

User Manual

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

UM-B-114

Abstract

Renesas DA14531 development kit PRO consists of one DA145xx DEVKT-P PRO-Motherboard, FCGQNFN daughterboard and a WLCSP daughterboard (the WLCSP daughterboard must be purchased separately). This user manual describes the system functions of the hardware as well as the guidelines of how to enable or disable features of the DA14531 development kit PRO.

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1 Terms and Definitions

DK	Development Kit
FCGQFN24 PRO-DB	PRO daughterboard with DA14531 - FCGQFN24
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output (pin)
IC	Integrated Circuit
JTAG	Joint Test Action Group
OTP	One-Time Programmable Memory
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PCBA	Printed Circuit Board Assembly
PRO-DB	PRO daughterboard
PRO-MB	PRO Motherboard
RF	Radio Frequency
SoC	System on Chip
SWD	Serial Wire Debug
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
WLCSP17 PRO-DB	PRO daughterboard with DA14531 - WLCSP17

2 References

- [1] DA14531, [Datasheet](#), Renesas Electronics.
- [2] UM-B-083, [SmartSnippets Toolbox User Manual](#), User Manual, Renesas Electronics.
- [3] AN-B-075, [DA14531_Hardware_Guidelines](#), Application Note, Renesas Electronics.

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3 Introduction

This document describes the hardware of the DA14531 development kit (DK) PRO. It supersedes the older DA14580/5 DK PRO, providing a richer feature set and an improved performance. The DA14531 DK PRO motherboard fully supports DA14585/6 daughterboards, and the DA14531 DK PRO daughterboards are backward compatible with the older DA1458x DK PRO motherboard. However, for a better development experience and full feature support, it is recommended to use the newer DA14531 DK PRO motherboard.

In this document, we focus on the DA14531 DK PRO which consists of the following two parts:

- PRO-Motherboard
 - **PRO-MB:** PCBA reference number **376-18-B**
- PRO-daughterboard (PRO-DB) (**two options**, interchangeable)
 - **FCGQFN24 PRO-DB:** it uses **DA14531-FCGQFN24**. PCBA reference number **376-04-F**
 - **WLCSP17 PRO-DB:** it uses **DA14531-WLCSP17**. PCBA reference number **376-05-E**

Figure 1 and Table 1 present the part numbers (also ordering code) for the DK PRO.

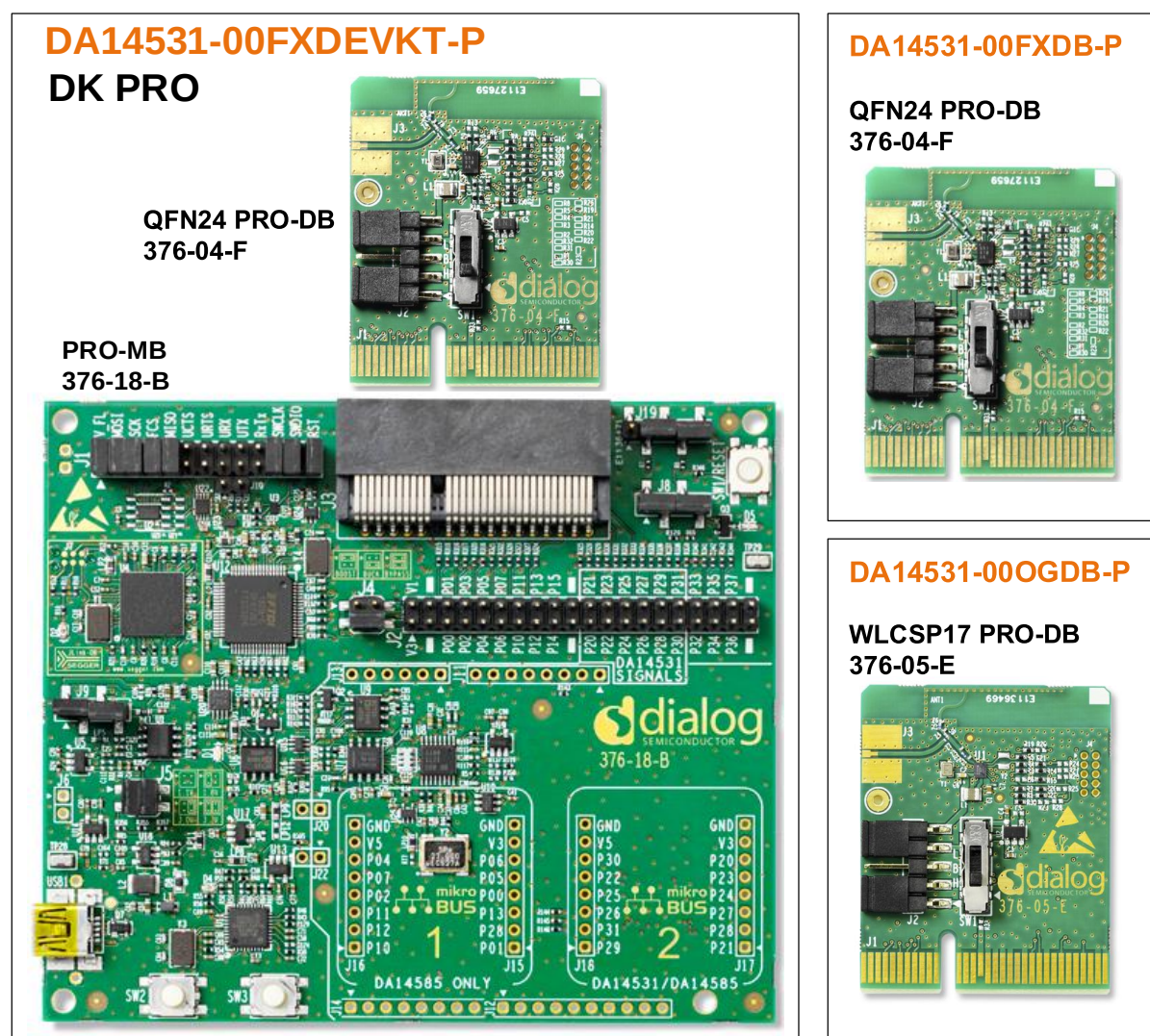


Figure 1: DK PRO, DA14531-00FXDEVKT-P DK with PRO-MB and the PRO-DBs

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware**Table 1: DK PRO Part Numbers and Description**

Part Number	Description
DA14531-00OGDB-P	WLCSP17 PRO-DB. Bluetooth® Low Energy DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-daughterboard
DA14531-00FXDB-P	FCGQFN24 PRO-DB Bluetooth® Low Energy DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-daughterboard
DA14531-00FXDEVKT-P	DK-PRO Bluetooth® Low Energy Development Kit Pro for DA14531, including PRO-MB and PRO-DB.

NOTE

When DA14531-00FXDEVKT-P is ordered, the user gets a set of PRO-MB and a FCGQFN24 PRO-DB. Daughterboard WLCSP17 PRO-DB must be ordered separately.
A single PRO-MB cannot be ordered.

The following sections guide users to understand the system setup, the different available configuration options, as well as the tools provided to debug, develop, and evaluate the system performance.

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4 Getting to Know DA14531 DK PRO

4.1 DA14531 PRO-DB

The system on DA14531 PRO-DB consists of the DA14531 SoC, crystals, power section, and radio section. The system block diagram and the actual components' location are presented in Figure 3, Figure 4, and Figure 5.

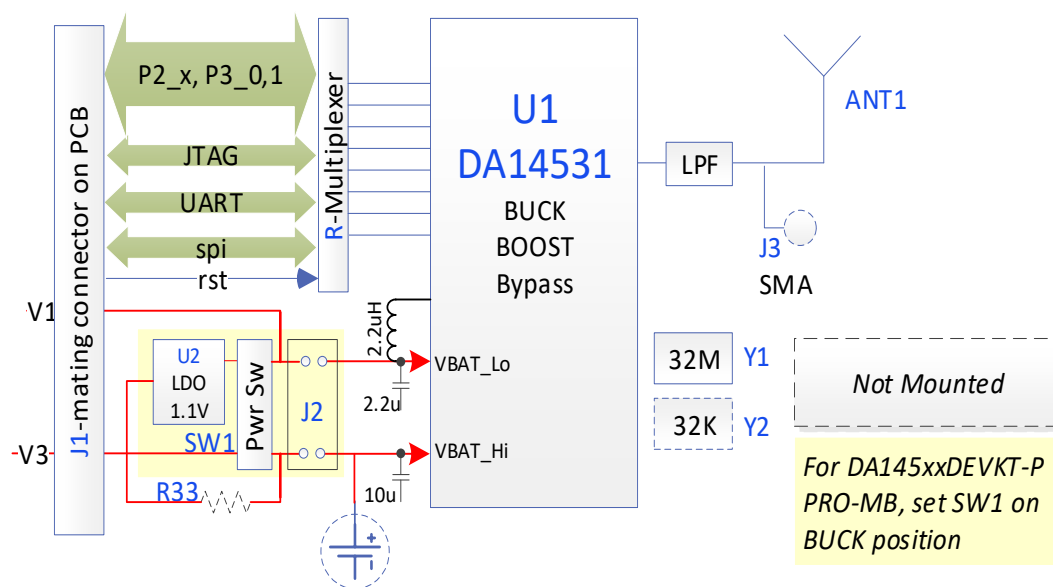


Figure 3: System Block Diagram of DA14531 PRO-DB

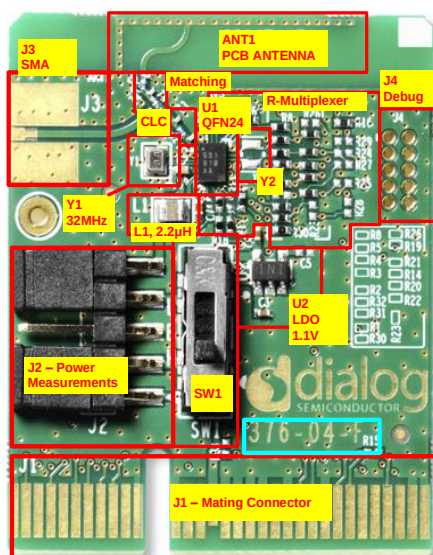


Figure 4: DA14531-00FXDB-P, FCGQFN24 PRO-DB [376-04-F]

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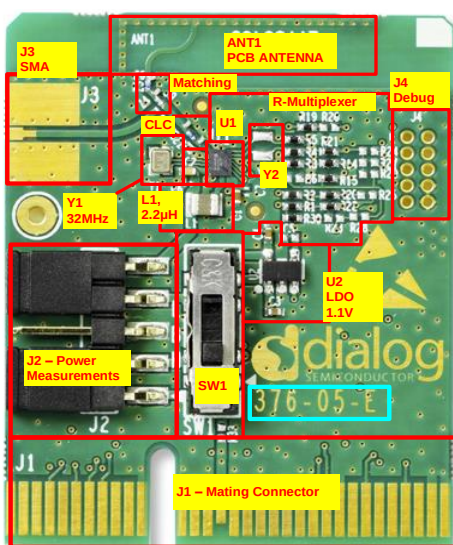


Figure 5: DA14531-00OGBD-P, WLCSP17 PRO-DB_[376-05-E]

- **BLE SoC (U1):** DA14531 is an ultra-low power SoC integrating a 2.4 GHz transceiver and an ARM CortexM0+™ microcontroller with 48 kB of RAM and 32 kB of One-Time Programmable memory (OTP).
- **32 MHz XTAL (Y1):** The main clock of the system is generated from a 32 MHz XTAL which is connected to the internal clock oscillator. The selected crystal for this reference is the XRCGB32M000F1H00R0 of Murata.
- **32.768 kHz XTAL (Y2, not assembled by default):** A crystal of 32.768 kHz can be placed on the pins P0_3 and P0_4 of DA14531. A crystal that can be used is the SC20S-7PF20PPM of SEIKO Instruments.

In most applications, the DA14531 can run with good accuracy with its internal RC oscillator (RCX) and therefore the XTAL32k is not needed. For applications with more demanding accuracy/drift characteristics, such as timekeeping, using the XTAL32k is considered a suitable solution.

By default, Y2 is not assembled on PRO-DB. An internal RC clock is used. P0_3 and P0_4 are assigned to other SPI data flash (mounted on PRO-MB).

For assembling and utilizing Y2, see [Appendix F](#).

- **RF section:** see Section [4.1.2](#).
- **R-Multiplexer:** A group of 16 resistors of 0 Ω can be placed/removed as needed to hardwire various peripherals to the DA14531 pins as desired ([Appendix D](#)).

To complete a configuration, it is necessary to set/remove jumpers on the DA14531 PRO-MB accordingly. The default settings are presented in Section [5](#).

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

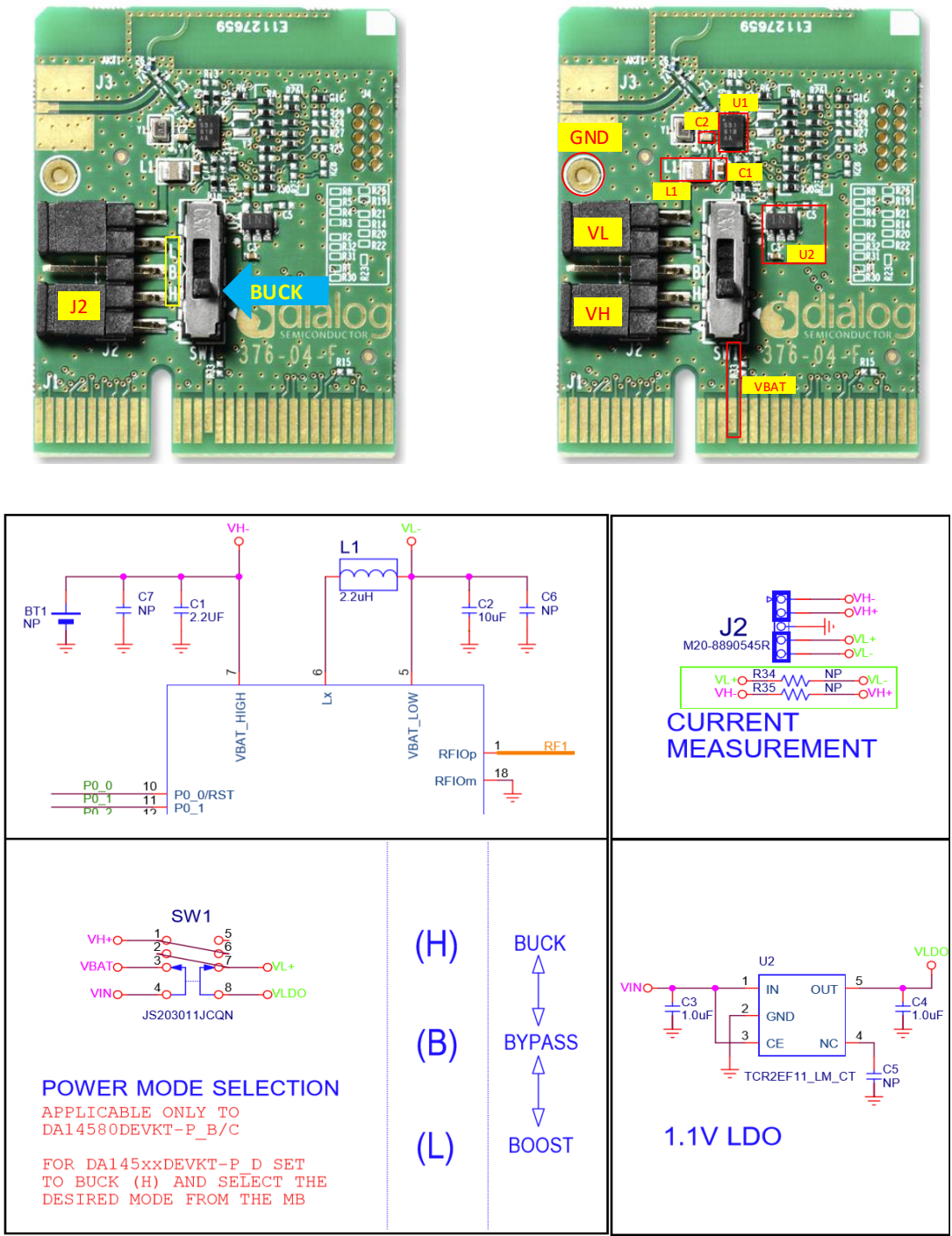


Figure 7: Power Section of DA14531 PRO-DB

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4.1.2 RF Section

A printed F-antenna (ANT1) is used as the radiating element for the DA14531 PRO-DB.

The DA14531 RFIO pin is connected to the printed antenna through an RF stripline and a matching circuit.

To conduct RF measurements, proceed with the following hardware modifications (Figure 9):

- Remove Z9
- Assemble Z7 = 10 pF
- Assemble J3, SMA Female Socket 50 Ω Board Edge ([142-0761-861](#) of Cinch Connectivity Solutions Johnson)

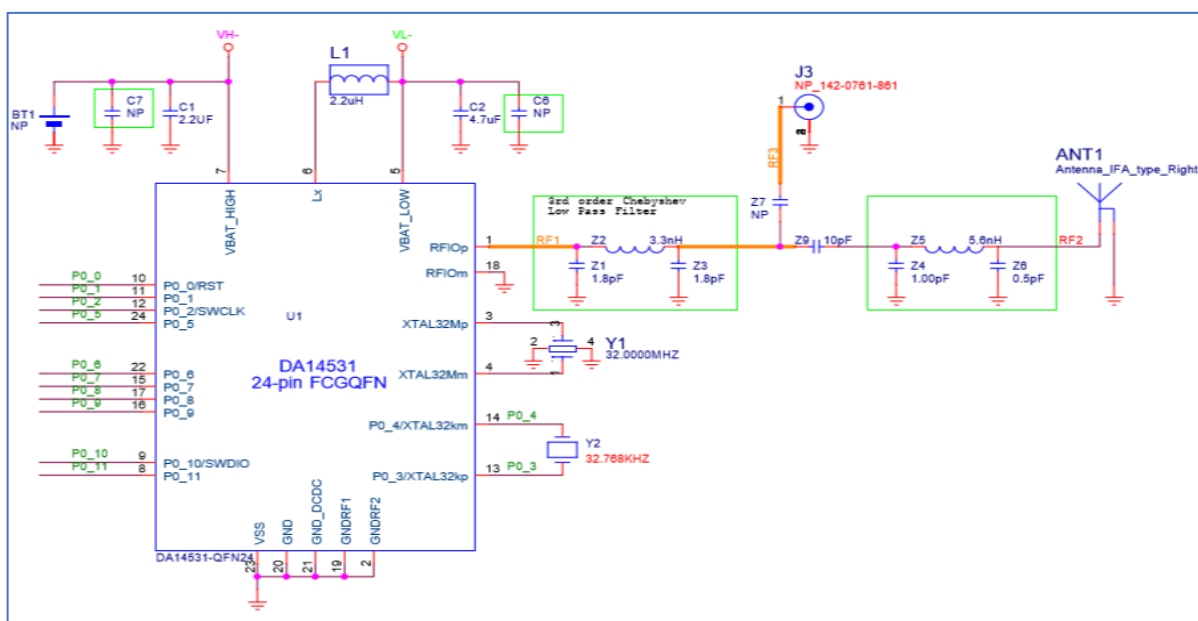


Figure 8: RF Section of DA14531 PRO-DB

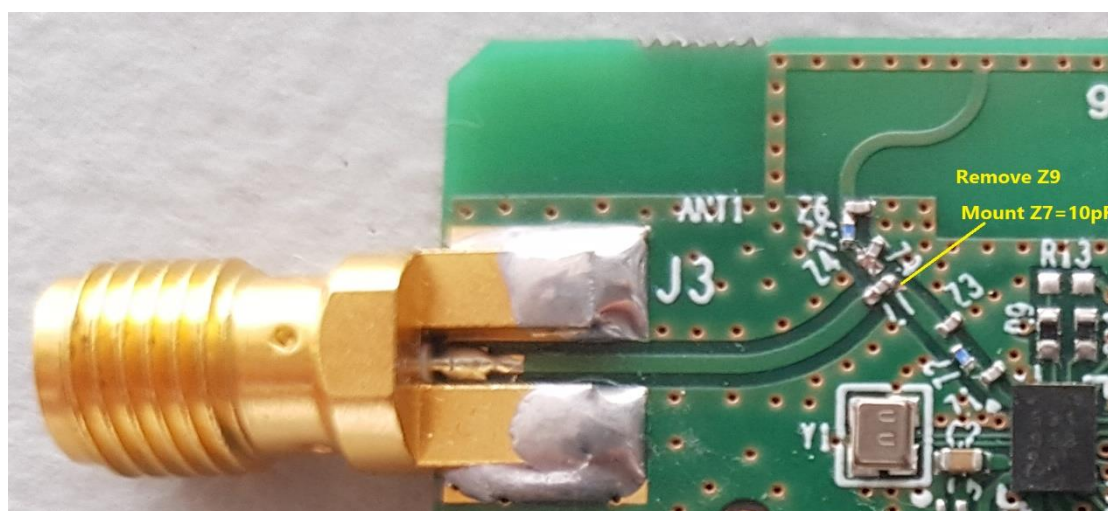


Figure 9: Modifications Required for Performing RF Measurements

4.2 PRO-MB (376-18-B)

The block diagram and the actual component locations of the PRO-MB of DA14531-00FXDEVKT-P DK PRO are presented in Figure 10 and Figure 11, respectively.

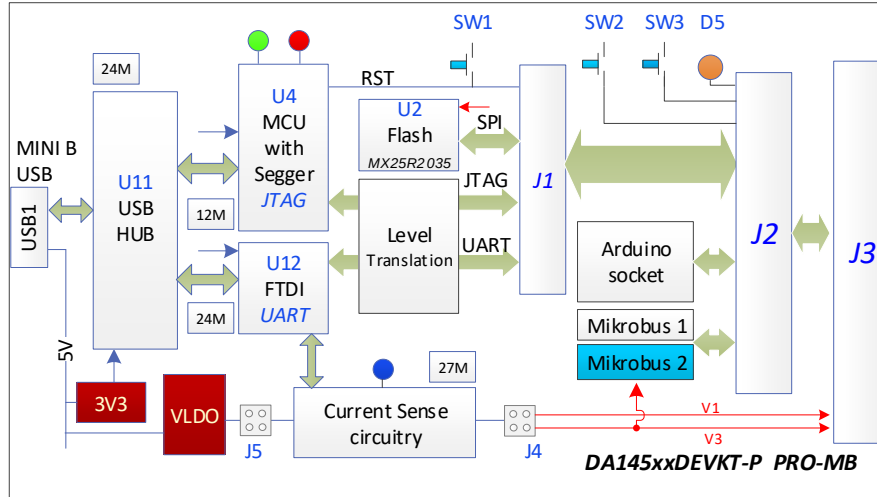


Figure 10: DA145xx DEVKT-P PRO-MB Block Diagram

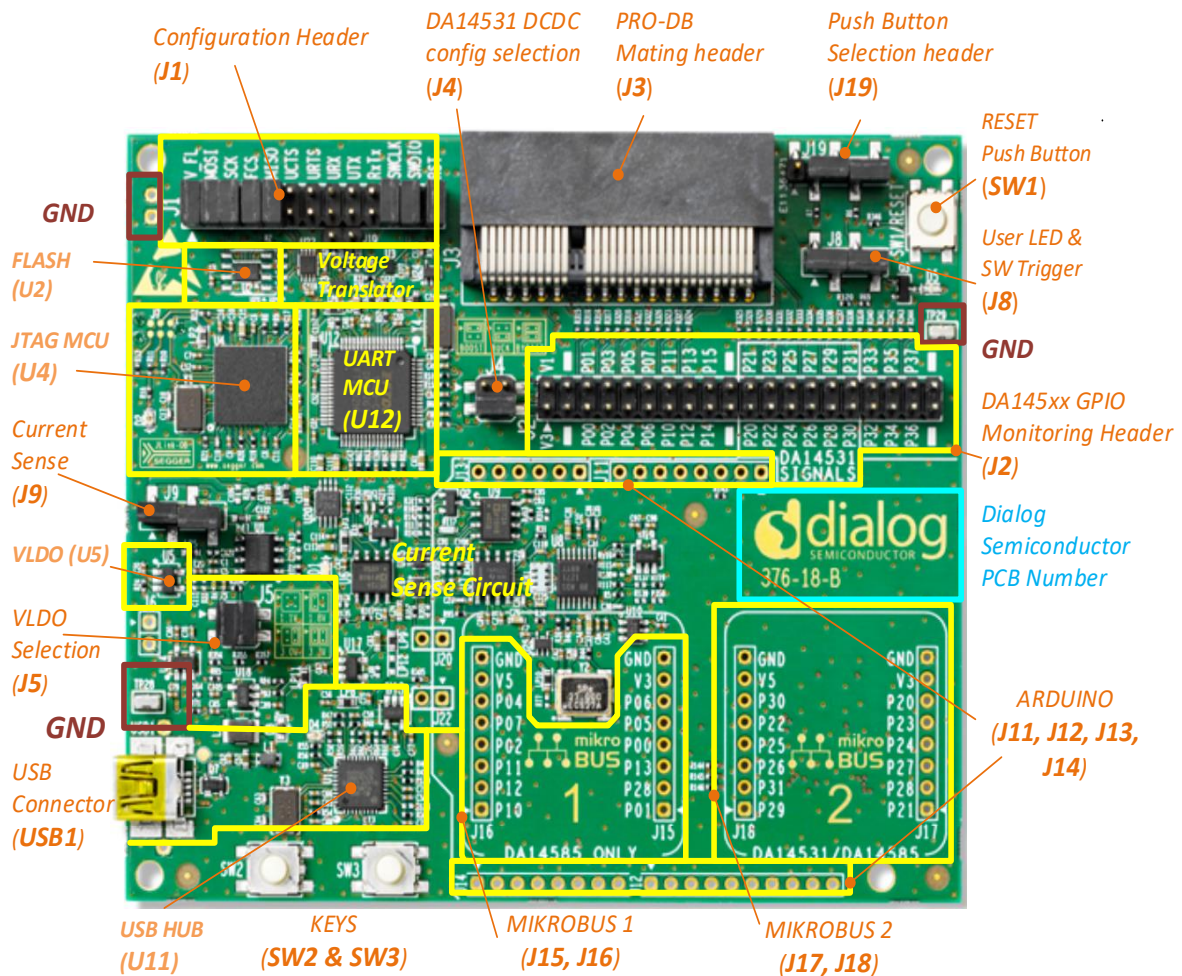


Figure 11: PRO-MB (376-18-x)

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- **USB Hub (U11)**: connects JTAG and UART interfaces to the PC.
- **USB to UART (U12)**: provides communication between DA14531 UART port and PC. It also transfers the current measurement samples to the PC.
- **USB to JTAG (U4)**: provides communication between DA14531 JTAG and PC.
- **USB Connector (USB1)**: mini-USB connector for power supply and data interfacing to the PC.
- **Configuration Header (J1)**: wiring of the available peripherals to the DA14531 pins is done with the help of jumpers on J1 (for default configurations) or with jumper wires from J1 to J2 when custom pin assignments of the peripherals to DA14531 pins are desired.
- **DCDC Configuration (J4)**: selects either Boost, Buck, or Bypass mode for DA14531.
- **PRO-DB Mating Header (J3)**: a connector that accepts the DA145xx PRO-DB board.
- **Push Button Selection Header (J19)**: configures the assignment of onboard push buttons to certain DA14531 pins.
- **Reset Push Button (SW1)**: push button used to reset DA14531.
- **User LED and C-Trig (J8)**: enables the use of the onboard LED (D5) and the software cursor, see Section [5.3.6](#)
- **GPIO Monitoring Header (J2)**: exposes all the pins of the PRO-DB to allow wiring for custom configurations as well as monitoring of the hardware signals.
- **ARDUINO**: socket for plugging in an Arduino board. It consists of J11, J12, J13, and J14. It is multiplexed with mikroBUS (to be used with DA14531-FCGQFN24).
- **MikroBUS1 (J15 and J16)**: the first socket for plugging a mikroBUS click.
- **MikroBUS2 (J17 and J18)**: the second socket for plugging a mikroBUS click.
- **Push Buttons (SW2 and SW3)**: general use push buttons.
- **VLDO Selection (J5)**: selects the output voltage generated for the PRO-DB board (1.1 V, 1.8 V, 3.0 V, or 3.3 V)
- **Current Sense Circuit**: monitors the current of PRO-DB. It is described in Section [8.1](#).
- **Current Sense (J9)**: enables the current sense circuit (jumpers mounted by default). Also, it allows the simultaneous connection of an external current measurement instrument to measure and profile the current consumption of D14531.
- **RxTx Single Wire UART (J10)**: Generates RxTx single wire UART by shorting UTX and URX through a 1 K Ω resistor. Jumpers must be applied from J10.1 to J11.15 and from J10.2 to J15.17.
- **J6**: manual enable of USB hub voltage regulator. Not in use by default.
- **J20**: monitoring current sense circuit. Not mounted. No functional use.
- **J22**: it can provide 6.0 V to PRO-DB. Not mounted. No functional use.

