.
- 2. Outputs drive 10 inch trace.

Input Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
R _{pu}	Internal Pull up Resistance			120		ΚΩ
R _{dn}	Internal Pull down Resistance			120		ΚΩ
L _{PIN}	Pin Inductance				7	nН



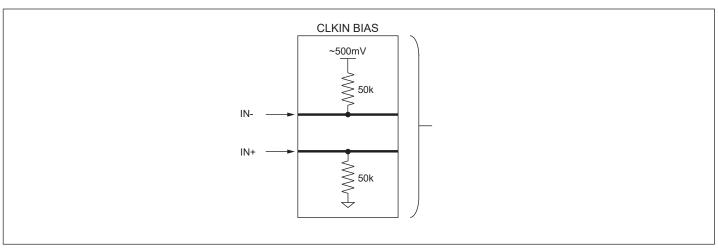


Figure 1. Input Clock Bias Network

SMBus Electrical Characteristics

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{DDSMB}	Nominal Bus Voltage		2.7		3.6	V
		SMBus, $V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V$	2.1		3.6	
V _{IHSMB} SMBus Input High Voltag	SMBus Input High Voltage	SMBus, V _{DDSMB} < 3.3V	0.65 V _{DDSMB}			V
37	SMBus Input Low Voltage	SMBus, $V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V$			0.8	V
V _{ILSMB}		SMBus, V _{DDSMB} < 3.3V			0.8	V
I _{SMBSINK}	SMBus Sink Current	SMBus, at V _{OLSMB}	4			mA
V _{OLSMB}	SMBus Output Low Voltage	SMBus, at I _{SMBSINK}			0.4	V
f _{MAXSMB}	SMBus Operating Frequency	Maximum frequency			400	kHz
t _{RMSB}	SMBus Rise Time	(Max V_{IL} - 0.15) to (Min V_{IH} + 0.15)			300	ns
t _{FMSB}	SMBus Fall Time	(Min V_{IH} + 0.15) to (Max V_{IL} - 0.15)			300	ns

Side-Band Interface Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
t _{PERIOD}	Clock Period	Clock period	40			ns
t _{SETUP}	SHFT Setup Time to Clock	SHFT_LDB high to SBI_CLK rising edge	10			ns
$t_{ m DSU}$	SBI_IN Setup Time	SBI_IN setup to SBI_CLK rising edge	5			ns
t _{DHOLD}	SBI_IN Hold Time	SBI_IN hold after SBI_CLK rising edge	2			ns





Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
t _{CO}	SBI_CLK to SBI_OUT	SBI_CLK rising edge to SBI_OUT valid	2			ns
tshold	SHFT Hold Time	SHFT_LDB hold (high) after SBI_CLK rising edge (SBI_CLK to SHFT_LDB falling edge)	10			ns
t _{EN/DIS}	Enable/Disable Time	Delay from SHFT_LDB falling edge to next output configuration taking effect	4		12	clocks
	Class Data	SBI_CLK (between 20% and 80%)	0.7		4	V/ns
t _{SLEW}	Slew Rate	SBI_OUT impedance		50		Ω

LVCMOS DC Electrical Characteristics

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	0.75 x VDD		0.3 + VDD	V
V_{IM}	Input Mid Voltage	SADR0_TRI, SADR1_TRI, BW_ SEL_TRI	0.4 x VDD	0.5 x VDD	0.6 x VDD	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	-0.3		0.25 x VDD	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	Single-ended inputs with pullup/ pulldown resistor, $V_{\rm IN}$ = $V_{\rm DD}$			50	uA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	Single-ended inputs with pullup/ pulldown resistor, $V_{\rm IN} = 0 V$	-50			μΑ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance		1.5		5	pF

HCSL Input Characteristics⁽¹⁾

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
	Input Frequency	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$	1	100	400	MHz
f_{IN}	Autoparking on		25			MHz
	Autoparking off		1			MHz
V _{IHDIF}	Diff. Input High Voltage (3)	IN+, IN-, single-end measurement	330		1150	mV
V _{ILDIF}	Diff. Input Low Voltage (3)	IN+, IN-, single-end measurement	-300	0	300	mV
V _{SWING}	Diff. Input Swing Voltage	Peak to peak value (V _{IHDIF} - V _{ILDIF)}	200			mV
V _{COM}	Common mode voltage		100		1200	mV
t _{RF}	Diff. Input Slew Rate (2)		0.7			V/ns





