

LDO Regulator, 0.5 A, High Accuracy (0.7%), Adjustable, Low Noise, High PSRR with Power Good

NCV8189

The NCV8189 is a 0.5 A LDO, next generation of high PSRR, low noise and low dropout regulators with Power Good open collector output. Designed to meet the requirements of RF and sensitive analog circuits, the NCV8189 device provides low noise, high PSRR and low quiescent current while offering the ability to regulate output voltages down to 0.6 V. The device also offers excellent load / line transients. The NCV8189 is designed to work with a 4.7 μ F input and output ceramic capacitor. It is available in industry standard DFNW8 0.65P, 3 mm x 3 mm and WDFNW6 0.65P, 2 mm x 2 mm.

Features

- Operating Input Voltage Range: 1.6 V to 5.5 V
- Available in Fixed Voltage Option: 0.6 V to 5.0 V
- Adjustable Version Reference Voltage: 0.6 V
- ±0.7% Initial Accuracy at 25°C
- ±1% Accuracy Over Load and Temperature (up to 125°C)
- Low Quiescent Current Typ. 35 μA
- Shutdown Current: Typ. 0.1 μA
- Very Low Dropout: Typ. 65 mV at 0.5 A for 3.3 V Variant
- High PSRR: Typ. 85 dB at 100 mA, f = 1 kHz
- Low Noise: 10 μV_{RMS} (Fixed Version)
- Stable with a 4.7 µF Small Case Size Ceramic Capacitors
- ullet Controlled Output Voltage Slew Rate from 5 mV / μs
- Available in DFNW8 3 mm x 3 mm x 0.9 mm Case 507AD and WDFNW6 2 mm x 2 mm x 0.75 mm Case 511DW
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- Communication Systems
- In-Vehicle Networking
- Telematics, Infotainment and Clusters
- General Purpose Automotive

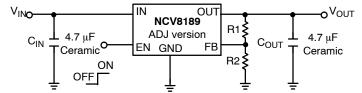


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematics

MARKING DIAGRAMS



WDFNW6 2x2, 0.65P CASE 511DW





DFNW8 3x3, 0.65P CASE 507AD

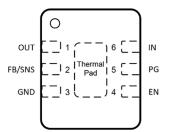


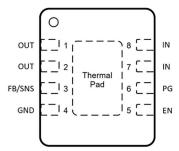
XXX = Specific Device Code A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot
M = Month Code
Y = Year
W = Work Week
■ Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN CONNECTONS





ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering, marking and shipping information on page 11 of this data sheet.

PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No. DFNW8	Pin No. WDFNW6	Pin Name	Description
1, 2	1	OUT	Regulated output voltage. The output should be bypassed with small 4.7 μF ceramic capacitor
7, 8	6	IN	Input voltage supply pin
5	4	EN	Chip enable: Applying V_{EN} < 0.4 V disables the regulator, Pulling V_{EN} > 1 V enables the LDO
6	5	PG	Power Good, open collector. Use 10 k Ω to 100 k Ω pull–up resistor connected to output, input or other voltage (see maximum ratings)
4	3	GND	Common ground connection
3	2	FB	Adjustable output feedback pin (for adjustable version only)
3	2	SNS	Sense feedback pin. Must be connected to OUT pin on PCB (for fixed versions only)
PAD	PAD	PAD	Expose pad should be tied to ground plane for better power dissipation

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V _{IN}	-0.3 to 6	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3, max. 6	V
Chip Enable Input	V _{EN}	-0.3 to 6	V
Power Good Voltage	V_{PG}	-0.3 to 6	V
Power Good Current	I _{PG}	20	mA
Output Short Circuit Duration	t _{SC}	unlimited	s
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _J	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD _{HBM}	2000	V
ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Note 2)	ESD _{CDM}	1000	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

- 2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods: ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)
 ESD Charged Device Model tested per EIA/JESD22-C101, Field Induced Charge Model