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

4.2.1 USB HUB (U11)

The USB HUB of DA14531 PRO-MB is implemented by U11, USB2512B. This chip is supplied with 3.3 V from U13.

The signal PWR_ENABLE is generated from U11 and it is an active high signal. It enables the power components (LDOs and DCDC converter) for UART, JTAG, and the current sensing circuit. The system will power up only after the USB HUB has been enumerated properly.

Its operation is indicated via the green LED D4 on DA14531 PRO-MB. A 24 MHz crystal (Y3) is required for the chip operation.

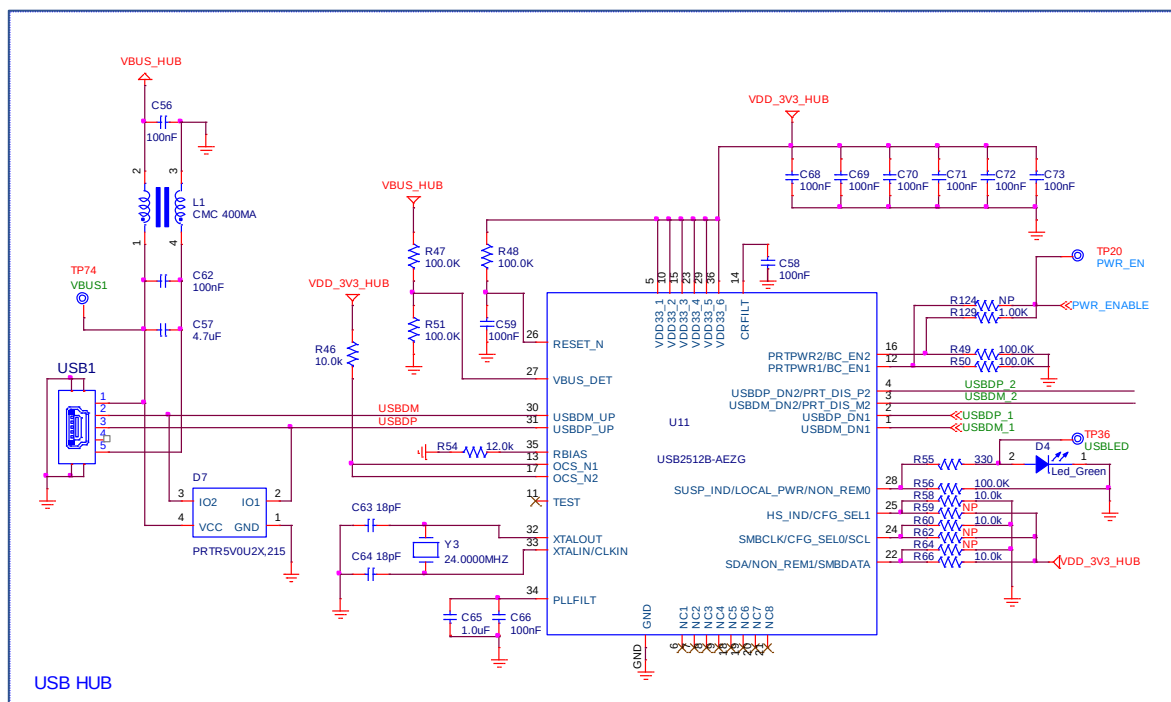


Figure 12: USB HUB Circuitry of DA14531 PRO-MB

4.2.2 USB to UART (U12)

The USB to UART function is implemented by U12, FT2232HL. This chip is supplied with 3.3 V from U14. A 12 MHz crystal (Y4) is required for the chip operation.

Functions served by U12 are the following:

- Connecting a PC to the UART port of DA14531 SoC
- Connecting a PC to the current sensing circuitry:
 - SPI connection with ADC (U8)
 - Software cursor triggering (C_TRIG)
- Reset the capability of the DA14531 SoC through the T_RESET signal (not enabled)

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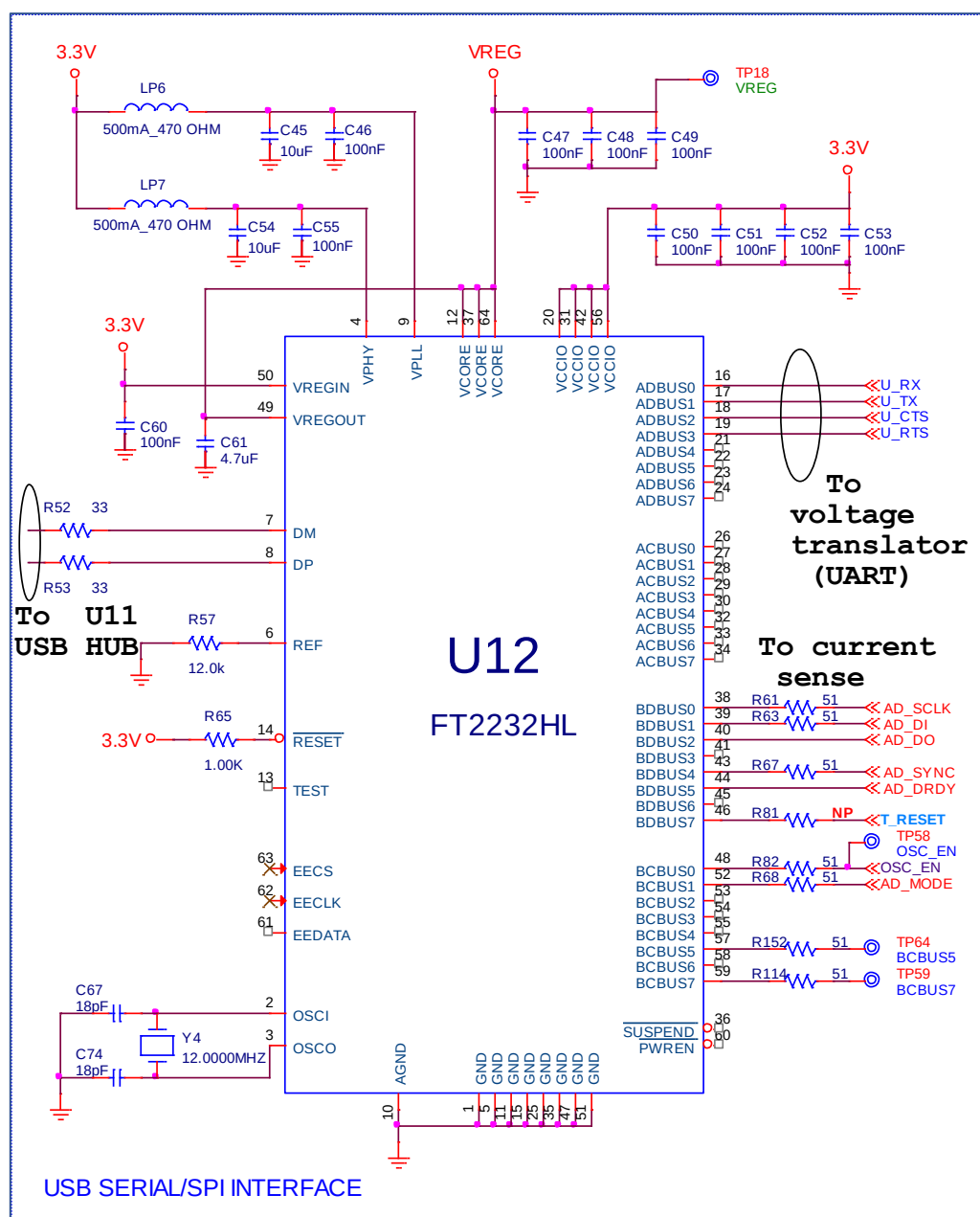


Figure 13: USB to UART (U12)

4.2.3 USB to JTAG (U4)

The USB to JTAG function is implemented by U4, SAM3U2CA. On the ROM of U4, software from SEGGER is loaded. Its operation is indicated via the green LED D2 on the DA14531 PRO-MB. This chip is supplied with 3.3 V from U14. U14 is enabled by the PWR_ENABLE signal.

Functions served by U4 include:

- Connecting a PC to the JTAG port of DA14531 SoC
- Reset the capability of the DA14531 SoC through the T_RESET signal

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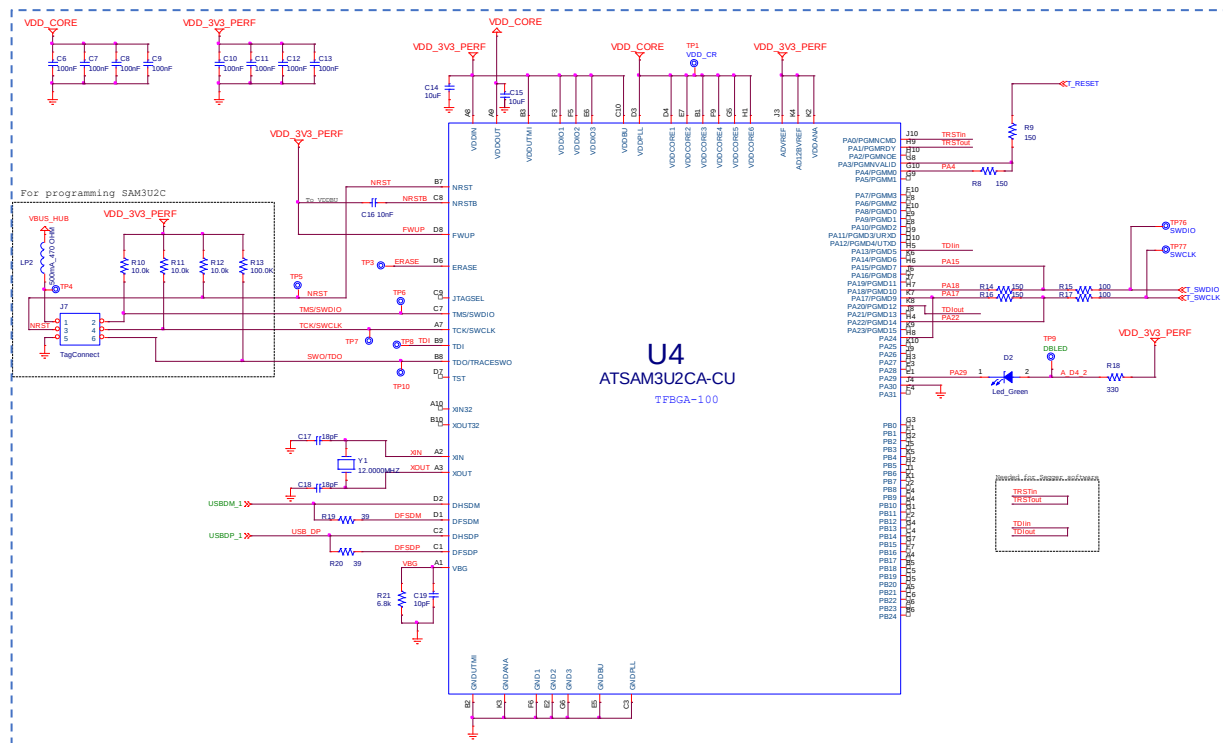


Figure 14: USB to JTAG (U4)

4.2.4 Voltage Translator

- Voltage translation is applied to the UART and JTAG signals. The voltage translation is from 3.3 V to V_{DDIO} and vice versa.
- V_{DDIO} is generated from U1A, where V₃ (V_{BAT_HIGH}) is used as a reference. Consequently, there is no additional power consumption on the power circuitry of DA14531 PRO-MB due to voltage translation.

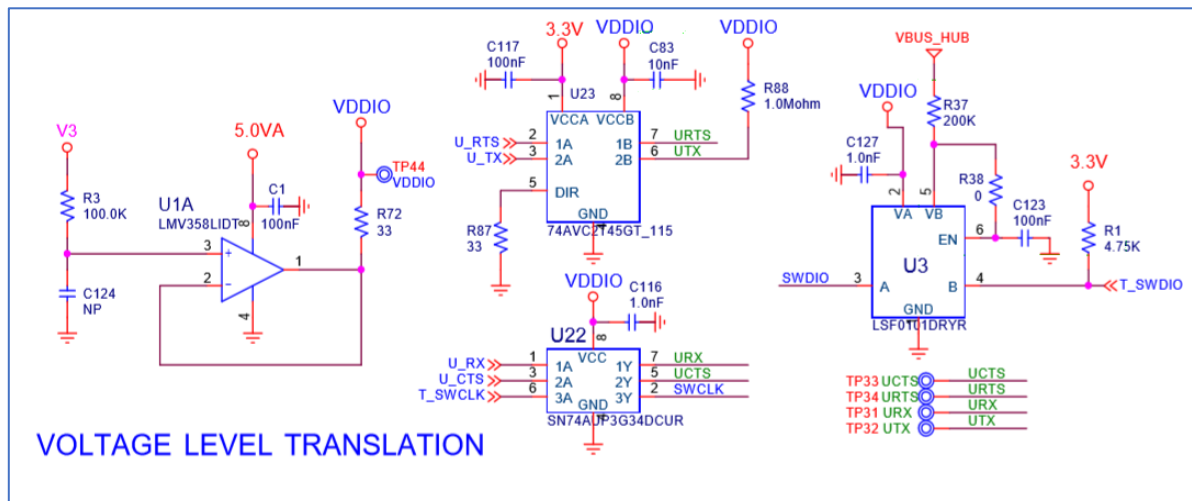


Figure 15: Voltage Translator Circuitry of DA14531 PRO-MB

4.2.5 Power Section

- The DA14531 SoC in the DA14531 PRO-MB is supplied from the VLDO voltage rail generated from U5, LDO.
- VLDO can be set to four different voltage levels. This is arranged by J5 settings.
- Generated power flows through the current sensing circuitry to the DA14531 PRO-DB power supply pins:
 - V1 is connected to V_{BAT_LOW}
 - V3 is connected to V_{BAT_HIGH}
- By applying proper jumpers on header J4, users can enable buck, boost, or bypass mode of operation for the DA14531 DCDC converter.
- For power configuration settings, see Section 6.

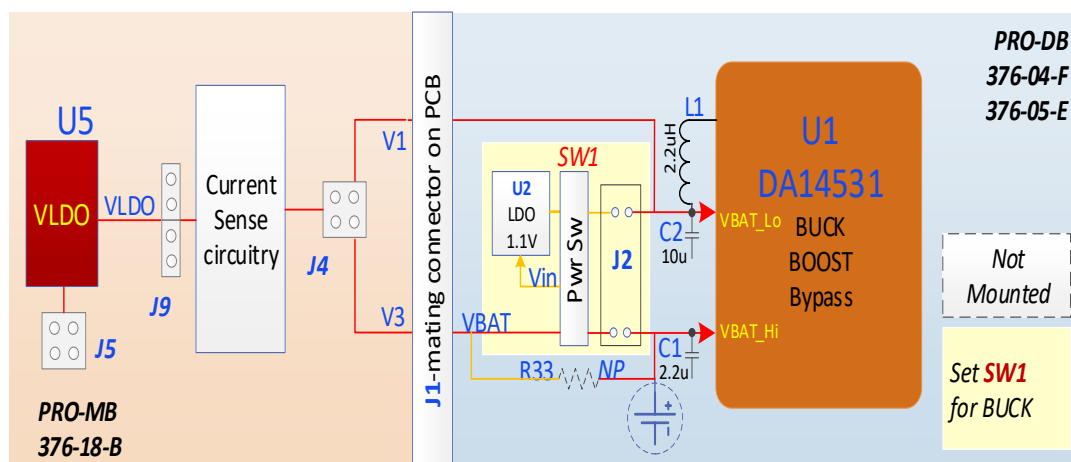


Figure 16: Power Topology for DA14531 PRO-MB and PRO-DB

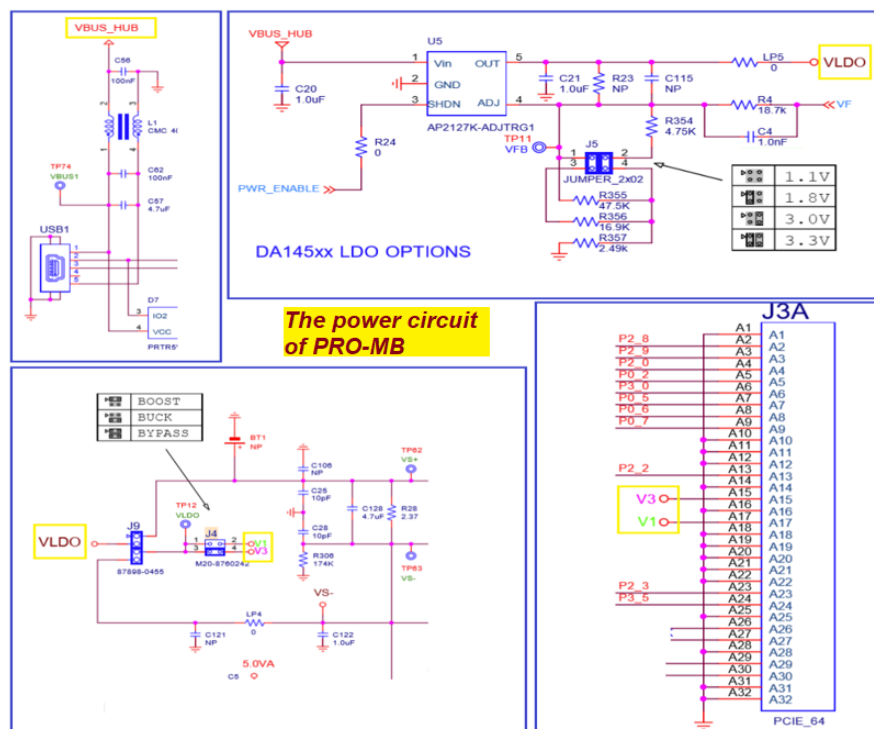


Figure 17: Power Circuit for DA14531 PRO-MB

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5 GPIOs and Pin Assignment and Functions of DA14531 DK PRO

All signals of the DA14531 PRO-DBs are provided to DA14531 PRO-MB. The signal names are specific for the PRO-MB and do not have the same names as the signals of the PRO-DBs. The reason is that the PRO-MB can be used for both the DA14531 SoC and DA1458x family of SoCs, whereas DA14531 SoC has fewer pins than DA1458x SoCs.

Please note that signals of DA14531 SoC (P0_0 to P0_10) are provided to ports 2 and 3 of the PRO-MB (P2_0 to P2_9, P3_0, and P3_1). So, on the breakout header **J2** of the PRO-MB, the pins of DA14531:

- P0_0 to P0_11 are mapped to P2_x, P3_0 and P3_1 for FCGQFN24
- P0_0 to P0_5 are mapped to P2_0 to P2_5 for WLCSP17

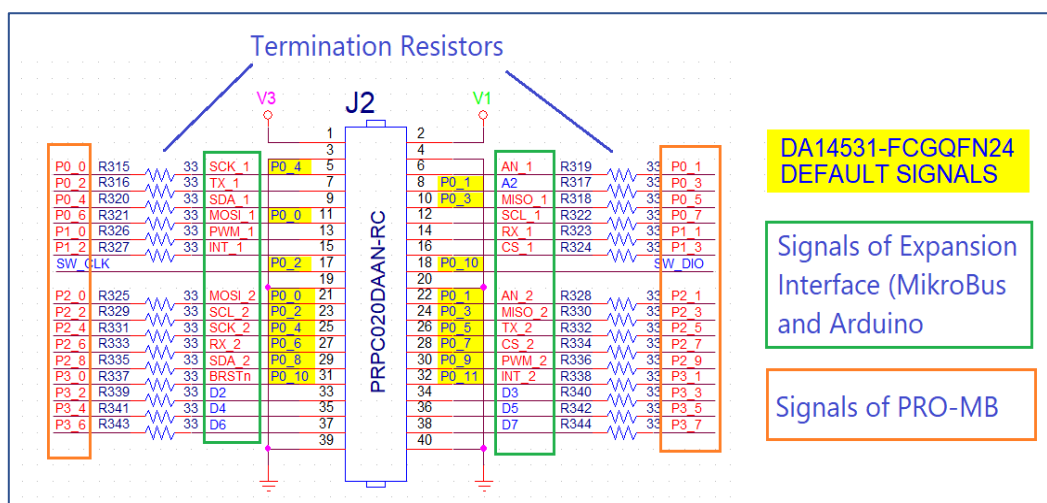


Figure 18: J2, Breakout Header of DA14531 PRO-MB

Due to the low GPIO count, function multiplexing is applied. Every function of the DA14531 DK PRO is practically dependent on the PRO-MB GPIO configuration, as the configuration of the PRO-DB requires soldering and de-soldering of resistors.

The PRO-MB configuration is realized with jumpers or cables. J1 on the PRO-MB is the main configuration header (Figure 19).

PRO-DB configuration is also feasible. See [Appendix D](#).

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Figure 19: J1, Configuration Header on DA14531 PRO-MB

The DA14531 PRO-DB GPIO pin assignment as well as the configuration settings for the GPIOs of the PRO-MB are presented below. The DA14531 DK PRO signals connectivity is depicted in [Table 2](#) where the GPIOs of DA14531 PRO-DB are mapped to the breakout header (J2) and the configuration header (J1) of PRO-MB.

[Table 2](#) also presents the available functions for every GPIO of DA14531.

Table 2: PRO-MB to DA14531 Signal Correspondence and Function Multiplexing

PRO_MB Signals	DA14531 PRO-DB Signals		Function 1		Function 2		Function 3	
	J2	FCGQFN24 WLCSP17	Enabled by J1 Settings		mikroBUS & Arduino (MBUS & ARD)		Enabled by Jumpers	
P0_0	P0_4	P0_4	SCK	J1:5-6 (Default)	SCK_1	MBus1/ARD		
P0_1	No available pins from DA14531				AN_1	MBus1/ARD		
P0_2					TX_1	MBus1/ARD		
P0_3	P0_1	P0_1	FCS	J1:7-8 (Default)	A2	ARD		
P0_4	P0_0	P0_0	UTX	J1:17 to J2:21 (cable)	SDA_1	MBus1/ARD		
P0_5	P0_3	P0_3	MISO	J1:9-10 (Default)	MISO_1	MBus1		
			URX	J1:15-16				
P0_6	P0_0	P0_0	MOSI	J1:3-4 (Default)	MOSI_1	MBus1	SW2	J19:1-2
			UCTS	J1:11-12				
P0_7	P0_4	P0_4	URTS	J1:13 to J2:25 (cable)	SCL_1	MBus1/ARD		
SWCLK	P0_2	P0_2	SWCLK	J1:21-22 (Default)				
SWDIO	P0_10	P0_5	SWDIO	J1:23-24 (Default)				
P1_0	P0_9				PWM_1	MBus1/ARD	LED	J8:3-4 (Default)
P1_1	P0_10				RX_1	MBus1/ARD	SW3	J19:4-5
P1_2	No Available pins from DA14531				INT_1	MBus1/ARD		

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PRO_MB Signals	DA14531 PRO-DB		Function 1		Function 2		Function 3	
	Signals							
J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	Enabled by J1 Settings		mikroBUS & Arduino (MBUS & ARD)		Enabled by Jumpers	
P1_3	P0_11				CS_1	MBus1	C- TRIG	J8:1-2 (Default)
P2_0	P0_0	P0_0	RST	J1: 25-26 (Default)	MOSI_2	MBus2		
P2_1	P0_1	P0_1			AN_2	ARD		
P2_2	P0_2	P0_2			SCL_2	MBus2/ARD		
P2_3	P0_3	P0_3			MISO_2	MBus2		
P2_4	P0_4	P0_4			SCK_2	MBus2		
P2_5	P0_5	P0_5	RxTx	J1:19-20	TX_2	MBus2/ARD		
				J10:1 to J1:15				
				J10:2 to J1:17				
P2_6	P0_6				RX_2	MBus2/ARD		
P2_7	P0_7				CS_2	MBus2/ARD		
P2_8	P0_8				SDA_2	MBus2/ARD		
P2_9	P0_9				PWM_2	MBus2		
P3_0	Note1				BRSTn	MBus1,2/ARD		
P3_1	P0_11				INT_2	ARD	SW2	J19:2-3 (Default)
P3_2	No available pins from DA14531				D2	ARD		
P3_3					D3	ARD		
P3_4					D4	ARD		
P3_5					D5	ARD		
P3_6					D6	ARD		
P3_7					D7	ARD		

Note 1 P3_10 is assigned to P0_10 (SWDIO) through the resistor R11 on DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB. R11 is not populated.

5.1 DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB, Default Setup

- The default configuration of DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB is:
 - Reset
 - JTAG and SPI data flash
- Dual UART or full UART are not enabled. To enable UART, see Section 5.3.4
- Crystal 32.768 kHz is not enabled. To enable the crystal 32.768 kHz, see Section F.1
- Resistor matrix for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB (and DA145xx-DEVKT-P PRO-MB signals are shown in E.1
- Note that signals of DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB are renamed on PRO-MB. The reason is that PRO-MB can be used for the PRO-DBs of the DA1458x family

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- For a detailed description of the connection capabilities of DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB circuitry, see [Appendix D](#)

Table 3: DA14531 WLCSP Signals Assignment

DA14531 PRO-DB WLCSP17	PRO-MB			
	Signal Name	J1 & J2 Pin Number	Functions Enabled by Jumpers	
			Function	J1 Pins
P0_0	P2_0	J2:21		
	RST	J1:26	RST	J1: 25-26 (Default)
	P0_6	J2:11	MOSI (Flash)	J1:3-4 (Default)
P0_1	P2_1	J2:22		
	P0_3	J2:8	FCS (Flash)	J1:7-8 (Default)
P0_2	P2_2	J2:23		
	SW_CLK	J1:22	SWCLK	J1:21-22 (Default)
P0_3	P2_3	J2:24		
	P0_5	J2:10	MISO (Flash)	J1:9-10 (Default)
P0_4	P2_4	J2:25		
	P0_0	J2:5	SCK (Flash)	J1:5-6 (Default)
P0_5	P2_5	J2:26		
	SW_DIO	J1:24	SWDIO	J1:23-24 (Default)

5.2 DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB, Default Setup

- The default configuration of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB is:

- Reset
- JTAG
- SPI data flash
- single-wire UART

To enable these functions, apply the appropriate jumpers to the DA14531 PRO-MB

- Dual UART or full UART are not enabled. To enable UART, see Section [5.3.4](#)
- Crystal 32.768 kHz is not enabled. For enabling crystal 32.768 kHz, see Section [F.1](#)
- The resistor matrix for FCGQFN24 PRO-DB and DA145xx-DEVKT-P PRO-MB signals are shown in Section [E.2](#)
- Note that signals of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB are renamed on PRO-MB. The reason is that PRO-MB can be used for the daughterboards of the DA1458x family
- For a detailed description of the connection capabilities of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB circuitry, see [Appendix D](#)

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Table 4: DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB and PRO-MB Signals Assignment (Default)

DA14531 PRO-DB FCGQFN24	PRO-MB						
Signals	Signal Name	J1&J2 Pin Number	Functions Enabled by Jumpers		Multiplexed Functions		
			Function	Jumpers	Function	Interface	Header Pins Numbers
P0_0	P2_0	J2:21			MOSI_2	MBus2	J17:6
	RST	J1:26		J1: 25-26 (Default)			
	P0_6	J2:11	MOSI (Flash)	J1:3-4 (Default)			
P0_1	P2_1	J2:22			AN_2	Arduino	J12:9
	P0_3	J2:8	FCS (Flash)	J1:7-8 (Default)			
P0_2	P2_2	J2:23			SCL_2	MBus2 & Arduino	J18:5
	SW_CLK	J1:22	SWCLK	J1:21-22 (Default)			
P0_3	P2_3	J2:24			MISO_2	MBus2	J17:5
	P0_5	J2:10	MISO (Flash)	J1:9-10 (Default)			
P0_4	P2_4	J2:25			SCK_2	MBus2	J17:4
	P0_0	J2:5	SCK (Flash)	J1:5-6 (Default)			
P0_5	P2_5	J2:26 and J1:20	RxTx	J1: 19-20 J10:1-J1:15 J10:2-J1:17	TX_2	MBus2 & Arduino	J18:4 to J12:4
P0_6	P2_6	J2:27			RX_2	MBus2 & Arduino	J18:3 to J12:5
P0_7	P2_7	J2:28			CS_2	MBus2 & Arduino	J17:3 to J12:6
P0_8	P2_8	J2:29			SDA_2	MBus2 & Arduino	J18:6 to J14:1
P0_9	P2_9	J2:30			PWM_2	MBus2	J18:1
	P1_0	J2_13	LED	J8:3-4 (Default)			
P0_10	SW_DIO	J1:24	SWDIO	J1:23-24 (Default)			
P0_11	P3_1	J2:31	SW2	J19:2-3 (Default)	INT_2	Arduino	J14:2
	P1_3	J2:16	C_TRIG	J8:1-2 (Default)			

5.3 PRO-MB Setup

The PRO-MB provides several debug interfaces and tools that can be used for development.

