

6A, 200V Ultrafast Diodes

The RURD620S9A are ultrafast diodes with soft recovery characteristics ($t_{rr} < 25\text{ns}$). They have low forward voltage drop and are silicon nitride passivated ion-implanted epitaxial planar construction.

These devices are intended for use as freewheeling/clamping diodes and rectifiers in a variety of switching power supplies and other power switching applications. Their low stored charge and ultrafast soft recovery minimize ringing and electrical noise in many power switching circuits, reducing power loss in the switching transistors.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
RURD620S9A_S2457	TO-252	RUR620

Symbol



Features

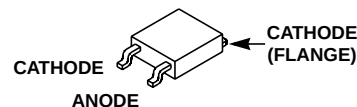
- Ultrafast with Soft Recovery <25ns
- Operating Temperature 175°C
- Reverse Voltage 200V
- Avalanche Energy Rated
- Planar Construction
- Qualified to ACE Q101

Applications

- Switching Power Supplies
- Power Switching Circuits
- General Purpose

Packaging

JEDEC STYLE TO-252



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified

	RURD620S9A	UNITS
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	200	V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	200	V
DC Blocking Voltage	200	V
Average Rectified Forward Current $T_C = 160^\circ\text{C}$	6	A
Repetitive Peak Surge Current Square Wave, 20kHz	12	A
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current Halfwave, 1 phase, 60Hz	60	A
Maximum Power Dissipation	45	W
Avalanche Energy (See Figures 10 and 11)	10	mJ
Operating and Storage Temperature	-65 to 175	

Electrical Specifications $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_F	$I_F = 6\text{A}$	-	-	1.0	V
	$I_F = 6\text{A}, T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	0.83	V
I_R	$V_R = 200\text{V}$	-	-	100	μA
	$V_R = 200\text{V}, T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	500	μA
t_{rr}	$I_F = 1\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	25	ns
	$I_F = 6\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	30	ns
t_a	$I_F = 6\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	13	-	ns
t_b	$I_F = 6\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	6.5	-	ns
Q_{RR}	$I_F = 6\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	20	-	nC
C_J	$V_R = 10\text{V}, I_F = 0\text{A}$	-	30	-	pF
$R_{\theta JC}$		-	-	3.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

DEFINITIONS

V_F = Instantaneous forward voltage (pw = 300 μs , D = 2%).

I_R = Instantaneous reverse current.

t_{rr} = Reverse recovery time (See Figure 9), summation of $t_a + t_b$.

t_a = Time to reach peak reverse current (See Figure 9).

t_b = Time from peak I_{RM} to projected zero crossing of I_{RM} based on a straight line from peak I_{RM} through 25% of I_{RM} (See Figure 9).

Q_{RR} = Reverse recovery charge.

C_J = Junction Capacitance.

$R_{\theta JC}$ = Thermal resistance junction to case.

pw = Pulse width.

D = Duty cycle.

