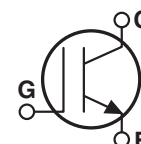
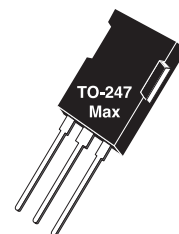


Utilizing the latest Field Stop and Trench Gate technologies, these IGBT's have ultra low $V_{CE(ON)}$ and are ideal for low frequency applications that require absolute minimum conduction loss. Easy paralleling is a result of very tight parameter distribution and a slightly positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ temperature coefficient. A built-in gate resistor ensures extremely reliable operation, even in the event of a short circuit fault. Low gate charge simplifies gate drive design and minimizes losses.



- **600V Field Stop**
- **Trench Gate: Low $V_{CE(on)}$**
- **Easy Paralleling**
- **Intergrated Gate Resistor: Low EMI, High Reliability**

Applications: Welding, Inductive Heating, Solar Inverters, SMPS, Motor drives, UPS

MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT150GN60J	UNIT
V_{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	Volts
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 30	
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ^①	220	Amps
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	123	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ^②	450	
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area @ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	450A @ 600V	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation	536	Watts
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 4mA$)	600			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 2400\mu A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	5.0	5.8	6.5	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 150A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	1.05	1.45	1.85	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 150A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)		1.65		
I_{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^③			25	μA
	Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ^③			1000	
I_{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20V$)			600	nA
$R_{G(int)}$	Intergrated Gate Resistor		2		Ω



CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT150GN60B2(G)

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		9200		pF
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance			350		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			300		
V_{GEP}	Gate-to-Emitter Plateau Voltage	Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 300V$ $I_C = 150A$		9.5		V
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ^④			970		nC
Q_{ge}	Gate-Emitter Charge			65		
Q_{gc}	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			510		
SSOA	Switching Safe Operating Area	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 4.3\Omega^{\text{⑧}}, V_{GE} = 15V, L = 100\mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 600V$	450			A
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 150A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega^{\text{⑧}}$ $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$		44		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			110		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			430		
t_f	Current Fall Time			60		
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^⑤			8810		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑥			8615		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑦			4295		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 150A$ $R_G = 1.0\Omega^{\text{⑧}}$ $T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$		44		ns
t_r	Current Rise Time			110		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			480		
t_f	Current Fall Time			95		
E_{on1}	Turn-on Switching Energy ^⑤			8880		μJ
E_{on2}	Turn-on Switching Energy (Diode) ^⑥			9735		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy ^⑦			5460		