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, WDFNW6-2x2, 0.65 Pitch Package			•
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	RθJA	60	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (top)	RθJC(top)	167	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (bottom) (Note 4)	RθJC(bot)	6.9	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	RејВ	6.6	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Top	ΨЈТ	4.6	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Board	ΨЈВ	6.5	°C/W
Thermal Characteristics, DFNW8-3x3, 0.65 Pitch Package			
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 3)	RθJA	44.4	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (top)	RθJC(top)	115	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (bottom) (Note 4)	RθJC(bot)	6.9	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	Rејв	6.3	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Top	ΨЈТ	5.7	°C/W
Characterization Parameter, Junction-to-Board	ΨЈВ	6.3	°C/W

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a high-K board (2s2p, 1in², 1oz Cu) following the JEDEC51.7 guidelines with assumptions as above, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ or 1.6 V, whichever is greater, $I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 4.7 \,\mu\text{F}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_{J} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 5).

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	V _{IN}			1.6	-	5.5	V
Under Voltage Lock Out	V _{UVLO}			-	1.5	-	V
Output Voltage Accuracy	V _{OUT}	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $T_{J} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		-0.7	V _{NOM}	+0.7	%
		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.1 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0.$	0.5 V to 5.5 V, 5 A, T _J ≤ 125°C	-1	V _{NOM}	+1	%
		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.1 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 0.$	0.5 V to 5.5 V, 5 A, T _J > 125°C	-1.5	V _{NOM}	+1.5	%
Reference Voltage (Adjustable Ver. FB pin connected to OUT)	V _{FB}	V_{IN} = 1.6 V to 5.5 V, 0.1 mA \leq I _{OUT} \leq 0.5 A		0.594	0.6	0.606	V
Line Regulation	Line _{Reg}	$V_{OUT(NOM)} + 0.5 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.5	-	mV/V
Load Regulation	Load _{Reg}	I _{OUT} = 1 mA to 0.5	A	=	2	-	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	V_{DO}	I _{OUT} = 0.5 A	V _{OUT(NOM)} = 1.5 V	-	109	210	mV
			V _{OUT(NOM)} = 1.8 V	-	93	182	
			$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$	-	74	145	
			$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 2.8 \text{ V}$	-	69	136	
			$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	67	132	
			V _{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3 V	=	65	129	
			$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	-	56	114	
Output Current Limit	I _{CL}	V _{OUT} = 90% V _{OUT(NOM)}		-	750	850	mA
Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}	V _{OUT} = 0 V		-	750	-	
Quiescent Current	IQ	I _{OUT} = 0 mA		-	35	55	μΑ

^{4.} The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the IC exposed pad. Test description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30–88.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{J}} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}; \ V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT}(\text{NOM})} + 0.5 \ \text{V} \ \text{or} \ 1.6 \ \text{V}, \ \text{whichever} \ \text{is greater}, \ I_{\text{OUT}} = 1 \ \text{mA}, \ C_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{OUT}} = 4.7 \ \mu\text{F}, \ V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}, \ \text{unless otherwise noted}. \ \text{Typical values are at T}_{\text{J}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{(Note 5)}.$