Typical Performance Curves

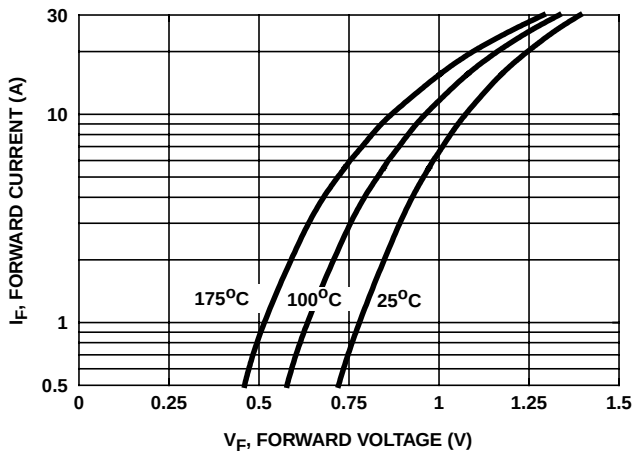


FIGURE 1. FORWARD CURRENT vs FORWARD VOLTAGE

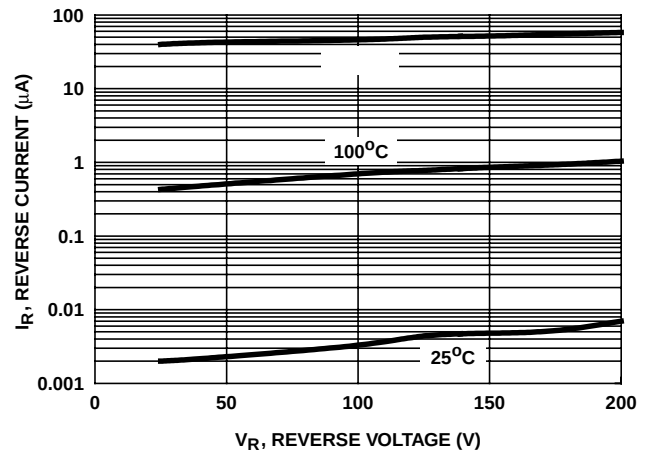


FIGURE 2. REVERSE CURRENT vs REVERSE VOLTAGE

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

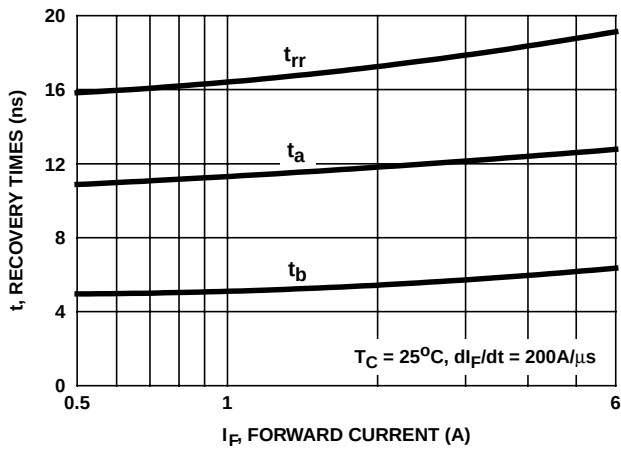


FIGURE 3. t_{rr} , t_a AND t_b CURVES vs FORWARD CURRENT

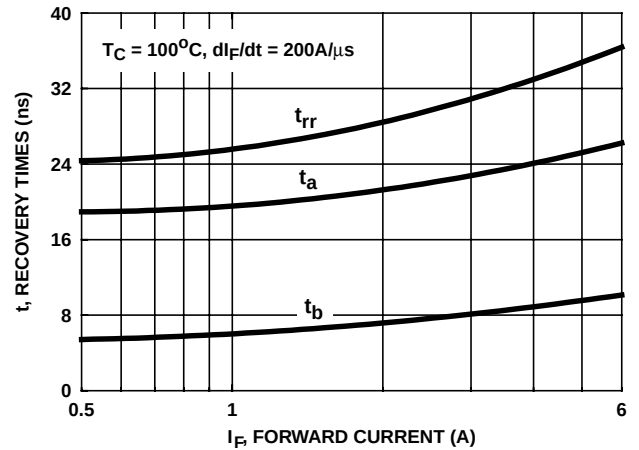


FIGURE 4. t_{rr} , t_a AND t_b CURVES vs FORWARD CURRENT

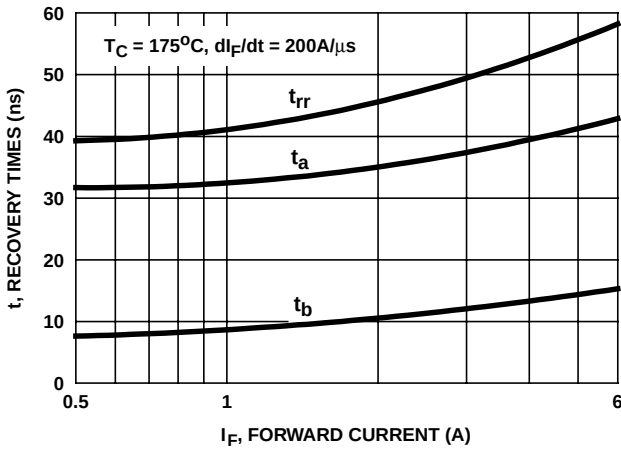


FIGURE 5. t_{rr} , t_a AND t_b CURVES vs FORWARD CURRENT

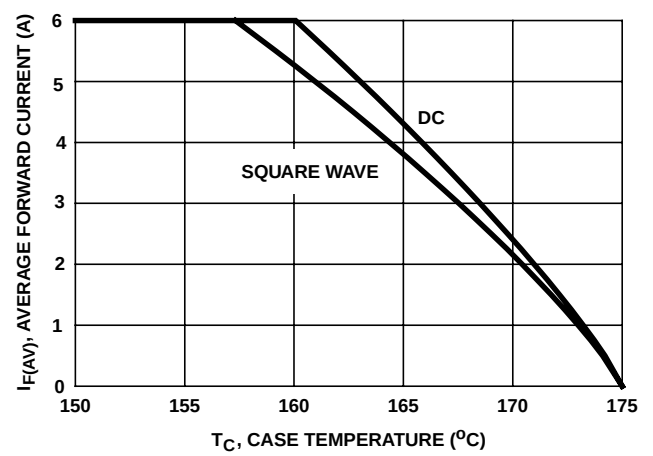


FIGURE 6. CURRENT DERATING CURVE