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

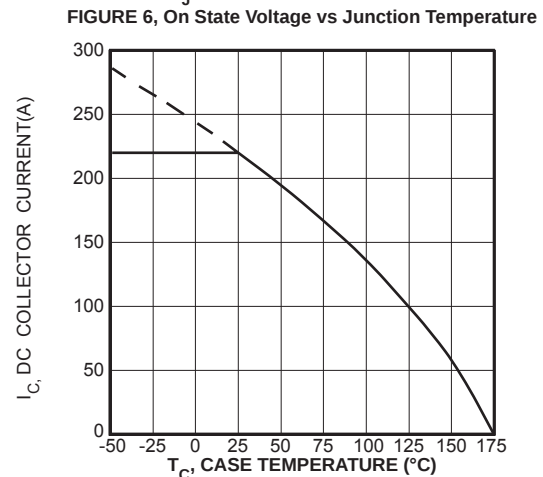
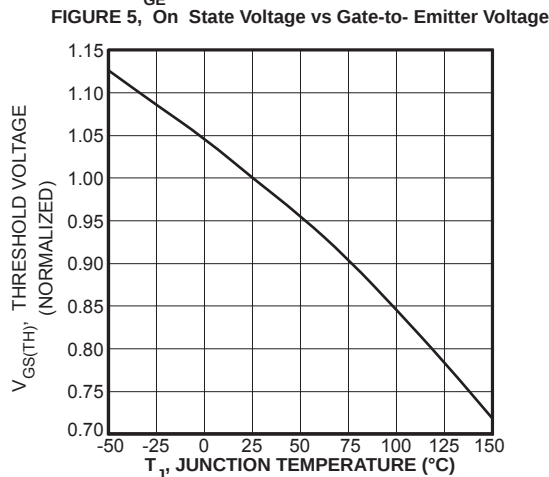
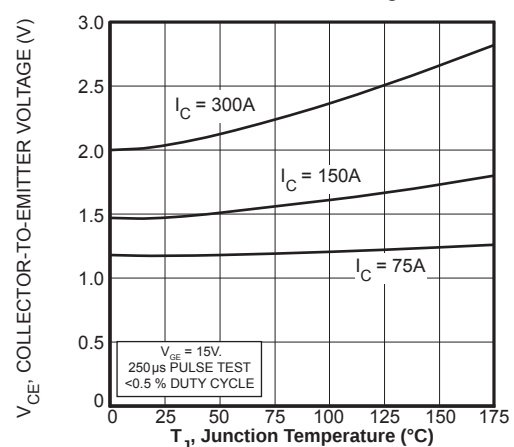
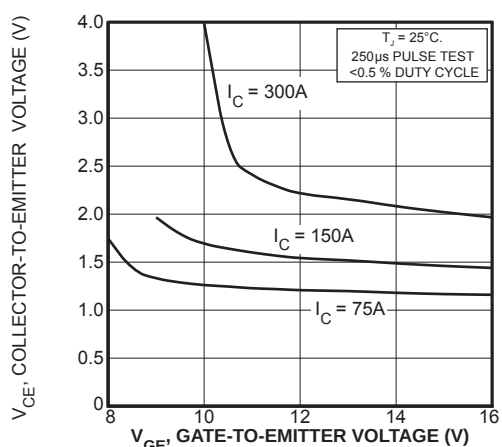
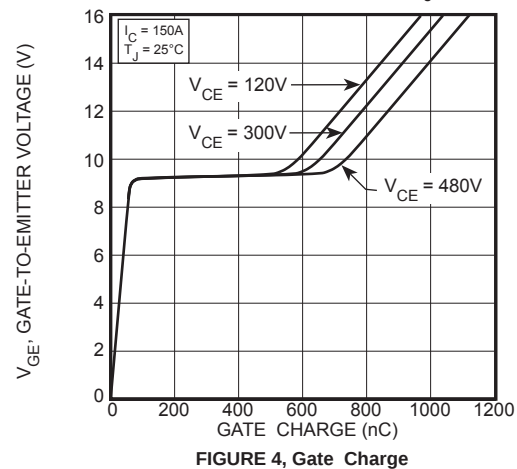
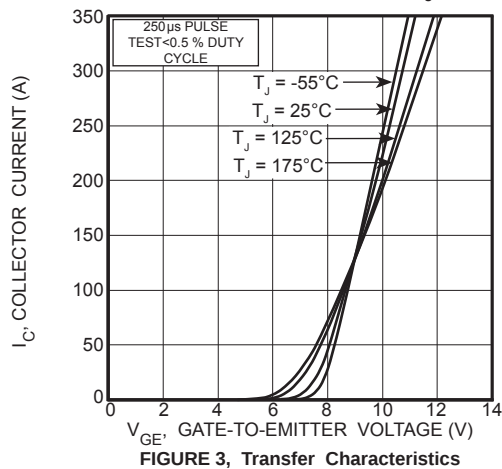
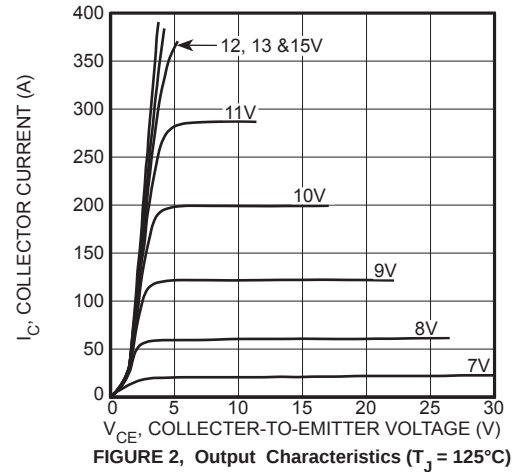
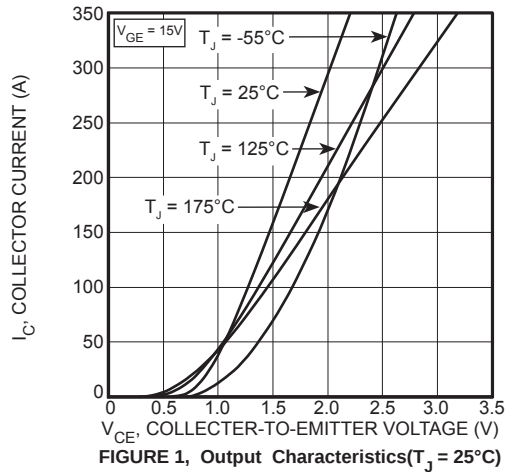
Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)	-	-	0.28	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (DIODE)	-	-	N/A	
$V_{Isolation}$	RMS Voltage (50-60Hz Sinsoidal Waveform from Terminals to Mounting Base for 1 Min.)	2500			
W_T	Package Weight	-	6.1	-	gm

- ① Continuous current limited by case temperature.
- ② Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ③ For Combi devices, I_{ces} includes both IGBT and FRED leakages
- ④ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471.
- ⑤ E_{on1} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy of the IGBT only, without the effect of a commutating diode reverse recovery current adding to the IGBT turn-on loss. Tested in inductive switching test circuit shown in figure 21, but with a Silicon Carbide diode.
- ⑥ E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn-on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn-on switching loss. (See Figures 21, 22.)
- ⑦ E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1. (See Figures 21, 23.)
- ⑧ R_G is external gate resistance, not including $R_{G(int)}$ nor gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

Microsemi Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT150GN60B2(G)



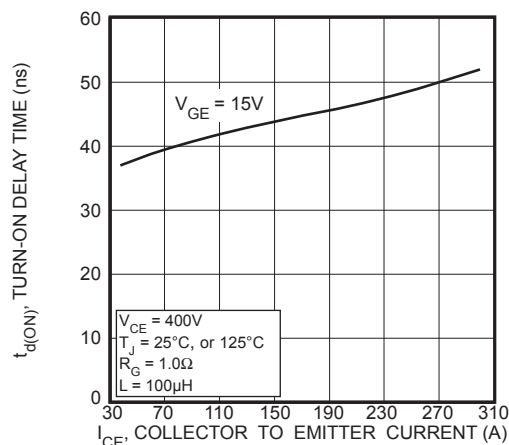


FIGURE 9, Turn-On Delay Time vs Collector Current

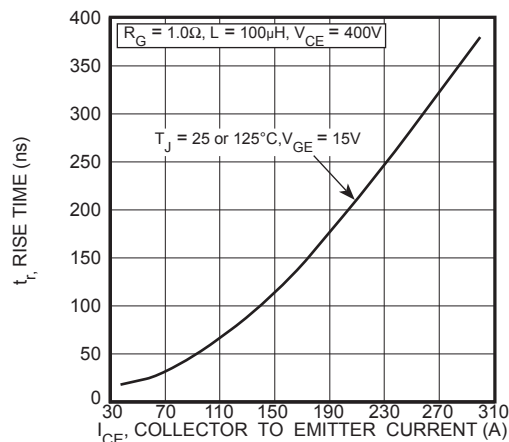


FIGURE 11, Current Rise Time vs Collector Current

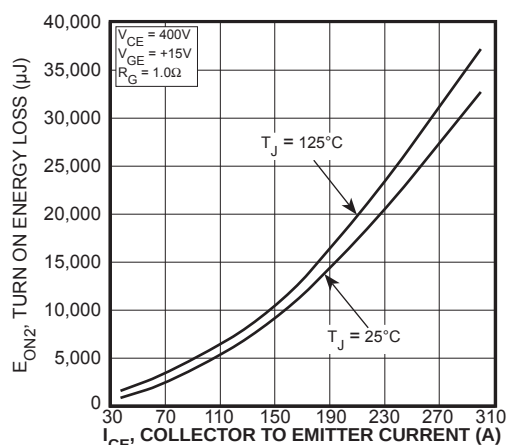


FIGURE 13, Turn-On Energy Loss vs Collector Current

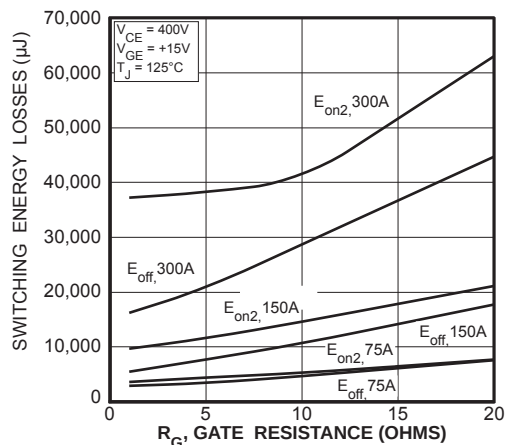


FIGURE 15, Switching Energy Losses vs. Gate Resistance

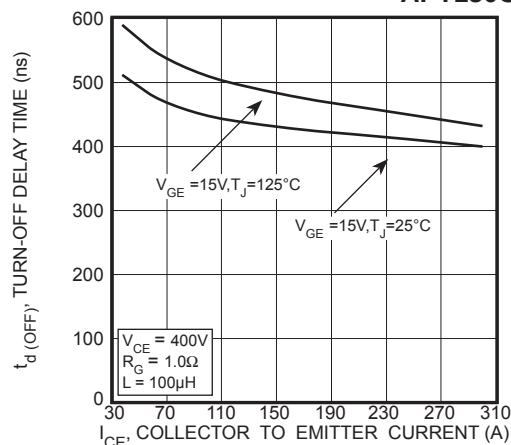


FIGURE 10, Turn-Off Delay Time vs Collector Current

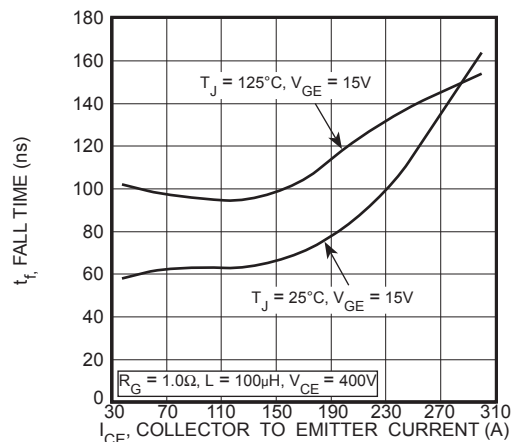


FIGURE 12, Current Fall Time vs Collector Current

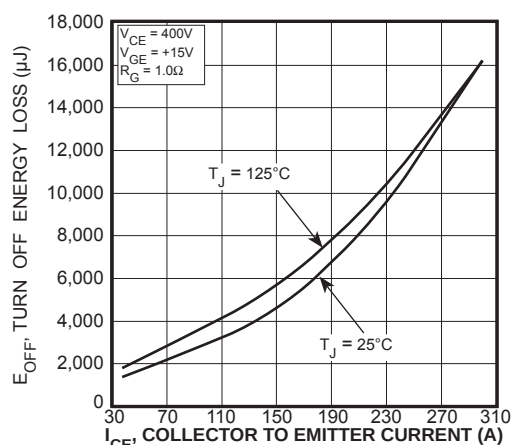


FIGURE 14, Turn Off Energy Loss vs Collector Current

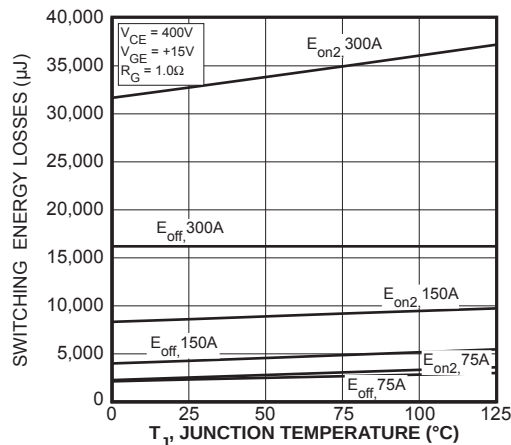


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy Losses vs Junction Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

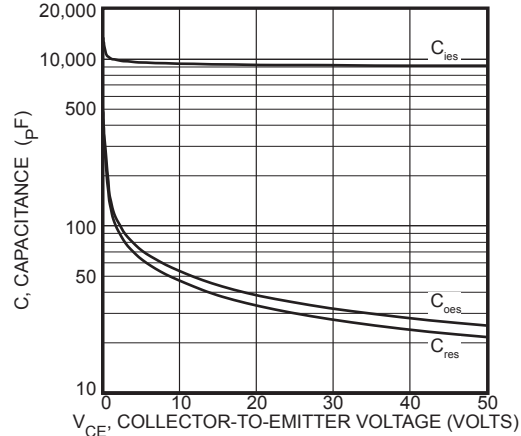


Figure 17, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

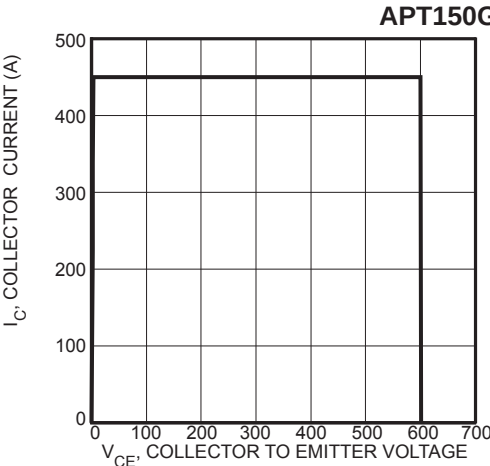


Figure 18, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

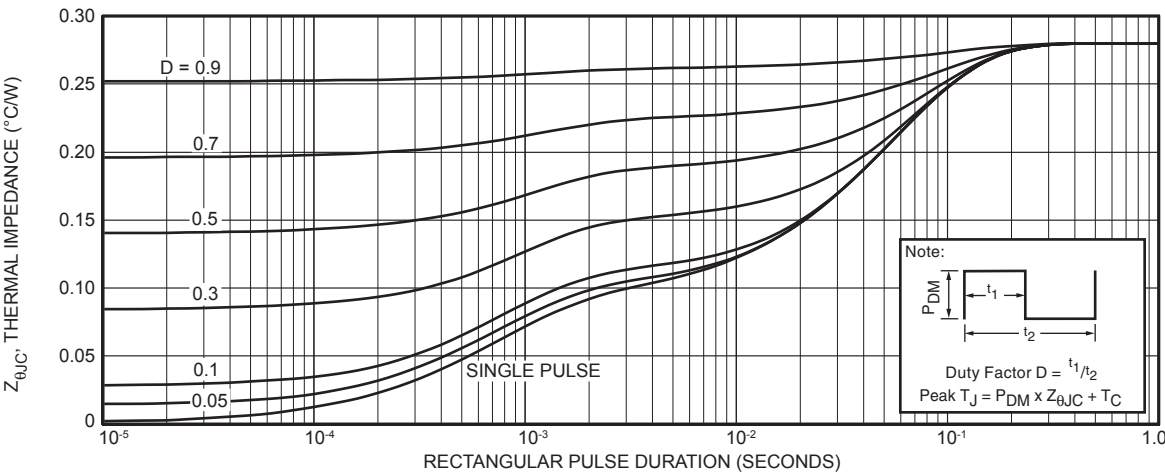


Figure 19a, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

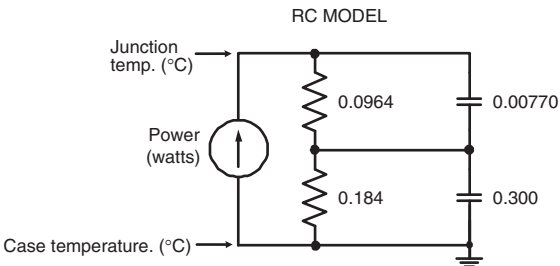


FIGURE 19b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

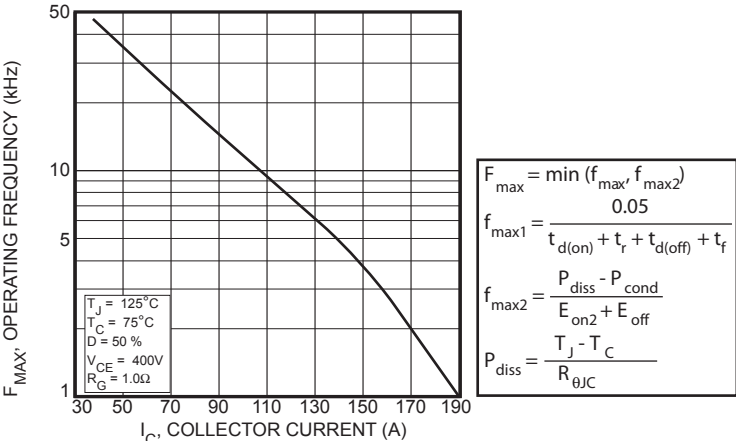