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Co	nditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Shutdown Current	I _{DIS}	$V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, T_J \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		-	0.1	3.5	μΑ
		$V_{EN} \le 0.4 \text{ V}, T_J > 12$	V _{EN} ≤ 0.4 V, T _J > 125°C		3.5	-	μΑ
EN Pin Threshold Voltage	V_{ENH}	EN Input Voltage "H"	,	1	-	V _{IN}	V
	V _{ENL}	EN Input Voltage "L"		0	-	0.4	1
EN Pull Down Current	I _{EN}	V _{EN} = 5 V		-	0.2	0.6	μΑ
Power Good Threshold Voltage	V_{PGUP}	Output Voltage Raisi	ing	-	95	-	%
	V _{PGDW}	Output Voltage Fallir	ng	-	90	-	1
Power Good Output Voltage Low	V_{PGLO}	I _{PG} = 1 mA, Open dr	ain	-	30	100	mV
Turn-On Delay Time		C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, From V_{OUT} start raise	C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, From assertion of V_{EN} to V_{OUT} start raise		85	-	μs
Slew Rate Time ("C" option)		C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, From assertion of V_{EN} to VOUT = 95% $V_{OUT(NOM)}$		-	5	-	mV/μs
Slew Rate Time ("D" option)		C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, From assertion of V_{EN} to V_{OUT} = 95% $V_{OUT(NOM)}$		_	10	_	mV/μs
Slew Rate Time ("E" option)		C _{OUT} = 4.7 μF, From assertion of V _{EN} to V _{OUT} = 95% V _{OUT} (NOM)		-	30	-	mV/μs
Slew Rate Time ("F" option)		C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, From V_{OUT} = 95% $V_{OUT(N)}$	assertion of V _{EN} to	_	100	_	mV/μs
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{OUT(NOM)} = 3.3 \text{ V},$	f = 1 kHz	-	85	-	dB
		I _{OUT} = 100 mA	f = 10 kHz	-	75	-	1
			f = 100 kHz	-	53	-	
			f = 1 MHz	-	40	-	
Output Voltage Noise (Fixed Ver.)	V _N	f = 10 Hz to 100 kHz	I _{OUT} = 100 mA	_	10	-	μV _{RMS}
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	T _{SDH} Temperature rising		-	165	-	°C	
	T _{HYST}	Temperature hysteresis		-	15	-	°C
Active Output Discharge Resistance	R _{DIS}	V _{EN} < 0.4 V, AD Version only		-	250	-	Ω

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

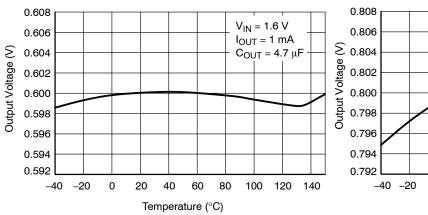
5. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization. Production tested at T_A = 25°C.

Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during the testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

6. Dropout voltage is characterized when V_{OUT} falls 3% below V_{OUT(NOM)}.

^{7.} Guaranteed by design.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



0.808 0.806 0.804 0.802 0.800 0.796 0.796 0.792 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 Temperature (°C)

Figure 2. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – V_{OUT} = 0.6 V (Adjustable Reference)