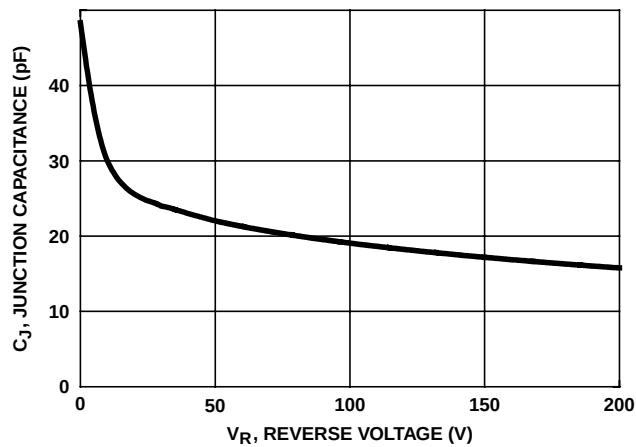
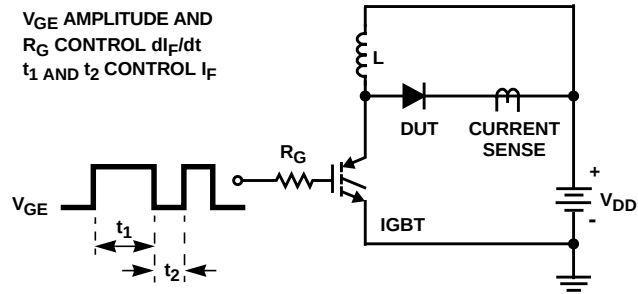
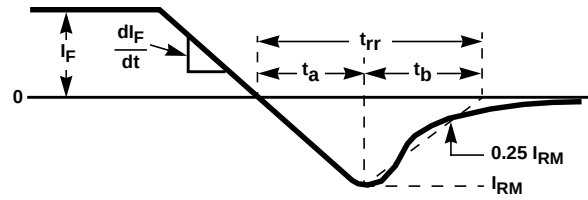


FIGURE 7. JUNCTION CAPACITANCE vs REVERSE VOLTAGE

Test Circuits and Waveforms

FIGURE 8. t_{rr} TEST CIRCUITFIGURE 9. t_{rr} WAVEFORMS AND DEFINITIONS

$I = 1A$
 $L = 20mH$
 $R < 0.1\Omega$
 $E_{AVL} = 1/2Li^2 [V_{R(AVL)}/(V_{R(AVL)} - V_{DD})]$
 $Q_1 = IGBT (BV_{CES} > DUT V_{R(AVL)})$

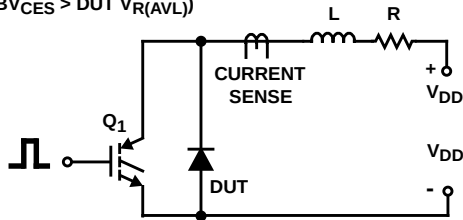


FIGURE 10. AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

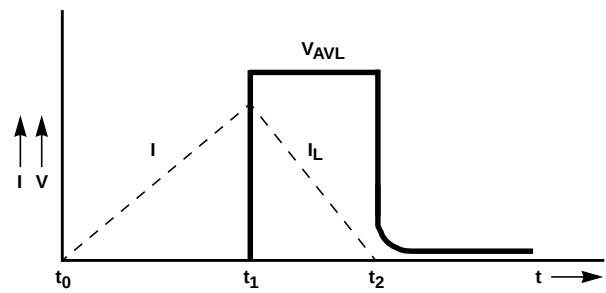


FIGURE 11. AVALANCHE CURRENT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS