



DZDH0401DW

IDEAL DIODE CONTROLLER IN SOT363

Description

The DZDH0401DW is intended to drive a P-channel enhancement MOSFET configured as an ideal diode. The device operates as a differential amplifier and PMOS controller to minimize forward current losses when V_{IN} > V_{OUT} and provide high isolation when V_{IN} < V_{OUT}. The circuit compares the voltage between IN and OUT. If the differential is greater than ~34mV (typ.) V_{BIAS} will fall and the PMOS will turn on, If the differential is less than ~34mV V_{BIAS} will rise and the PMOS will turn off, isolating IN from OUT.

Applications

- High Side Gate Driving PMOS
- High Side Disconnect Switch
- Battery Discharge Protection
- Emergency Lighting
- Active OR'ing Redundant Power Supplies

Features

- Max Input Voltage: 40V
- Peak Bias Current: -300mA
- Max Reverse Voltage Protection: 50V
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

Mechanical Data

- Case: SOT363
- Case Material: Molded Plastic, "Green" Molding Compound.
 UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish—Matte Tin Finish. Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 (2)
- Weight: 0.006 grams (Approximate)



Typical Configuration

SOT363 Top View



Pinout

Ordering Information (Note 4)

| Part Number | Marking | Reel Size (inches) | Tape Width (mm) | Quantity per Reel |
|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| DZDH0401DW-7 | 2M4 | 7 | 8 | 3,000 |

No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
 See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

 Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

4. For packaging details, go to our website at https://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/diodes-packaging/.

Notes:



Marking Information



2M4 = Product Type Marking Code YM = Date Code Marking Y = Year (ex: I = 2021) M = Month (ex: 3 = March)

Date Code Key

| Year | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 |
|-------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Code | Н | | J | K | L | М | Ν | 0 | Р | R | S | Т |
| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| Monun | Juli | 100 | initial | 1421 | may | ean | • ai | , | 000 | 000 | | 200 |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (@ T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-------|------|
| DRAIN BIAS Voltage | V _{DRAIN-BIAS} | 40 | V |
| SOURCE DRAIN Voltage | V _{SOURCE-DRAIN} | 50 | V |
| BIAS Current | I _{BIAS} | -300 | mA |
| DRAIN Current | I _{DRAIN} | 300 | mA |

Thermal Characteristics – Total Device (@ T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Power Dissipation (Note 5) | PD | 300 | mW |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 5) | $R_{	ext{	heta}JA}$ | 424 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (Note 5) | R _{θJC} | 111 | °C/W |
| Operating and Storage Temperature Range | T _J , T _{STG} | -65 to +150 | °C |

Note: 5. For a device mounted on minimum recommended pad layout with 1oz copper that is on a single-sided 1.6mm FR4 PCB; the device is measured under still air conditions whilst operating in a steady-state.



Thermal Characteristics – Total Device





Electrical Characteristics (@ T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test Condition |
|--|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| DRAIN - BIAS Voltage | V _{DRAIN-BIAS} | 40 | 78 | — | V | I _{DRAIN} =100μA |
| SOURCE – DRAIN Voltage | VSOURCE-DRAIN | 50 | 84 | _ | V | I _{SOURCE} =100µA |
| DRAIN – REF Voltage | VDRAIN-REF | _ | 588 | _ | mV | I _{DRAIN} =100μA |
| SOURCE Current | ISOURCE | _ | 11.6 | _ | μA | V _{SOURCE-REF} =0.56V |
| REF-SOURCE Voltage | VREF-SOURCE | _ | -554 | _ | mV | I _{REF} =-10µA |
| Turn-Off Differential Voltage | VT | 5 | 34 | 80 | mV | I _{DRAIN} =100μΑ; I _{SOURCE} =10μΑ |
| | N/ | -250 | -472 | _ | mV | V _{BIAS-SOURCE} =-5V; I _{BIAS} =-1µA |
| REF-SOURCE Voltage (V _{BIAS low}) | VREF-SOURCE | -300 | -541 | _ | mV | V _{BIAS-SOURCE} =-5V; I _{BIAS} =-10µA |
| | N | _ | -601 | -800 | mV | VBIAS-SOURCE=-0.5V; IBIAS=-100µA |
| REF-SOURCE Voltage (V _{BIAS high}) | V _{REF} -SOURCE | | -663 | -850 | mV | V _{BIAS-SOURCE} =-0.5V; I _{BIAS} =-1mA |

Typical Electrical Characteristics (@ T_A = +25°C unless otherwise specified.)





Typical Application Circuit/ Pin Out Details/ Functional Description



Functional Description (Refer to typical application circuit above)

Supply Connect:

As a +Input is applied, the body drain diode of Q1 becomes forward biased. U1 diode holds U1 transistor base at $V_{IN} - V_F$, and so V_{BE} is too low to turn on U1 transistor. As Q1 gate capacitance charges through Rbias, Q1 turns on and R_{DS} decreases causing V_{DS} to decrease and V_{BE} to increase until U1 transistor starts to conduct. This process continues until Q1 R_{DS} reaches its minimum value and U1 transistor V_{BE} cannot increase and I_C reaches its maximum. V_{GS} should be high enough at this point to ensure linear operation.