Figure 3. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 0.8 \text{ V}$

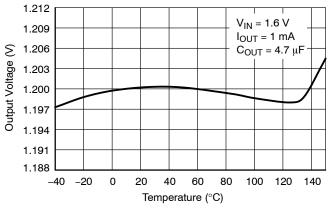


Figure 4. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

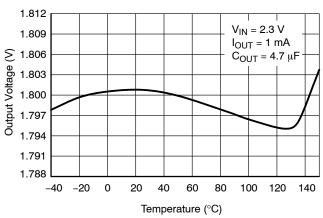


Figure 5. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

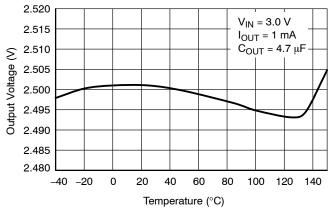


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – V_{OUT} = 2.5 V

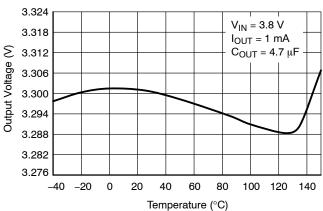


Figure 7. Output Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

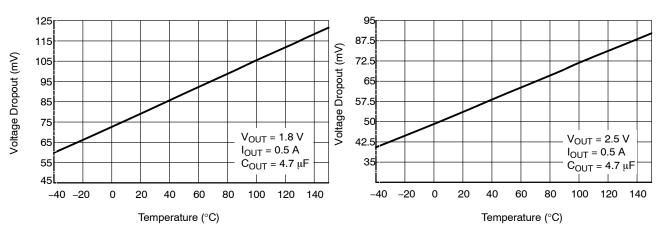


Figure 8. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

Figure 9. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

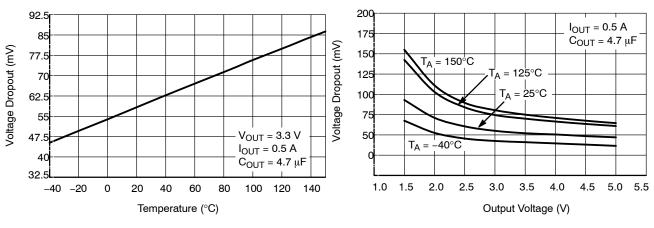


Figure 10. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature – $V_{OUT} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

Figure 11. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Voltage

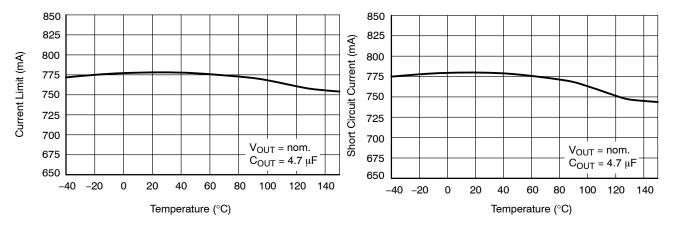


Figure 12. Current Limit vs. Temperature

Figure 13. Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

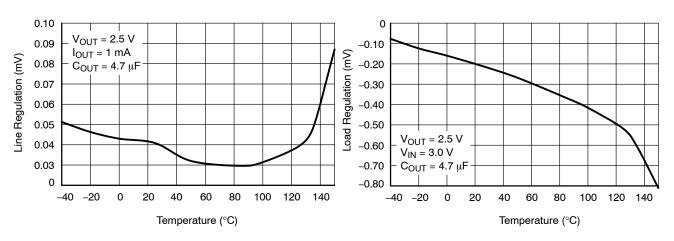


Figure 14. Line Regulation vs. Temperature

Figure 15. Load Regulation vs. Temperature

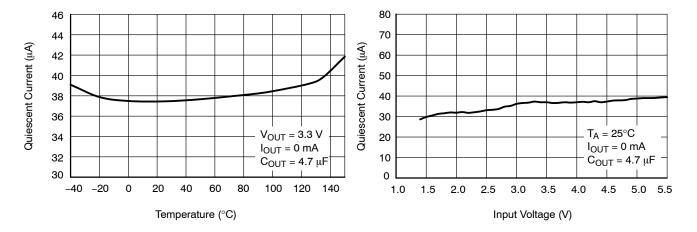
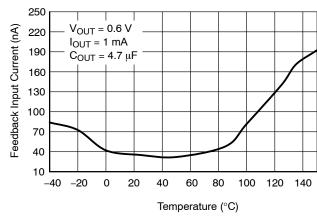


Figure 16. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



 $V_{OUT} = nom.$ 2.8 $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ Disable Current (μA) 2.4 C_{OUT} = 4.7 μF 2.0 1.6 1.2 8.0 0.4 0 -20 0 40 60 80 100 120 140 -40 20

Figure 18. Disable Current vs. Temperature

Temperature (°C)

Figure 17. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 19. Feedback Input Current vs. **Temperature (Adjustable Option)**