The DA14531 pin assignment for the available functions is presented in the following sections.

5.3.1 Reset

At power-on and before booting in the chip, reset is active high, and it is assigned to P0_0. After booting, reset assignment and operation are handled by software.

- On a DA14531 PRO-DB, the reset signal provided by the PRO-MB is connected to P0_0 for WLCSP17 and FCGQFN24 through a 1 kΩ resistor
- On the PRO-MB, reset can be enabled either from the JTAG interface (T-RESET) or by pressing the push button SW1

To enable reset on an application, P0_0 must be enabled in both hardware and software.

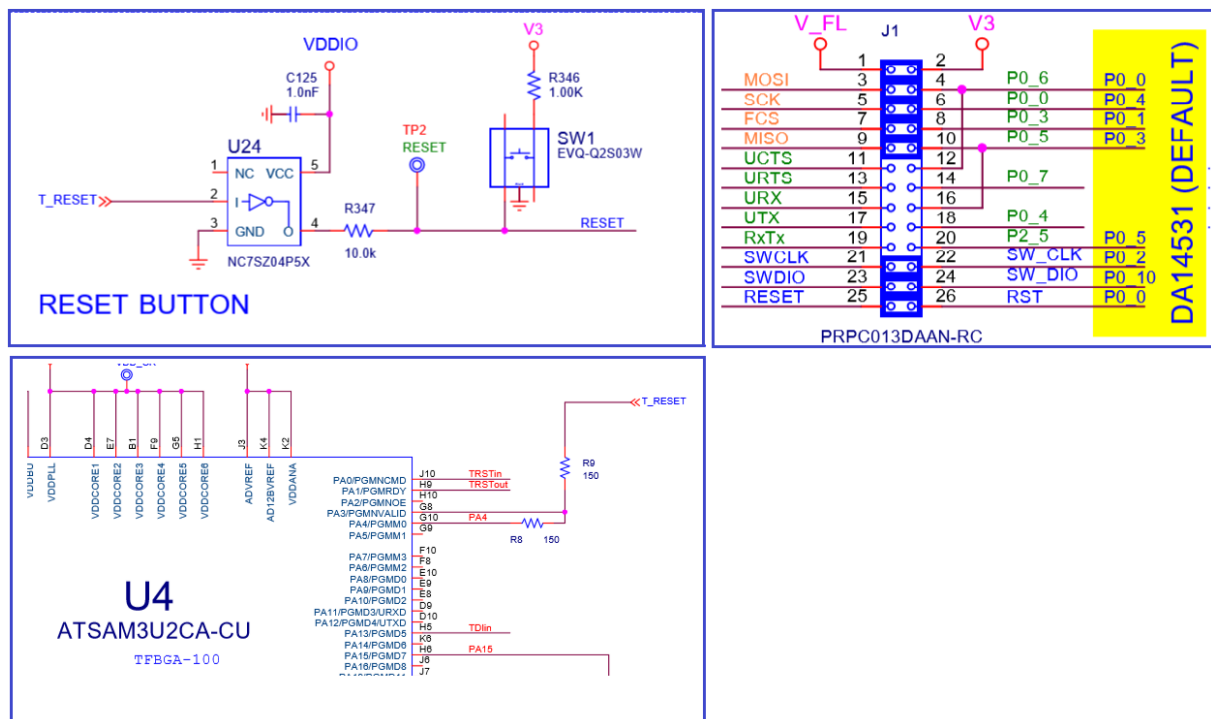


Figure 20: RESET Circuit on DA14531 PRO-MB

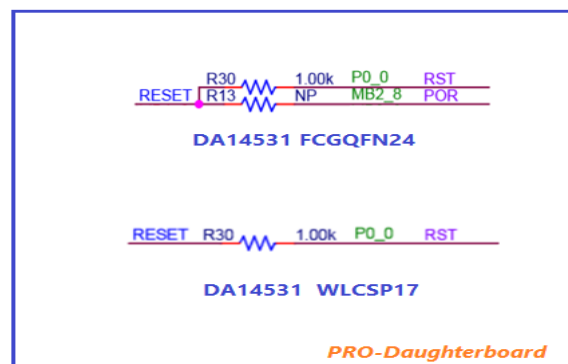


Figure 21: Reset Pin Assignment on PRO-DBs for FCGQFN24 and WLCSP17

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5.3.2 JTAG

JTAG uses the Serial Wire Debug (SWD) protocol and consists of the SWDIO and SWCLK lines. Depending on the package of DA14531, the SWDIO signal is assigned to different pins ([Table 5](#)).

Table 5: Configuration Settings for JTAG In DA14531 DK Pro

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Jumpers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
SW_CLK	J1:21-22 (Default)	SWCLK	P0_2	P0_2	
SW_DIO	J1:23-24 (Default)	SWDIO	P0_10	P0_5	

JTAG signals are also available on DA14531 PRO-DBs on headerJ4 ([Figure 22](#)).

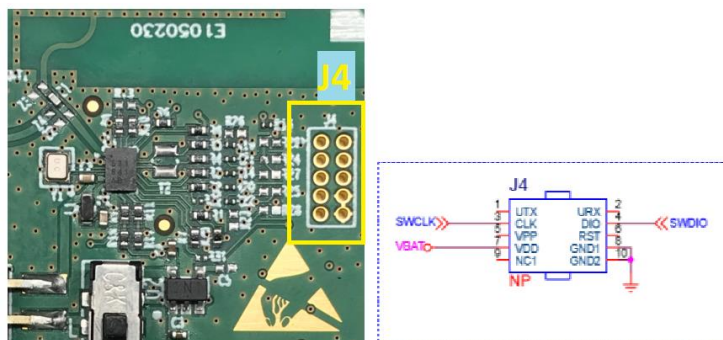


Figure 22: Optional Debug Port

5.3.3 SPI Data Flash (U2)

SPI data flash is enabled by default. The SPI data flash is the MX25R2035 from Macronix (2 Mbit) and is located on DA14531 PRO-MB.

Ext-SPI slave mode is used to connect DA14531 to SPI data flash.

The flash is isolated from the rest of the circuit unless appropriate jumpers are. The configuration for SPI data flash is presented in [Table 6](#).

Table 6: Configuration Settings for SPI Data Flash in DA14531 DK Pro

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Jumpers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
MOSI	J1:3-4 (Default)	P0_6	P0_0	P0_0	
FCS	J1:7-8 (Default)	P0_3	P0_1	P0_1	
MISO	J1:9-10 (Default)	P0_5	P0_3	P0_3	
SCK	J1:5-6 (Default)	P0_0	P0_4	P0_4	
V_FL	J1:1-2 (Default)	V3	VH-	VH-	Flash Voltage. It is supplied with the voltage rail of V _{BAT_HIGH}

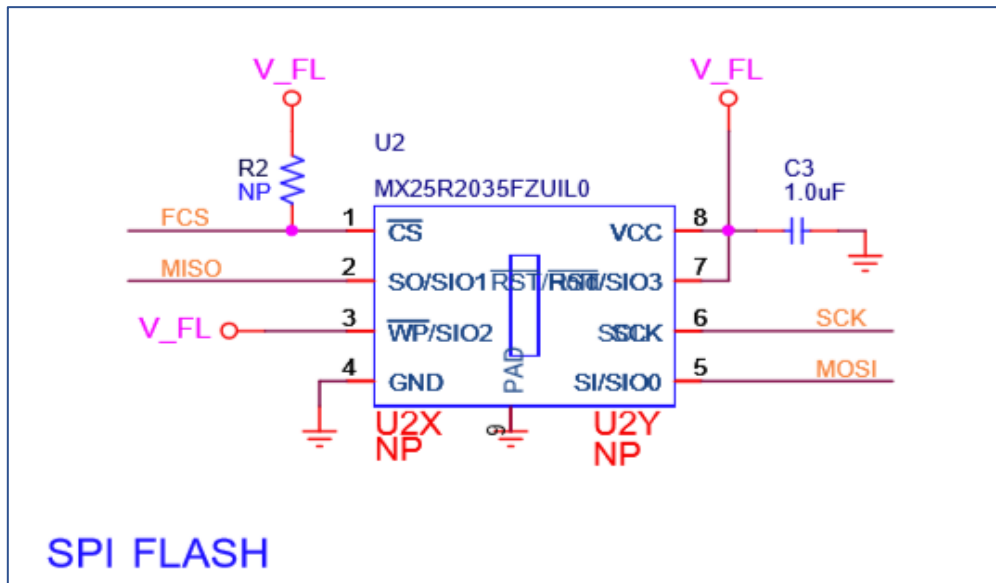


Figure 23: SPI Data Flash Circuit in DA14531 DK Pro

5.3.4 UART

In the DA14531 DK PRO, UART is not enabled by default. Three modes can be used: single-wire UART (Section 5.3.4.1), 2-wire UART (Section 5.3.4.2), or full UART (Section 5.3.4.3). For the 2-wire or full UART, the SPI data flash must be disabled.

Any GPIO pin can be set as UART. In the DA14531 DK PRO, specific pins are used for UART signals (Table 7). Use short cables on DA14531 PRO-MB to bridge J2 pins (P2_0 to P3_1) and pins of J1 (odd pin numbers).

Table 7: UART Signals Assignment in DA14531 DK PRO

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
UTX	2-wire or Full Transmit	P2_0	P0_0	P0_0	Signals reused for SPI Data Flash
URX	2-wire or Full UART Receive	P2_1	P0_1	P0_1	
UCTS	2-wire or Full UART Clear to Send	P2_3	P0_3	P0_3	
URTS	2-wire or Full UART Request To Send	P2_4	P0_4	P0_4	
RxTx	Single wire UART Receive and Transmit	P2_3		P0_3	
		P2_5	P0_5		

5.3.4.1 Single-wire UART

- DA14531-WLCSP17: use P0_3 for single-wire UART. It is supported by SmartSnippet Toolbox. A wire bridge must be used on PRO-MB
- DA14531-FCGQFN24: use P0_5 for single-wire UART. It is supported by SmartSnippet Toolbox. There is no need for a bridge wire (Table 8)

Table 8: Single-wire UART Pin Assignment

Function		Signals		Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB	
Enabled by Jumper/Wire-Bridge		J2	FCGQFN24 WLCSP17	
RxTx	Jumper: J1: 19-20	P2_5	P0_5	No need to disable SPI Data Flash.
	Jumper: J10:1-J1:15			
	Jumper: J10:2-J1:17			
	wire: J1:19 to J2:24	P2_3	P0_3	In order not to conflict with MISO, disable SPI Data Flash. Remove jumpers: J1: 1-2/J1: 3-4/J1:5-6/J1:7-8/J1:9-10
	Jumper: J10:1-J1:15			
	Jumper: J10:2-J1:17			

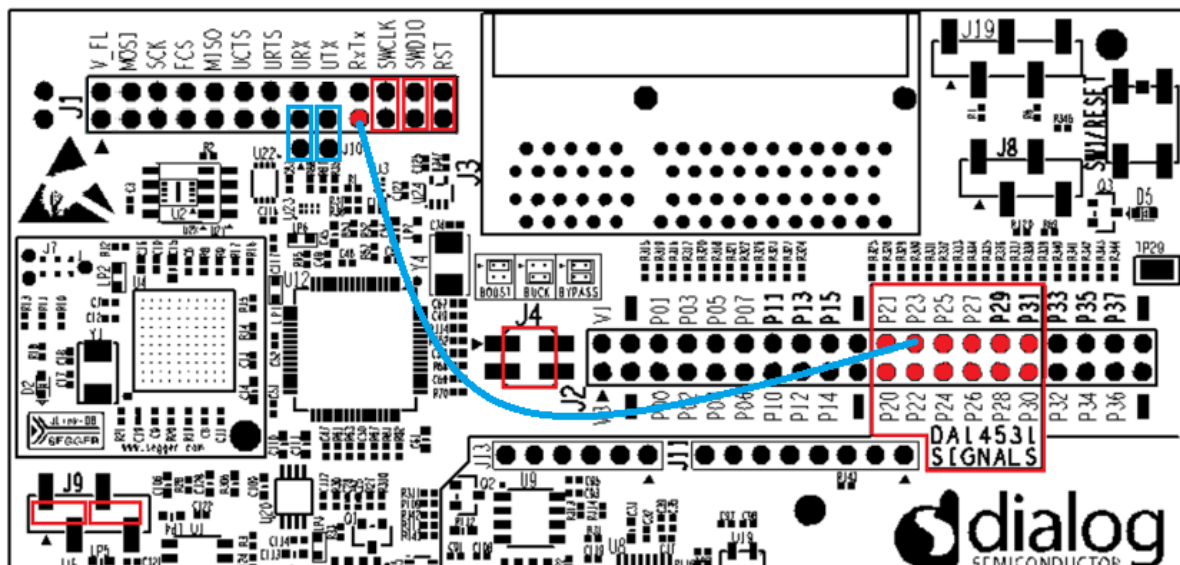


Table 9: 2-wire UART Pin Assignment

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Wire-Bridge		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
UTX	J1:17 to J2:21	P2_0	P0_0	P0_0	
URX	J1:15 to J2:22	P2_1	P0_1	P0_1	

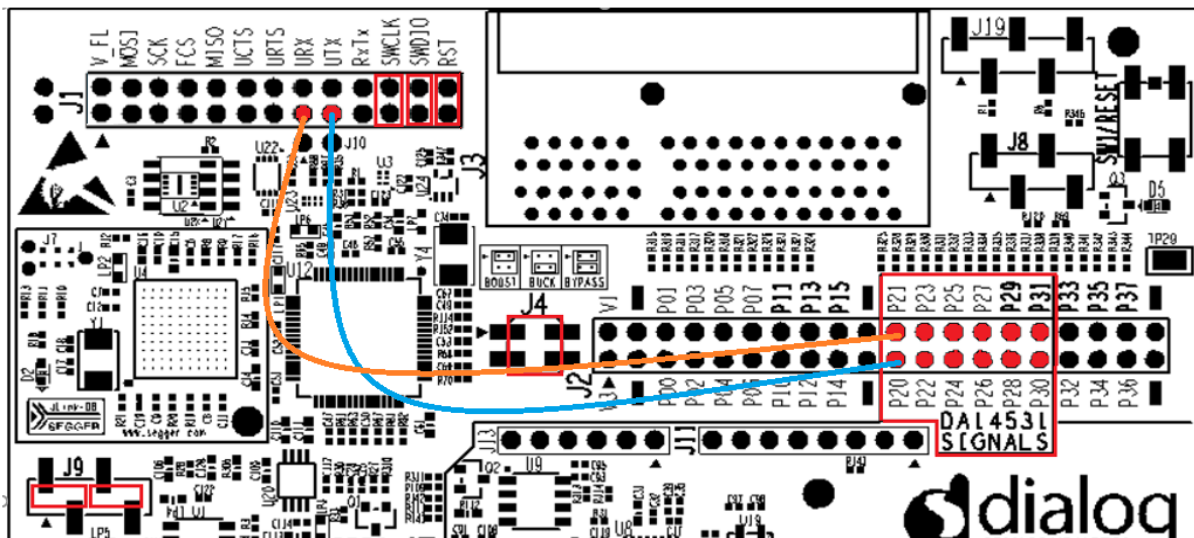


Figure 25: 2-wire UART Connectivity

5.3.4.3 Full UART (4-wire) Configuration

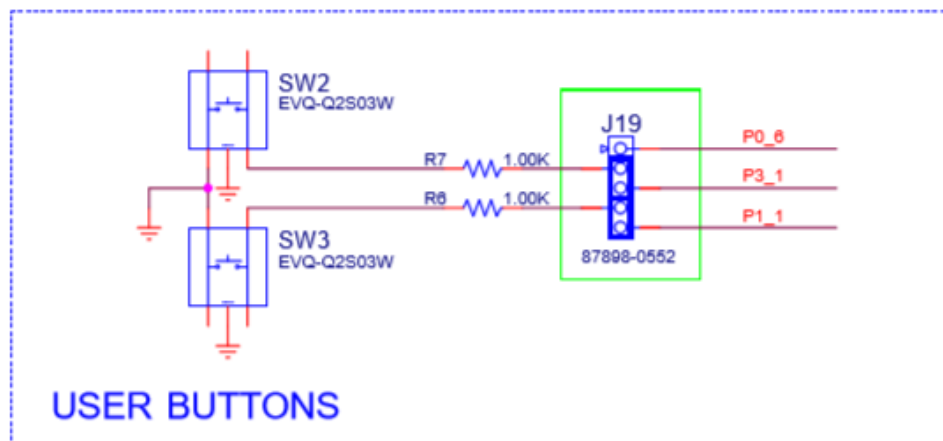
- UTX and URX as well as UCTS and URTS signals are multiplexed with FCS, MISO, MOSI, and SCK of the SPI data bus, respectively
- Four wires are required to connect UART signals to DA14531 PRO-DBs
- Disable SPI data flash by removing jumpers on J1
- JTAG and Reset can be used

Table 10: Full UART Pin Assignment

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Wire-Bridge		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
UTX	J1:17 to J2:21	P2_0	P0_0	P0_0	
URX	J1:15 to J2:22	P2_1	P0_1	P0_1	
UCTS	J1:11 to J2:24	P2_3	P0_3	P0_3	
URTS	J1:13 to J2:25	P2_4	P0_4	P0_4	

5.3.5 Push Buttons

- There are two available push buttons, SW2 and SW3, on DA14531 PRO-MB
- Push buttons are available mainly for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB
- SW3 is connected to the SWDIO signal (P0_10 for DA14531 FCGQFN24). Users must enable SW3 on the software
- SW2 is assigned to P0_11 of DA14531 FCGQFN24 (P3_1 of PRO-MB)



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Table 11: Configuration Settings for Push Buttons

Function		PRO-MB	Signals		Comments
			DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Jumpers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
SW2	J19:1-2	P0_6	P0_0	P0_0	Reused in Flash, Reset, UART, and mikroBUS. Before enabling the signal, ensure that there is no conflict on system operation.
	J19:2-3 (Default)	P3_1	P0_11		
SW3	J19:4-5	P1_1	P0_10		P0_10 is not available on DA14531 for this function.

5.3.6 User LED (D5) and C-Trig (Software Cursor)

The user LED (D5) and the software cursor trigger (C-trig) are available only for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB. The user LED is enabled by default and it is driven from P0_9 of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB (P1_0 of PRO_MB). The C-Trig is used by the power profiler of SmartSnippet Toolbox to enable the software cursor. It is connected to P0_11 of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB through a 1 kΩ resistor.

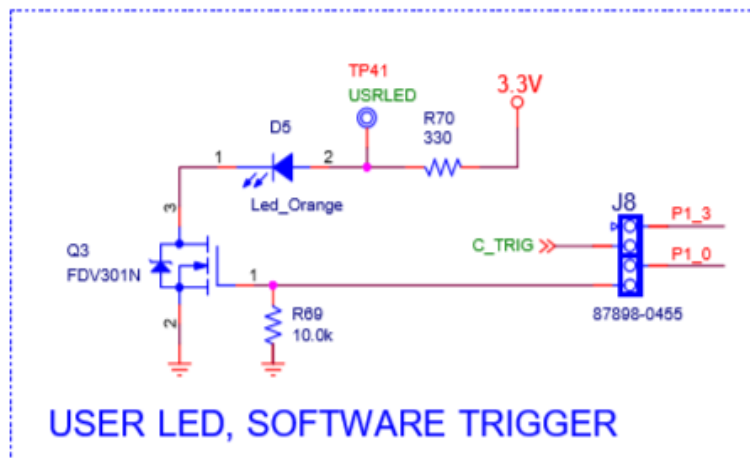


Figure 28: User LED and Software Trigger Circuit and Jumpers

Table 12: Configuration Settings for Miscellaneous Peripherals

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Enabled by Jumpers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
LED	J8:3-4 (Default)	P1_0	P0_9	NA	
C_TRIG	J8:1-2 (Default)	P1_3	P0_11	NA	Also assigned to SW2.

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					In order not to disturb C-TRIG operation, remove the jumper from J18:2-3.
--	--	--	--	--	---

5.3.7 mikroBUS 2 Interface

- mikroBUS 2 is used for DA14531 PRO-DB
- Two female headers (8 position 0.100", through-hole, socket type) must be mounted on J17 and J18
- DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB is suitable for mikroBUS operation due to its available pins
- SPI data bus is shared with SPI data flash or UART

Table 13: mikroBUS 2 Signals

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Available on Headers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
MOSI_2	J17:5	P2_0	P0_0	P0_0	Also used from SPI Data Flash or UART.
SCL_2	J18:5	P2_2	P0_2	P0_2	
MISO_2	J17:6	P2_3	P0_3	P0_3	
SCK_2	J17:4	P2_4	P0_4	P0_4	
TX_2	J18:4	P2_5	P0_5	P0_5	Used for SWDIO of WLCSP17. Used for single-wire UART of FCGQFN24.
RX_2	J18:3	P2_6	P0_6		
CS_2	J17:3	P2_7	P0_7		
SDA_2	J18:6	P2_8	P0_8		
PWM_2	J18:1	P2_9	P0_9		
BRSTn	J17:2	P3_0			It is not enabled. BRSTn can be connected to P0_10 (SWDIO) by mounting R11 on FCGQFN24 PRO-DB.
V3	J17:7		V _{BAT_HIGH}		The same voltage rail applied to the V _{BAT_HIGH} pin of DA14531 SoC.
V5	J18:7				The voltage provided from the USB port, V _{BUS_HUB} = 5 V through R305.

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

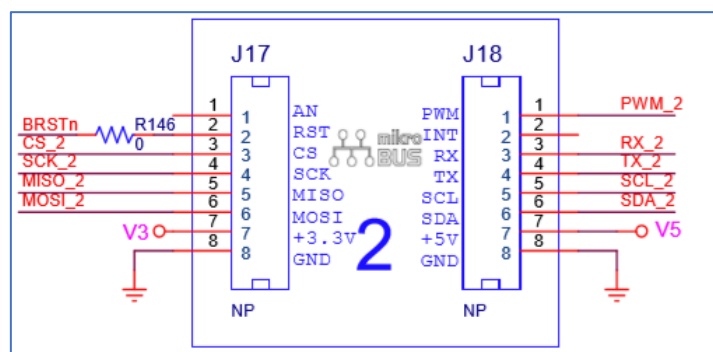


Figure 29: MikroBus 2 Circuit

5.3.8 Arduino Interface

Four female headers (0.100", through-hole, socket type) must be mounted on J11, J12, J13, and J14.

Table 14: Arduino Signals

Function		Signals			Comments
		PRO-MB	DA14531 PRO-DB		
Available on Headers		J2	FCGQFN24	WLCSP17	
SCK_1	J13:4	P0_0	P0_4	P0_4	Multiplexed with SPI, UART, and other Arduino Interface signals.
A2	J13:3	P0_3	P0_1	P0_1	
SDA_1	J12:1	P0_4	P0_0	P0_0	
SCL_1	J12:2	P0_7	P0_4	P0_4	
PWM_1	J12:3	P1_0	P0_9		Multiplexed with User LED. Can remove J8:3-4.
RX_1	J13:6	P1_1	P0_10		Multiplexed with SWDIO of DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB. It must be enabled in the software.
AN_2	J12:9	P2_1	P0_1	P0_1	Multiplexed with SPI, UART, and other Arduino Interface signals.
SCL_2	J12:10	P2_2	P0_2	P0_2	
TX_2	J12:4	P2_5	P0_5	P0_5	Used for SWDIO of WLCSP17. Used for single-wire UART of FCGQFN24.
RX_2	J12:5	P2_6	P0_6		
CS_2	J12:6	P2_7	P0_7		
SDA_2	J14:1	P2_8	P0_8		
BRSTn	J11:3	P3_0			It is not enabled.
INT_2	J14-2	P3_1	P0_11		
V3	J11:4		V _{BAT_HIGH}		The same voltage rail applied to the V _{BAT_HIGH} pin of DA14531 SoC.
V5	J11:5				VBUS_HUB voltage provided from the USB port.

6 How to Configure the Power of DA14531 DK PRO

On DA14531 DK PRO, users can:

- Set DA14531 SoC on Buck, Boost, or Bypass mode (applied to J4 on PRO-MB), [Table 15](#)
- Provide four different voltage rails to DA14531 SoC, that is, 1.1 V, 1.8 V, 3.0 V, and 3.3 V (default) (applied on J5 on PRO-MB), [Table 15](#)

Jumper settings of J9 enable the current sensing circuit, [Table 16](#). Jumpers are applied by default.

On DA14531 PRO DBs (WLCSP17 and FCGQFN24), users must set SW1 to buck position permanently. The power circuit consisting of U2 and SW1 on PRO-DBs is not needed.