Rref and Rbias set the currents through U1 diode and U1 collector respectively so that V_{F(DIODE)} is greater than V_{BE(on)}.

Supply Disconnect:

As the +Input is removed, $V_{DS} < V_T$, Q1 is on and $V_{IN} = V_{OUT}$, causing V_{REF} to fall and U1 $V_{BE} > V_{BE(on)}$ so U1 transistor discharges Q1 gate capacitance and Q1 turns off causing V_{IN} to fall to 0V.

Quiescent Current and Isolation:

With a battery connected at Supply Out, there are two leakage paths back to the Supply In. One is straight through Q1 and the other is through U1_{emitter-anode}. The high reverse breakdown voltage of U1 diode provides a high isolation path. The Rref & Rbias currents bias U1 transistor on which keeps Q1 off. These resistors' values are chosen to minimize quiescent current operation of the circuit.

| Typical Charging Condition | ns. (Ta=25°C \ Isupply=3A) | /batt=14V switc | h closed, |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Тур | Unit |
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | 14.1 | V |
| Input current | I _{IN} | 3 | Α |
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | 14 | V |
| Output Current | I _{OUT} | 3.0 | Α |
| Diode Forward Voltage | VF | 0.6 | V |
| Diode forward Current | I _F | 135 | uA |
| Reference Voltage | V _{REF} | 13.4 | V |
| Reference Current | I _{REF} | 136.6 | uA |
| Base Current | I _B | 1.6 | uA |
| Emitter Current | I _E | 12.1 | uA |
| Bias Voltage | V _{BIAS} | 10.5 | V |
| Collector Current | I _C | 10.5 | uA |
| Operating Current | I _{cc} | 147 | uA |

| Typical Non-Charging Condition | ons. (Ta=25°C \ upply=3A) | /batt=14V switch c | pen, |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Тур | Unit |
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | - | uV |
| Input current | I _{IN} | | Α |
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | 14 | V |
| Output Current | I _{OUT} | | Α |
| Diode Forward Voltage | V _F | | V |
| Diode forward current | l _F | 0 | uA |
| Reference Voltage | V _{REF} | 13.3 | V |
| Reference Current | I _{REF} | 133 | uA |
| Base Current | IB | 133 | uA |
| Emitter Current | I _E | 145 | uA |
| Bias Voltage | V _{BIAS} | 13.94 | V |
| Bias Current | IBIAS | 13.94 | uA |
| Operating Current | Icc | 147 | uA |



Typical Application Circuit/ Pin Out Details/ Functional Description (continued)

Timing

Switching speed is affected by PMOS characteristics, Rbias, Rref, and operating voltage. Using the typical application circuit, we can see how modifying values can affect the timing in the simulations below





Typical Application Circuit/ Pin Out Details/ Functional Description (continued)





Typical Application Circuit/ Pin Out Details/ Functional Description (continued)

Ideal Diode Power Saving

The typical voltage drop across a standard diode rectifier means higher power dissipation and more heat to manage. This both wastes power and significantly drops the potential on low voltage rails.

Example:

A diode rectifier with a typical forward voltage V_F =0.55V carrying 3A current would dissipate 1.65W (I x V_F). Whereas with P-MOSFET such as the DMP4047LFDE that has an Rdson of $33m\Omega$, the power dissipation reduces to only 0.29W (I² x R).

Hence, very low R_{DS(on)} Power MOSFETs can replace the standard rectifiers and the DZDH0401DW controls the MOSFET as an ideal diode.

N+1 redundancy OR'ing controller

Critical systems require a fault-tolerant power supply that can be achieved by paralleling two or more PSUs into an (N+1) redundancy configuration.

During normal operation, usually all PSUs equally share the load for maximum reliability. If one of the PSUs is unplugged or fails, then the other PSUs fully support the load. To avoid the faulty PSU from affecting the common bus, an OR'ing rectifier blocks the reverse current flow into the faulty PSU. Likewise during hot-swapping, the OR'ing rectifiers isolate a PSU's discharged output capacitors from the common bus.





Package Outline Dimensions

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



| | SOT363 | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|---------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Dim | Min | Max | Тур | | | | |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.05 | | | | |
| A2 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.00 | | | | |
| b | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.25 | | | | |
| С | 0.10 | 0.22 | 0.11 | | | | |
| D | 1.80 | 2.20 | 2.15 | | | | |
| Е | 2.00 | 2.20 | 2.10 | | | | |
| E1 | 1.15 | 1.35 | 1.30 | | | | |
| е | C |).650 B | SC | | | | |
| F | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.425 | | | | |
| L | 0.25 | 0.40 | 0.30 | | | | |
| а | 0° | 8° | | | | | |
| All | Dimen | sions | in mm | | | | |

Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.



| Dimensions | Value (in mm) |
|------------|------------------|
| С | 0.650 |
| G | 1.300 |
| Х | 0.420 |
| Y | 0.600 |
| Y1 | 2.500 |



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