3.2

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

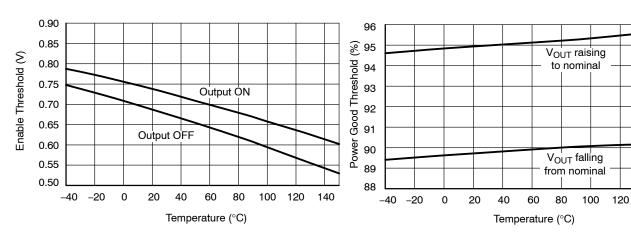


Figure 20. Enable Threshold vs. Temperature

Figure 21. Power Good Threshold vs. Temperature

140

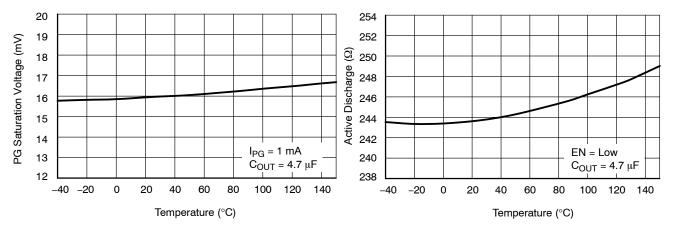


Figure 22. Power Good Saturation Voltage vs. Temperature

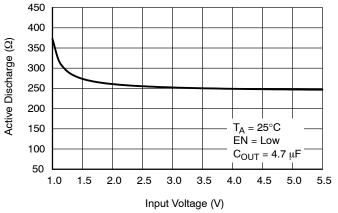


Figure 24. Active Discharge Resistance vs. Input Voltage

Figure 23. Active Discharge Resistance vs. Temperature

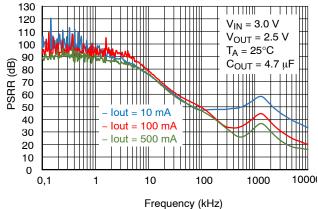
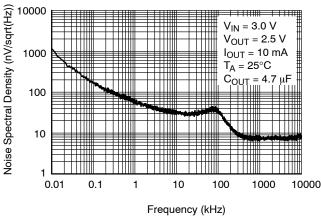
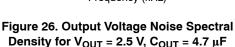


Figure 25. Power Supply Rejection Ratio for V_{OUT} = 2.5 V, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μF

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)





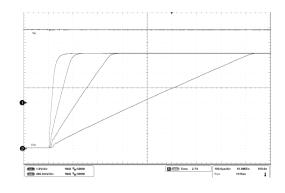


Figure 27. Controlled Output Voltage Slew Rate

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The NCV8189 is the member of new family of high output current and low dropout regulators which delivers low quiescent and ground current consumption, good noise and power supply ripple rejection ratio performance. The NCV8189 incorporates EN pin and power good output for simple controlling by MCU or logic. Standard features include current limiting, soft–start feature and thermal protection.

Input Decoupling (CIN)

It is recommended to connect at least 4.7 μ F ceramic X5R or X7R capacitor between IN and GND pin of the device. This capacitor will provide a low impedance path for any unwanted AC signals or noise superimposed onto constant input voltage. The good input capacitor will limit the influence of input trace inductances and source resistance during sudden load current changes. Higher capacitance and lower ESR capacitors will improve the overall line transient response.

Output Decoupling (COUT)

The NCV8189 does not require a minimum Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) for the output capacitor. The device is designed to be stable with standard ceramics capacitors with values of 2.2 μF or greater. For the best performance and stability under all conditions (temperature, output current load etc.) is recommended to use 4.7 μF or higher capacitor. The X5R and X7R types have the lowest capacitance variations over temperature thus they are suitable. Please note that too high output capacity (for example 100 μF and more) may cause instability under some conditions, especially under very light load condition.

Power Good Output Connection

The NCV8189 include Power Good functionality for better interfacing to MCU system. Power Good output is open collector type, capable to sink up to 10 mA. Recommended operating current is between 10 μ A and 1 mA to obtain low saturation voltage. External pull–up resistor can be connected to any voltage up to 5.5 V (please see Absolute Maximum Ratings table above).

Please note that Power Good internal circuitry is fully functional even in case of disabled LDO through Enable input (EN = Low). In this case internal Power Good transistor is closed and stand-by current consumption is increased by current flowing into PG input. When Power Good is intended to be used as part of power sequencing functionality and low stand-by current consumption is required, then please connect external pull-up resistor to output voltage of NCV8189. This will allow you to get the lowest possible stand-by current when LDO is disabled. Active discharge option is recommended to discharge output capacitors connected to LDO.

Power Good signal is internally delayed avoiding reaction to short glitches in output voltage. Blanking time is about 9 μ s when voltage is decreasing from nominal value and about 18 μ s when voltage is increasing back to nominal value.