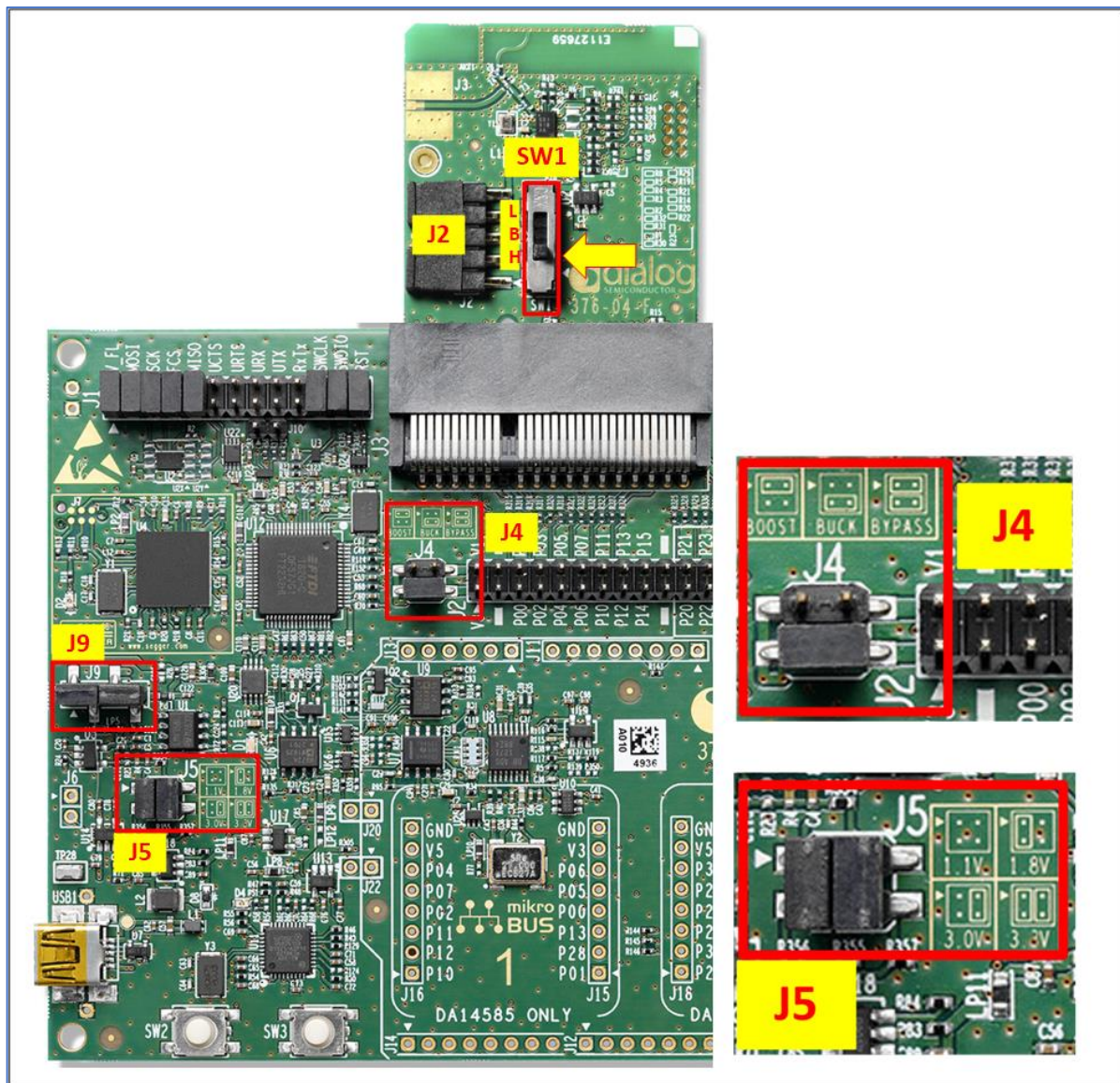


Figure 30: DA14531 PRO-DB Configuration and DA14531 PRO-MB Jumpers

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Table 15: DA14531 DCDC Configuration and Input Voltage

Board	Configuration	Setting	Comments
PRO-MB		J9:1-2 J9:3-4	Enabling the current sensing circuit of PRO-MB
	1.1 V	J5: no jumper	Voltage levels of V_{LDO} V_{LDO} generates V1 and V3
	1.8 V	J5: 1-3	
	3.0 V	J5: 2-4	
	3.3 V (Default)	J5: 1-3 J5: 2-4	
	Boost	J4:1-2	V_{BAT_LOW} supplied by V1, enabling Boost mode
	Buck (Default)	J4:3-4	V_{BAT_HIGH} supplied by V3, enabling Buck mode
	Bypass	J4:1-2 J4:3-4	V_{BAT_HIGH} and V_{BAT_LOW} are supplied from V3 and V1, respectively, enabling bypass mode
DA14531 PRO-DB		J1:1-2 J1:4-5	Jumpers applied
	Buck Mode	SW1: H	

Table 16: Jumper Settings for J9

Jumper on J9	Function	Comments
J9: 1-2 J9: 3-4	V_{LDO} supplies PRO-DB Current sensing circuit enabled	See Figure 16
J9:2-3	V_{LDO} supplies PRO-DB Current sensing circuit is bypassed	See Figure 16
J9: 3-4	BT1 supplies PRO-DB Current sensing circuit enabled	BT1 must be mounted See Figure 16

Example

To provide 3.0 V in buck mode, proceed with the following actions:

1. On DA14531 PRO-MB, apply jumpers to J5:2-4 and J4:3-4.
2. On DA14531 PRO-DB, set SW1 to the H position (buck mode) and apply jumpers to J2:1-2 and J2:4-5.

NOTE

Loss of communication between PC and DA14531 DK PRO may occur when the power configuration for DA14531 DK PRO is changed. If it happens, power cycle the DA4531 DK PRO.

6.1 Battery Operation

On DA14531 DK PRO, the DA14531 system can be supplied from a 3 V coin cell battery, type CR2032.

A coin cell battery can be applied to either a PRO-MB or a DA14531 PRO-DB.

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When the battery is mounted, the power source from PRO-MB must be removed.

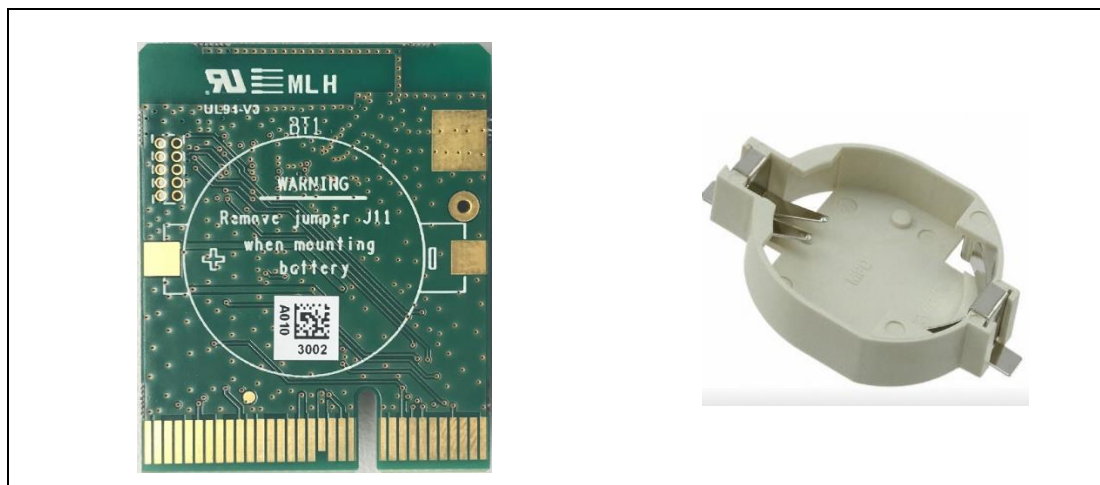


Figure 31: BT1 Position (Left). Battery Holder, BC2032-F1, to Be Soldered (Right)

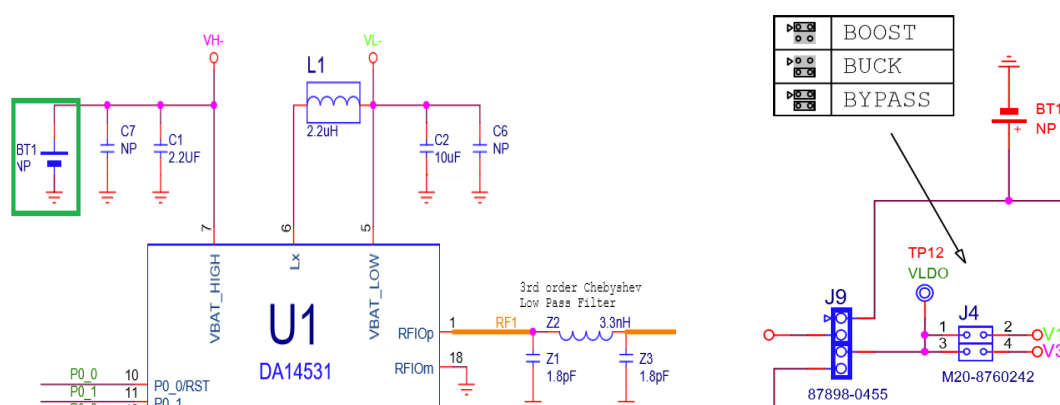


Figure 32: DA14531 PRO-DB Schematic (Left). DA14531 PRO-MB, Header J4 Settings (Right)

6.1.1 Enabling Coin Cell Battery on DA14531 PRO-DB

To enable a coin cell battery on DA14531 PRO-DB, before powering on the DA14531 DK PRO, make the following changes:

- On DA14531 PRO-DB:
 - Solder the battery socket on the solder side (BT1) by using BC2032-F1 (see [Figure 31](#))
 - Insert a CR2032 coin cell battery
- On PRO-MB (see [Figure 32](#), right)
 - Remove all jumpers from J4
 - Ensure that no battery is inserted in BT1

6.1.2 Enabling Coin Cell Battery on PRO-MB

To enable a coin cell battery on DA14531 PRO-MB, before powering on the DA14531 DK PRO, make the following changes:

- On DA14531 PRO-DB: ensure that no battery is inserted in BT1 (see [Figure 31](#))
- On PRO-MB (see [Figure 32](#), right):
 - Remove the jumper on J9:1-2 and apply a jumper on J9:3-4

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- Solder the battery socket on the solder side (BT1) by using BU2032SM-BT-GTR (see Figure 33)
- Insert a CR2032 coin cell battery

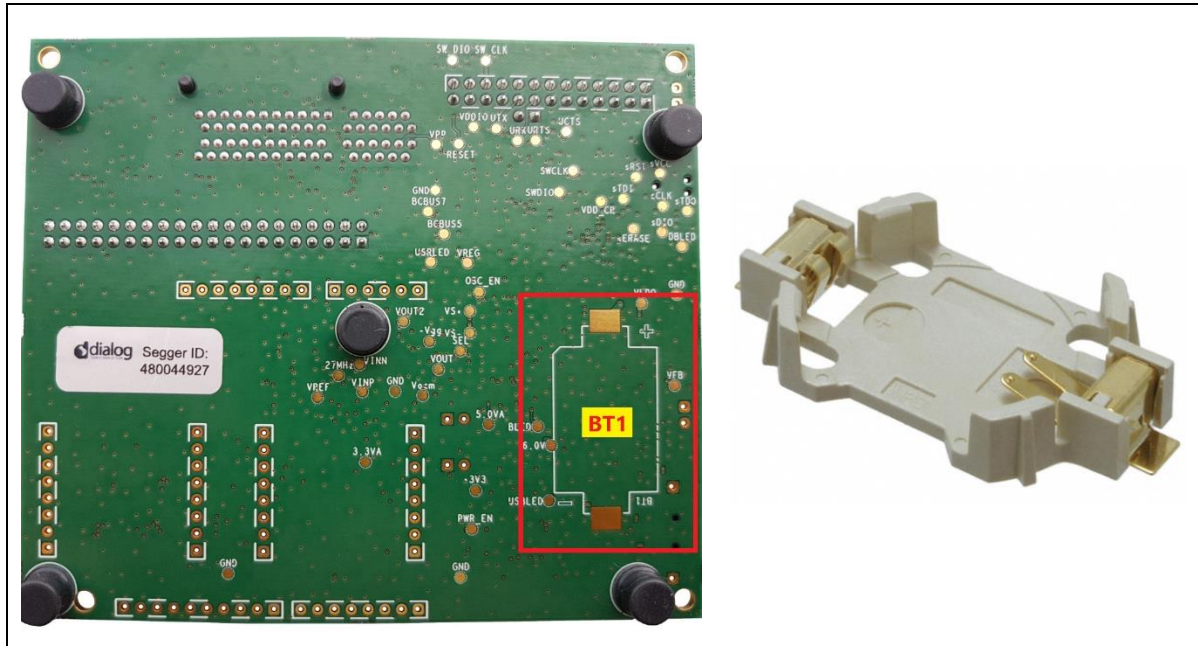


Figure 33: BT1 Position on PRO-MB (Left). Battery Holder, BU2032SM-BT-GTR, to Be Soldered (Right)

7 First Steps with DA14531 DK PRO

The DA14531 DK PRO comes in with a pre-defined default configuration. However, due to the low GPIO pin count, several functions are multiplexed and can be enabled as needed via jumpers. In the default configuration, the DA14531 DK PRO supports the following functions:

- DA14531-FCGQFN24: reset, JTAG, and SPI data flash. Single-wire UART is also supported with proper jumper settings.
- DA14531-WLCSP17: reset, JTAG and SPI data flash

In the following sections, the supported features are detailed for each daughterboard.

7.1 Configuration of DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

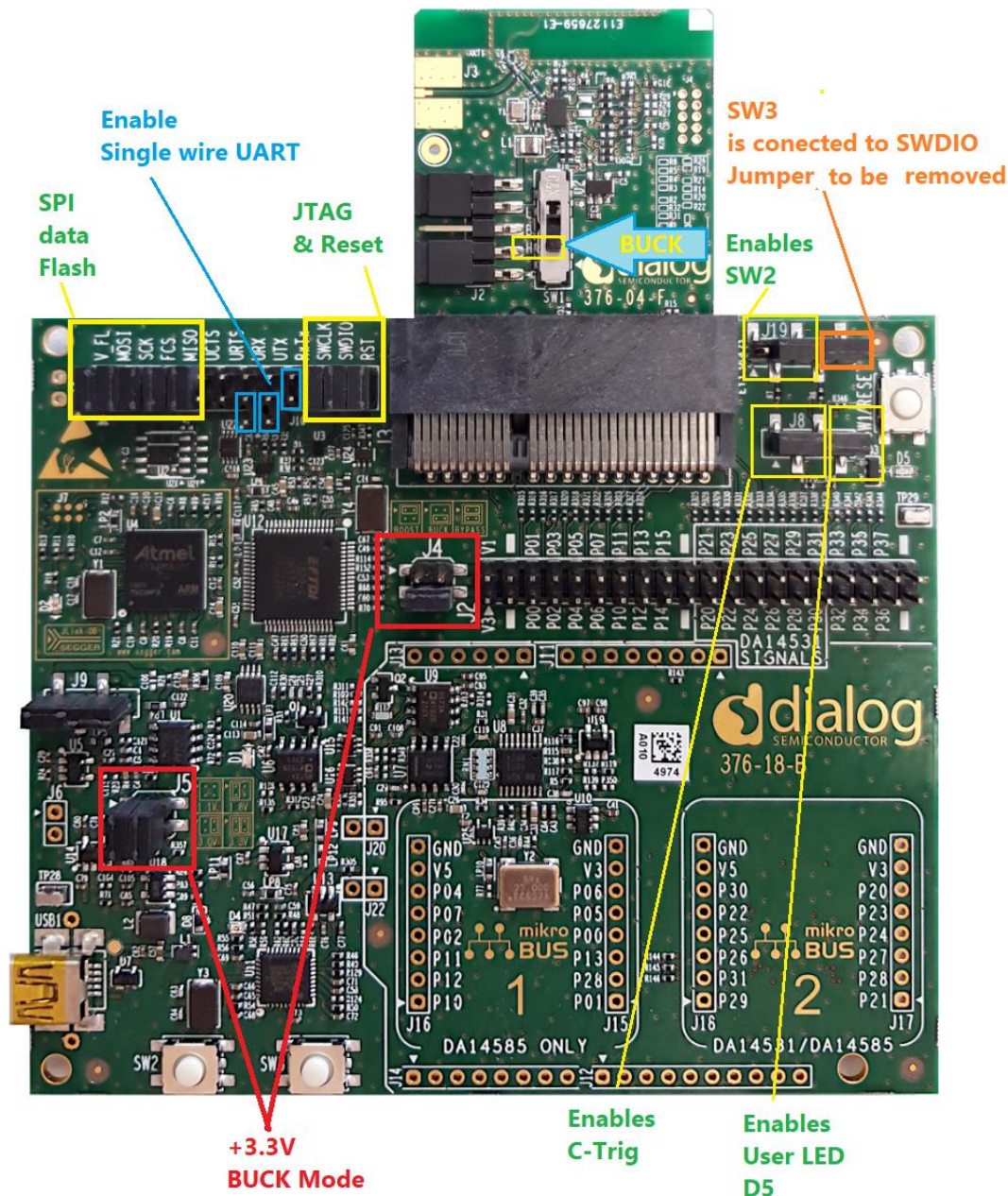


Figure 34: Default Setup of the DA14531 DK PRO with DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

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In the DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB, the push button SW1 **must be placed** in the H position for BUCK mode ([Figure 34](#)).

The DA14531 PRO-MB is delivered in a default configuration ([Figure 34](#)) which:

- Enables the on-board SPI data flash
- Enables the JTAG (SWD) debugging interface
- Enables single-wire UART by adding jumpers on J10:1 to J11:15 and J10:2 to J15:17 (marked by blue)
- Enables the user push button SW2 and user LED D5
- Connects SW3 to SWDIO (JTAG interface) by removing the jumper
- Enables C-Trig. Please note that it is connected to the signal (P0_11) which drives SW2. If both functionalities are required, assign one of the two functions to a free GPIO and wire accordingly.
- Allows the DA14531 to be reset (over JTAG or by using the SW1 push button)
- Sets DA14531 DCDC converter to Buck mode to provide 3.3 V
- Enables the current sensing circuit

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7.2 Configuration of DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB

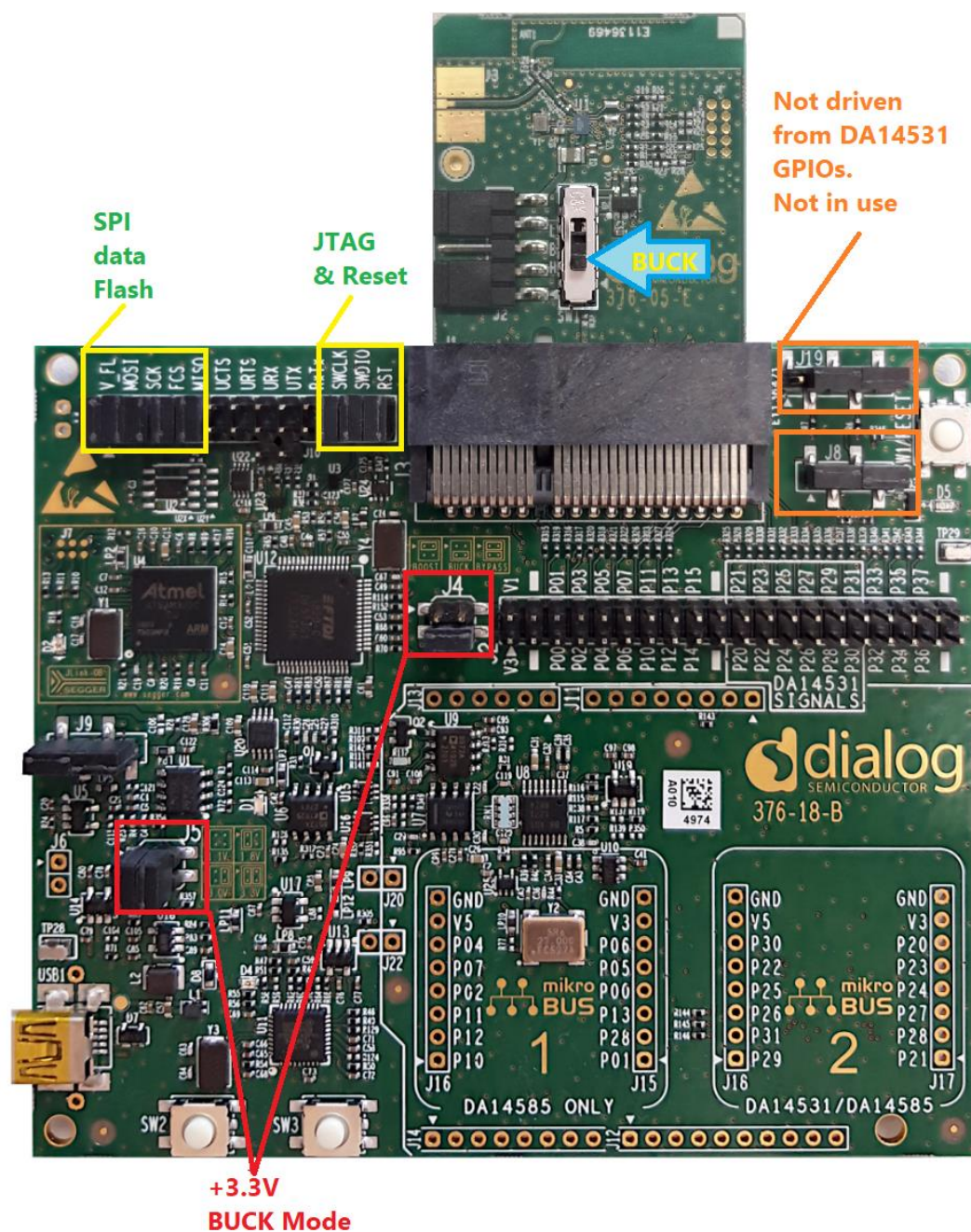


Figure 35: Default Setup of the DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB

In the DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB, the push button SW1 **must be placed** in the H position for BUCK mode (Figure 35).

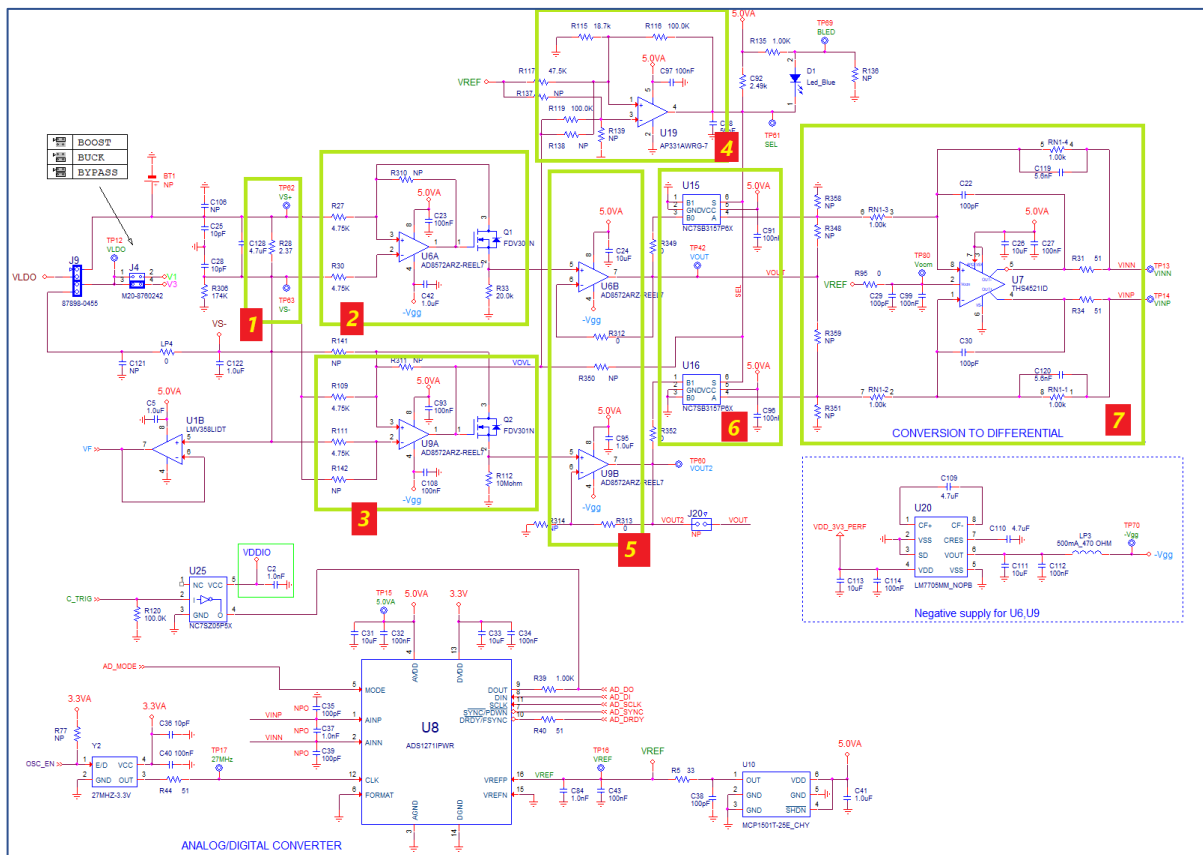
The DA14531 PRO-MB is delivered in a default configuration (Figure 35) which:

- Enables the on-board SPI data flash
- Enables the JTAG (SWD) debugging interface
- Allows the DA14531 to be reset (over JTAG or by using the SW1 push button)
- Sets DA14531 DCDC converter to Buck mode to provide 3.3 V

- Enables the current sensing circuit

Current drawn from the DA14531 PRO-DB can be measured with good accuracy by using the current sensing circuit and the power profiler of SmartSnippets Toolbox.

8.1 Current Measurement Circuit of PRO-MB



The current measurement circuit is a section of the PRO-MB. The input to the circuit is the voltage across the sense resistor (R28). The output is the differential pair VINP, VINN which are connected to the inputs of the A/D converter.

- Sense resistor R28 (2.37 Ω)
- High-scale C/V converter (Gain: 9.98 V/mA)
- Low-scale C/V converter (Gain: 4989 V/mA)
- High/Low comparator: switches to high scale above $\sim 300 \mu\text{A}$ and back to the low scale below $\sim 250 \mu\text{A}$ (with hysteresis)
- Voltage buffers. The V_{SS} pin gets a -228 mV rail to allow the output to reach true zero
- Analog multiplexers: the low scale output is presented to the A/D converter with a negative polarity

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- Single-ended to differential converter: it converts the ground-referenced input to a differential pair aligned with the mid-scale reference voltage ($V_{REF} = 2.5\text{ V}$) and a gain of ± 0.5

The differential amplifier outputs are connected to the ADC input. The digitally converted current samples are sent to the PC through the UART-to-USB IC (U12). Finally, the measured current is presented to the PC converter and displayed in the power profiler of SmartSnippet Toolbox.



Figure 37: Current Measurement Presented in Power Profiler of SmartSnippets Toolbox

8.2 Power Profiler of Smartsnippet Toolbox

A user can invoke the Renesas SmartSnippets Toolbox from within the SmartSnippets Studio Welcome page.

Alternatively, it can be run directly from the start menu under the section “Dialog SmartSnippets Studio vx.x.xx\Dialog SmartSnippets Toolbox for SmartSnippets Studio vx.x.xx”.

Upon opening, the application starts with the settings/interface options page. An existing entry can be selected from the list, or a new configuration can be created by clicking the **New** button (Figure 38).

At this point, to change the hardware setup, for example, to plug in another board, click the **Refresh** button (Figure 38) and the list of available ports will be updated.

To select the chip version, click the **Detect** button (Figure 38) and the tool identifies the exact part number of the SoC on the target board.

For power measurements, users need to select an interface that allows the PC software (SmartSnippets Toolbox) to communicate with the A/D converter through the correct SPI port (which is camouflaged in the PC as a plain UART part. In Figure 38, the selected SPI port is COM18).

For power measurement, the **UART/SPI** option as in Figure 38 is preferred, because JTAG is used for downloading code from the IDE and debugging. The **Hybrid** option can also be used. But power measurements are not feasible in the **UART-only** or **JTAG** option.