Symbol	Parameters	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
I _{IN}	Diff. Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN+} = V_{DD}, V_{IN-} = 0.8V$	-40		100	uA
t_{DC}	Diff. Input Duty Cycle	Measured differentially	45		55	%
tj _{c-c}	Diff. Input Cycle to cycle jitter	Measured differentially			125	ps

Note:

- 1. Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production
- 2. Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero
- 3. The device can be driven by a single-ended clock by driving the true clock and biasing the complement clock input to the Vbias, where Vbias is (V_{IH}-V_{IL})/2

HCSL Output Characteristics

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{OH}	Output voltage high		660	780	900	mV
V _{OL}	Output voltage low		-150	20	150	mV
Vcross absolute	Absolute Crossing point Voltage		250		550	mV
V _{cross_var}	Crossing point voltage variation				140	mV
f _{OUT}	Output Frequency			100	400	MHz
t_{RF}	Slew rate (1,2,3)	Scope averaging on, 10 inch trace	1.5	3.0	4	V/ns
Dt _{RF}	Slew rate matching (1,2,4)	Scope averaging on, 10 inch trace			20	%
t _{SKEW}	Output Skew (1,2)	Averaging on, V _T = 50%			50	ps
t_{DC}	Diff. Output Duty Cycle	Measured differentially	45		55	%
T _{pd}	Propagation Delay			2.0	3	ns
t _{OELAT}	Output Enable Latency	Q start after OE# assertion Q stop after OE# deassertion	4	5	10	clocks
t _{PDLAT}	PD# De-assertion	Differential outputs enable after PD# de-assertion		20	300	μs
t _{LOSAssert}	LOS Assert Time	Time from disappearance of input clock to LOS assert		50	100	ns
$t_{LOSDeassert}$	LOS De-assert Time	Time from appearance of input clock to LOS de-assert		6	9	clocks

Note:

- 1. Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production
- 2. Measured from differential waveform
- 3. Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V, within +/-150mV window
- $4. \quad \text{Slew rate matching is measured through } + /-75 \text{mV window centered around differential zero} \\$
- 5. Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the out and input clock





HCSL Output AC Characteristics - Phase Jitter

Temperature = T_A; Supply voltages per normal operation conditions; See test circuits for the load conditions

Symbol	Parameters	Condition	Тур.	Max.	Specification Limit	Units
t _{jphPCIeG1-CC}		PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)	1300		86,000	fs p-p
		PCIe Gen 2 Hi Band (5.0 GT/s)	4		3,100	
tjphPCIeG2-CC	Additive PCIe Phase Jitter	PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band (5.0 GT/s)	58		3,000	
t _{jphPCIeG3-CC}	(Common Clocked Architec-	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)	19		1,000	C DMC
t _{jphPCIeG4-CC}	ture) SSC ≤ -0.5%	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)	19		500	fs RMS
t _{jphPCIeG5-CC}		PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)	5	7.5	150	
t _{jphPCIeG6-CC}		PCIe Gen 6 (64.0 GT/s)	3	5.8	100	
t _{jphPCIeG1-IR}		PCIe Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s)	111			
t _{jphPCIeG2-IR}		PCIe Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s)	51			
t _{jphPCIeG3-IR}	Additive PCIe Phase Jitter (IR	PCIe Gen 3 (8.0 GT/s)	23			C DMC
t _{jphPCIeG4-IR}	Architectures - SRIS, SRNS) SSC ≤ -0.3%	PCIe Gen 4 (16.0 GT/s)	22			fs RMS
t _{jphPCIeG5-IR}		PCIe Gen 5 (32.0 GT/s)	6	8.1		
t _{jphPCIeG6-IR}		PCIe Gen 6 (64.0 GT/s)	4	7		

Note: The Refclk jitter is measured after applying the filter functions found in the PCI Express Base Specification 6.0, Revision 1.0. For the exact measurements





SMBus Serial Data Interface

PI6CB332004A is a slave only device that supports block and byte protocol using a single 7-bit address and read/write bit as shown below. The highest bit of register address is to distinguish block write/read and byte write/read. when the highest bit is "1", it's the byte operation, the highest bit is "0", it's the block operation.

Read and write block transfers can be stopped after any complete byte transfer.

Address Assignment

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	R/W	
1	1	0	S	See SMBus Address Selection Table				

Note: SMBus address is latched on SADR pin

Byte Write

1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	1 bit
Start bit	Address	W(0)	Ack	Beginning Byte location = N	Ack	data	Ack	Stop bit

Byte Read

1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	1 bit
Start bit	Address	W(0)	Ack	Beginning Byte location = N	Ack	Repeat Start bit	Address	R(1)	data	NAck	Stop bit

Block Write

1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	1 bit
Start bit	Address	W(0)	Ack	Beginning Byte Location = N	Ack	Data Byte count = X	Ack	Beginning Date Byte (N)	Ack	 Data Byte (N+X-1)	Ack	Stop bit

Block Read

1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	1 bit	7 bits	1 bit	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit	8 bits	1 bit
Start bit	Address	W(0)	Ack	Beginning Byte Location = N	Ack	Repeat Start bit	Address	R(1)	Ack	Data Byte count = Σ	Ack	Beginning Date Byte (N)	Ack
											Q bits	1 hit	1 bit

8 bits	1 bit	1 bit
 Data Byte (N+X-1)	NAck	Stop bit





SMBus Address Decode

Address	Selection				Bin	ary Value				II V-1
SADR1_tri	SADR0_tri	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Read/Write	Hex Value
	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	D8
0	M	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	DA
	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	DE
	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	C2
M	M	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	C4
	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	C6
	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	CA
1	M	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	CC
	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	CE





Side-Band Interface

This interface consists of DATA, CLK and SHFT_LD# pins. When the SHFT_LD# pin is high, the rising edge of CLK can shift DATA into the shift register. After shifting data, the falling edge of SHFT_LD# clocks the shift register contents to the Output register.

When the SBI is enabled, OE[0:3]# are disabled and DATA, CLK, and SHFT_LD# are enabled OE2#, OE1# and OE3# respectively. Additionally, SMBus registers for masking off the disable function of the shift register (0 value of a bit) become active. When set to a one, the mask register forces its respective output to 'enabled.' This prevents accidentally disabling critical outputs when using the SBI.

An SMBus read back bit in Byte 4 indicates which output enable control interface is enabled.

When the SBI is enabled, and power has been applied, the SBI is active, even if the PWRGD/PWRDN# pin indicates the part is in power down. This allows loading the shift register and transferring the contents to the output register before the assertion of PWRGD. Note that the mask registers are part of the normal SMBus interface and cannot be accessed when the PWRGD/PWRDN# is low. Figure 2 provides a functional description of the SBI.

The SBI and the traditional SMBus output enable registers both default to the 'output enabled' state at power-up. The mask registers default to zero at power-up, allowing the shift bits to disable their respective output. See Figure 2.

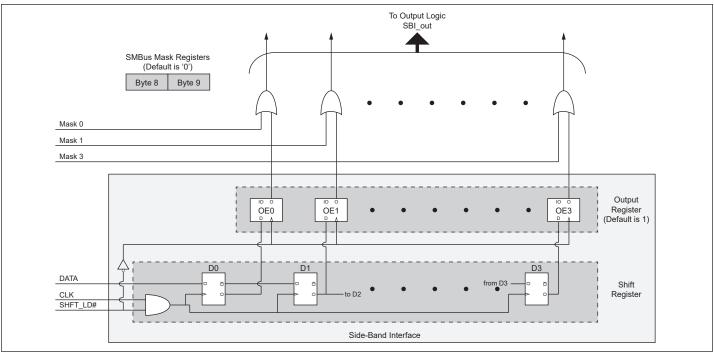


Figure 2. Side Band Interface Control Logic Description

Figures 3 shows the basic timing of the side-band interface. The SHFT_LD# pin goes high to enable the CLK input. Next, the rising edge of CLK clocks enable DATA into the shift register. After the 3rd clock for output 4, stop the clock low and drive the SHFT_LD# pin low. The falling edge of SHFT_LD# clocks the shift register contents to the output register, enabling or disabling the outputs. Always shift 4 bits of data into the shift register to control the outputs.





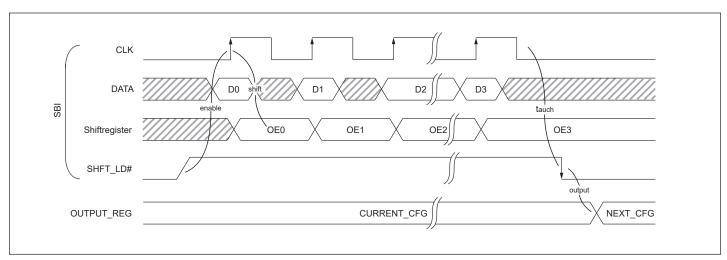


Figure 3. Side Band Interface Functional Timing

The SBI interface supports clock rates up to 25MHz. Multiple devices may share CLK and DATA pins. Dedicating a SHFT_LD# pin to each devices allows its use as a chip-select pin. When the SHFT_LD# pin is low, the PI6CB332004A ignores any activity on the CLK and DATA pins.





SMBus Registers

Byte (O: OUTPUT_ENABLE	_0			
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RW	1	
6	Reserved		RW	1	
5	Q1_En	Output Enable for Q1	RW	1	
4	Reserved		RW	1	0 = output is disabled (low/low)
3	Reserved		RW	1	1 = output is enabled
2	Q0_En	Output Enable for Q0	RW	1	
1	Reserved		RW	1	
0	Reserved		RW	1	

Byte 1: OUTPUT_ENABLE_1

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RW	1	
6	Reserved		RW	1	
5	Q3_EN	Output Enable for Q3	RW	1	
4	Reserved		RW	1	0 = output is disabled (low/low)
3	Reserved		RW	1	1 = output is enabled
2	Reserved		RW	1	
1	Q2_EN	Output Enable for Q2	RW	1	
0	Reserved		RW	1	

Byte 2: OE_PIN_READBACK_0

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RO	1	
6	Reserved		RO	1	
5	RB_OE#_1	Status of OE#1	RO	Pin	
4	Reserved		RO	1	0 = OE# pin low
3	Reserved		RO	1	1 = OE# pin high
2	RB_OE#_0	Status of OE#0	RO	Pin	
1	Reserved		RO	1	
0	Reserved		RO	1	





Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RO	1	
6	Reserved		RO	1	
5	RB_OE#_3	Status of OE#3	RO	Pin	
4	Reserved		RO	1	0 = OE# pin low
3	Reserved		RO	1	1 = OE# pin high
2	Reserved		RO	1	
1	RB_OE#_2	Status of OE#2	RO	Pin	
)	Reserved		RO	1	

Byte 4: SBEN_RDBK_ ACP_CONFIG

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7			RW		
6	Reserved		RW	1'b111	
5			RW		
4	ACP_ENABLE	Enable Automatic Clock Parking to low/low	RW	1	0 = disable ACP
1	TIOT_EIVIDEE	when LOS event is detected		1	1 = enable ACP
3			RW		
2	Reserved		RW	1'b110	
1			RW		
0	DR SRI ENO	Con CON ENO	PO	Pin	0 = pin low
0	RB_SBI_ENQ	Status of SBI_ENQ	RO	Pin	1 = pin high

Byte 5: VENDOR_REVISION_ID

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7			RO		
6	DID	DEVICION ID A :- 0000	RO	0000	
5	RID	REVISION ID, A rev is 0000	RO		
4			RO		
3			RO		
2	MD	VENDOR ID Die 1.	RO	0011	
1	VID	VENDOR ID, Diodes	RO	0011	
0			RO	1	





Byte 6: DEVICE_ID							
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition		
7			RO				
6			RO				
5			RO				
4	DEVICE ID	Device ID	RO	PI6CB332004A			
3	DEVICE_ID	Device 1D	RO	(85Ω) 0H44			
2			RO				
1			RO				
0			RO				

Byte 7: BYTE_COUNT

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7			RW		
6	Reserved		RW	1'b000	
5			RW		
4			RW		
3			RW		
2	BC	Writing to this register configures how many bytes will be read back in a block read.	RW	0x7	
1		by tes will be read back in a block read.	RW		
0			RW		

Byte 8: SBI_MASK_0

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RW	0	
6	Reserved		RW	0	
5	MASK1	Masks off Side-band Disable for Q1	RW	0	
4	Reserved		RW	0	0 = SBI may disable the output
3	Reserved		RW	0	1 = SBI cannot disable the output
2	MASK0	Masks off Side-band Disable for Q0	RW	0	- output -
1	Reserved		RW	0	
0	Reserved		RW	0	





Byte 9:	Byte 9: SBI_MASK_1							
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition			
7	Reserved		RW	0				
6	Reserved		RW	0				
5	MASK3	Masks off side-band disable for Q3	RW	0				
4	Reserved		RW	0				
3	Reserved		RW	0				
2	Reserved		RW	0				
1	MASK2	Masks off side-band disable for Q2	RW	0				
0	Reserved		RW	0				