Controlled Output Voltage Slew Rate

The NCV8189 has internal output voltage slew rate control (see Figure 27). After enable event there is about 85 µs dead time required to proper start-up of all internal LDO blocks. When this time ends, output voltage starts to

raise monotonously from zero to nominal output voltage. Total time need to settle LDO output on nominal voltage is given by voltage option and slew rate. Customer can choose from 4 available options – 5 mV/ μ s, 10 mV/ μ s, 30 mV/ μ s and 100 mV/ μ s.

In case of adjustable application please remember that selected slew rate is controlled for voltage raise from 0 V to reference voltage. It means that slew rate is multiplied by Vout / Vref ratio.

Power Dissipation and Heat Sinking

The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. For reliable operation junction temperature should be limited to +150°C. The maximum power dissipation the NCV8189 can handle is given by:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{\left[T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A}\right]}{R_{\theta JA}} \tag{eq. 1} \label{eq:pdf}$$

The power dissipated by the NCV8189 for given application conditions can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN} (I_{GND}(I_{OUT})) + I_{OUT} (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$
 (eq. 2)

or

$$V_{\text{IN(MAX)}} \approx \frac{P_{\text{D(MAX)}} + \left(V_{\text{OUT}} \times I_{\text{OUT}}\right)}{I_{\text{OUT}} + I_{\text{GND}}}$$
 (eq. 3)

Hints

 $V_{\rm IN}$ and GND printed circuit board traces should be as wide as possible. When the impedance of these traces is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction. Place external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the NCV8189, and make traces as short as possible.

Adjustable Version

In case customer needs non-standard / special voltage option, but output noise is critical too, there is one option. In such case customer can use fixed version and connect external resistor divider between output voltage and SNS pin. Under such condition, original fixed voltage becomes reference voltage for resistor divider and feedback loop. Output voltage can be equal or higher than original fixed option, while possible range is from 0.6 V up to 5.0 V. Figure 28 shows how to add external resistors to increase output voltage above fixed value.

Output voltage is then given by equation

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FIX} * (1 + R/R2)$$
 (eq. 4)

where $V_{\rm FIX}$ is voltage of original fixed version (from 0.6 V up to 5.0 V) or adjustable version (0.6 V). Do not operate the device at output voltage about 5.2 V, as device can be damaged.

Typical current flowing into FB pin is below 200 nA (adjustable option), where current flowing into SNS pin is below 900 nA (fixed options). In order to avoid influence of this current to output voltage accuracy, it is recommended use values of R1 and R2 in range from $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ to $220 \text{ k}\Omega$.

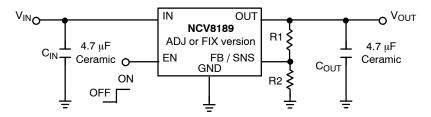


Figure 28. Adjustable Variant Application

Please note that output noise is amplified by V_{OUT}/V_{FIX} or V_{OUT}/V_{FB} ratio. For example, if original 0.6 V adjustable variant is used to create non–standard 3.6 V output voltage, output noise is increased 3.6 / 0.6 = 6 times and real noise value will be 6 * 10 μ Vrms = 60 μ Vrms.