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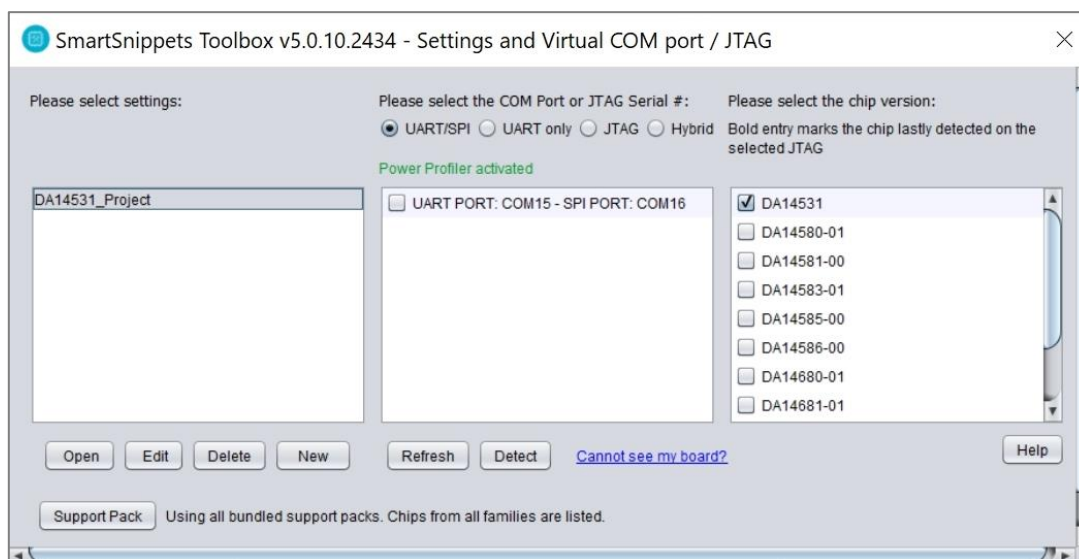


Figure 38: SmartSnippets Toolbox Configuration

In **Hybrid** mode (Figure 39), the selection box automatically lists the only valid SPI/COM ports and debugger serial numbers.

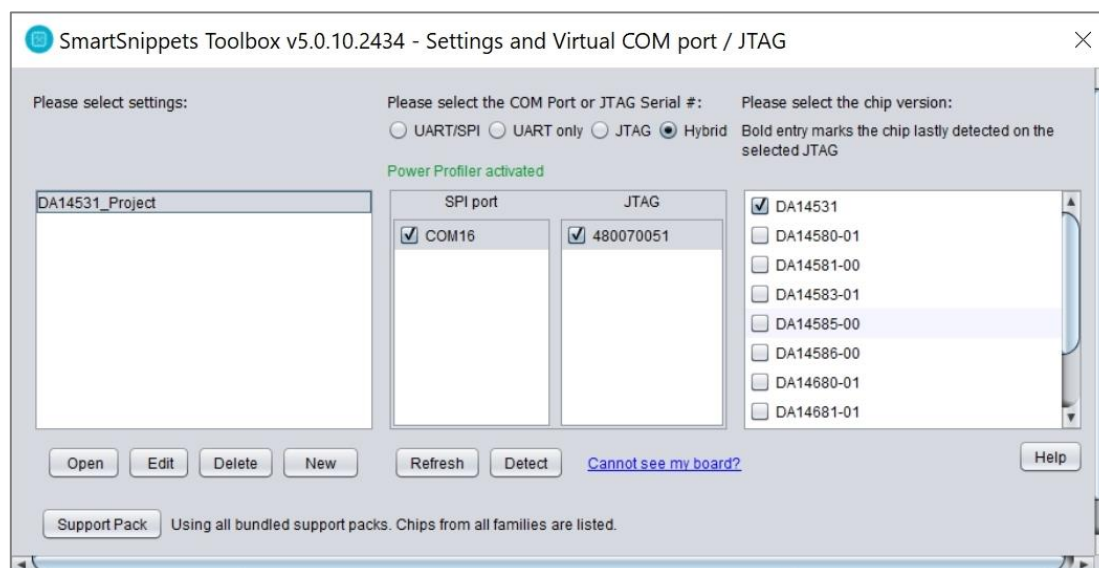


Figure 39: Hybrid Configuration

8.3 Power Profiler Setup

1. After selecting the proper option (**UART/SPI** or **Hybrid**) in Figure 38, click **Open** and the main window of the Power Profiler application in SmartSnippets Toolbox will pop up (Figure 40).
2. Click the **Config** button in the lower right and check if everything is configured correctly (Figure 41).

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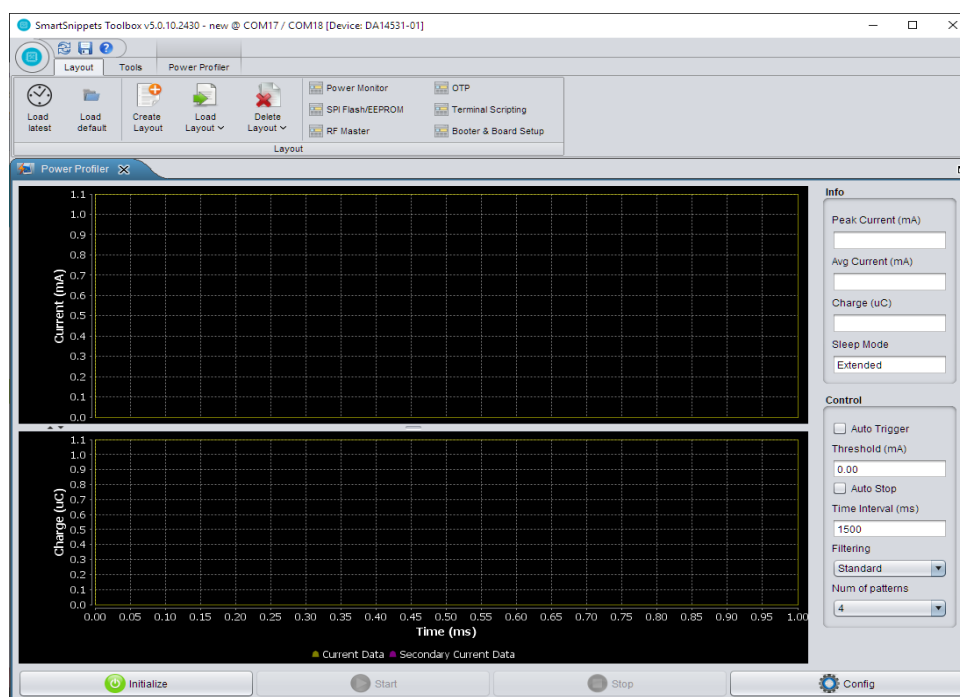


Figure 40: Power Profiler of SmartSnippets Toolbox Main Window

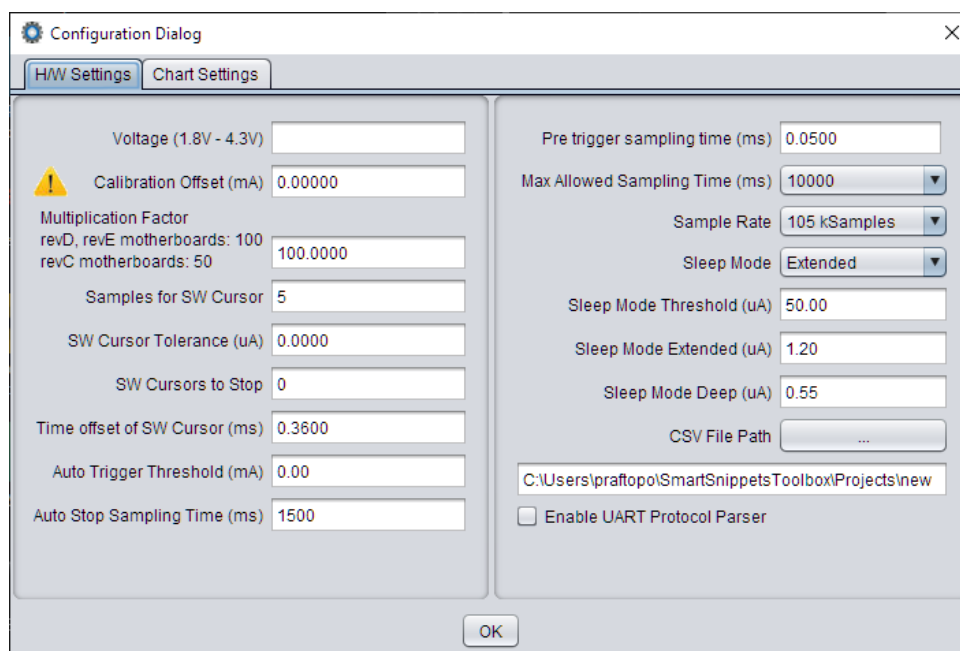


Figure 41: Power Profiler Configuration

3. In a new profile, the **Voltage** box in **H/W Settings** is typically empty and the **Calibration Offset** is zero. Apply the correct voltage as configured in the PRO-MB LDO (typically, it is 3.3 V). The calibration offset (mA) will be filled automatically with a calculated value. This value is good enough for measuring with $\pm 2\%$ accuracy, so in most cases, we can leave it as is.
4. Check the multiplication factor. For DA14531 it should be **100**.
5. Optionally, set a max scale for the waveform window, because typically there are large peaks on wake-up from sleep (charging capacitors), so the useful part of the signal is compressed to a very small area. To set a max scale for the waveform window, access the **Chart Settings** tab (Figure 42) and set the max scale of **Current1** to 10 mA. Note that this does not affect in any way the accuracy of measurement. It only zooms in the waveform that is shown on the viewer window.

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- Click **OK** and return to the measurement window.

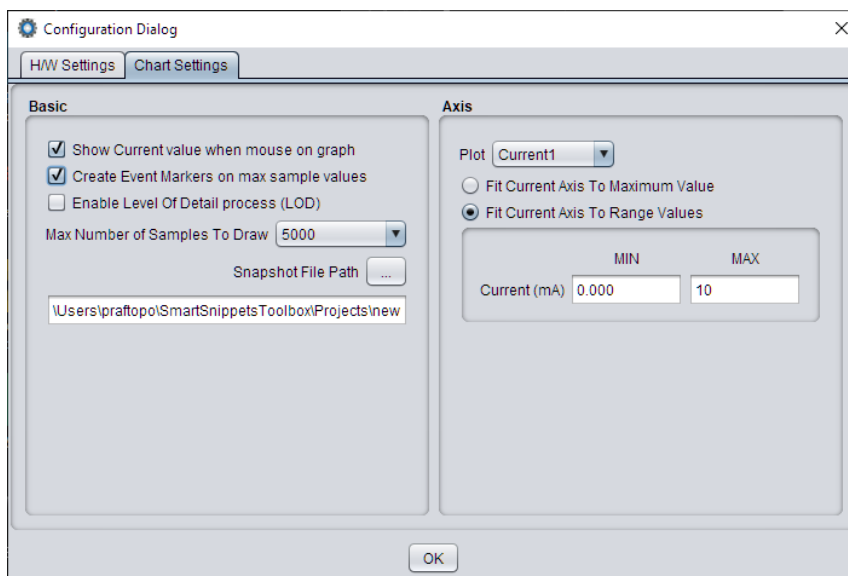


Figure 42: Power Profiler Chart Settings

8.4 Measurements

In the measurement window (Figure 43), click **Initialize** in the lower left (this step is only needed at the first communication with the A/D converter) and then click **Start**.

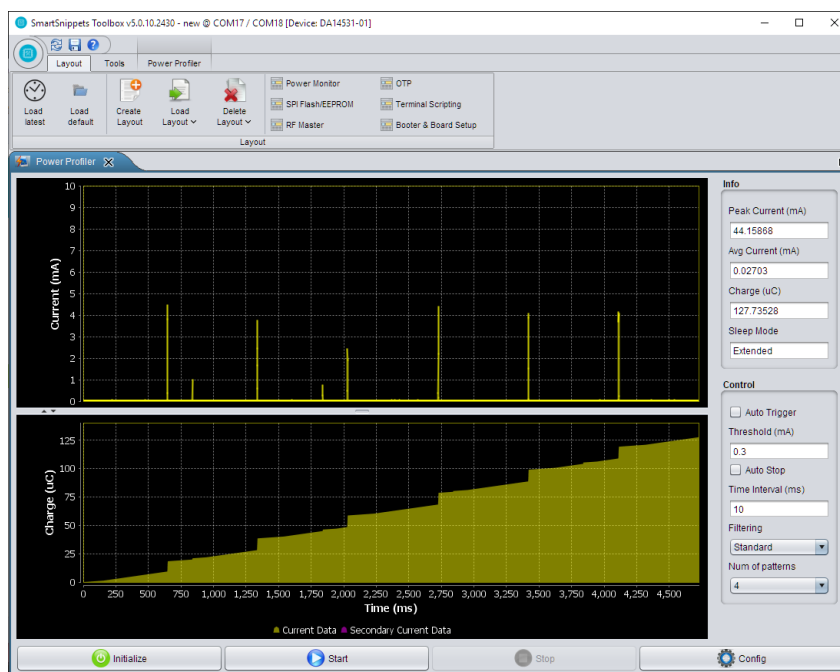


Figure 43: Free Running Capture

A triggered capture can be used for acquiring a single waveform (Figure 44).

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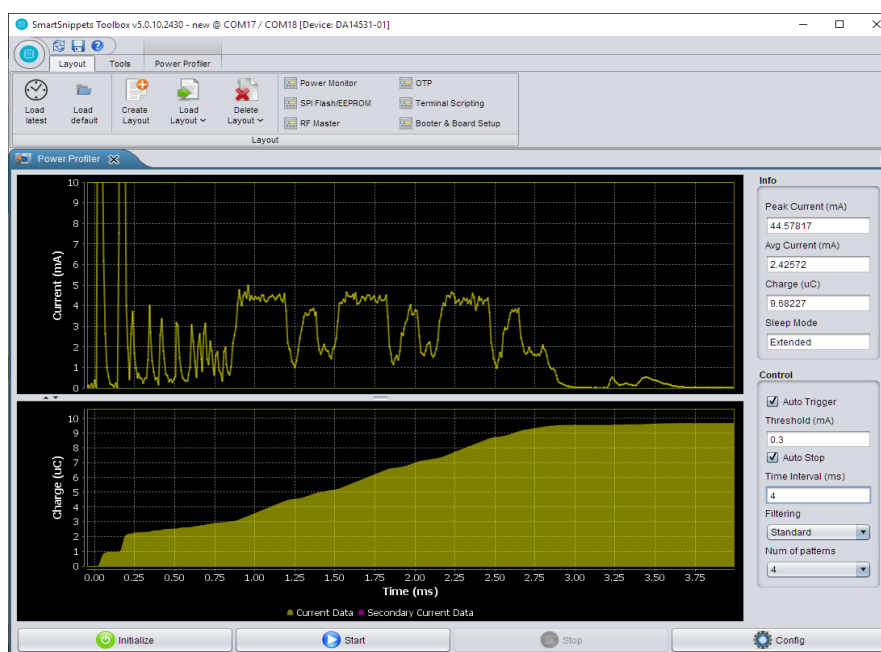


Figure 44: Triggered Capture

Figure 45 shows a combination of the main Current1/Oscilloscope. This option can be selected from the **Power Profiler** tab. The top window presents the free-running waveform, while the bottom window uses the trigger and time interval values to capture and print up to 10 of the most recent waveforms in an oscilloscope fashion. Note that the **Auto Trigger** and **Auto Stop** check boxes under **Control** on the lower right side must remain deselected.

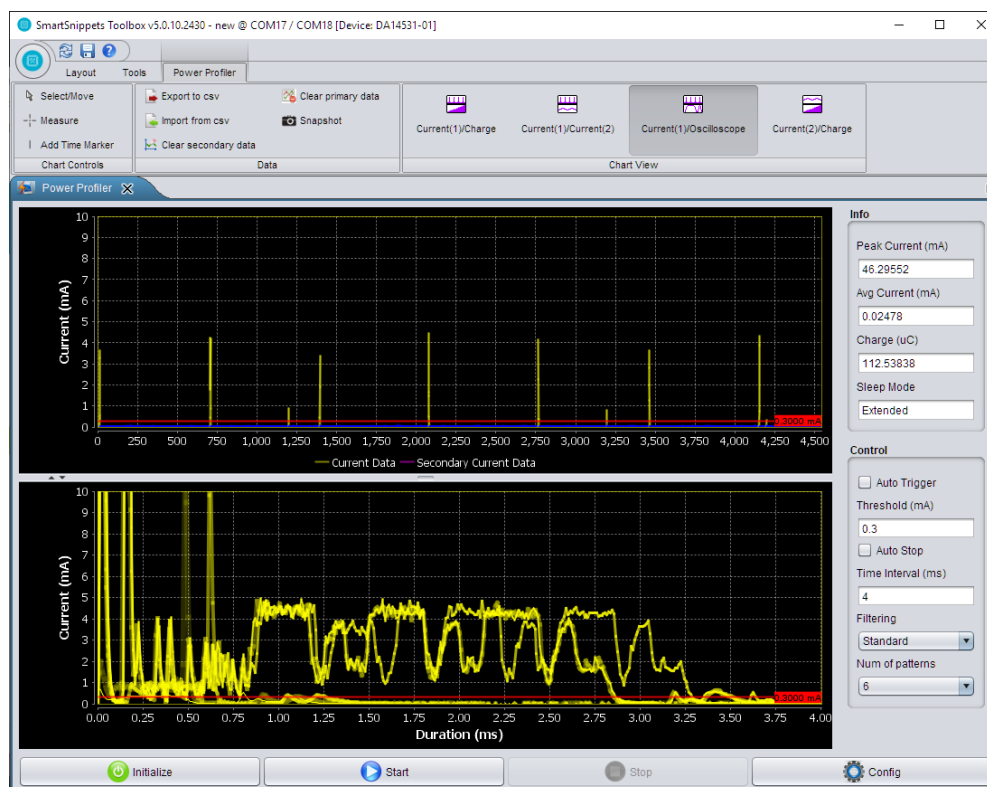


Figure 45: Oscilloscope Option

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8.5 Power Profiler Software Cursors

Users can insert a vertical cursor (SW cursor) in the Power Profiler display by toggling C-Trig (mapped to P0_11 of DA14531) in the SW running on the ARM Cortex M0+ CPU.

The SW cursor provides an accurate correlation between the SW and the power profile of the system in real-time. The vertical line is not movable on the display window.

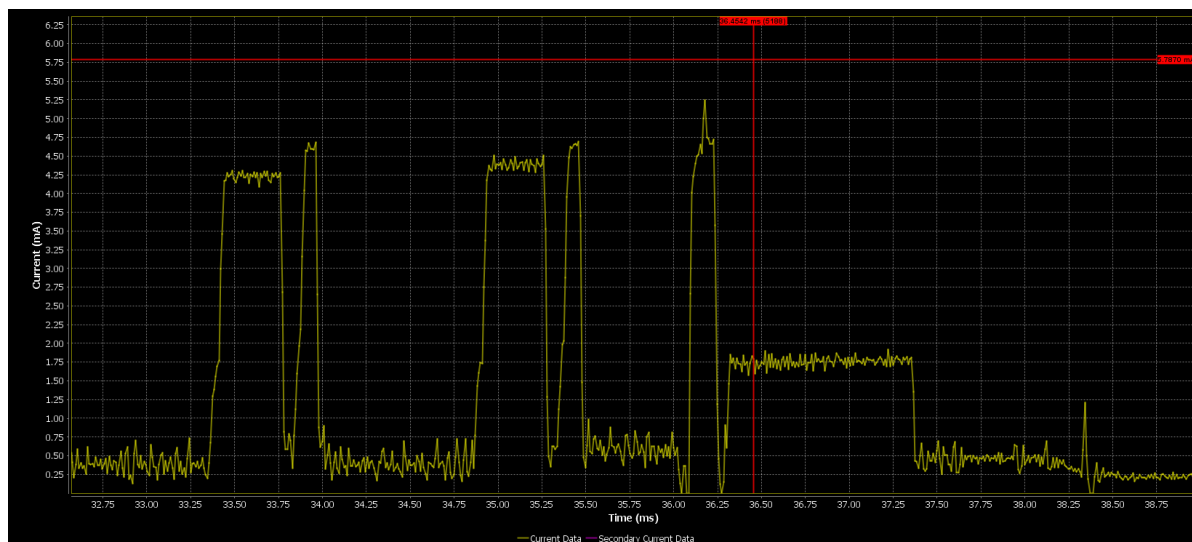


Figure 46: Power Profiler Software Cursors

8.6 Manual Calibration

For ultimate measurement accuracy, it is necessary to perform a manual calibration by following the step below:

1. Remove the daughterboard, that is, the load, by physically disconnecting the PRO-DB from the motherboard or temporarily removing the jumper from the connector J4.
2. In the main window of the Power Profiler, click **Config** and temporarily set the calibration offset to zero (Figure 47).

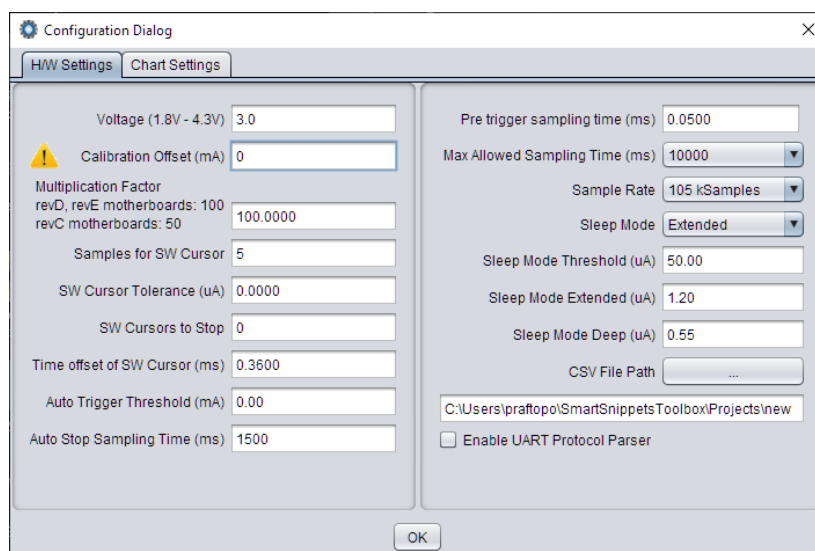


Figure 47: Setting Offset to Zero

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- Run a free running capture for a few seconds and note down the number in the **Avg Current (mA)** box (Figure 48). Note that the last digits of the number keep changing slowly due to temperature drift. It is important to periodically execute the calibration steps.

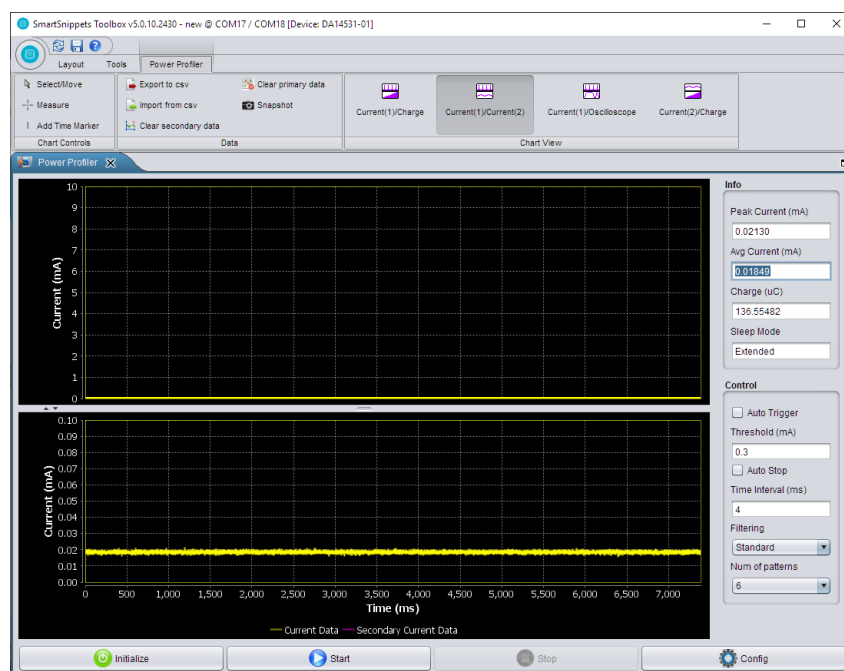


Figure 48: Measuring Offset

- Finally, put this average value with a negative sign in the **Calibration Offset (mA)** box. CTRL+C and CTRL+V also work.

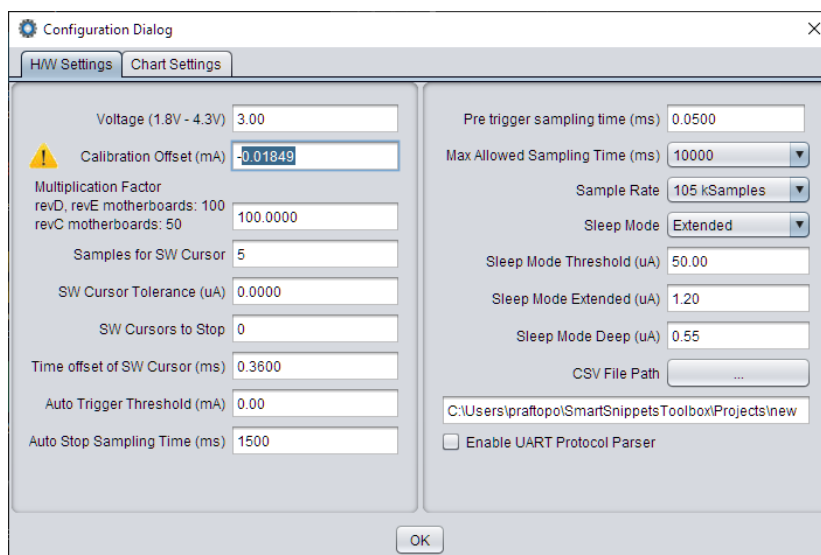


Figure 49: Setting Calibration Offset

- Reinsert the daughterboard or restore the jumper removed from J4 in the previous step.

NOTE

Notice that the value in the **Voltage** box is 3 V. This is a typical value used across the industry for comparing Bluetooth LE power measurements. Therefore, the power configuration on DA14531 PRO-MB must be updated accordingly (J5: 2-4).

8.7 Accuracy of Current Measurement Circuit

The measuring range of the current measurement circuit in DA14531 PRO-MB is 1 μ A to 240 mA. The circuit accuracy is measured by applying a constant current, monitoring the output with the SmartSnippets Toolbox, and comparing the outcome.

In general, the inaccuracy presented in the current measurement circuit is less than 5% (practically less than 2%) in most of the current range. There are two areas where the inaccuracy is of the order of 10%, that is, from 1 μ A to 10 μ A and from 100 μ A to 300 μ A (Table 17).