Byte 10: RESERVED

Byte 11: SBI_REABACK_0

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RO	0	
6	Reserved		RO	0	
5	SBI_Q1	Readback of side-band disable for Q1	RO	X	
4	Reserved		RO	0	0 = bit low
3	Reserved		RO	0	1 = bit high
2	SBI_Q0	Readback of side-band disable for Q0	RO	X	
1	Reserved		RO	0	
0	Reserved		RO	0	

Byte 12: SBI_REABACK_1

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RO	0	
6	Reserved		RO	0	
5	SBI_Q3	Readback of side-band disable for Q3	RO	X	
4	Reserved		RO	0	0 = bit low
3	Reserved		RO	0	1 = big high
2	Reserved		RO	0	
1	SBI_Q2	Readback of side-band disable for Q2	RO	X	
0	Reserved		RO	0	

Byte 13-16: RESERVED



Byte 18: POWERDOWN_RESTORE_LOS#



PI6CB332004A

Byte 17	Byte 17: LPHCSL_AMP_CTRL								
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition				
7			RW						
6	AMB	Global Differential output Control	RW	0.7					
5	AMP	0.625V~1V 25mV/step Default = 0.8V	RW	0x7					
4			RW						
3			RW						
2	Reserved		RW	111 0000					
1			RW	1'b0000					
0			RW						

Power Up Bit **Control Function** Description Type Definition Condition 0 = DC coupled input AC_IN 0 Enable receiver bias when IN is AC coupled RW 1 = AC coupled input 0 = input termination R isdisabled RW 0 6 Rx_TERM Enable termination resistors on IN 1 = input termination R isenabled 5 Reserved RW 0 0 4 Reserved RW 0 = Config Cleared PD_RESTORE# 3 Save Configuration in Power Down RW1 1 = Config Saved

Byte 19: RESERVED

Real time read back of loss detect block output

RW

RW

RO

1

0

X

0 = LOS event detected

1 = NO LOS event detected.

2

1

0

Reserved

Reserved

LOS#_RB





Byte 20: Output_Slew_Rate_0							
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition		
7	Reserved		RW	pin status			
6	Reserved		RW	pin status			
5	Q1_SLEWRATE	Q1 Slewrate Control	RW	pin status			
4	Reserved		RW	pin status	0 = low slew rate		
3	Reserved		RW	pin status	1 = high slew rate		
2	Q0_SLEWRATE	Q0 Slewrate Control	RW	pin status			
1	Reserved		RW	pin status			
0	Reserved		RW	pin status			

Byte 21: Output_Slew_Rate_1

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition		
7	Reserved		RW	pin status			
6	Reserved		RW	pin status			
5	Q3_SLEWRATE	Q3 Slewrate Control	RW	pin status			
4	Reserved		RW	pin status	0 = low slew rate		
3	Reserved		RW	pin status	1 = high slew rate		
2	Reserved		RW	pin status			
1	Q2_SLEWRATE	Q2 Slewrate Control	RW	pin status			
0	Reserved		RW	pin status			

22-37: RESERVED (Default: 0xXX)





Byte 38: WRITE_LOCK_NCLEAR								
Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition			
7	Reserved		RW	1'b0000000				
6			RW					
5			RW					
4			RW					
3			RW					
2			RW					
1			RW					
0	WRITE_LOCK	Non-clearable SMBus Write Lock bit. When written to one, the SMBus control registers cannot be written to. This bit can only be cleared by cycling power.	RW	0	0 = SMBus not locked for writing by this bit. See WRITE_ LOCK_RW1C bit. 1 = SMBus locked for writing			

Byte 39: WRITE_LOCK_CLEAR_ LOS_EVENT

Bit	Control Function	Description	Туре	Power Up Condition	Definition
7	Reserved		RW1C	1'b000000	
6			RW1C		
5			RW1C		
4			RW1C		
3			RW1C		
2			RW1C		
1	LOS_EVT	LOS Event Status When high, indicates that a LOS event was detected. Can be cleared by writing a 1 to it.	RW1C	0	0 = No LOS event detected 1 = LOS event detected.
0	WRITE_LOCK_ RW1C	Clearable SMBus Write Lock bit. When written to one, the SMBus control registers cannot be written to. This bit can be cleared by writing a 1 to it.	RW1C	0	0 = SMBus not locked for writing by this bit. See WRITE_LOCK bit. 1 = SMBus locked for writing

Note:

1. Register only valid when the Side-Band Interface is enabled (SBI_EN = 1).





Applications Information

Power Down Tolerant Pins

Pins that are Power Down Tolerant (PDT) can be driven by voltages as high as the normal VDD of the chip, even though VDD is not present (the device is not powered). There will be no ill effects to the device and it will power up normally. This feature supports disaggregation, where the PI6CB3320xx may be on one circuit board and devices that interface with it are on other boards. These boards may power up at different times, driving pins on the PI6CB3320xx before it has received power.