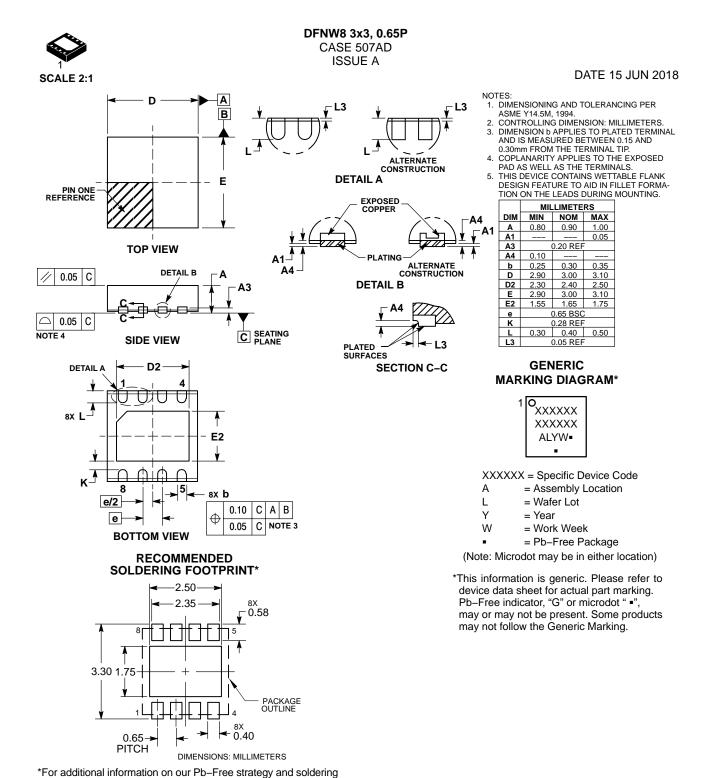
For noise sensitive applications it is recommended to use as high fixed variant as possible – for example in case above it is better to use 3.3 V fixed variant to create 3.6 V output voltage, as output noise will be amplified only $3.6/3.3 = 1.09x (10.9 \mu Vrms)$.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device part no. *	Voltage Option	Marking	Option	Package	Shipping [†]
NCV8189CMTWADJTAG	ADJ	AL	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189FMTW080TAG	0.80 V	AR	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 100 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CMTW075TAG	0.75 V	AF	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CMTW180TAG	1.80 V	AG	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CMTW280TAG	2.80 V	AJ	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CMTW330TAG	3.30 V	AK	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	WDFNW6 2x2 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CMLADJTCG	ADJ	8189 ADJ	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	DFNW8 3x3 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CML120TCG	1.20 V	8189 120	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	DFNW8 3x3 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV8189CML100TCG (In Development)	1.00 V	8189 100	With Active Output Discharge, Slew Rate 5 mV/μs	DFNW8 3x3 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

^{*}Other voltage options and slew rate options (D / E / F) upon request.
†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.





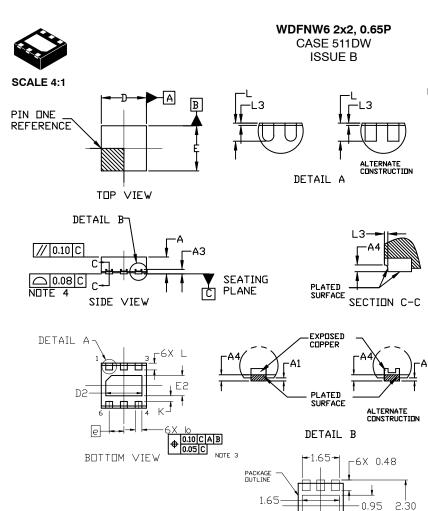
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DESCRIPTION:	DFNW8 3x3, 0.65P		PAGE 1 OF 1	

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details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting

Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.





NDTES:

DATE 15 JUN 2018

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
- 3. DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINALS AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30MM FROM THE TERMINAL TIP.
- 4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- 5. THIS DEVICE CONTAINS WETTABLE FLANK
 DESIGN FEATURES TO AID IN FILLET
 FORMATION ON THE LEADS DURING MOUNTING.

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.		
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80		
A1		-	0.05		
A3	Ú	0.20 REF	-		
Α4	0.10	-			
b	0.25	0.30	0.35		
D	1.90	2.00	2.10		
D2	1.50	1.60	1.70		
Ε	1.90	2.00	2.10		
E2	0.80	0.90	1.00		
e	0.65 BSC				
K	0.25 REF				
L	0.25	0.30	0.35		
L3	0.05 REF				

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



M = Month Code

= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " •", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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DESCRIPTION:	WDFNW6 2x2, 0.65P		PAGE 1 OF 1

-6X 0.35

0.65 PITCH

RECOMMENDED
MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

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