Table 17: Accuracy of the Current Measurement Circuit

Current Range	Inaccuracy (%)
1 μ A to 10 μ A	<13%
10 μ A to 100 μ A	<5%
100 μ A to 300 μ A	<10%
300 μ A to 240 mA	<5%

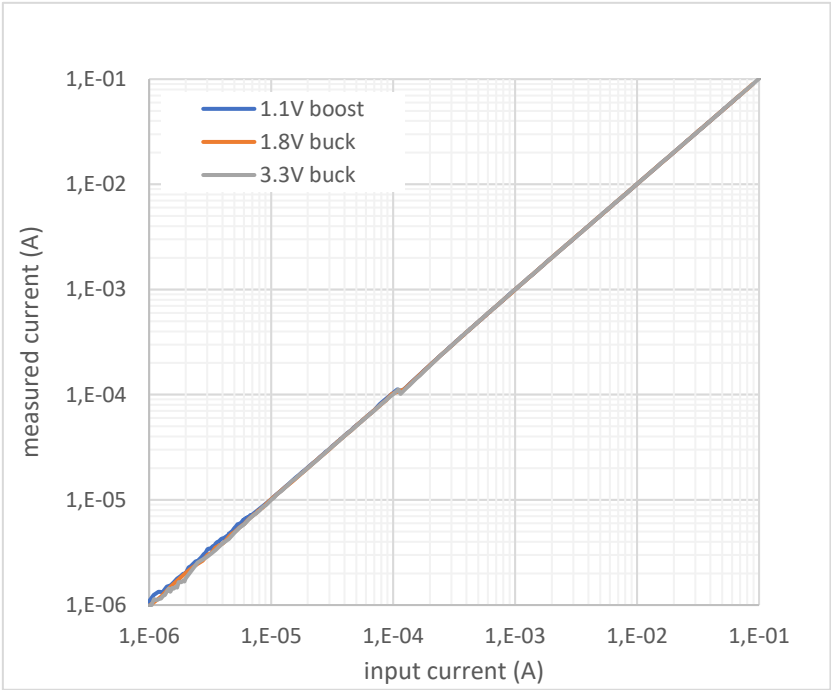


Figure 50: Current Measurement Circuit Response, Indicative Graph

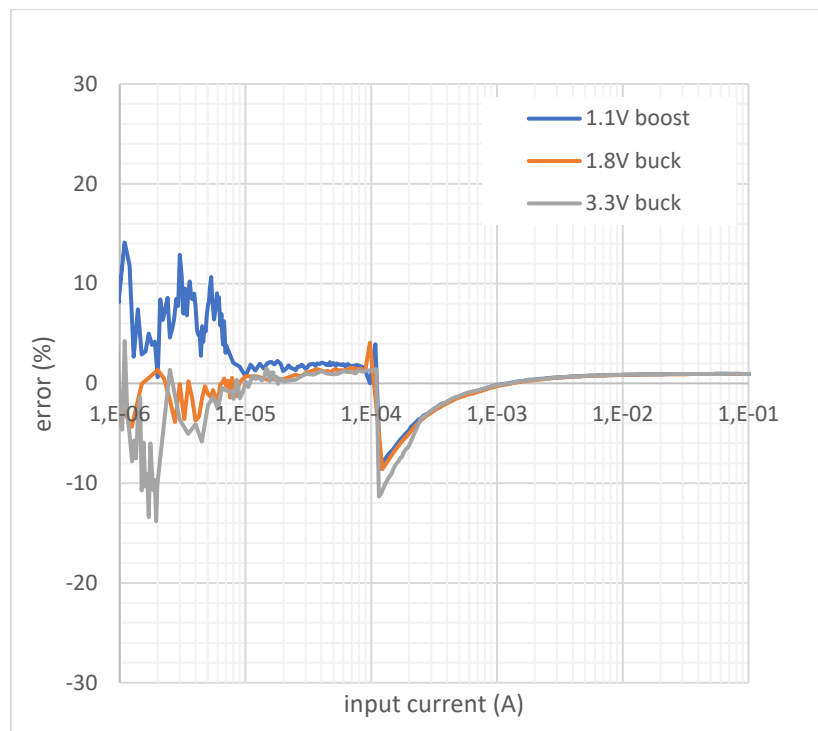


Figure 51: Current Measurement Circuit Inaccuracy, Indicative Graph

9 Known Issues

9.1 Switching Transient Artifacts of Current Measurement Circuit

When the current measurement circuit changes scale, it presents some small or large voltage steps on the A/D converter inputs. An ideal converter (infinite bandwidth) would produce a single spike at the point of switching. But since the converter is not ideal, it produces a ringing like waveform (Figure 52).

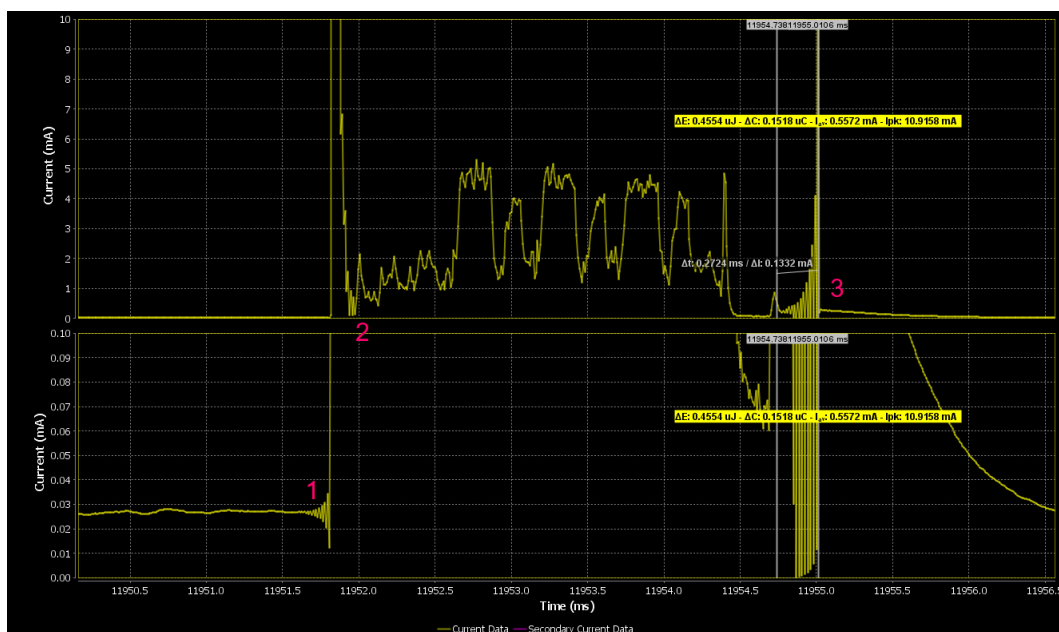


Figure 52: A/D Converter Distortions

In Figure 52 we can identify three types of ringing artifacts created by the A/D converter:

- Switching from low to high scale (1)
- Not switching, but instead, a signal with a very steep fall is present (2)
- Switching from high to low scale and then another switch Low-High-Low creates this exaggerated false peak (due to a large difference in the DC levels of the two C/V converters, 3)

9.2 Push Button SW3

SW3 is enabled on DA145xx DEVKT-P PRO-MB by P1_1. By default, this signal is not driven from DA14531. Consequently, jumper J19:4-5 is not required in DA14531 DK PRO.

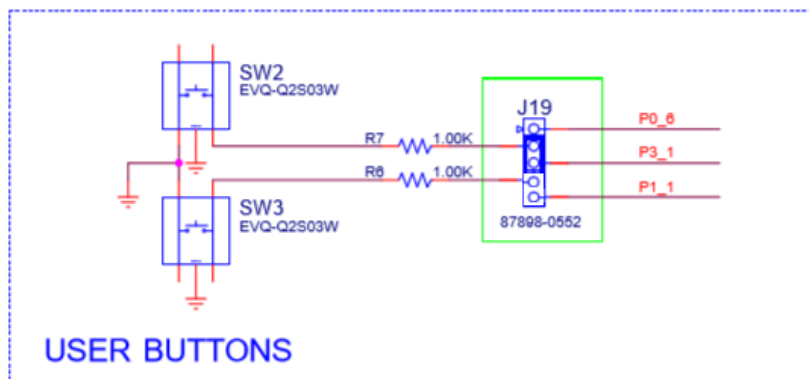


Figure 53: Disable SW3. Remove Jumper from J19:4-5

9.3 mikroBUS Wrong Labels

The label of J18, pin 2 is indicated as P3_1 but the pin is unconnected.

The label of J17, pin 1 is indicated as P2_1 but the pin is unconnected.

The labels on J15 pin 2 and J17 pin 2 are indicated as P2_8 but the pins are connected to P3_0.

The label of J18 pin 6 is indicated as P3_0 but the pin is connected to P2_8.

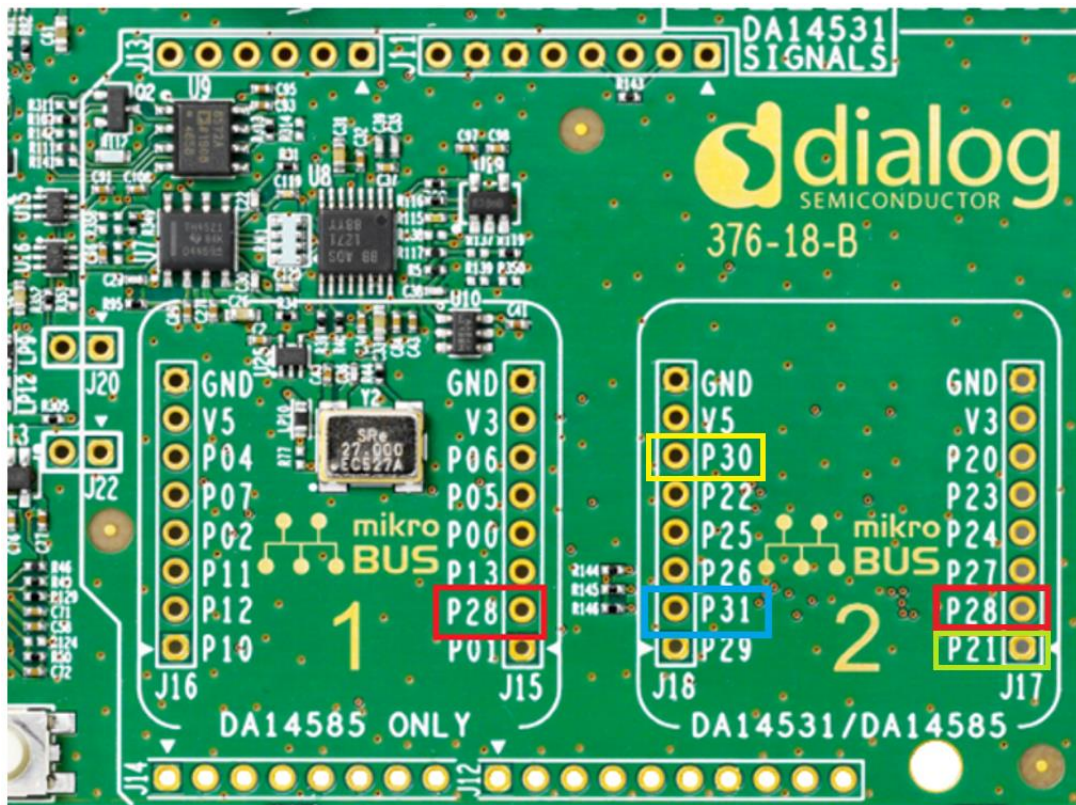


Figure 54: mikroBUS Wrong Label

9.4 4-Wire UART Special Considerations

When the 4-wire UART functionality is used with DA14531 Pro-DB and the reset function is enabled on P0_0, the chip will not boot and still remain in the reset state.

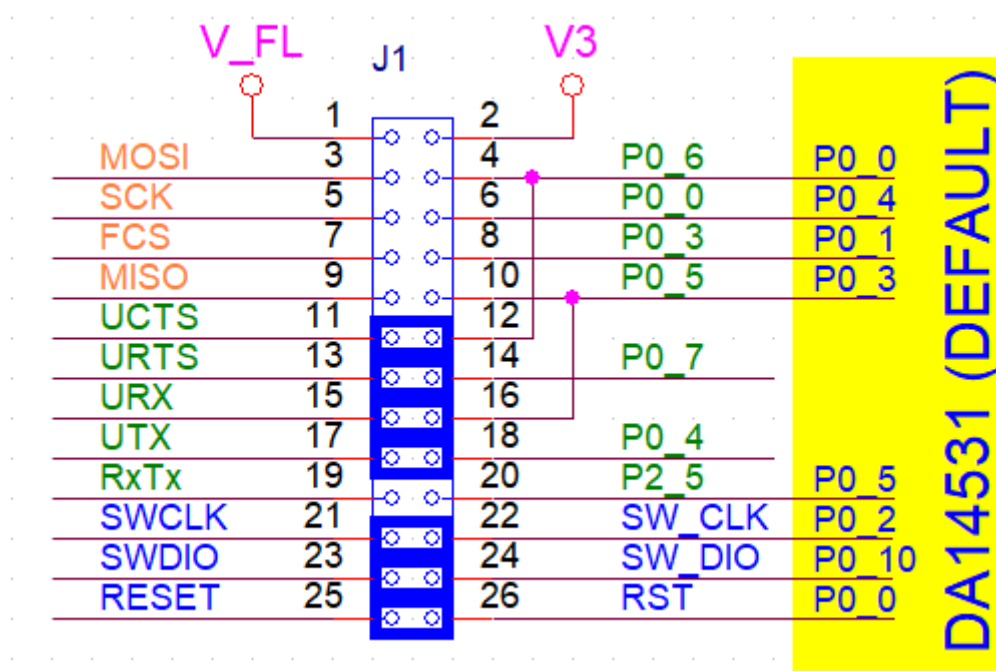


Figure 55: Full UART Configuration – CTS Issue

As shown in Figure 55, the UCTS signal is shorted to P0_0 when a DA14531 PRO-DB is used. This has been done to maintain compatibility with DA14585 daughterboards. The UCTS signal is an input to the DA14531 and is driven high from the motherboard side (MB_RTS). If P0_0 is configured as reset (active high), the motherboard will keep the DA14531 in reset indefinitely and prevent it from booting (the Booter defaults this pin to the reset function between boot steps). To avoid this problem there are several options:

- Disconnect the UCTS jumper and place it after the device has booted and P0_0 has been configured properly by the firmware for the UCTS function
- Assign UCTS to another free GPIO and wire it accordingly

NOTE:
V3 of PRO-MB is renamed to VBAT on DB and is connected to VBAT_HIGH of DA14531
V1 of PRO-MB is renamed to VL+ on DB and is connected to VL+ Low of DA14531

Card Edge Connector (PCI-E)

J1A

A1	A6	A10	A14	A18	A22	A26	A30	A34	A38
B1	B6	B10	B14	B18	B22	B26	B30	B34	B38
C1	C6	C10	C14	C18	C22	C26	C30	C34	C38
D1	D6	D10	D14	D18	D22	D26	D30	D34	D38
E1	E6	E10	E14	E18	E22	E26	E30	E34	E38
F1	F6	F10	F14	F18	F22	F26	F30	F34	F38
G1	G6	G10	G14	G18	G22	G26	G30	G34	G38
H1	H6	H10	H14	H18	H22	H26	H30	H34	H38
I1	I6	I10	I14	I18	I22	I26	I30	I34	I38
J1	J6	J10	J14	J18	J22	J26	J30	J34	J38
K1	K6	K10	K14	K18	K22	K26	K30	K34	K38
L1	L6	L10	L14	L18	L22	L26	L30	L34	L38
M1	M6	M10	M14	M18	M22	M26	M30	M34	M38
N1	N6	N10	N14	N18	N22	N26	N30	N34	N38
O1	O6	O10	O14	O18	O22	O26	O30	O34	O38
P1	P6	P10	P14	P18	P22	P26	P30	P34	P38
Q1	Q6	Q10	Q14	Q18	Q22	Q26	Q30	Q34	Q38
R1	R6	R10	R14	R18	R22	R26	R30	R34	R38
S1	S6	S10	S14	S18	S22	S26	S30	S34	S38
T1	T6	T10	T14	T18	T22	T26	T30	T34	T38
U1	U6	U10	U14	U18	U22	U26	U30	U34	U38
V1	V6	V10	V14	V18	V22	V26	V30	V34	V38
W1	W6	W10	W14	W18	W22	W26	W30	W34	W38
X1	X6	X10	X14	X18	X22	X26	X30	X34	X38
Y1	Y6	Y10	Y14	Y18	Y22	Y26	Y30	Y34	Y38
Z1	Z6	Z10	Z14	Z18	Z22	Z26	Z30	Z34	Z38
AA1	AA6	AA10	AA14	AA18	AA22	AA26	AA30	AA34	AA38
AB1	AB6	AB10	AB14	AB18	AB22	AB26	AB30	AB34	AB38
AC1	AC6	AC10	AC14	AC18	AC22	AC26	AC30	AC34	AC38
AD1	AD6	AD10	AD14	AD18	AD22	AD26	AD30	AD34	AD38
AE1	AE6	AE10	AE14	AE18	AE22	AE26	AE30	AE34	AE38
AF1	AF6	AF10	AF14	AF18	AF22	AF26	AF30	AF34	AF38
AG1	AG6	AG10	AG14	AG18	AG22	AG26	AG30	AG34	AG38
AH1	AH6	AH10	AH14	AH18	AH22	AH26	AH30	AH34	AH38
AI1	AI6	AI10	AI14	AI18	AI22	AI26	AI30	AI34	AI38
AJ1	AJ6	AJ10	AJ14	AJ18	AJ22	AJ26	AJ30	AJ34	AJ38
AK1	AK6	AK10	AK14	AK18	AK22	AK26	AK30	AK34	AK38
AL1	AL6	AL10	AL14	AL18	AL22	AL26	AL30	AL34	AL38
AM1	AM6	AM10	AM14	AM18	AM22	AM26	AM30	AM34	AM38
AN1	AN6	AN10	AN14	AN18	AN22	AN26	AN30	AN34	AN38
AO1	AO6	AO10	AO14	AO18	AO22	AO26	AO30	AO34	AO38
AP1	AP6	AP10	AP14	AP18	AP22	AP26	AP30	AP34	AP38
AQ1	AQ6	AQ10	AQ14	AQ18	AQ22	AQ26	AQ30	AQ34	AQ38
AR1	AR6	AR10	AR14	AR18	AR22	AR26	AR30	AR34	AR38
AS1	AS6	AS10	AS14	AS18	AS22	AS26	AS30	AS34	AS38
AT1	AT6	AT10	AT14	AT18	AT22	AT26	AT30	AT34	AT38
AU1	AU6	AU10	AU14	AU18	AU22	AU26	AU30	AU34	AU38
AV1	AV6	AV10	AV14	AV18	AV22	AV26	AV30	AV34	AV38
AW1	AW6	AW10	AW14	AW18	AW22	AW26	AW30	AW34	AW38
AX1	AX6	AX10	AX14						

07-Jun-2023

A.2 Components Placement

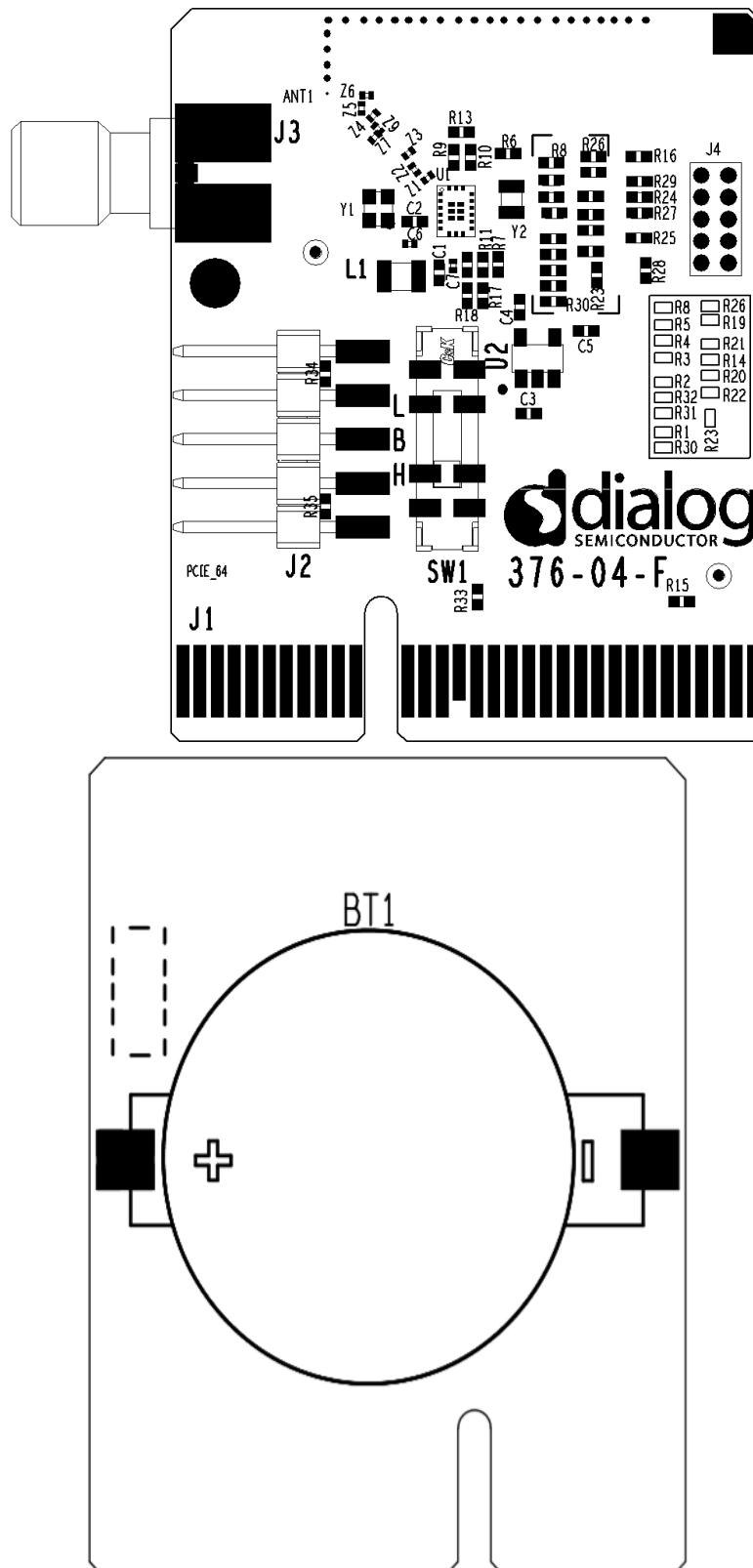


Figure 57: Components on Top and Bottom Sides for FCGQN24, DA14531-00FXDB-P_(376-04-F2)

Appendix B WLCSP17 PRO-DB: DA14531-00OGDB-P_(376-05-E)

[illegible]

Figure 58: Schematic, WLCSP17, DA14531-00OGDB-P_(376-05-E)

B.2 Components Placement

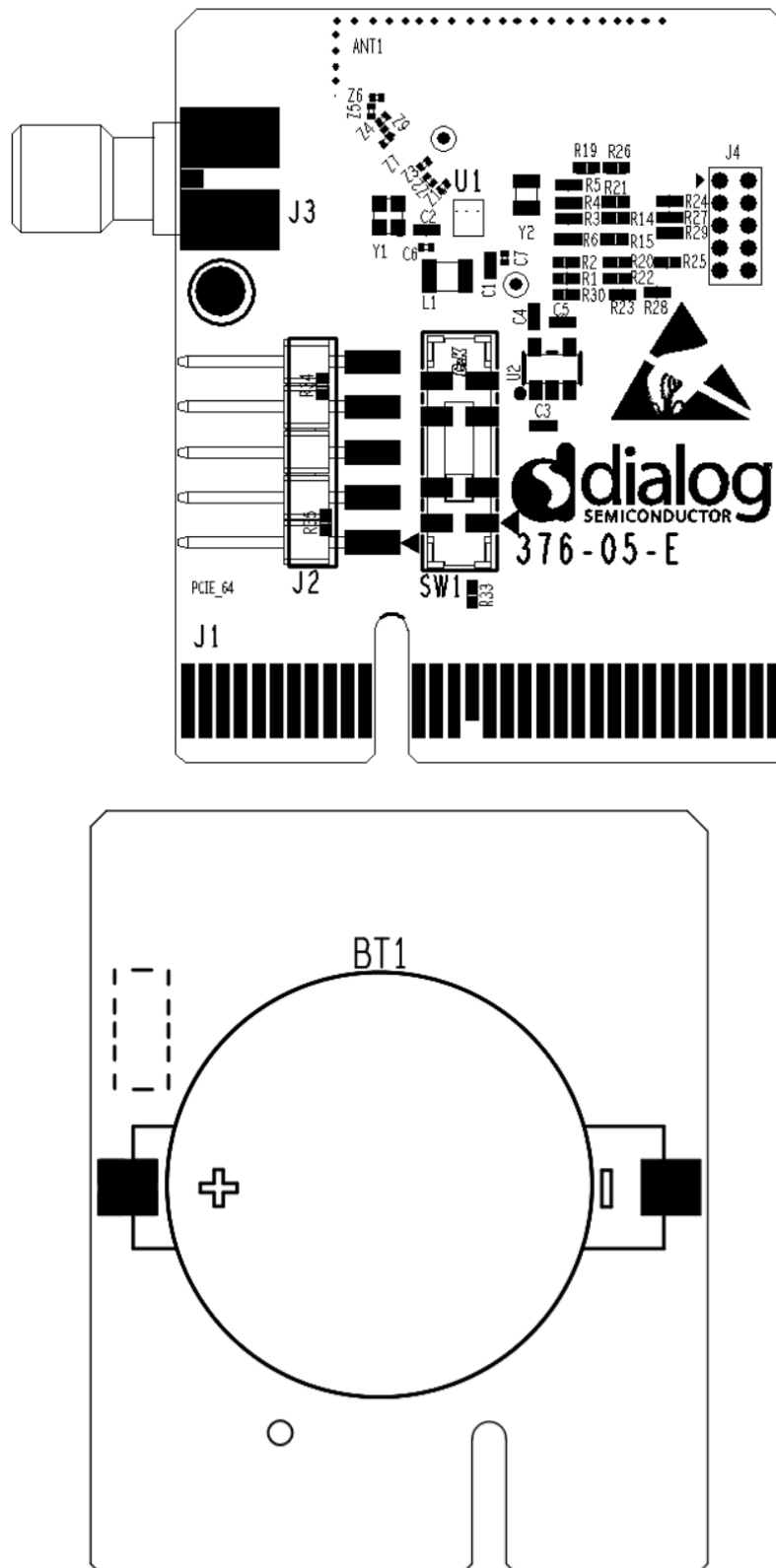


Figure 59: Components on Top and Bottom Sides for WLCSP17, DA14531-00OGDB-P_(376-05-E)

Appendix C PRO-MB

C.1 Schematic

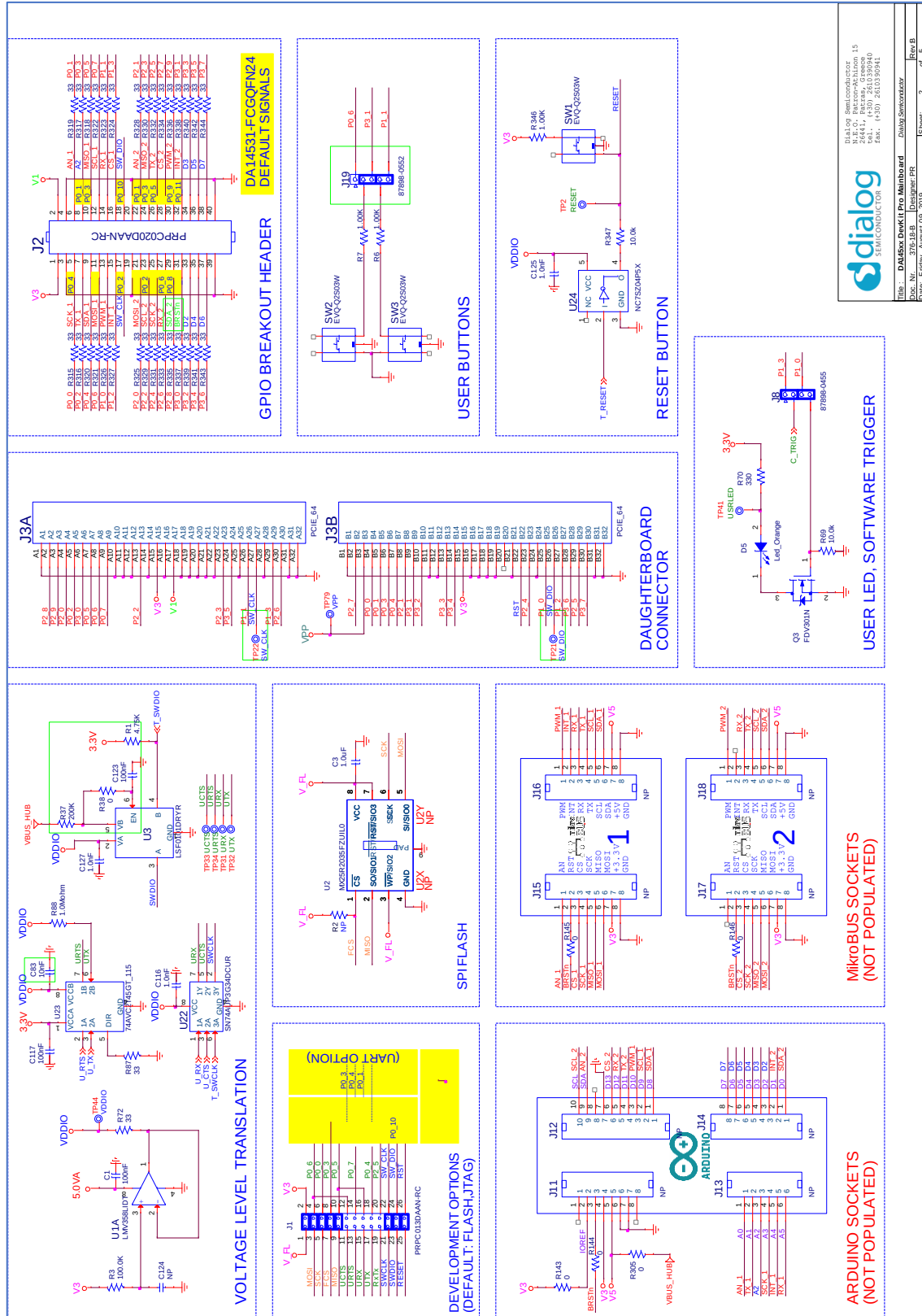


Figure 60: DA14531 PRO-MB, Headers, and Connectors

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

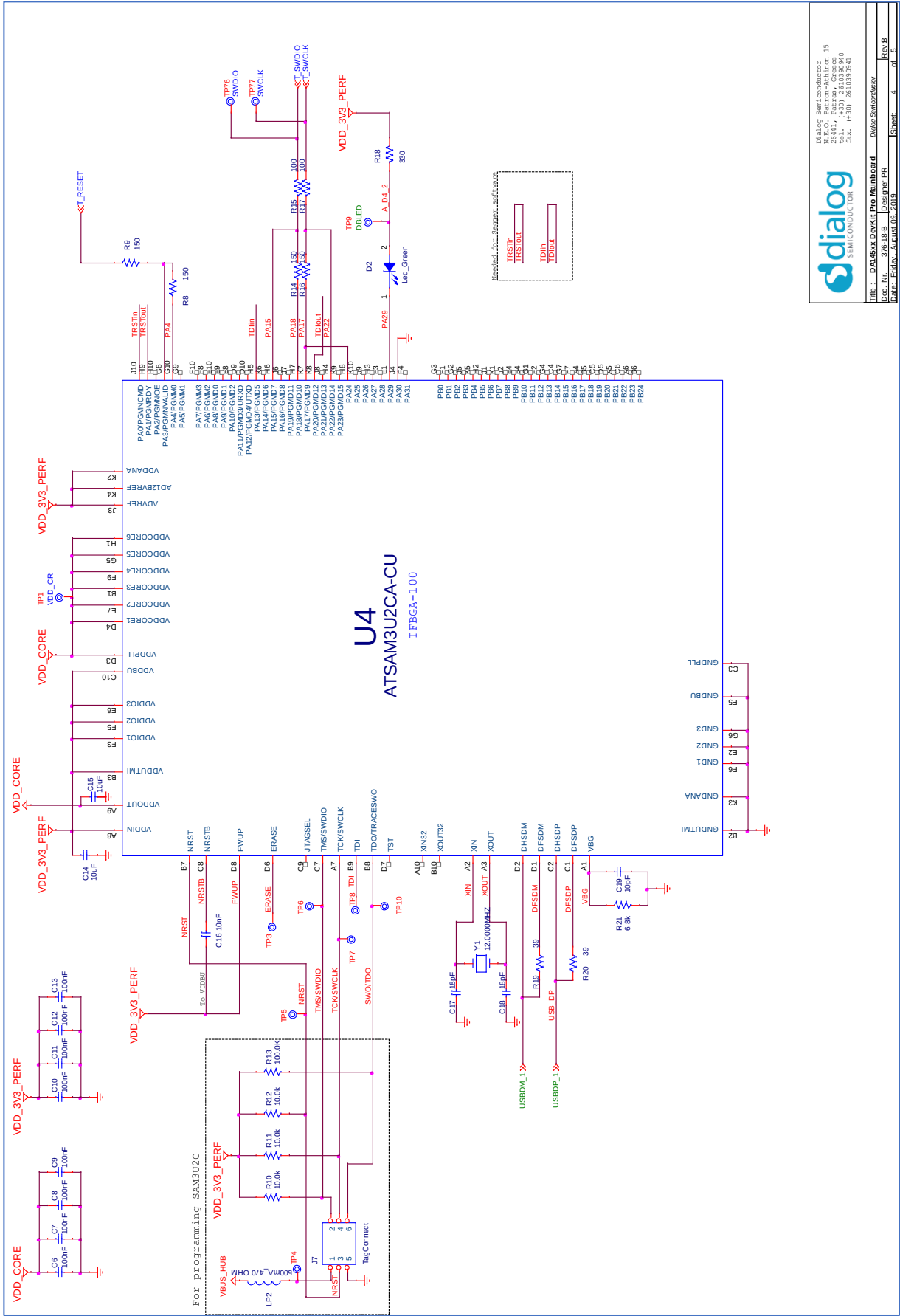
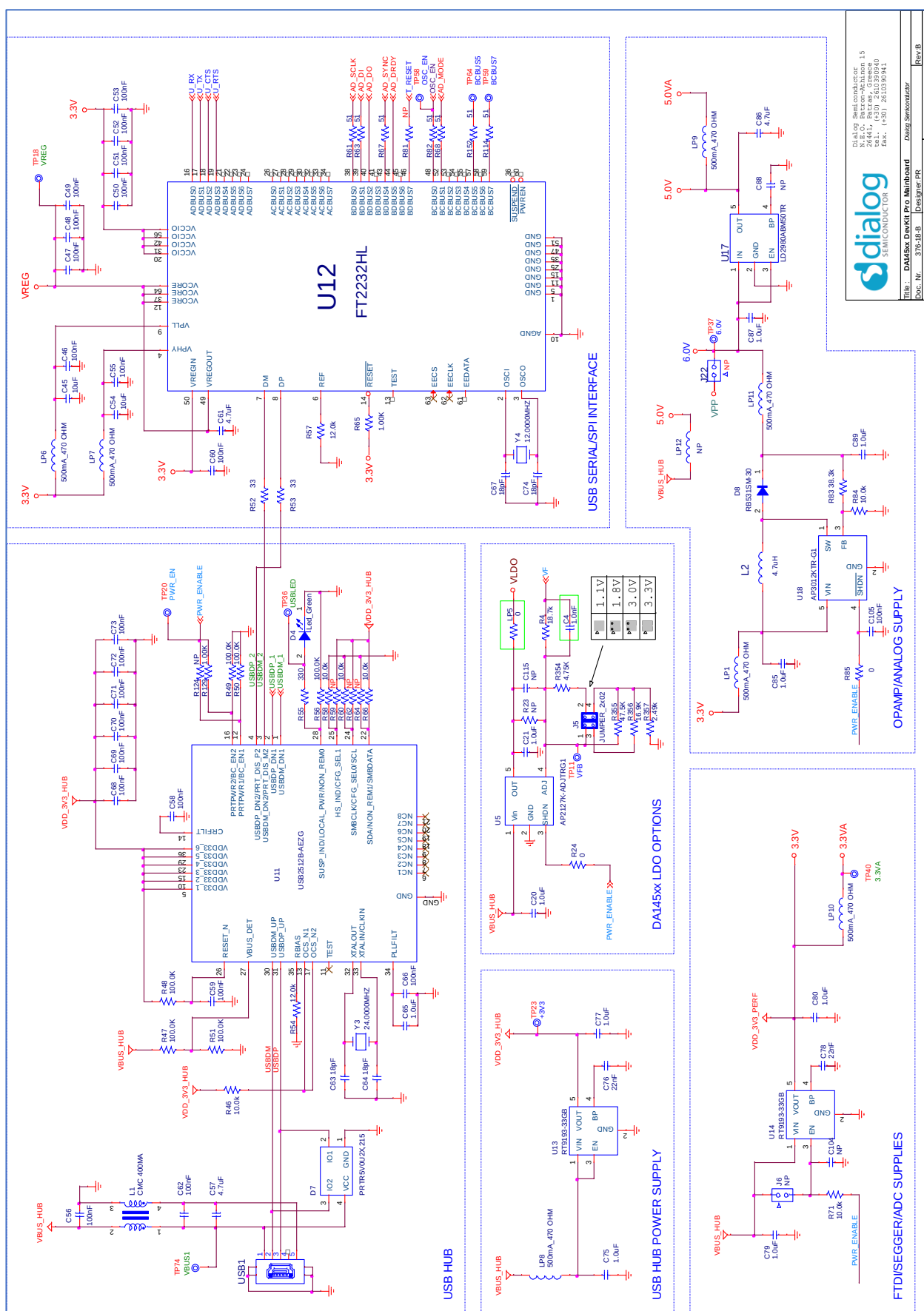


Figure 62: DA14531 PRO-MB, JTAG MCU

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C.2 Components Placement

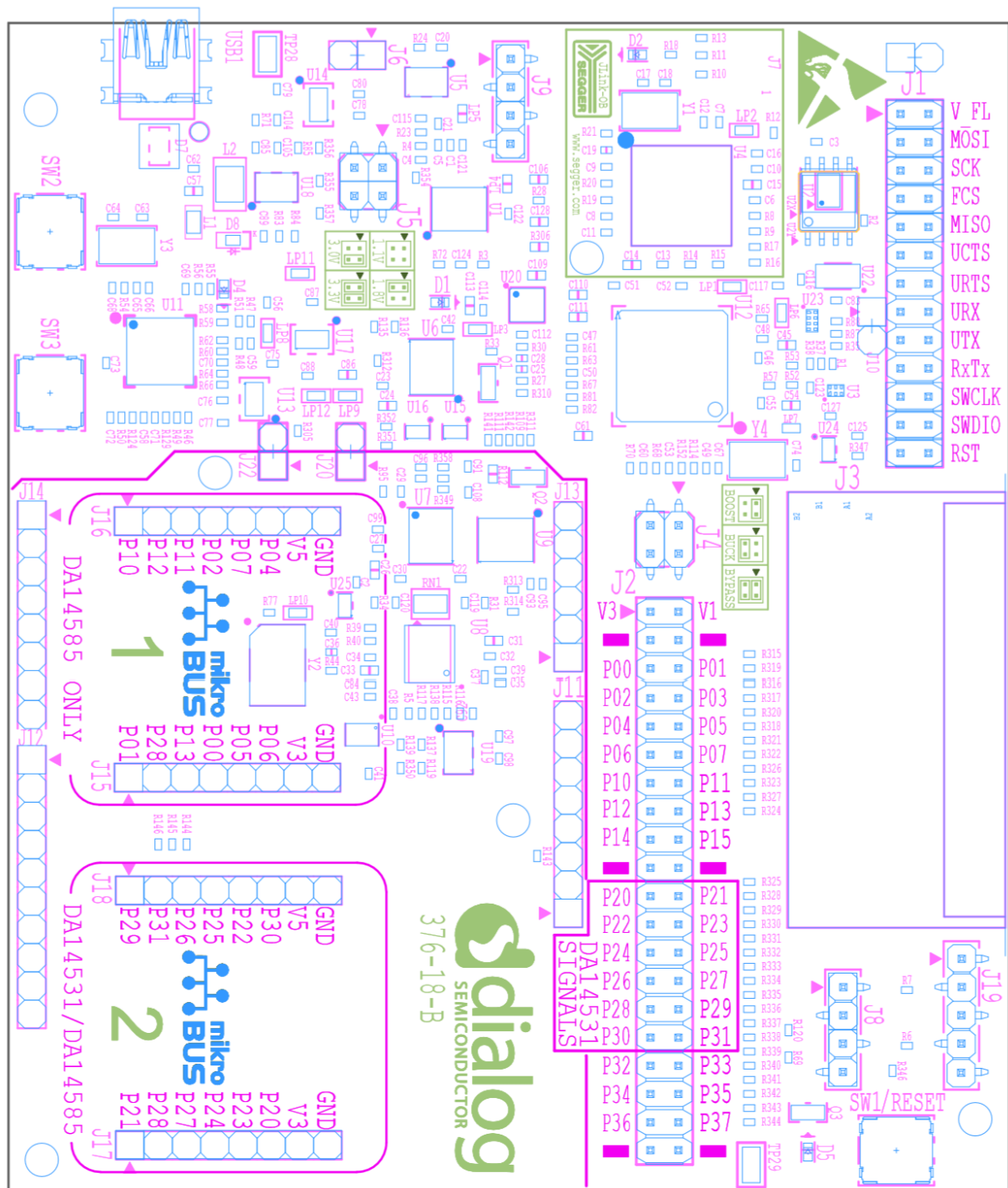


Figure 64: Components on the Top Side of DA14531 PRO-MB

Appendix D Detailed Description of Hardware Setup

D.1 DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB, GPIOs Configuration, and R-matrix

D14531 WLCSP PRO-DB provides six pins. To serve all the available functions, a resistor matrix (R-Matrix) is applied to DA14531 WLCSP PRO-DB.

Signal multiplication is completed with signal selection header (J1) on PRO-MB.

Functions available for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB are the SPI data bus, JTAG, Reset, UART, and XTAL32K.

The default setup for the D14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB is Reset, JTAG, and SPI data bus (assigned to SPI data flash).

Figure 65 and Table 18 show the resistor matrix for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB.

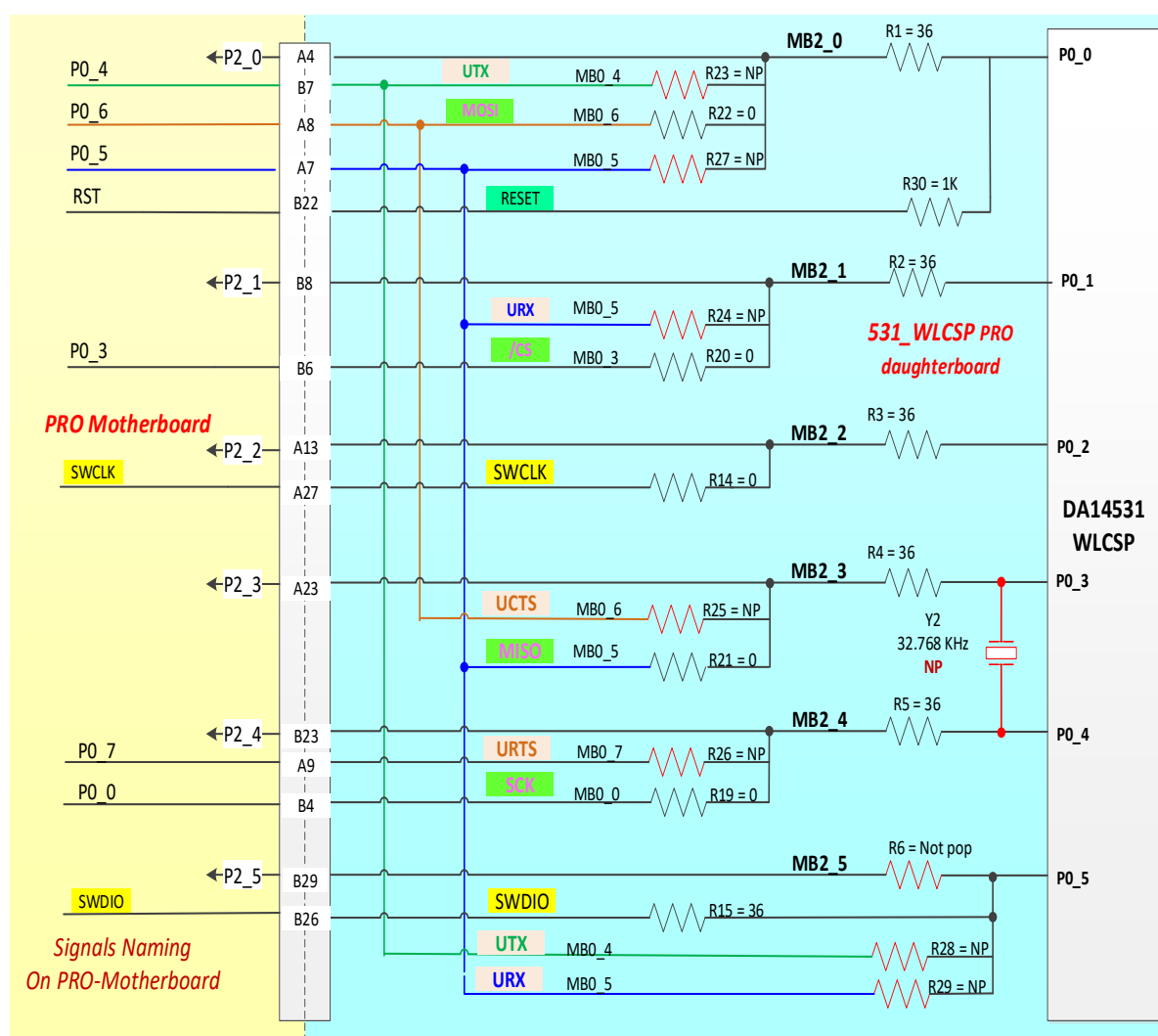


Figure 65: System Configuration for DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB (Default)

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

Table 18: DA4531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB Default Setup

		DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB Pin Connectivity					
Interfaces	Signals	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5
PRO-MB signals	P2_0	R1					
	P2_1		R2				
	P2_2			R3			
	P2_3				R4		
	P2_4					R5	
	P2_5						R6
UART	UTX	R23					R28
	URX	R27	R24				R29
	URTS					R26	
	UCTS				R25		
SPI Data Flash	MOSI	R22					
	MISO				R21		
	SCS		R20				
	SCL					R19	
JTAG	SWCLK			R14			
	SWDIO						R15
XTAL32K	XT32Kp				Y2		
	XT32Km					Y2	
Other	Reset	R30					

D.2 DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB, GPIOs Configuration, and R-matrix

DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB provides 12 pins. To serve all the available functions, a resistor matrix (R-Matrix) is applied to DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB.

Signal multiplication is completed with the signal selection headers (J1, J8, and J19) on PRO-MB.

Functions available for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB are the SPI data bus, JTAG, Reset, UART, XTAL32K, LED, Key, and extension ports (mikroBUS and Arduino).

The default setup for the DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB is Reset, JTAG, and SPI data bus (assigned to SPI data flash), single-wire UART, LED, and a Key. Extension ports use multiplexed signals.

Figure 66 and Table 19 show the resistor matrix for FCGQFN24.

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

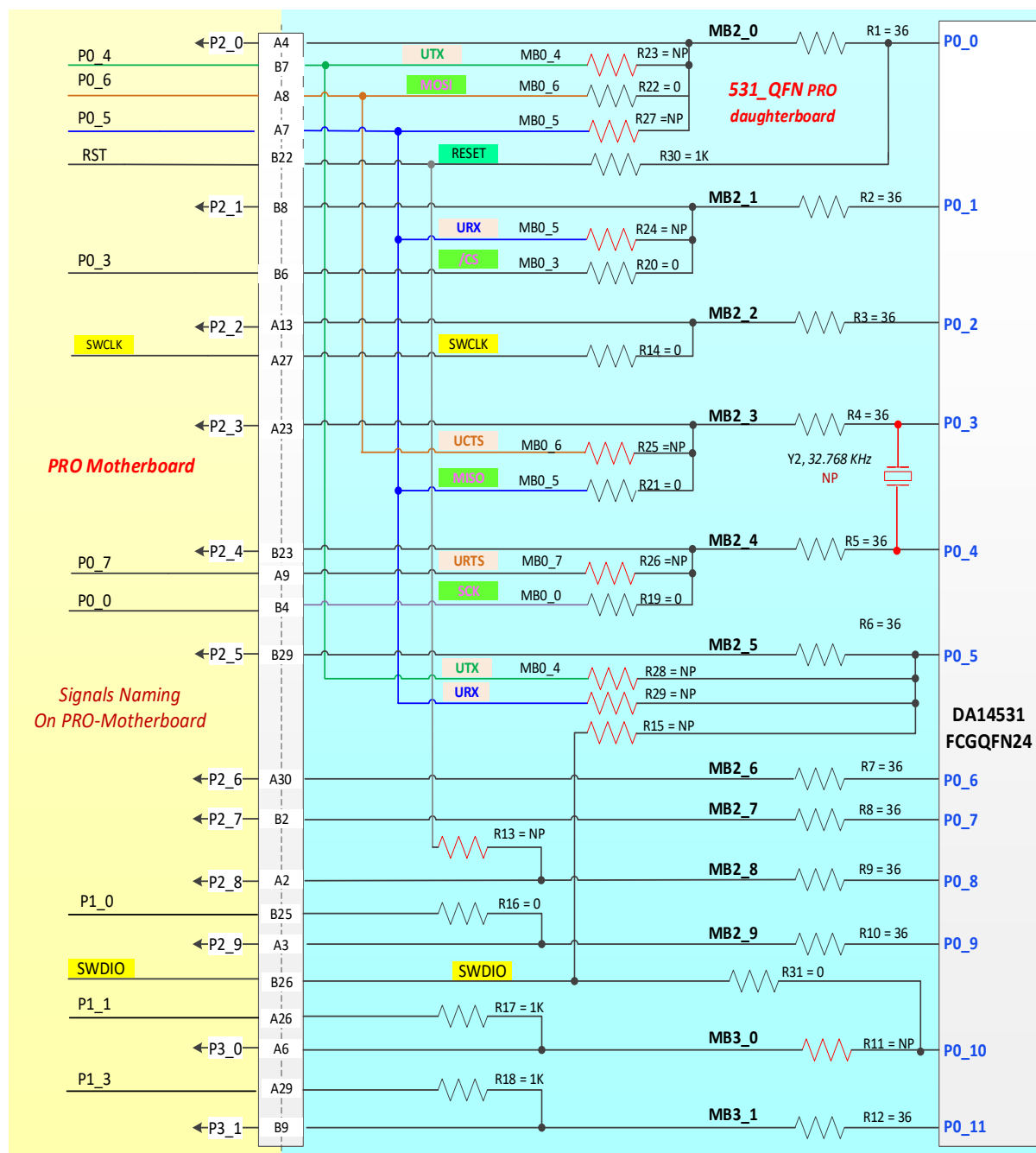


Figure 66: System Configuration for DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB (Default)

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

Table 19: DA4531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB Default Setup

		DA4531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB Pin Connectivity											
Interfaces	Signals	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5	P0_6	P0_7	P0_8	P0_9	P0_10	P0_11
PRO-MB signals	P2_0	R1											
	P2_1		R2										
	P2_2			R3									
	P2_3				R4								
	P2_4					R5							
	P2_5						R6						
	P2_6							R7					
	P2_7								R8				
	P2_8									R9			
	P2_9										R10		
	P3_0											R11	
	P3_1												R12
UART	UTX	R23					R28						
	URX	R27	R24				R29						
	URTS												
	UCTS				R25								
SPI Data Flash	MOSI	R22											
	MISO				R21								
	SCS		R20										
	SCL					R19							
JTAG	SWCLK			R14									
	SWDIO		R32				R15					R31	
XTAL32K	XT32Kp				Y2								
	XT32Km					Y2							
Other	RESET	R30								R13			
	BUTTON											R17	
	LED										R16		
	SW_TRIG												R18

Appendix E SPI Data Flash, JTAG, and Single-Wire UART (Default)

This is the default configuration for DA14531 DK PRO shipped to users.

In the FCGQFN24 package, SWDIO is assigned to P0_10. P0_5 is used during boot as the single-wire UART, RXTX. This is not feasible for the WLCSP17 package.

Table 20: Pin Assignment for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5
SPI, JTAG, and single-wire UART	MOSI	/CS	SWLCK	MISO	MOSI	SWDIO

Table 21: Pin Assignment for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5	P0_10
SPI, JTAG, and single-wire UART	MOSI	/CS	SWLCK	MISO	MOSI	RxTx	SWDIO

E.1 DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB and PRO-MB Settings

The resistors that are not mounted to DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB do not appear in Figure 67.

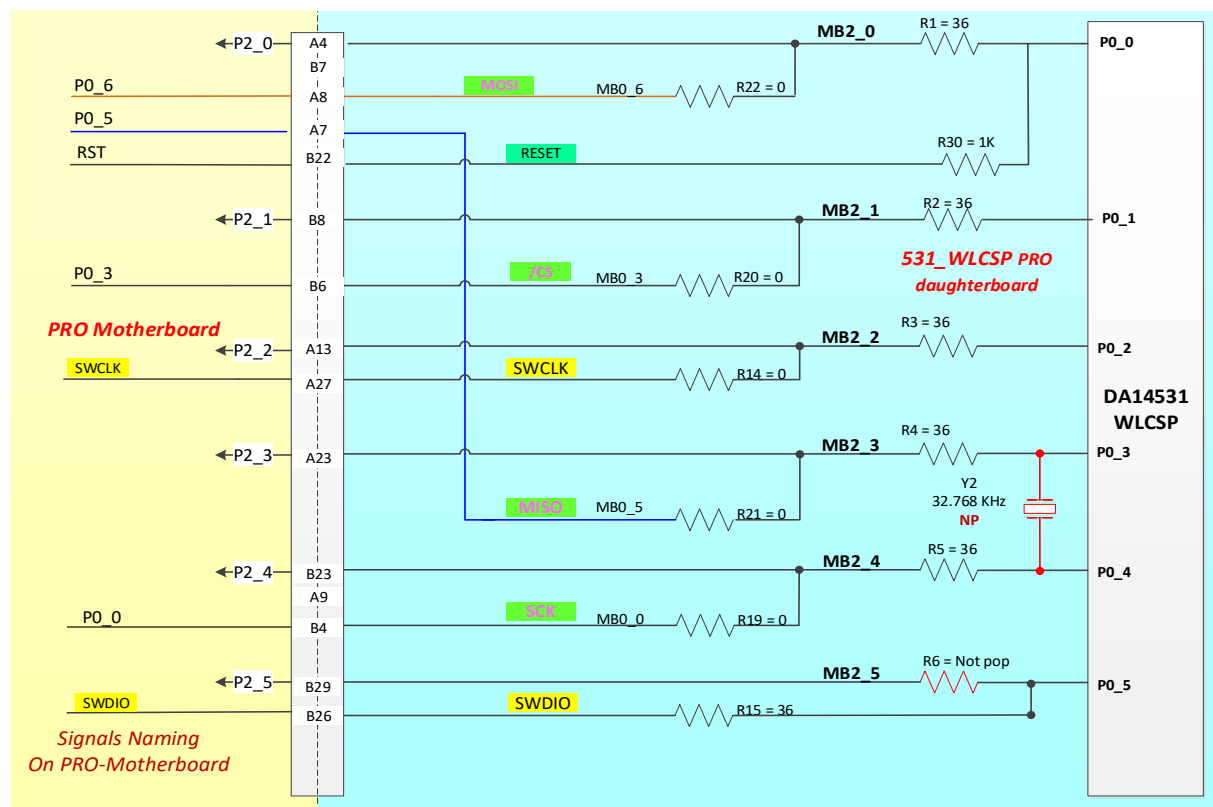


Figure 67: System Configuration for DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB (Default)

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

Table 22: The Components for DA14531 DK PRO in WLCSP17 Package

Package	Populated Components	Removed Components
PRO-MB	Apply jumpers: J1:1-2, J1:3-4, J1:5-6, J1:7-8, J1:9-10, J1:21-22, J1:23-24, J1:25-26 J9:1-2, J9:3-4 J4: as per power configuration J5: as per power configuration	
DA14531-WLCSP17 PRO-DB	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R14, R15, R19, R20, R21, R22, R30	R6, R23, R24, R25, R26, R27, R28, R29, R33, R34, R35, Y2

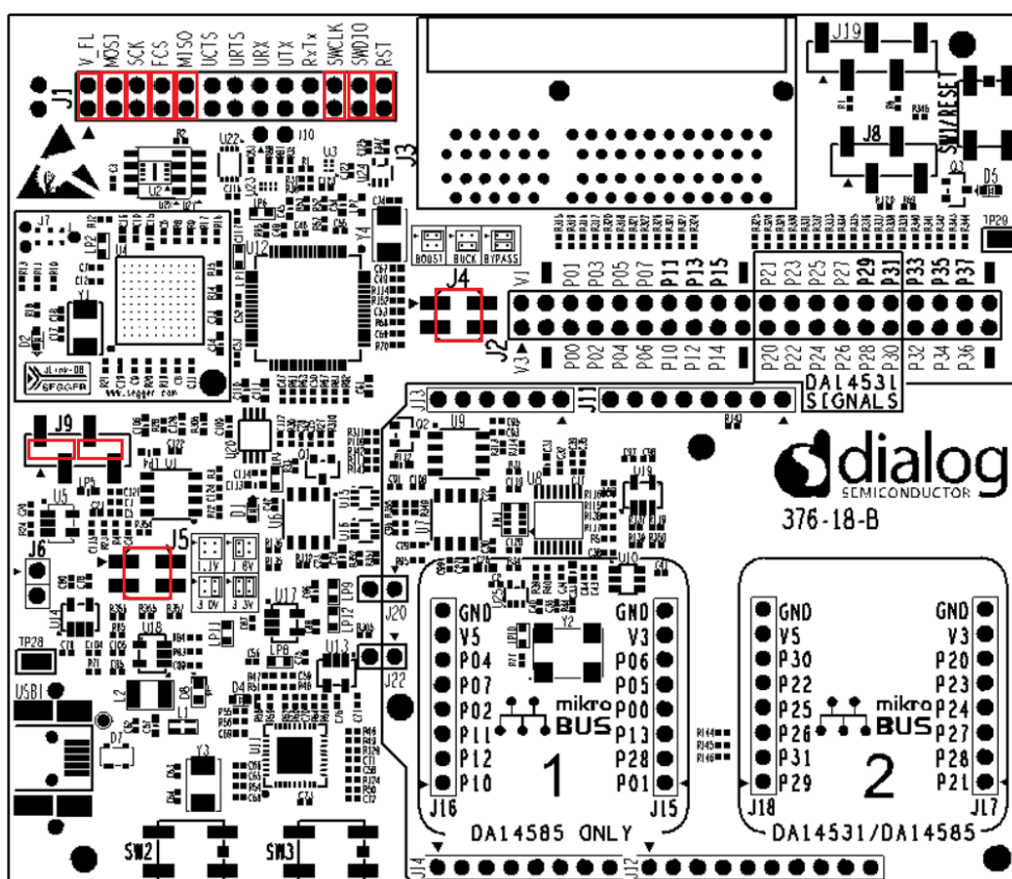


Figure 68: Jumper Settings for PRO-MB (Marked in Red)

E.2 DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB and PRO-MB Settings

The resistors that are not mounted to FCGQFN24 PRO-DB do not appear in [Figure 70](#).