Flexible Startup Sequencing

PI6CB3320xx devices support Flexible Startup Sequencing (FSS), IN+/- pins are PDT. FSS allows application of CLKIN at different times in the device/system startup sequence. FSS is an additional feature that helps the system designer manage the impact of disaggregation. Table shows the supported sequences; that is, the PI6CB3320xx devices can have CLKIN running before VDD is applied, and can have VDD applied and sit for extended periods with no input clock.

Loss of Signal and Automatic Clock Parking

The PI6CB3320xx buffers have a Loss of Signal (LOS) circuit to detect the presence or absence of an input clock. The LOS circuit drives the open-drain LOS# pin (the "#" suffix indicates "bar", or active-low) and sets the LOS_EVT bit in the SMBus register space. There are two slightly different LOS# pin behaviors at power up. Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the LOS# de-assertion timing for the 4, 8, 13, 16 and 20-output buffers. CLKIN is represented differentially in Figure 4 and Figure 5.

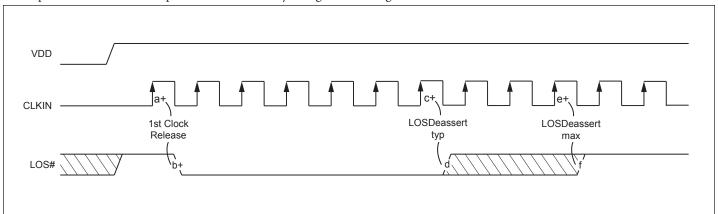


Figure 4. LOS# De-assert Timing for 4/8/13/16 Outputs

Note: The LOS circuit on the 8-output buffer requires a CLKIN edge to release the LOS# pin after power up. So, the LOS# pin will be high until the first clock edge after power up.

Figure 5 shows the LOS# de-assertion timing for the 20-output buffers. LOS# on the 20-output buffers defaults to low at power up.

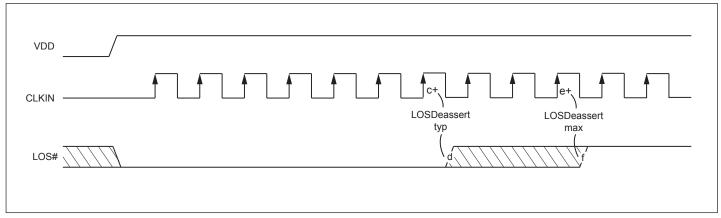


Figure 5. LOS# De-assert Timing for 20 Outputs

Downloaded from Arrow.com.





The following diagram shows the LOS# assertion sequence when the CLKIN is lost. It also shows the Automatic Clock Parking (ACP) circuit bring the inputs to a Low/Low state after an LOS event. For exact timing, see Electrical Characteristics.