Figure 20, Operating Frequency vs Collector Current

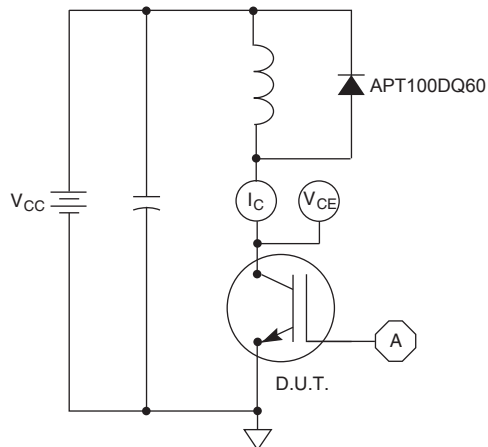


Figure 21, Inductive Switching Test Circuit

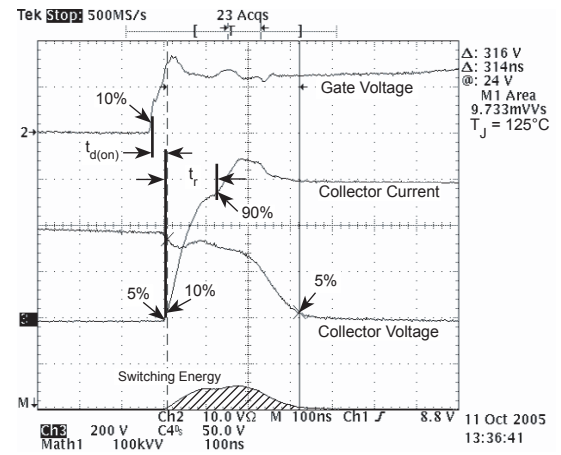


Figure 22, Turn-on Switching Waveforms and Definitions

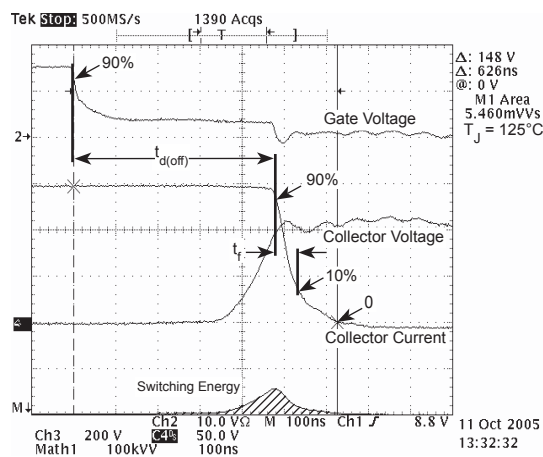
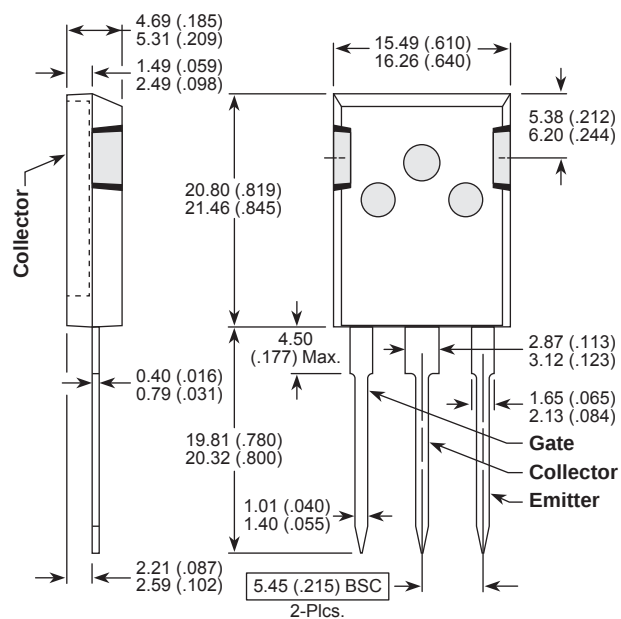


Figure 23, Turn-off Switching Waveforms and Definitions

T-MAX® Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)