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

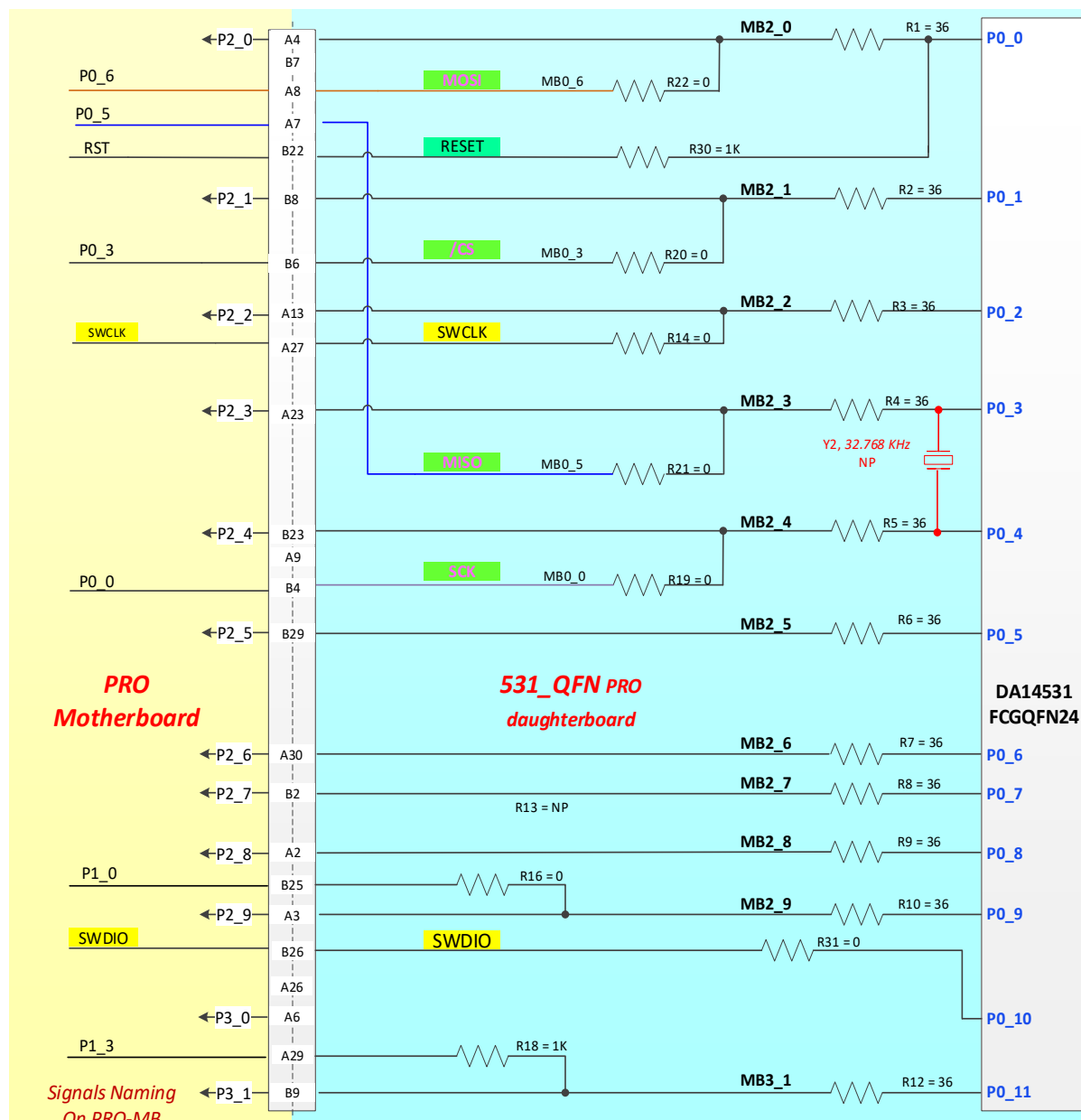


Figure 70: System Configuration for DA14531 DK PRO with a DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB (Default)

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

Table 23: The Components for DA14531 DK PRO in FCGQFN24 Package

PCBA	Populated Components	Not Populated Components
PRO-MB	Apply jumpers: J1:1-2, J1:3-4, J1:5-6, J1:7-8, J1:9-10, J1:21-22, J1:23-24, J1:25-26 J9:1-2, J9:3-4 J4: as per power configuration J5: as per power configuration For single-wire UART, add jumpers to: J1:19-20, J10:1 to J1:15, J10:2 to J1:17	
DA14531-FCGQFN24	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R8, R9, R10, R12, R14, R16, R17, R18, R19, R20, R21, R22, R30, R31	R11, R13, R15, R23, R24, R25, R26, R27, R28, R29, R33, R34, R35, Y2

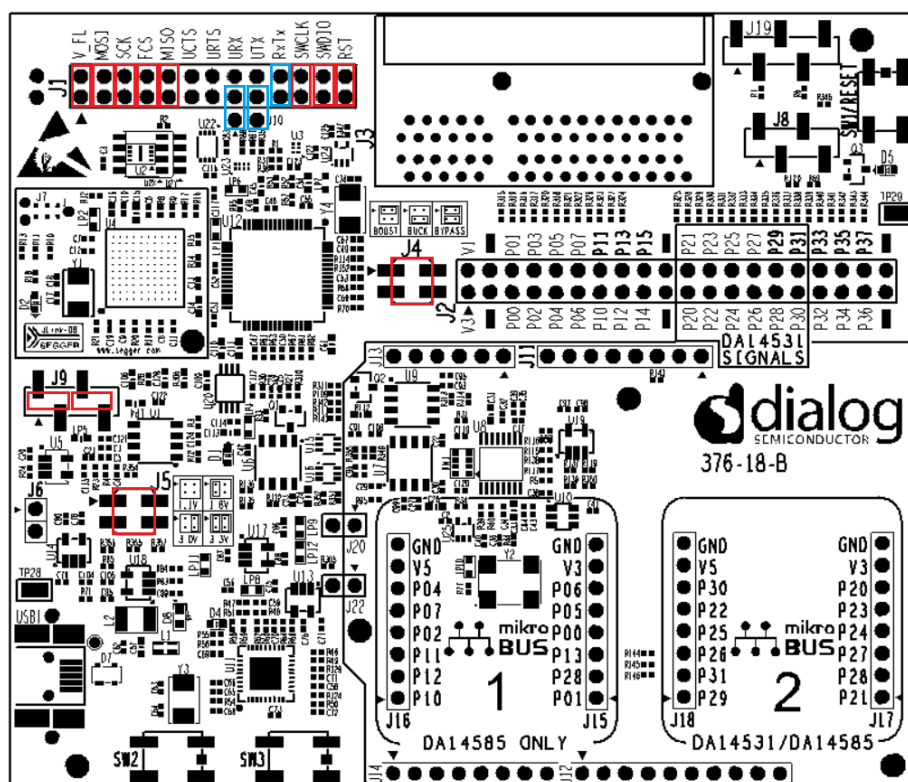


Figure 71: Jumper Settings for PRO-MB

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

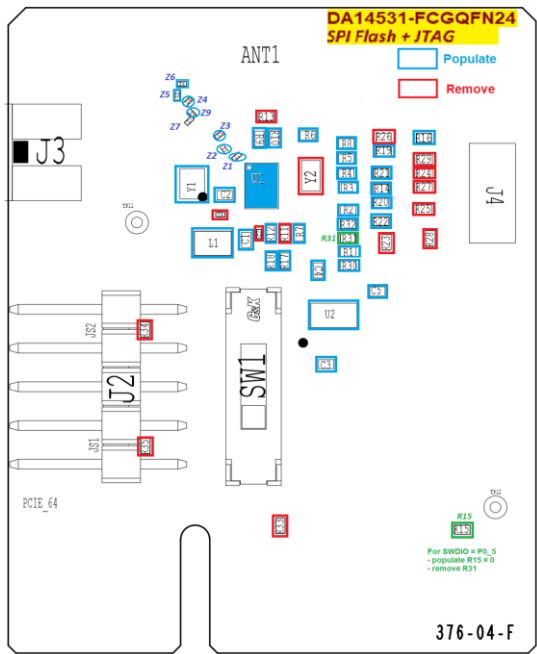


Figure 72: Resistor and Jumper Settings for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

Appendix F Enabling UART, JTAG and 32.768 kHz Crystal

F.1 UART (2-wire), JTAG, and 32.768 kHz Crystal

In this configuration, the 2-wire UART, JTAG, 32.768 kHz crystal, and reset are applied. No cables are required because the signal assignment is done on the PRO-DB with proper resistor mounting. In PRO-MB, the appropriate jumper setting is applied on J1.

Table 24: Pin Assignment for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5
UART (2-wire), JTAG, and 32.768 kHz Crystal	UTX/Reset	URX	SWLCK	XTAL	XTAL	SWDIO

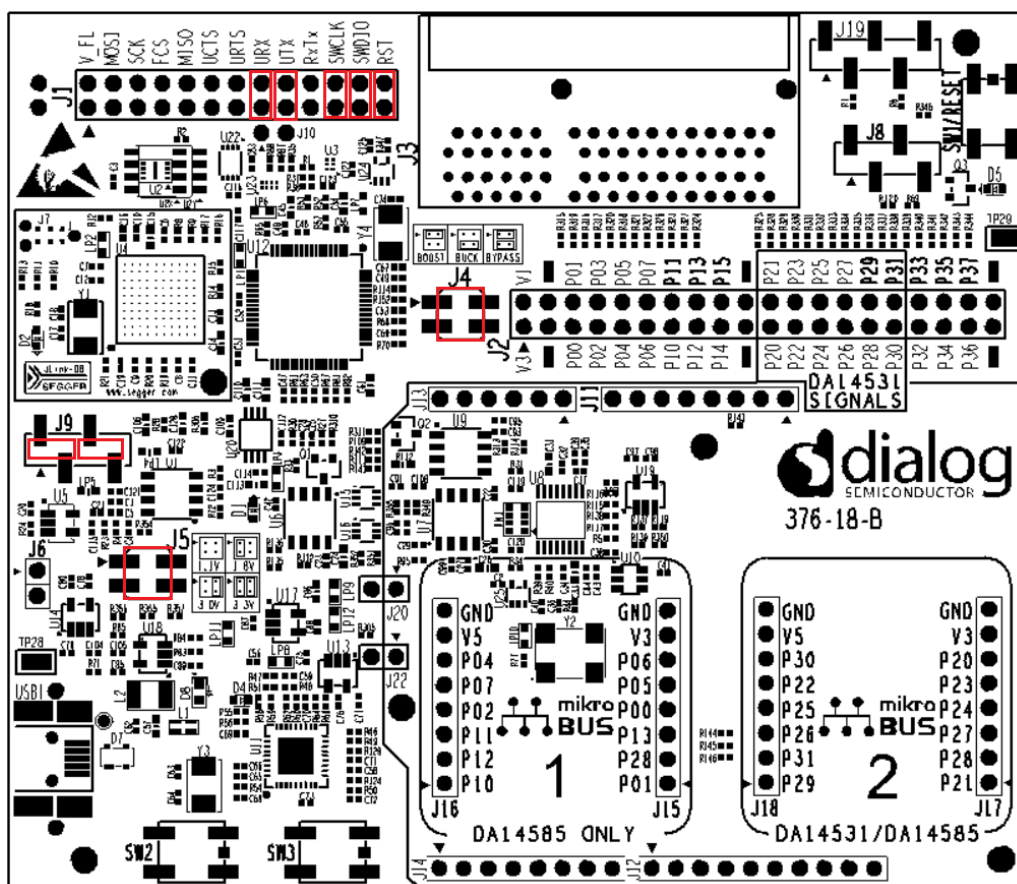
Table 25: Pin assignment for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_10
UART (2-wire), JTAG, and 32.768 kHz Crystal	UTX/Reset	URX	SWLCK	XTAL	XTAL	SWDIO

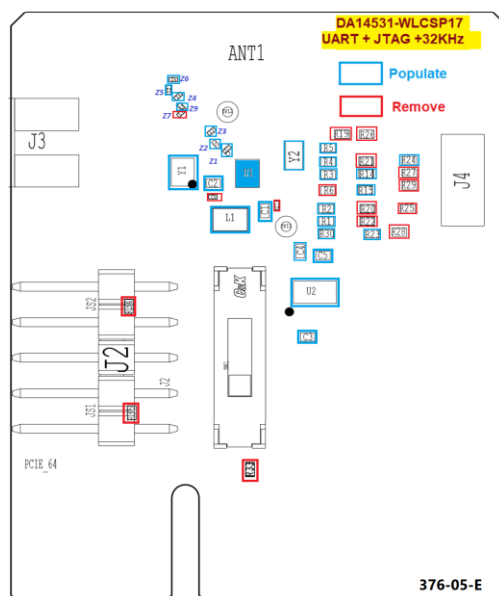
Table 26: The Components for the Two Packages to Support 2-Wire UART, JTAG, and 32.768 kHz Crystal

Package	Populated Components	Removed Components
DA145xx PRO-MB	Apply jumpers: J1:15-16, J1:17-18, J1:21-22, J1:23-24, J1:25-26 J9:1-2, J9:3-4 J4: as per power configuration J5: as per power configuration	
DA14531- WLCSP17	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R23, R24, R14, R15, R30, Y2	R6, R19, R20, R21, R22, R25, R26 R27, R28, R29 R33, R34, R35
DA14531-FCGQFN24	R1, R2, R3, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R12, R14, R16, R17, R18, R23, R24, R30, R31, Y2	R4, R5, R11, R13, R15, R19, R20, R21, R22, R25, R26, R27, R28, R29

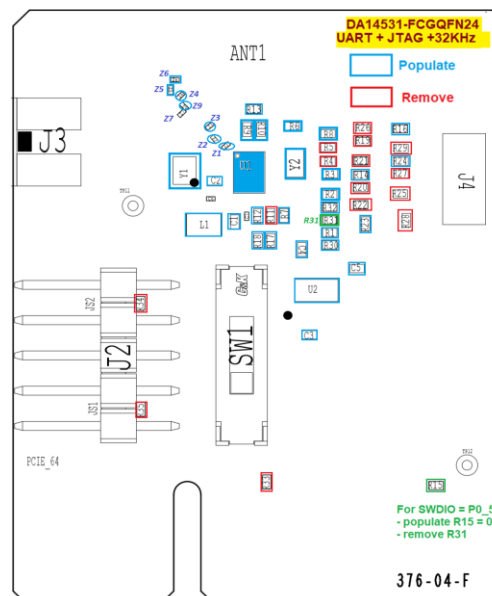
DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware



PRO-MB Jumpers (in Red)



WLCSP17



FCGQFN24

Figure 73: Resistor and Jumper Setting for PRO-MB (Top) and DA14531 PRO-DBs (Bottom) to Support 2-Wire UART, JTAG, and 32.768 kHz Crystal

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F.2 Full UART and JTAG

In this configuration, the 4-wire full UART, JTAG, and reset are applied. No cables are required because the signal assignment is done on the PRO-DB with proper resistor mounting. In PRO-MB, the appropriate jumper setting is applied on J1.

Table 27: Pin Assignment for DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_5
Full UART (4-wire) and JTAG	UTX/Reset	URX	SWLCK	UCTS	URTS	SWDIO

Table 28: Pin Assignment for DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB

Configuration	P0_0	P0_1	P0_2	P0_3	P0_4	P0_10
Full UART (4-wire) and JTAG	UTX/Reset	URX	SWLCK	UCTS	URTS	SWDIO

Table 29: The Components for the Two Packages to Support Full UART and JTAG

Package	Populated Components	Removed Components
PRO-MB	Apply jumpers J1:11-12, J1:13-14, J1:15-16, J1:17-18, J1:21-22, J1:23-24, J1:25-26 J9:1-2, J9:3-4 J4: as per power configuration J5: as per power configuration	
DA14531 WLCSP17 PRO-DB	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R14, R15, R23, R24, R25, R26, R30	R6, R19, R20, R21, R22, R27, R28, R29, R33, R34, R35, Y2
DA14531 FCGQFN24 PRO-DB	R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R8, R9, R10, R12, R14, R16, R17, R18, R23, R24, R25, R26, R30, R31	R11, R13, R15, R19, R20, R21, R22, R27, R28, R29, R33, R34, R35, Y2

07-Jun-2023

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Appendix G Operating the DK PRO at 1.5 V (Boost Mode)

Jumpers J4 and J5 on the PRO Development Kit allow the DA14531 to be operated in buck, boost, and bypass mode at 1.1 V, 1.8 V, 3.0 V, or 3.3 V (Figure 75).

To operate in boost mode with a different voltage, except for 1.1 V, additional components or equipment must be used. Instructions on how to configure a voltage of 1.5 V, while maintaining power profiler and current measurement functionality over the PRO Development Kit, are presented in the following sections.

G.1 Adding External Resistor to VLDO Selection (J5) Pin Header

1. Remove the jumpers from J5.
2. Connect a 31.6 k Ω 1% resistor (which is an E96 standard value) between pins 1 and 4.
3. Verify that the jumper on J4 is on position 1:2.

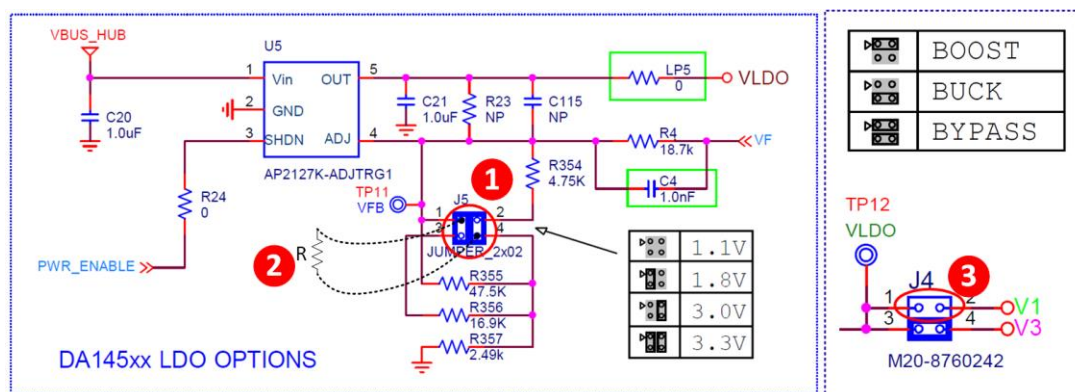


Figure 75: Configuring VLDO for 1.5 V Boost Operation

G.2 Using External Power Supply

1. Remove jumper J9:1-2.
2. Connect V+ (1.5V) of external supply on pin 1 and GND to an available GND point on a breakout header.
3. Verify that the jumper on J4 is on position 1:2.

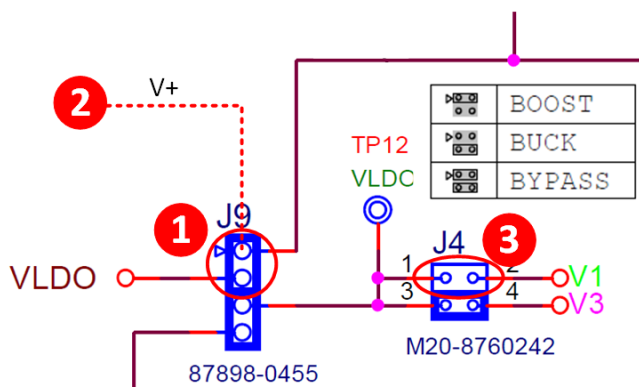


Figure 76: Using External Power Supply for 1.5 V Boost Operation

G.3 Important Notice For Boost Operation

For a guaranteed startup, the load on VBAT_HIGH must not exceed 50 μ A during system startup/wake-up.

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Load like SPI flash should be isolated from VBAT_HIGH to avoid overloading the rail during boot. A dedicated GPIO pin can be used to provide power to an external flash memory either directly if the current requirements are within the current sourcing capabilities of the pin, or through a load switch/power management IC. A secondary bootloader is necessary to support the powering up of the external flash. In Figure 77 possible implementations are given.

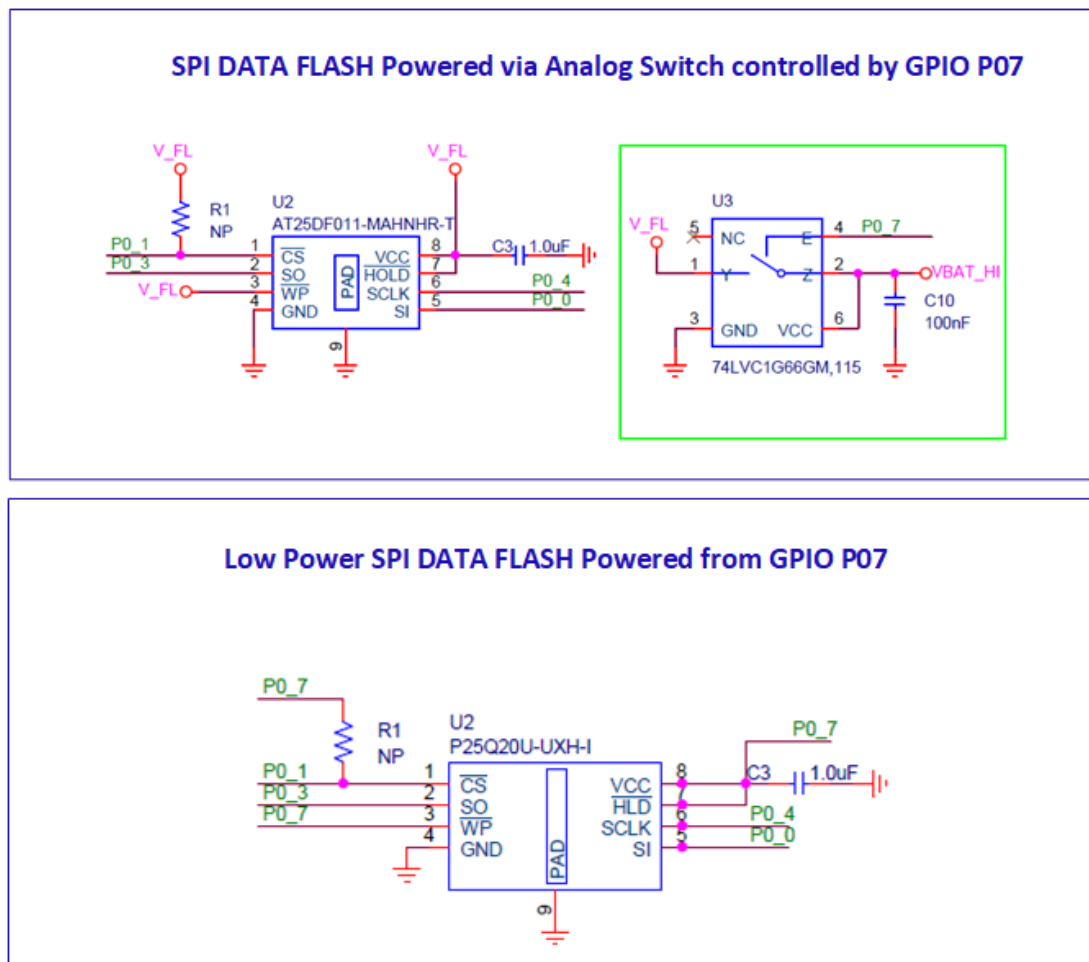


Figure 77: Examples of SPI Flash Power Management Using (Top) Analog Switch (Bottom) Directly GPIO

For more information regarding the boost operation and flash and secondary bootloader, see Ref. [3].

Appendix H DA14531 PRO-MB PCBA Label

There is a label attached on the solder side of the PCB of every DA14531 PRO-MB PCBA. The Label provides information for PCBA Production Date and J-link debugger serial number as follows.

Table 30: Information Provided on PCBA Label

Date Code	<Year> <week>	2 digits 2 digits
J-Link debugger serial number	<J-link serial number>	9 digits

The date code is related to the SPI flash used on the development kit.

Table 31: Date Code vs SPI Flash

Date code	SPI Data Flash
Before 2117	MX25R2035FZ UILO
2117 and later	AT25DF021A-MAHN-T



Figure 78: Label on DA14531 PRO-MB PCBA

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.7	07-Jun-2023	Added SPI flash AT25DF021A. Added Appendix H.
1.6	22-Feb-2022	Document rebranded to Renesas.
1.5	07-Jun-2021	Table 15: Typo correction for Buck, Bypass setting
1.4	23-Apr-2021	Section 2: References - Added missing URL links Section 4.2.1: replaced broken URL link for SMA connector Replaced Figures 1,4, 5, 7, 30, 56, 58, 61 Added Appendix G Various corrections
1.3	18-Sept-2020	Corrections on section 9.3, "mikroBUS wrong labels"
1.2	13-April-2020	Correction of J8 pin assignment.
1.1	24-Oct-2019	Editorial review.
1.0	15-Oct-2019	Initial version.

DA14531 Development Kit Pro Hardware

Status Definitions

Status	Definition
DRAFT	The content of this document is under review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions.
APPROVED or unmarked	The content of this document has been approved for publication.

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