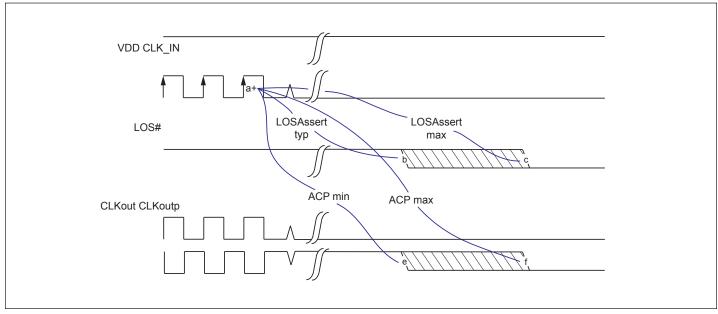


Figure 6. LOS# Assert Timing





Test Load

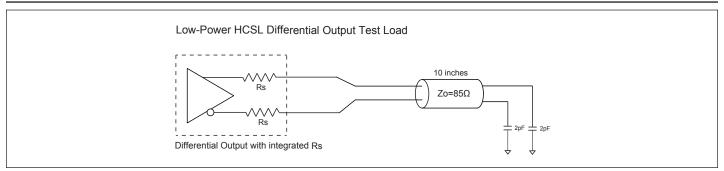


Figure 7. Low Power HCSL Test Circuit

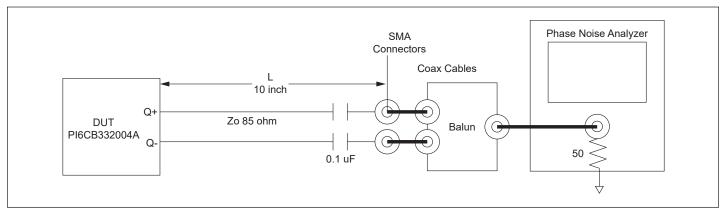


Figure 8. Test Set Up for Phase Jitter Measurement

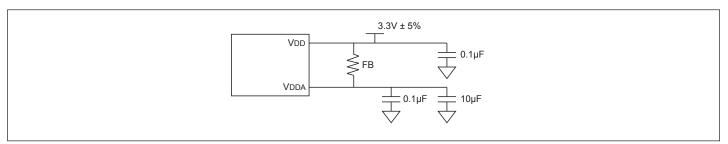
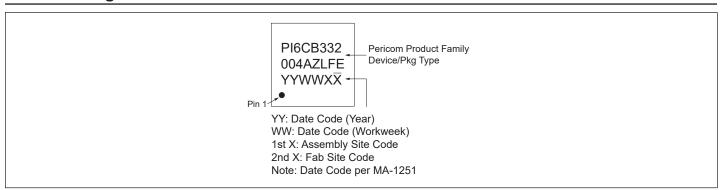


Figure 9. Power Supply Filter

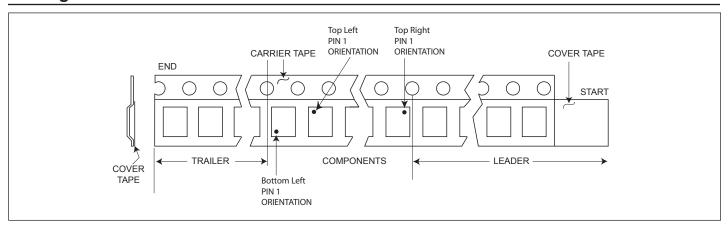




Part Marking



Package Information

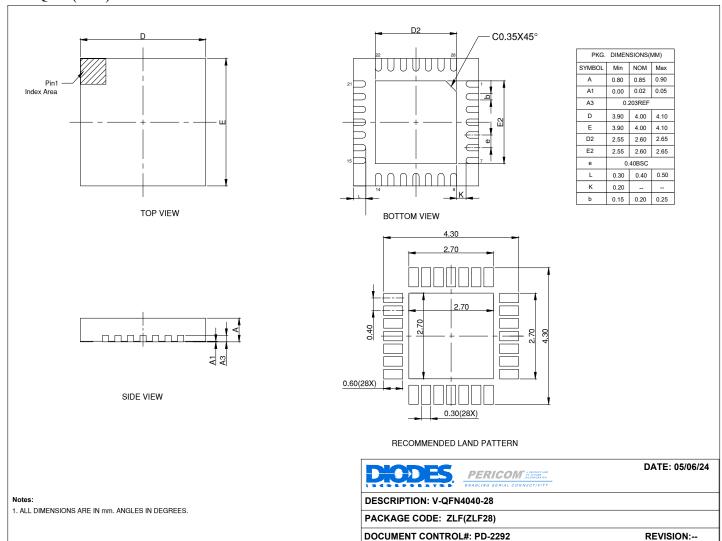






Packaging Mechanical

28-VQFN (ZLF)



For latest package info.

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Ordering Information

Orderable Part Number	Package Code	Package Description	Pin 1 Orientation	Temperature
PI6CB332004AZLFEX	ZLF	V-QFN4040-28	Top Right Corner	-40~105°C
PI6CB332004AZLFEX-13R	ZLF	V-QFN4040-28	Top Left Corner	-40~105°C

Notes

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
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- 4. $A = For 85\Omega$ output impedance
- 5. E = Pb-free and Green
- 6. X suffix = Tape/Reel
- 7. For packaging detail, go to our website at: https://www.diodes.com/assets/MediaList-Attachments/Diodes-Package-Information.pdf





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